

Calendar Dates 2022

Response ID:129 Data

1. Identification page

Please enter the ST.3 code and name of the member state or international organization you represent.

JP - Japan

Please enter the name of the office or organization you represent. For instance, Canadian Intellectual Property Office. If your organization name is the same as your ST.3 code name, you may put "n/a".

Japan Patent Office

Please enter your email address so we can contact you if we have questions about your response.

2. Questions page

1. How does your office order calendar date components in published documents when using dates consisting only of numbers? Select all that apply.

Year first, such as 1997.09.01 (CCYY.MM.DD)

Comments:

2. How does your office separate date components in published documents? Select all that apply.

dot, as in CCYY.MM.DD

Comments:

3. Are leading zeroes omitted from any date components?

Consider the date September 1, 1997. Select all that apply.

Leading zeroes omitted for both day DD and month MM, such as 1997.9.1

Comments:

4. Does your office ever spell out the names of months in published dates? Select all that apply.

No, we do not spell out month names in any dates

Comments:

5. If your office spells out months, which languages do you use for month names? Select all that apply. If a language has multiple variations of month names, indicate in the comments which variation your office uses.

Comments:

6. Please select all the date formats used by your office below. If multiple formats or separators are selected, indicate what types of documents or data use each one.

Format - Year first

	Separator(s)					Used for
	dot	dash	slash	space	none	
CCYY.MM.DD (e.g. 1997.09.01)						
CCYY.(M)M.(D)D (e.g. 1997.9.1)	X					
YY.MM.DD (e.g. 97.09.01)						
YY.(M)M.(D)D (e.g. 97.9.1)						

Comments:

7. Please select all the date formats used by your office below. If multiple formats or separators are selected, indicate what types of documents or data use each one.

Format - Day first

	Separator(s)					Used for
	dot	dash	slash	space	none	
DD.MM.CCYY (e.g. 01.09.1997)						
DD.MM.YY (e.g. 01.09.97)						
(D)D.MM.YY (e.g. 1.09.97)						
(D)D.(M)M.YY (e.g. 1.9.97)						

Comments:

8. Please select all the date formats used by your office below. If multiple formats or separators are selected, indicate what types of documents or data use each one.

Format - Month names

	Name format		Used for
	full month name	abbreviated	
DD [month] CCYY (e.g. 01 September 1997)			
(D)D [month] CCYY (e.g. 1 September 1997)			
[month] DD CCYY (e.g. September 01, 1997)			
[month] (D)D CCYY (e.g. September 1, 1997)			
Other format - specify using C, Y, M, D, and [month] (specify in comments)			

Comments:

9. In your IT systems, what format(s) are dates for IP documents and data stored in?

Please select all formats used by your various IT systems for dates related to IP documents and data.

As a different format (describe in comments)

Comments: Retain in character string type or HiRDB TIMESTAMP type.

10. What is the maximum year your systems are capable of storing? If your systems use multiple digital date storage formats, select all that apply.

Note - when the “maximum date” is exceeded in affected systems, the date rolls back to the beginning of the time period, such as January 1, 1970. The result is similar to Y2K issues. For references on this topic, see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Time_formatting_and_storage_bugs.

No practical limit. The maximum year has no practical limit, such as 9999 (database 4-digit year fields) or beyond (64-bit timestamps in seconds).

Comments:

11. Are there any other considerations that users should be aware of with dates in your published documents? If so, please provide an explanation and examples. For instance, Japanese documents often indicate the year of the Emperor’s reign, as explained in the [current Part 7.1](#).

EXPLANATION OF THE JAPANESE YEAR INDICATION In Japan, the name of the Emperor’s era changes whenever a new Emperor succeeds to the throne. The era of:

MEIJI started in 1868 and ended in 1912 : 明治

TAISHO started in 1912 and ended in 1926 : 大正

SHOWA started in 1926 and ended in 1989 : 昭和

HEISEI started in 1989 and ended in 2019 : 平成

REIWA started in 2019 : 令和

In industrial property documents the Emperor’s era (or reign) is indicated, as part of the Filing date and registration date, by a Japanese character.

12. Optional - If you wish to provide any file attachments with examples from your other answers (such as question 11), please do so here.

4. Thank You!

Send confirmation email

Sep 01, 2022 04:33:48 Success: Email Sent to: