

Energy research Centre of the Netherlands

Technology transfer at ECN and (anti)dilution in spin-off contracts

How to secure initial R&D investments in spin-off companies





Energy research Centre of the Netherlands







- Largest Dutch R&D institute in the field of energy, independent and committed (ECN in IPCC)
- "Missing link" between fundamental academic research and market application

Mission: ECN develops and brings to market high-level knowledge and technology for a sustainable energy system



Companies on the Petten research location



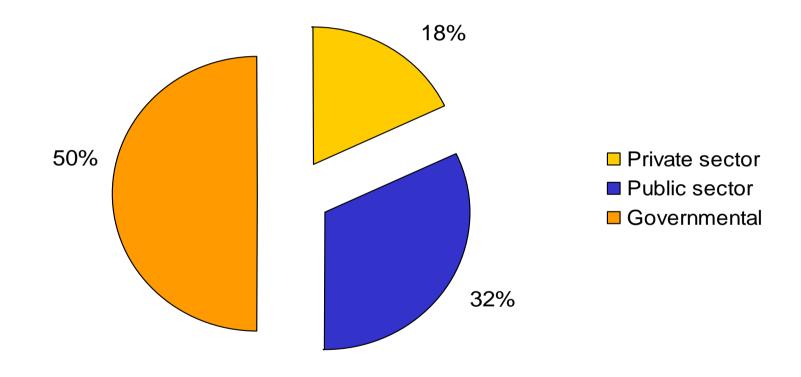


Facts and figures

- 680 highly qualified staff members
- Annual turnover EUR 80 million
- 10-15 patents yearly, annual licensing revenues EUR 1.600.000
- Private sector investments ECN-technology approx. EUR 65 million
- 10 spin off companies
- More than 350 scientific publications yearly

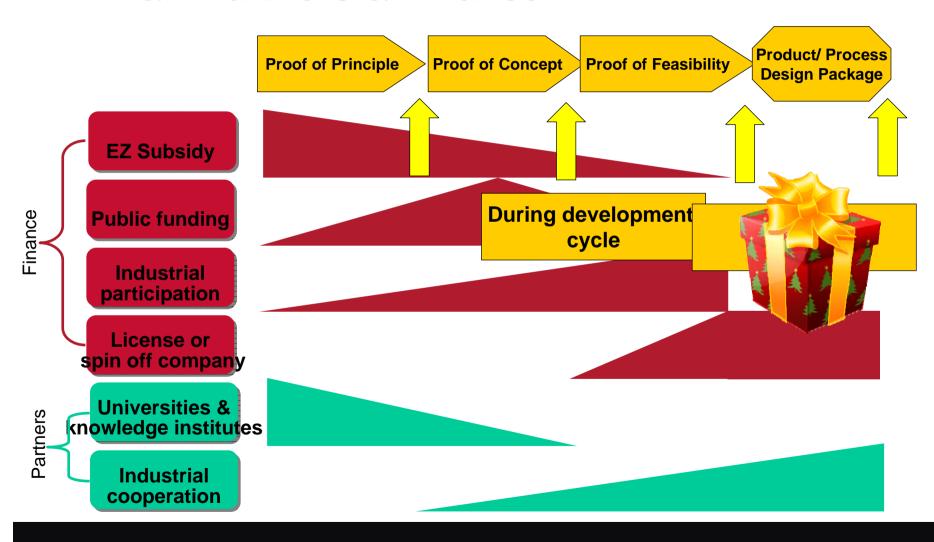


Customers



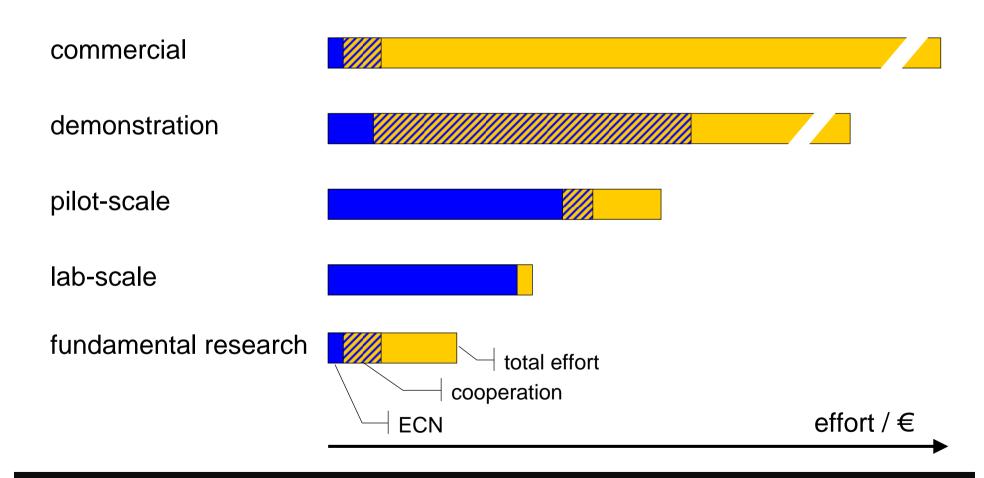


R&D Partners & Finance





ECN's role in technology development





TRIAS ENERGETICA

Clean and efficient (fossil) fuels

Demand reduction

H₂&FC's CO₂-capture

Solar



Supply issues



Renewables

Wind

Industry

Smart grids

System innovations

Buildings

Biomass

Energy savings

Energy research Centre of the Netherlands

www.ecn.nl



R&D units



Solar Energy



Efficiency & Infrastructure



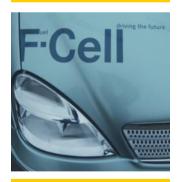
Biomass, Coal & Environmental Research



Policy Studies



Wind Energy



H₂ & Clean Fossil Fuels



Technology transfer at ECN

- 1. Contract research with industry
 - Finite, short(er) term collaboration
- 2. Licensing of (patented) technology to industry
 - Exclusive or non-exclusive
- 3. Establishment of (independent) company or organization
 - Spin out of ECN technology
- 4. Advisory and consultancy services
 - Technology advice and co-development
 - Use of facilities





Spin off companies

Participants/shareholders

- Public & private R&D institutes
- Industrial/commercial partners
- Governmental participation



Shareholder agreement and initial shareholder percentages

Contributions:

- In kind or capital on shares
- Background knowledge
- Patents
- Know-how and other R&D efforts



Dilution of shareholder position

- Further development
- Need for further capital
- Industrial partners, capital available
- Public research institutes, no capital available

Result: dilution of shareholder percentages of the non contributing partners.

- Less control in the company
- Right to profits is diminishing



How does dilution work?

- Call for capital by the company
- Financing by subscribing for additional shares
- Price shares shall determine extent of dilution of the noncontributing shareholders
- High value shares- relatively less dilution/ low value sharesrelatively high dilution
- Valuation of the company is qualifying for price of new shares.
- Choose a valuation moment that is favorable



Example

Industrial partner A 35,0%
Industrial partner B 35,0%
ECN 30,0%
I00,0%

Additional financing by Industrial partners

Industrial Partner A 500 EUR Industrial Partner B 500 EUR

Total (Euro) . 1,000 EUR = A

Assumed valuation of the company 15.000 EUR = B

Total (%) 6,7% C=A/B

New shares

New shareholders 6,7 % C=A/B

Industrial partner A 32,7% D (=current share*100%-C)
Industrial partner B 32,7% E (=current share*100%-C)
ECN 28,0% F (=current share*100%-C)

Total 100%

After re-allocation

Industrial Partner A 36,0% D+1/2C Industrial Partner B 36,0% E+1/2C

ECN 28,0% F Totaal 100,0%



Other solutions

- Anti dilution by pre money valuation
- Convertible loan with discount structure
- Post dilutive stakes



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