

Saigon Cosmetics Corporation

1099 Tran Hung Dao St., Dist. 5, HCMC, Vietnam Tel: (84.8) 8366977 – Fax: (84.8) 9235181 www.saigoncosmetics.com

1

Presented by: Ivy Phuong Tran (Marketing Director)

Table of contents

- About SCC
- Trademarks & Industrial Designs Owned
- Intellectual Property Issues
- IP Processes
- Why Should Invest In IPRs Activities?
- SCC Case Studies
- Why?
- Proposals

About SCC

- Name: Saigon Cosmetics Corporation
- Capital: USD 1 mil.
- Employees: 400
- Industry:
 - Manufacturing & distributing perfume, shampoo, soap, air freshener, other types of detergents
 - Importing & distributing skin care & make up products.
- ISO 9002 since 2001. Preparing to obtain ISO 9001:2000 in early 2003

About SCC

- 1 head office
- 3 manufacturing factories
- 1 new branch (factory + office)
 - Location: Industrial Zone CatLai (Dist. 2, HCMC)
 - Total area: 17,500m²
 - Investment of USD 22 mil.
 - Will be launched in Jan 2004



About SCC

- 2002 turnover: 9,000,000 USD
- Domestic markets: 70% turnover
- Export markets: 30% turnover
- 400 agents & wholesalers throughout Vietnam
- Export markets: China, Philippines, Russia, Cambodia, Laos, Australia, New Zealand, U.S., Angola, Myanmar, Taiwan, Thailand...





One of HCMC's Major Products Approved 2003 by HCMC People's Committee SCC





SCC







SCC

Intellectual Property Issues

- Company's early awareness about importance of IP system
- Since 1991, SCC has started IP activities such as: trademark/industrial design examinations and registrations for all products before launching them to markets
- Currently possesses 200 IPRs certificates/licenses domestically
- 40 IPRs certificates/licenses in 15 foreign countries

IP Processes

- IP procedures are done through professional and reliable legal agencies in Vietnam and foreign countries
- Total cost for IPRs services: USD 130,000
 = 15% capital)



CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION PRINCIPAL REGISTER

The Mark shown in this certificate has been registered in the United States Patent and Trademark Office to the named registrant.

The records of the United States Patent and Trademark Office show that an application for registration of the Mark shown in this Certificate was filed in the Office, that the application was examined and determined to be in compliance with the requirements of the law and with the regulations prescribed by the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, and that the Applicant is entitled to registration of the Mark under the Trademark Act of 1946, as Amended.

A copy of the Mark and periment data from the application are a part of this certificate.

This registration shall remain in force for TEN (10) years, unless terminated earlier as provided by law, and subject to compliance with the provisions of Section 8 of the Trademark Act of 1946, as Amended.



Bince Tehman

ommissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Int. Cl.: 3

Prior U.S. Ch.: 1, 4, 6, 50, 51, and 52 United States Patent and Trademark Office Reg. No. 2,145,110 Regioured Mar. 17, 1918

> TRADEMARK PRINCIPAL REGISTER

reason Chargon

SAISON COMMITICS COMPANY (VIETNAM COMPORATIONS 1999 TRAN 195NS GAO STREET 100 CHI MINHI CITY, VIETNAM

FOR BELACIENC PERPARATIONS AND CLEANING PERPARATIONS FOR EAUNDRY USE, PERFURENT, AND COMMETCE, NAMELY, MASCARA, LEPIPTCK, ETE SIADOW, MAREAUP FONDER, NAE, FOLDIN, EDUCE, SEN SOATS, BOOY SOAP, DOEDNE, ANT SOAP, NON-MEDICATED HAR ONT- MENTS, ILAIR ORAS, RAJE SHAMPOOS, RAJE SPEATS, SHOWER GELS, RODY LOTIONS, SKIN CARE CREAMS, DEDOCRANT FOR PERSONAL USE, IN CLASS 2 (U.S. CLS. 1, 4, 6, 51, 51 AND 52; PRST USE 3-13-290; IN COMMERCE 11-3-2912.

SN 75-040295, FILED 5-4-1996.

NET NET



SCC

Republic of the Philippines Intellectual Property Office The requirements of law and regulations having been complied with, this Office issues this	
Certificate of Registration	
For the MARK : SAI GON	Satgön
The following data apply to this registered mark:	
Serial No.: 103880	Registration No.: 4-1995-105407
Filing Date: November 9, 1995	Date of Registration: March 1, 2001
Basis of Claim for Priority: None	
	None
Applicant(s)/Address(es): SAI GON COSMETICS COMPANY 1099 Tran Hung Dao, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam	
Assignee(s)/Address(es): None	
Goods: Perfumery, hair lotions, eye shadow, lipstick, nail paint, hair sprayer, mascara, face cream.	
Class(es): 3	Claim of color: None
Disclaimer: None	
Translation or Transliteration: None	
Duration/Term: Twenty (20) years from <u>March 1, 2001</u> unless sooner cancelled in accordance with law and regulations.	
Published for opposition in the IPC which was released for circulation on J	O Official Gazette Volume III Number 3 Ianuary 11, 2001.
Signed at Makati City, Philippines, th	nis <u>JUL 0 5 2002</u> .
	\$ C.Fri
	EMMA C. FRANCISCO
	Director General
Attest:	LENY B. RAZ
CORAZON T. MARQUESES) Director, AFHRDS Bureau	Officer-in-Charges Bureau of Trademarks

Why Should Invest In IPRs Activities?

- Obtain the IP registrations for products helps:
 - Protect our ideas, trademarks, industrial designs, copyrights... from being used by other people/companies
 - Avoid violating IPRs
 - Save costs before having to pay to much money to win back your IPRs

Difficulties in Process of IPRs Accomplishment

- Complicated and time-consuming procedures of attaining IPRs
 - Investigating & discovering IPRs infringements
 - Reporting & asking for examinations from NOIP
 - Requesting in-command organizations to solve the cases

SCC Case Studies

- In export markets:
 - Philippines
 - Counterfeit perfume products, IPRs violations
 - For years, cases have not been taken proper legal actions
 - Disadvantages:
 - For the company:
 - » Storage costs for seized products (evidence)
 - » Costs for legal services
 - » Company's image is damaged
 - For customers
 - » Paying for bad-quality products

SCC Case Studies

- In export markets (cont'd):
 - China
 - Imitation shampoo products
 - Industrial design was registered before company did
- In domestic markets
 - Over 10 cases of IPRs violations
 - It takes years for cases to be solved
 - Violators are not completely complied with legal charges

Reasons

- For violators to infringe IPRs:
 - Huge profits from IPR violations (legal charge if any
 is still much less than benefit)
- For IPRs protections to be slow & ineffective:
 - Legal actions are not strong enough
 - Controlling forces are weak
 - Imperfections of legal systems
 - IP officers lack of awareness and knowledge of IP system
 - IP controlling forces are not specialized

Proposals

- Raise awareness of importance of IP system
- Develop IP legal structures to be more comprehensive and strict
- Shorten periods of IP registrations, examinations, violation controls.
- Establishing teams specialized in IP controls.
- Increase governmental & IP related organizations support when SMEs go to fight for IPRs abroad.