Excellence in Intellectual Property Solutions



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WIPO TRAINING OF TRAINERS PROGRAM ON EFFECTIVE INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ASSET MANAGEMENT BY SMALL AND MEDIUM-SIZED ENTERPRISES IN DUBAI

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IP Asset Management: IP Audit and IP Due Diligence

Rachna Singh Puri Xellect IP Solutions, India www.xellectip.com



Seven Rays of IP ExclusivityTM







IP ASSET MANAGEMENT



- Systematic management of different IP Assets that protect one or more product lines or business aspects
- It is the quantification of previously mysterious IP efforts, enabling measurement and objective evaluation of investment





IP Audits



A systematic review of the IP assets <u>owned</u>, <u>used</u> or <u>acquired</u> by a business to:

- ✓ uncover under-utilized IP assets
- √ identify any threats to a company's bottom line





WHAT of IP Audit



- Review of
- √ company's IP assets
- ✓ all Agreements
- ✓ relevant policies
- ✓ compliance procedures





TYPES OF AUDITS



General Purpose Audit

✓ The as-is scenario at the present state of time

✓ At the time of introducing new process, policy, management change

✓ Periodic updates



GENERAL PURPOSE IP AUDIT



- Record the IP assets in use and those not in use
- > Use is by own business or by others
- Any infringement risks by you on others assets or by others on your assets
- Streamline actions for all of the above in light of business strategy

FOCUS AUDITS



For Specific purpose such as

- personnel turnover
- Foreign IP Filings
- Compliance on information from third parties
- Changes in IP Law & Practice
- Preparation for litigation





EVENT DRIVEN IP AUDIT



 Value and Risk of a part or all of company's IP Assets or IP portfolio

WHEN: At the time of M&A, buying/selling a business or investment, IP Transfer/Licensing, Launch of a new product

- Nature and Scope of IP assets is assessed
 - Ownership
 - Infringement or freedom to operate





IP ANALYSES AS DUE DILIGENCE



Offensive/Defensive Reviews:

- Invalidity
- Freedom-to-Operate
- Infringement
- Enforcement
- Patentability
- Others...



DUE DILIGENCE - RECORD OF INVENTION



- Important to establish inventorship
- Dated to establish date of invention in US
- Proof of diligence in following up of invention
- Precise record of observations
- Objective assessment of results
- Avoid negative characterizations
- No erasures
 - Strike through mistakes and rewriting
- Each page signed by a witness
 - Witness not associated with the project
 - Capable of understanding the invention
- Clear indication of page experiment continues from and page experiment continues to



Due Diligence-Enforcement



- Identify infringing parties after thorough analysis
- Notify the alleged infringer polite, friendly and firm



- Several rounds of talks and negotiations may ensue
- Injunction may be filed to cease any production with immediate effect
- If proved, can be used to obtain triple damages plus legal expenditure





Due Diligence - External Parties



Third parties may need to be engaged occasionally to:

- Exploit 3rd party's expertise in a research area
- Utilize critical resources unavailable in-house
- Obtain unbiased 3rd party results for processes developed in-house
- Engage contractors or contracting services



Due Diligence - Agreements



- Necessary while dealing with external parties
 - Limit information while giving or receiving only a need-to-know basis
 - Treat information provided with caution
 - Mark information appropriately before giving
- Needs to be appropriately drafted to invoke sufficient protection
 - Scope of protection and each parties' obligations need to be clearly specified
 - Periodically reviewed
- Various situations demand different types of agreements



Types of Agreements



- –Non-Disclosure Agreements (NDA)
- Confidentiality Disclosure Agreements (CDA)
- –Joint Disclosure Agreements (JDA)
- -Research Agreements
- Consulting Agreements
- -Technology Transfer Agreements
- -Government Contracts







IP AVANTTM



- The due diligence to inculcate a strong IP culture across the organization
- To recognize any IP generated within the organization
- To obtain adequate protection for all IP created in a timely manner
- To avoid incurring great expenses at a later stage due to ignorance, negligence or oversight
- To maximize the utilization of IP assets, thus ensuring vital resources are not wasted



December 17.

Benefits for SMEs



Based on the outcome of the audits and diligence, businesses can:

- evolve informed strategies that will maintain and improve the company's market position
- Be confident of their position in wrongful infringement actions
- Ensure all the IP assets are adding value to the business





"If you don't measure it, you can't manage it"

WIPO RESOURCES FOR SMEs

