Conference on Intellectual Property and Public Policy Issues Geneva, July 13 & 14, 2009



Promoting Access to
Medicines through
Balancing Patent Rights
& Responsibilities for
Traditional Medicines

Geneva, July 14, 2009

BALANCING PATENT RIGHTS & RESPONSIBILITIES FOR TRADITIONAL MEDICINES

- Enhancing quality of Examination
 - Prior Art
 - International Patent Classification Reforms
- Harmonizing Traditional & Modern Medicine

BALANCING PATENT RIGHTS & RESPONSIBILITIES FOR TRADITIONAL MEDICINES

- Appropriate regulatory measures for Traditional Medicines
- Bolar Provisions
- Doha Declaration on TRIPS & Public Health
- FTAs & Data Exclusivity

TKDL

OBJECTIVES AND TARGET AUDIENCE



- Prevent Misappropriation of Indian Traditional Knowledge
 - Break Format & Language barriers
- For International Patent Offices only
- Multilingual (French, German, Japanese, English & Spanish)
- Creating new Intellectual Property for promoting Access to Medicines

PROTECTING TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE

India

- Turmeric
- Neem
- Basmati

TKDL - TKRC - IPC





Extent of Misappropriation (Ayurveda, Unani & Siddha)

Study Carried Out in March 2000

4896 references on 90 medicinal plants in **USPTO** patent databases

80% of references on seven medicinal plants of Indian Origin.

Kumari, Mustaka, Tamraparna, Garjara, Atasi, Jambira, Kharbuza

Almost 50% of patents linked to traditional medicine

STUDIES ON PATENTS ON MEDICINAL PLANTS

March 2003	•	15000
	•	

- December 2005 : 35587
- December 2008 : 85000
- Medicinal Plant Patents / Year : 5000
- Possible Patents concerning
 Indian Plants / Year : 4000
- Possible Patents on Indian system of Medicine on yearly basis
 2000

International Patent Classification Reform for Traditional Medicinal Knowledge

- Till 2005 IPC had only one subgroup concerning medical plants
- India submitted a proposal on inclusion of Traditional Knowledge at International Patent classification Union in Feb. 2001

International Patent Classification Reform for Traditional Medicinal Knowledge

- Five nation taskforce recommended inclusion of 200 sub groups A61K 36/00 for medicinal plants and enhanced IPC implemented in 2005
- Need for inclusion of additional 2000 subgroups on Traditional Medicinal knowledge. Indian Traditional Knowledge Resource Classification (TKRC) has 30000 sub groups

The ASCE MENTER WINDS BERT HEAT WANTED BELLEVIE CHERRY United States Pat us to the person(s) having title ght to exclude others from n g for sale, or selling t lication was filed to erm of this patent to ars from the data only years to a data. hout the United States of Ar

BP/70 English

Title of Traditional Knowledge

English

Knowledge Known Since

100 years

Guducyadi Kvatha(14)

TKRC CODE: A01A-1/1512, A01A-1/1592, A01A-1/1789, A01A-1/1815, A01A-1/1824, A01A-1/1966,

A01A-1/1988, A01A-1/2039, A01A-1/670, A01A-1/920, A01A-3/19, A01D-19/01

IPCCode: A61K35/78,A61K9/08,A61P31/12

DETAILS OF PROCESS / FORMULATION:

1.Guducyadi Kvatha(14) is a therapeutic single/compound formulation consisting of useful parts of following ingredient(s)Tinospora cordifolia (Guduci), Glycyrrhiza glabra (Yastimadhu, Klitaka (Substitute)), Pluchea lanceolata (Rasna), Desmodium gangeticum (Salaparni), Uraria picta (Prasniparni), Solanum xanthocarpum (Kantakari, Laksamana (Substitute drugs) (Sveta)), Solanum indicum (Brahti), Tribulus terrestris (Goksura), Pterocarpus santalinus (Rakta candana), Gmelina arborea (Gambhari), Sida cordifolia (Bala), Solanum xanthocarpum (Kantakari, Laksamana (Substitute drugs) (Sveta))

2. Therapeutic composition/formulation is mentioned below:

English

1	Tinospora cordifolia (Guduci)	(Stem)	1	Part
2	Glycyrrhiza glabra (Yastimadhu, Klitaka (Substit	(Root)	1	Part
	ute))			
3	Pluchea lanceolata (Rasna)	(Leaf)	1	Part
4	Desmodium gangeticum (Salaparni)	(Root)	0.2	Part
5	Uraria picta (Prasniparni)	(Root)	0.2	Part
6	Solanum xanthocarpum (Kantakari, Laksamana (Sub	(Root)	0.2	Part
	stitute drugs) (Sveta))			
7	Solanum indicum (Brahti)	(Root)	0.2	Part
8	Tribulus terrestris (Goksura)	(Root)	0.2	Part
9	Pterocarpus santalinus (Rakta candana)	(Heart Wood)	1	Part
10	Gmelina arborea (Gambhari)	(Fruit)	1	Part
11	Sida cordifolia (Bala)	(Root)	1	Part
12	Solanum xanthocarpum (Kantakari, Laksamana (Sub	(Whole Plant)	1	Part
	stitute drugs) (Sveta))			

English

- 3. A composition as described above is formulated as (Decoction / Water Extract)(Kvatha)
- 4. Therapeutic composition mentioned above is prepared by Kvatha Curna/Kvatha: Drugs are cleaned and dried.
- 5. It is useful in the treatment of Small pox(Masurika)

LIST OF DOCUMENTS WITH DATE OF PUBLICATION(PRIOR ART):

Nagin Das Chagan lal Saha Bharat Bhaisjya Ratnakar, Gopi nath Bhisakratnen Vol II B. Jain publishers (New Delhi) Ed. Reprint - August 1999. TKRC Code:

Japanese

従来の知識資源のタイトル

Mañiisthādikvāthah (Vrhat) (08)

Japanese

その後知られている知識

500 years

[™] A01A-1/1225, A01A-1/1237, A01A-1/1351, A01A-1/1463, A01A-1/1482, A01A-1/1515, A01A-1/1547, A01A-1/1587, A01A-1/1590, A01A-1/1592, A01A-1/16, A01A-1/1664, A01A-1/1740, A01A-1/1824, A01A-1/1864, A01A-1/1883. A01A-1/1935, A01A-1/1938, A01A-1/1966, A01A-1/2000, A01A-1/2147, A01A-1/237, A01A-1/265, A01A-1/291, A01A-1/415, A01A-1/429, A01A-1/44, A01A-1/480, A01A-1/488, A01A-1/513, A01A-1/52, A01A-1/530,

A01A-1/538, A01A-1/566, A01A-1/60, A01A-1/603, A01A-1/635, A01A-1/741, A01A-1/759, A01A-1/761, A01A-1/823, A01A-1/880, A01A-1/903, A01A-1/972, A01A-1/989, A01A-2/25, A01A-3/47, A01A-3/9, A01D-1/35,

A01D-18/04, A01D-20/25, A01D-21/01, A01D-6/31, A01D-8/07, A01D-8/28, A01D-8/52, A01D-9/07, a01f-1/1 IPC コード: A61K35/78, A61K9/08, A61K9/14, A61P15/00, A61P17/00, A61P19/00, A61P19/02, A61P19/06, A61P21/00,

のプロセス/公式:

1. Ma® ji¾° h¢dikv¢thaa (V hat) (08) 次のような有用な構成成分を含む治療的化合物製剤アカネ・カルジフォリア(マンジスタ), カヤツリグサ (ムスタカ),ホラレナ・アンチダイセンテリカ(クタジャ、インドラヤヴァ),タイノスポラ・コルジフォリア (グドゥチ)、モッコウ (クスタ)、ジンギベル・オフィシネール (アルドラカ)、クレロデンドラム・セッラタム (バランギ)、 ゾレナム・ザントカルパム (カンタカリ、ラクサマナ (代用薬品) (スヴェタ)), アヤメガサ (ヴァチャ), アザジラクタ・インジカ (ニンバ), ウコン (ハリドラ), メギ・アリステタ (ダルハリドラ), カラスウリ・ダイオイカ (パトラ), コウレン (カトゥキ), コンズランゴ・テネシッシマ (ムルワ), エンベリア・ライブス (ヴィダンガ), プロテカルプス (ビジャカ (アサナ)), セイロンマツリ (チタラカ)。アスパラガス・レスモサス (サタヴァリ、メダマハメダ(代用薬品)), リンドウ・クッルー (トラヤマッナ、トラヤンティ), キンマ・リンガム (ピッパリ)、ホラレナ・アンチダイセンテリカ (クタジャ、インドラヤヴァ)、アデトダ・ヴシカ (ヴァサ)、 タカサブロウ・アルバ (ブリッンガラジャ)、ヒマラヤスギ・ヒマラヤスギ (デヴァダル)、シサンペロス・パレイラ (パタ)、 アセンヤクノキ(カディラ)、シタン(ラクタ・チャンダナ),オペルクリナ・タルパタム(トリワルタ),クラタエヴァ・ヌルヴェラ (ヴァルナ)、センブリ・シライタ (キラタティクタ)、ソレリア・コリリフォリア (バクキ)、ナンバンサイカチ (アルガワダ)、 ストブラス・アスパル (サクホタカ), センダン・アゼダラク (マハニンバ、 カイドリヤ?), ポンゲミア・ピンネタ (カランジャ、 ナクタマラ、 ウドキリヤ)、トリカブト・ヘテロフィッラム (アティヴィサ)、サヤバナ・ヴェッティヴェロイデス (ハリベラ)、スイカ・コロシンチス (インドラヴァルニ)、ヘミデスマス・インジカス (サリヴァ (ウトパラ・サリヴァ))、

治療的構成/製剤は以下の通り アカネ・カルジフォリア(マンジスタ)

パート、部 (根) (茎・塊茎) 2 カヤツリグサ (ムスタカ) パート、部 パート、部 3 ホラレナ・アンチダイセンテリカ (クタジャ、インドラヤヴァ) (ステムバーク) (ステム) パート、部 4 タイノスポラ・コルジフォリア(グドゥチ)

`フュ゙マリ´ア´・パルヴィフロラ (パルパタ・ベーダ), ファゴンタ・クレティカ (ダンヴィヤサ), テルミナリア・チェブラ (ハリタキ),

テルミナリア・ベッリリカ (ビビタカ)、エンブリカ・オフィシュナリス (アマルキー)

(根) モッコウ(クスタ) ジンギベル・オフィシネール(アルドラカ) (根茎) パート、部

STATUS

Discipline	Current Status
Ayurvedic formulations	81,500
Unani formulations	1,09,500
Siddha formulations	12,200

TKDL ready to safeguard 2,03,200 medicinal formulations like Neem and Turmeric in Ayurveda ,Unani and Siddha which are present in 30 million A4 size pages, at International Level

TRADITIONAL MEDICAL MANUSCRIPTS (0.5 MILLION)

- New Knowledge not known so far
 - Enormous potential on creating new Traditinoal Medicines

Marie Control

- Confidence and Trust for holder(s)
- Protection (TKDL route)
 - Conversion in 5 International Languages
 - Providing Access to IPOs
- Dissemination & Knowledge Creation
 - In Ten Indian Languages
 - Adding to the pool of existing knowledge

India's Strategy Non Disclosure Agreement with International Patent Offices

(CCEA has approved access to TKDL for International Patent Offices)

Users

- Utilize for patent Search & Examination purposes only
- No third party Disclosures
- Give feedback on utilization of TKDL

Provider

- 24 x 7 Access
- Training and support
- Search Assistance from TK experts

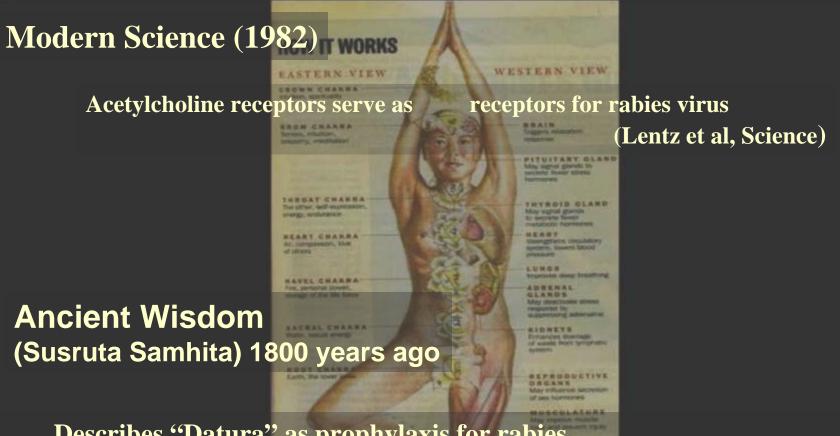
Current status on TKDL Access / Agreement

- Access Agreement concluded with EPO in February 2009
- In principle agreement reached with USPTO, Agreement may get concluded soon.
- Effort being initiated with other patent offices.

Views of EPO After Access to TKDL

- An improved patent granting process at an early stage of patent examinations.
- A unique encyclopedia
- Shedding light on grey areas
 - TKDL is precise and TKRC ensures meticulous documentations
 - Thanks to TKDL, patent examiners can prove exactly when and where a medical treatment became public knowledge

Harmonization of Traditional & Modern Medicines



Describes "Datura" as prophylaxis for rabies

Active principles of Datura Strammonium are atropine blocking muscarine action of acetylcholine.

Traditional Medicine



Modern Medicine

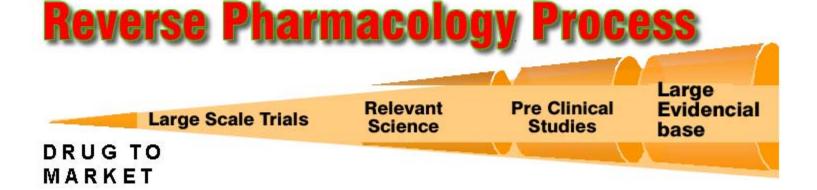
Modern Science

Standard Drug Discovery Process

(molecule -> mice -> men)

Target Identification Lead optimisation Preclinical Studies Clinical Trials

Drug to Market



(men <-mice <- men)

Reverse Pharmacology Alternative Path Making a Difference Psoriasis(currently in Phase III)

	Drugs in USA Indi	ia
Cost of development	\$ Several \$ 5 million Hundred millions	15
Time for development	~1 <mark>0 yrs</mark> 3 y	rs
Cost of treatment	\$20000 1999 7	50

*harma: Lowering R&D Product

GOLDEN TRIANGLE PROJECT (LIST OF FEW TARGET DISEASES)

Diabetes

Malaria/Filaria

Memory disorders

Cardiac disorders

Joint disorders

Bronchial allergy

Sleep disorders

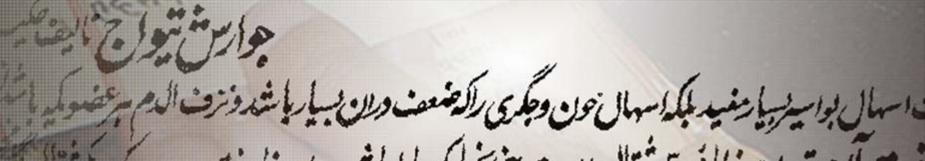
Vision disorders



कणानुमिन्द्रवेसकी वृत्र All Indian Systems of Medicine have survived & grown in Indian Subcontinent

Used common Bio and Genetic Resources.

For Diseases of Subcontinent and its population.



Diseases and Common Indian Medicinal Plants

		Mala	iria			
System of Medicine	AYURVEDA	UNANI	SIDDHA	COMMON MEDICINAL PLANTS		
NO. of Formulations in TKDL	1587	48	95	Brahmi , Neerpirami, Sapthalai, Indravaruni,Pippali , Srmgika visa/		
Formulations in TKDL	Aindrirasay- anam	Habb-e- bukhar	Sanda Marutha Kuzhamabu	Vatsanabha ,Sarumam, Acacia arabica,Sambiran ipoondu		

Value Addition - Modern Science to TKDL

□ Taxonomic Information, citation, synonyms, vernacular names, habitat, geographical information

40 10 1 miles (12/2 ...

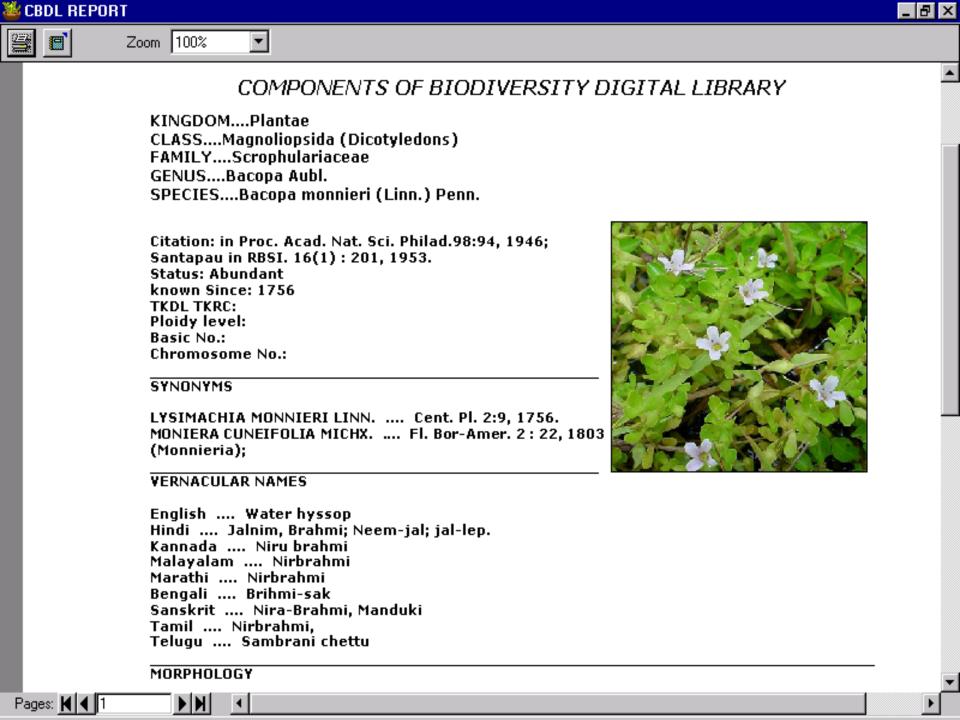
■ Morphological Information

□ Cytological Information

□ Germplasm Information

Value Addition - Modern Science to TKDL

- □ Pharmalogical Information
- **□** Phytochemistry
- □ Pharmacognostical Information
- **□** Toxicology
- Utilization



Collaborative Research

- Joint ownership of IP
- **Participative Research & Development**
- **Technology transfer**
- Institutional capacity Building
- **■** Training

रसाजित्याच्या राजीच्या कारण

र्तिव नो इध्य शन शीसस्याच्याचारि

विकासयानमेदसः वर्गाक्रयास्त्रसम

धवात

रोगा

पयोगः

■ Access to advanced Scientific Information

Promoting Traditional Medicines & Balancing Patent Rights

- Enhance IPC for at least additional 2000 subgroups on traditional medicines to prevent misappropriations of Traditional Medicine
- Provide provisions at no cost to file third party observation at pre grant stage to establish prior art similar to article 115 of European Patent Convention
- Patent offices to employ examiners skilled in traditional medicine such as, Ayurveda, Unani etc.

Promoting Traditional Medicines & Balancing Patent Rights

- Public Health Regulators to consider grant of approval for efficacy, since safety requirements are already well established
- Patent offices review past wrong patents and get them invalidated once evidence on prior art gets established
- Open TM databases to be included in PCT minimum documentation.

Promoting Traditional Medicines & Balancing Patent Rights

Mere discovery of new form/ new use of known substance not resulting in efficacy enhancement

Submission of developing countries at TRIPS
 Council concerning source of origin, evidence
 of Benefit Sharing and Prior Informed Consent
 on patent applications based on Traditional
 Knowledge and associated Genetic Resources

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