

发展与知识产权委员会(CDIP)

第十届会议

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评估 WIPO 对实现千年发展目标 (MDGs) 所作的贡献

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1. 在 2011 年 11 月 14 日至 18 日举行的发展与知识产权委员会 (CDIP) 第八届会议上, 针对发展议程建议 22, 讨论了一份有关 WIPO 对联合国千年发展目标 (MDGs) 所作贡献的研究报告。委员会要求对该研究报告加以修订, 然后再次提交 CDIP 今后举行的会议。

2. 据此, 本文附件包含了经作者修订的研究报告。

3. 请 CDIP 注意本文件附件中所载的信息。

[后接附件]

¹ 本研究报告所表达的观点纯属作者的个人观点, 不一定反映 WIPO 秘书处或本组织任何成员国的观点。

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1. 导 言

1. 千年发展目标(MDGs)已成为促进全球发展和平等的最强大的平台之一。²它们包括到 2015 年将实现的八大目标和 21 项具体目标。这些目标源自 2000 年 9 月举行的联合国(UN)成员国国家元首和政府首脑千年峰会结束时通过的《千年宣言》。³《千年宣言》的关键目标就是要确保全球化能够成为全世界人民特别是最易受伤害的人的一种积极力量。因此《宣言》是一份范围广泛的文件,涉及一系列问题,其中包括:和平、安全和裁军;发展和消除贫困;环境保护;人权、民主和善政;保护易受伤害的人;满足非洲的特殊需求。千年发展目标主要是根据《千年宣言》第 19 段和第 20 段(发展和消除贫困部分)制定的。

2. 《千年宣言》的通过,特别是到 2015 年将要实现的有关发展和消除贫困的一揽子具体目标(大目标),为激励各国集体采取行动,努力确保人类尊严、平等和公平提供了一个战略工具。按照联合国开发计划署(UNDP)的说法,千年发展目标在其涉及的许多方面为解决极端贫困问题提供了具体数字衡量基准。⁴尽管如此,千年发展目标框架也受到了发展领域各类参与者的批评,认为所设定的发展框架过于狭窄、过分简单,难以衡量,如此等等,不一而足。然而,尽管面临着这些批评,不可否认的是,千年发展目标获得了全球合法性,赢得了人们的一致好评,并成为促进人类发展的进军号角。

3. 自 2000 年《宣言》通过以来,尽管工作百端待举,但在实现整套目标方面仍取得了巨大进展。在 2010 年 9 月召开的第二届千年发展目标审查峰会上,联合国成员国国家元首和政府首脑特别指出:

“发展中国家在实现千年发展目标方面做出了巨大努力,在实现千年发展目标的一些具体目标过程中取得了重大成功……我们承认在实现千年发展目标过程中还需要做很多工作,因为不同地区之间、国与国之间和国家内部所取得的进展参差不齐。”⁵

4. 一些领域取得了重大进展,包括与极端贫困作斗争、提高入学率和改善儿童健康状况、降低儿童死亡率、扩大享用洁净水、加强预防 HIV 母婴传播的措施、扩大艾滋病毒/艾滋病的预防、治疗和控制疟疾和结核病。但是,与此同时,2007 年和 2009 年之间饥饿和营养不良现象有增无减,在达到充分的生产性就业、推进性别平等和赋予的权利、实现环境可持续性和提供基本的卫生条件等方面所取得的进展缓慢。在减少产妇死亡和提高产妇和生殖健康方面所作的努力进展也很缓慢。

5. 近年来,尤其是 2007 年通过WIP0发展议程之后,世界知识产权组织(WIPO)如何对实现千年发展目标做出贡献和/或应当怎样做出贡献的问题变得越来越重要。⁶在某种程度上,这是因为千年发展目

² 可在以下网址查阅有关联合国千年发展目标的信息: <http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/bkgd.shtml>。

³ 参见联合国大会文件A/RES/55/2,可在以下网址查阅:
<http://www.un.org/millennium/declaration/ares552e.htm>。

⁴ 参见联合国发展计划千年发展目标,可在以下网址查阅: <http://www.undp.org/mdg/basics.shtml>。

⁵ 参见峰会成果文件第 19 和第 20 段,可在以下网址查阅: <http://www.undp.org/mdg/summit.shtml>。

⁶ 关于发展议程问题,参见WIPO网站: <http://www.wipo.int/ip-development/zh/agenda/>。

标是号召WIPO制定发展议程的一个重要理由，并从此成为落实发展议程相关讨论的重要主题。⁷特别重要的是，千年发展目标将WIPO承担的联合国任务授权——促进创造和技术转让——与更广泛的发展使命结合在一起。作为一种组织框架，千年发展目标对于证明发展议程合理性的政治叙事也是至关重要的。其主张是，由于发展是当今世界面临的最重大的挑战，联合国成员国国家元首和政府首脑会议通过了千年发展目标，所以WIPO作为联合国大家庭中的一员就应做出自己的贡献。最重要的是，将千年发展目标作为一种组织框架，意味着应注重发展成果，而不是发展活动。人们认为，至关重要的是，不应将知识产权本身视为一种目的，而应将其为一种实现更广阔的政策目标的手段。

6. 因此，发展议程通过时就包括了建议 22，该建议旨在保证“WIPO的各项准则制定活动应当有助于实现联合国系统中议定的各项发展目标，包括《千年宣言》中所载的目标。”为了落实这一建议，同时为了更广泛地理解WIPO在实现千年发展目标的过程中所发挥的作用，知识产权与发展委员会(CDIP)在 2008 年 7 月举行的该委员会第二届会议上，为响应非洲集团的要求，请WIPO秘书处编拟一份关于本组织对千年发展目标所作贡献的报告。报告如期拟定，并于 2010 年 4 月提交CDIP第五届会议。⁸在审查上述报告之后，CDIP决定对该报告进行修订，以便对本组织的活动在支持千年发展目标方面产生的实际影响进行实证评估。⁹

7. 在讨论该报告(文件CDIP/5/3)的过程中，成员国代表团指出，在评估WIPO对千年发展目标所作贡献的问题上，还有若干方面需要加以改进。那次讨论中提出的三个要点值得在此重申。第一，代表们指出，要求编拟此类报告的关键问题和根本原因是WIPO的工作对千年发展目标带来的实际影响进行评估，而不是识别有可能为千年发展目标做出贡献的活动。¹⁰第二，代表们强调了利用WIPO注重成果的管理(RBM)框架评估本组织工作的重要性，例如，在千年发展目标方面。¹¹最后，代表们还指出，WIPO应当考虑的另一个重要问题是，在使知识产权规则和细则更好地服务于发展目标(包括千年发展目标)方面，WIPO应发挥的作用。¹²

8. 本报告旨在推进 2010 年初始报告(文件 CDIP/5/3)所启动的工作，其中顾及了从 CDIP 获得的反馈意见，特别是上述三个要点。本报告的核心目标是利用本组织注重成果的框架对 WIPO 的各项活动和举措对实现千年发展目标所产生的影响进行定性评估。具体而言，目标是根据千年发展目标的需要，评估注重成果的框架所产生的绩效数据，并就如何提高本组织在这一领域中所作的贡献和报告这一问

⁷ 参见制定发展议程原始议案(WIPO文件WO/GA/31/11)——可在以下网址查询：http://www.wipo.int/meetings/en/doc_details.jsp?doc_id=31737，比如，发展议程称“作为联合国系统中的一员，世界知识产权组织(WIPO)必须全面以联合国尤其在《千年发展目标》中为自身所确定的广泛发展目标为指导。”

⁸ 参见文件CDIP/5/3，可在以下网址查询：http://www.wipo.int/meetings/en/details.jsp?meeting_id=19686。

⁹ 参见CDIP第五届会议主席的总结报告第 11 段。可在以下网址查询：http://www.wipo.int/edocs/mdocs/mdocs/zh/cdip_5/cdip_5_ref_summary_revised.pdf。

¹⁰ 参见安哥拉代表团代表非洲集团所作的发言。CDIP第五届会议报告第 293 段。也请参见埃及代表团代表发展议程集团(第 294 段)、巴西(第 298 段)和伊朗共和国(第 299 段)的发言。该报告可在以下WIPO的网站查询：http://www.wipo.int/edocs/mdocs/mdocs/zh/cdip_5/cdip_5_10.pdf。

¹¹ 参见以上报告第 296 段美利坚合众国的发言。

¹² 参见巴西的发言，同前注释 10。

题提供前瞻性设想。本报告所作分析和评估的时间跨度为三年，并按照计划绩效报告(PPR)所报告的内容，以 2008 年和 2010 年之间落实计划和预算(P&B)的绩效信息为依据。

9. 出于多种原因，选择计划绩效报告定作为参考点。首先，计划绩效报告所侧重的是结果，而不仅仅是就有关活动和举措做出报告。此外，在 WIPO 的各项活动和计划如何根据相关计划和预算达到成员国所制定的目标这一问题上，计划绩效报告提供了可信度最高的官方数据和信息来源。此外，计划绩效报告十分全面，概括了 WIPO 的所有工作，包括与其他联合国机构的合作情况。就此而言，计划绩效报告涵盖了各种报告所反映的本组织工作所产生的结果和/或影响，比如落实发展议程报告和向世贸组织(WTO)《与贸易相关的知识产权协定》(TRIPS)委员会和联合国科学技术委员会提交的定期报告。

10. 本报告首先概述了《千年宣言》、联合国机构特别是 WIPO 在实现千年发展目标过程中的作用，以及在此背景下，千年发展目标与创新和知识产权之间的关联。报告第三部分评估了 WIPO 对千年发展目标做出的贡献，该部分以如何根据千年发展目标监测指标进而参照千年发展目标评估 WIPO 的工作进行概念性概述作为开始，到根据注重成果的管理框架所产生的绩效数据，分析实际贡献得出的结果作为结束。随后，第四部分探讨了如何加强 WIPO 对千年发展目标的贡献和报告形式。第五部为本报告的结论。

2. 千年发展目标、知识产权和世界知识产权组织

11. 如上所述，让全球化使所有人受益，尤其是让最贫困的人从中受益，是联合国成员国国家元首和政府首脑试图通过《千年宣言》加以解决的重大挑战。因此，宣言着重强调了科学、技术、创新(科技创新)和相关主题，因为它们是推动全球化的重要因素。审视WIPO在实现千年发展目标的过程中所发挥的作用，应以此作为背景。这是因为，WIPO是联合国的一个专门机构，其作用是制定兼顾各方利益和便于使用的国际知识产权(IP)制度，以奖励创造，促进创新，在为经济发展做出贡献的同时维护公共利益。¹³

2.1 《千年宣言》、科技创新和知识产权

12. 《千年宣言》包含与科技创新有关的重要表述和与知识产权有关的问题。具体说来，国家元首和政府首脑就此做出的决议主要包括：

(i) 鼓励制药行业让发展中国家所有有此需要的人更容易买到价格相宜的必要药品(知识产权和公共健康问题)。¹⁴

(ii) 确保人人均可享受新技术、特别是信息和通讯技术的好处。¹⁵

¹³ 参见“什么是WIPO”网页：http://www.wipo.int/about-wipo/zh/what_is_wipo.html。

¹⁴ 参见《宣言》第 20 段，同前注释 3。

¹⁵ 参见《宣言》第 20 段，同前注释 3。

(iii) 确保自由获取有关人类基因组序列的资料。¹⁶

(iv) 采取特别措施来应付非洲消除贫穷和促进可持续发展的挑战，包括增加转让技术。¹⁷

13. 《千年规划报告》(通称为“Sachs报告”)进一步扩大和解释了科技创新和知识产权的作用。¹⁸ 该报告第 14 章承认，以发展为导向的知识产权需要在市场力量和公共行动之间建立一种微妙的平衡，而且国与国之间的这种平衡很可能参差不齐。¹⁹ 更具体地说，科技创新千年项目工作组的报告(以下称“STI工作组”)认为“实现这些目标，需要大幅度地转向侧重经济增长重要来源的发展政策，包括与新的和已创建的科技知识相关的来源……”²⁰ Sachs报告以此报告为基础，提出了若干最终建议。

14. STI 工作组报告详细说明了科技与创新领域内需要实现千年发展目标的各种措施。这些措施包括：

(i) 改善政策环境和加强技术治理。

(ii) 重新定义包括交流在内的基础设施发展，作为技术革新的基础。

(iii) 通过创造和扩大技术和企业之间的联系支持企业家。

(iv) 管理技术革新，利用现有技术，投资全球技术发明和打造国际技术联盟。

科技创新对于实现千年发展目标一、六和八²¹的若干具体目标显然也很关键。这些具体目标包括：

(i) 具体目标 1.C：将饥饿人口的比例减半

(ii) 具体目标 6.B：向所有需要者普遍提供艾滋病毒/艾滋病治疗

(iii) 具体目标 6.C：遏止并开始扭转疟疾和其它主要疾病的发病率

(iv) 具体目标 8.B：满足最不发达国家的特殊需要

(v) 具体目标 8.E：在发展中国家提供负担得起的基本药物

(vi) 具体目标 8.F：确保人人可享受新技术、特别是信息和通信技术的好处

¹⁶ 参见《宣言》第 23 段，同前注释 3。

¹⁷ 参见《宣言》第 28 段，同前注释 3。

¹⁸ 联合国千年规划受托于联合国秘书长，由代表联合国发展小组的联合国开发计划署赞助。这是一个单独的出版物。题为投资发展的报告——实现千年发展目标的实用计划可以在以下网址获取：<http://www.unmillenniumproject.org/documents/MainReportComplete-lowres.pdf>。

¹⁹ 参见报告，同上，第 218 - 219 页。

²⁰ 参见 C. Juma and L. Yee-Cheong (第一作者)：《创新：在发展应用知识，科学、技术和创新千年计划工作组》(Earthscan, London and Sterling, 2005), 第 177 页。

²¹ 有关千年发展目标一和六与知识产权之间关系的讨论，参见例如 van Genugten, W 等：《利用知识产权促进实现发展目标一——知识产权在推动实现千年发展目标一和六方面的双重作用》(Wolf Legal 出版公司，奈梅亨(荷兰)，2011 年)，177 页。

因此，《千年宣言》列出若干措施，这些措施转化为千年发展目标一、六和八下若干具体目标。这些措施与 Sach 报告中提议的科技创新措施以及 STI 工作组报告一起提供了一个框架，借此可以考察 WIPO 在实现千年发展目标过程中所发挥的作用。

2.2 联合国机构和WIPO在实现千年发展目标过程中的作用

15. 国家元首和政府首脑承认，作为《千年宣言》的一个组成部分，实现《千年宣言》议定的目标特别需要联合国体系的众多利益攸关者的努力，

“保证加强联合国、其机构、布雷顿森林机构和世界贸易组织以及其他多边机构之间的政策更加协调一致，并进行更好的合作，以期对和平和发展问题采取全面协调的对策”。²²

就落实问题而言，这一强烈愿望已在千年发展目标八——*全球合伙促进发展*——之中具体化。这一大目标下的具体目标包括：进一步建立开放、基于规则、可预测、非歧视的贸易和金融制度；满足最不发达国家的特殊要求；满足内陆发展中国家和小岛屿国家的特殊要求；综合处理发展中国家的债务问题；让发展中国家有机会获得基本药物；普及新技术，特别是信息和通信技术。

16. 为了加强监督千年发展目标八所作出的全球承诺，联合国秘书长于 2007 年建立了千年发展目标差距问题工作组。²³其主要目的是系统地跟踪现有国际承诺，在官方发展援助、市场准入(贸易)、免偿债务、获取基本药物和新技术方面，在国际和国家层面上，找出实现过程中的差距和障碍。自 2008 年以来，该工作组发布了各种报告。20 多个联合国机构、国际货币基金(IMF)、经济合作与发展组织(OECD)、世界银行和世界贸易组织加入了该工作组。联合国开发计划署和联合国秘书处经济和社会事务部(UN/DESA)为领导机构，协调该工作组的工作。但是，迄今为止WIPO尚未加入该工作组。

17. 尽管 WIPO 未参与千年发展目标差距问题工作组，与 Sachs 报告和 STI 工作组报告中的详细说明一致的科技创新和知识产权相关问题的《千年宣言》措辞，以及千年发展目标一、六和八的相关目标，为 WIPO 具体对实现千年发展目标做出贡献提供了明确切入点。

18. 在机构建设方面，该工作组就科技创新问题指出：

“国际机构急需调整其活动来反映落实目标的技术要求。这一努力不仅有助于利用现有财政和其他资源来实现各项目标，也有助于找出现有资源中的差距。这些努力需要在一个加深理解经济增长来源的背景下来着手进行。”²⁴

对于涉及知识产权和科技创新的 WIPO 和其他机构来说，这是调整其计划和活动一种号召，来反映和促进一个兼顾各方利益和面向发展的知识产权体系(正如 Sachs 报告所号召的一样)；实现千年发展目标(正如 STI 工作组报告中所明确一样)和有关千年发展目标八具体目标的技术要求。

19. 具体而言，这意味着，对WIPO促进或影响实现千年发展目标工作的计划和活动来说，除其他方面以外，需要调整其计划和活动来促进第 12、13 和 14 段(见上文)²⁵列出的目标清单。因此，评价

²² 参见《宣言》第 30 段，同前注释 3。

²³ 可在以下网址查询工作组的信息和报告：http://www.un.org/en/development/desa/policy/mdg_gap/index.shtml。

²⁴ Juma 和 Yee-Cheong，注释同前，第 176 页。

WIPO对实现千年发展目标做出的贡献，实质上意味着确定WIPO怎样调整其计划和活动，来满足千年发展目标及有关千年发展目标一、六和八具体目标的这些技术和知识产权方面的需要。这就是本研究报告对下一部分进行探讨的原因。

3. 评估WIPO对实现千年发展目标的贡献

20. 毫无疑问，鉴于《千年宣言》中的科技创新和知识产权相关表述、Sachs报告的建议、STI工作组的报告和千年发展目标一、六和八的具体目标，WIPO的工作与千年发展目标是密不可分的。由此推论，鉴于WIPO是一个联合国机构，毫无疑问的是，WIPO在促进实现千年发展目标的过程中将发挥重要作用。但是，迄今为止，没有系统着手衡量和/或评估WIPO对千年发展目标所作的贡献。现在，正在朝积极的方向发展。例如，WIPO在其网站上设置了一个专门网页，提供有关本组织对千年发展目标所作贡献的有关信息。²⁶

21. 最重要的是，通过和落实WIPO发展议程(特别是建议22)和努力增强本组织注重成果的管理框架这两方面的工作，均使千年发展目标成为WIPO的工作中心。这为评估本组织对发展的一般贡献和对千年发展目标的特别贡献提供了一个更好的环境和框架。就此而言，很明显，自通过发展议程到2010年这段时间之间，在将发展问题纳入WIPO计划和活动的工作主流的过程中取得了重大进展。但是，在概念上以及在衡量水平上均存在差距。为了为缩小这些差距奠定基础，因此，在进行任何评估之前，重要的是了解和探索千年发展目标衡量标准和WIPO注重成果的管理框架之间的联系。

3.1 千年发展目标指标和WIPO的工作

22. 实现千年发展目标的进展是根据21个目标使用60项正式指标(参见本报告附件一)²⁷来衡量的。千年发展目标指标机构间专家小组(IAEG)的工作是制定指标以及就结果拟定年度进展报告，这项工作由联合国统计司协调。IAEG负责数据和分析的拟定工作，监督千年发展目标的进展。该小组也审查和确定与指标有关的方法和技术问题，提出指导方针，并帮助确定优先项目和战略，支持各个国家就千年发展目标问题收集数据，进行分析和撰写报告。

23. 一般说来，在次区域和区域层面收集国家数据来体现将来的进展状况。用于衡量的数据主要取自国家政府向负责具体指标的国际机构提供的官方统计数字。因此，数据中存在正常的差距。为了弥补这些差距，数据由或源自国际机构进行的调查所收集的数据来补充。

24. 衡量千年发展目标的决定性问题数据的可信度、时间性和国际可比性。²⁸如果数据不可靠、不及时或无可比性，就难以使国际社会予以考虑。在这方面，早期对监督千年发展目标进展所开展的工

[Footnote continued from previous page]

²⁵ 如上所述，该清单结合了千年项目STI工作组提出的实现千年目标在技术要求方面的建议与千年发展目标一、六和八下的技术和知识产权相关目标。

²⁶ 在以下网址可以访问该网页：http://www.wipo.int/ip-development/en/agenda/millennium_goals/。

²⁷ 可在以下网址参见千年发展目标指标：<http://mdgs.un.org/unsd/mdg/Home.aspx>，获得数据和方法来源指标和解释详细清单。

²⁸ 《联合国千年发展目标报告》2011 (UN, New York, 2011) 第66页。

作有很大差距，并且因多种原因受到了批评。第一，存在缺少官方数据的问题或难以得到这种国家数据。第二是各个国家没有提供衡量一项指标所需的数据情况，这导致了国际机构评估缺失值。结果，国际来源的数据与国家内部数据存在差异。国家数据库中有关来源和差距的区别引起了统计人员的特别关注。

25. 通过一系列倡议和加强为监督工作筹措资金，在怎样衡量千年发展目标和怎样使用数据质量方面取得了重大进展。特别是，IAEG 促进了国家和国际机构之间的讨论和对话，从而加强了国家和国际数据、质量和方法透明度的连贯性。然而，如同 IAEG 本身所承认的那样：

“尽管取得了一些进展，但是许多穷国仍然没有提供足够的监督发展的可靠统计数字，而且提供更好的政策相关数据的国内能力建设面临着巨大的挑战。提高这种能力需要得到发展合作伙伴一致，加强在财政和技术两方面给予支持。”²⁹

这意味着，在考虑 WIPO 对千年发展目标做出贡献的情况下，从总体上说，必须承认，衡量取得千年发展目标进展的方法和数据远非完美。但是，尽管存在着不足，重要的问题是，千年发展目标指标是否可以用作评估 WIPO 对实现这些目标的所作贡献的基础。

26. 有三大理由表明，试图直接利用千年发展目标指标作为评估 WIPO 对实现千年发展目标所作贡献的基础是成问题的。

27. 第一，大部分千年发展目标指标，比如，每天生活费在一美元以下人口的比例(目标一)或初等教育净入学率(目标二)试图取得极高层次的成果。因此，WIPO 作为具有具体任务授权的专门机构不能轻而易举地在其工作和这些高水平成果之间显示相关性。特别是，所提供的数据和用于 WIPO 注重成果的管理框架的指标还不能用于实现计算 WIPO 怎样(例如)有助于增加初等教育的净入学率。

28. 第二，甚至一些方面在指标和 WIPO 的任务授权之间存在一些相关性，例如，就目标八(以可持续的方式获取价格适宜的基本药物的人口比例或 1%的居民成为互联网用户的比例)而论，有许多有助于这些成果的参与者。这的确难以将取得的进展归功于 WIPO 或任何其他机构。在某些情况下，甚至难以将取得的进展归功于国家政府的具体行动。

29. 最后，千年发展目标是一整套相互关联的社会发展目标，其中动员国家力量来现实目标的基准点由发展中国家和最不发达国家的政府决定。国际机构的作用是支持这些国家程序。³⁰这意味着在千年发展目标综合指标水平上寻找衡量任何机构的贡献将产生误导。对贡献作出评价只能基于具体国家和本组织在这些国家所开展活动的结果。

30. 鉴于上述挑战，可以断定：利用整体千年发展目标衡量标准(千年发展目标指标)来评估 WIPO 对实现目标所作的贡献是不明智的。不同的方法将提供更好和更多可信的结果，因为这些方法与 WIPO 的任务授权及其注重成果的管理框架之间具有更好的关联性。就科学、技术和创新问题而言，千年发展目标差距问题工作组最近的意见支持这一观点。例如，在 2011 年的报告中，该工作组建议，为了提高新技术的可获取性和经济可承受性，除开展其他工作以外，国际社会还需支持制定具体的目标和指标，以监督技术获取情况。

²⁹ 同上。

³⁰ 联合国“在关键时刻促进发展的全球合作伙伴关系”，2011 年千年发展目标差距问题工作组报告(UN, New York, 2011)第 1 页。

3.2 利用注重成果的管理框架来评估WIPO对千年发展目标所作的贡献

31. 评估世界知识产权组织对实现千年发展目标所作贡献的可信方式所需要的是，这种评估应该以本组织注重成果的管理(RBM)框架为基础，并与之结合在一起。应当回顾的是，1998年首先在WIPO采用注重成果的管理。在1998/99计划和预算中首次作为注重成果的预算制度(RBBS)来落实。但是，早期主要是通过已经着手计划的活动这一简单事实来衡量落实情况。³¹

32. 从那时起，本组织便立足于实行绩效管理。近几年来，注重成果的管理制度有了根本性的改进。最近的计划绩效报告(2010年)³²和计划和预算(2012/13两年期)反映出这一制度已大为改善。但是，这一框架仍有待进一步完善。这种必要性反映了在创新和创造这种复杂领域中落实成果框架所带来的挑战，以及满足新的优先项目和WIPO利益攸关者特别是成员国的需求的迫切性。

33. 在注重成果的管理框架中所取得的巨大进展显示，与以往不同的是，今天有更好的机会来评估WIPO对一般发展问题和特殊千年发展目标问题所作的贡献。(上述)第27段至29段强调了努力将这些问题直接与千年发展目标指标结合在一起的问题，有鉴于此，需要应对利用注重成果的管理框架来衡量WIPO对实现千年发展目标所作的贡献带来的重大挑战，关系到如何将千年发展目标与WIPO的工作、战略目标和最终绩效指标结合在一起的问题。

34. 我们认为，解决办法就存在于千年发展目标的具体目标、Sachs报告和STI工作组的报告中，找到WIPO的工作与技术、创新和知识产权相关的方面，然后将这些问题与WIPO注重成果的管理框架相结合。上文提到，从这些文件和千年发展目标一、六和八之中的创新/技术相关目标，可以确定更具体的科技创新和知识产权相关的千年发展目标需求/成果。这些在上述第19段中提到的需求/成果应当形成框架，将千年发展目标与WIPO的工作结合在一起。以下文框1列出了九(9)项与千年发展目标相关的科技创新需求/成果，依据这些成果可以评估WIPO作为负责诸如技术转让等知识产权和相关问题的联合国专门机构的工作。

<i>文框 1</i>		
<i>与千年发展目标相关的、可以作为评估 WIPO 工作依据的科技创新需求/成果</i>		
	<i>需求/成果</i>	<i>资源/基础</i>
1.	在市场力量和公共行动之间找到最佳平衡点的知识产权制度	Sachs 的报告
2.	更完善的全球政策环境和更强有力的技术治理	STI 工作组
3.	更完善的基础设施(包括通信)作为技术革新的基础	STI 工作组
4.	技术和企业之间更广泛的联系	STI 工作组
5.	更繁荣的全球技术创造和国际技术联盟	STI 工作组
6.	减少饥饿(食品安全)人口的比例	千年发展目标 1

³¹ 参见 1998 PPR 示例(1998 年 7 月 19 日的 WIPO 文件 A/34/6)，可在 WIPO 网站查询：http://www.wipo.int/edocs/mdocs/govbody/en/a_34/a_34_6.pdf。

³² 可在以下 WIPO 网站查询：http://www.wipo.int/edocs/mdocs/govbody/en/a_49/a_49_4.pdf。

		具体目标 1.C
7.	满足最不发达国家的特殊要求	千年发展目标 8 具体目标 8.B
8.	在发展中国家更加易于获得负担得起的基本药物，包括普及艾滋病毒/艾滋病的治疗与干预，以降低疟疾和其他要疾病的发病率	千年发展目标 6 具体目标 6.B 和 6.C 以及千年发展目标 8 具体目标 8.E
9.	确保人人可享受新技术，特别是信息和通信技术的好处	千年发展目标 8 目标 8.F

由于在 WIPO 的活动和倡议与广泛的千年发展目标指标之间无法建立一种直接的因果关系，因此我们认为，应当将 WIPO 对这些科学、技术、创新科技创新和知识产权相关需求/成果的进展/贡献转化为 WIPO 对千年发展目标所作的贡献。如上所述，由于千年发展目标是在国家层面上取得的成果，其实现最终将取决于众多因素和众多参与者的行动，这一点非常重要。归根结底，实现千年发展目标取决于在国家层面开展的工作。因此，举例来说，虽然 WIPO 能够就专利灵活性以及如何利用这些灵活性改山普及药物的状况提供咨询意见，但是，在实际情况中，是否能够普及药物仍要取决于特定国家是否把这些灵活性纳入其法律并采取积极的采购政策，而后者是 WIPO 无法控制的。

35. 利用上述科技创新和知识产权相关需求/成果，在千年发展目标与 WIPO 的任务授权和业务范围之间建立真实可信的关系之后，下一步就需要将千年发展目标的需求/成果与 WIPO 的战略目标、预期成果和效绩指标以及有关发展议程的建议挂钩。尤其重要的是，应当在结果层面，而不是在计划、活动和倡议层面，评估 WIPO 对这些科技创新和知识产权相关的千年发展目标需求/成果所做出的贡献。在此应指出，侧重活动而不是侧重结果是早期的千年发展目标报告中所提出的问题之一（文件 CDIP/5/3）。

36. 这种方法具有更大的可信度，因为它承认并非制定计划或开展活动或倡议本身有助于千年发展目标和其他任何目标，包括 WIPO 本身的战略目标。相反，带来变化的是那些活动或倡议的结果和/或影响。一味谋求可能为实现千年发展目标所作的贡献的所有单项 WIPO 活动或倡议的这种企图也是站不住脚的，而且很可能导致不可思议的混乱局面。

37. 本报告附录二和附录三采用表格的形式，基于 2010 年计划效绩报告所报告的 2010 年的结果和 2008/2009 计划效绩报告所报告的 2008/2009 两年期的结果，详细分析了与科技创新和知识产权相关的千年发展目标需求/成果与 WIPO 战略目标、相关发展议程建议、预期成果和绩效之间的联系。

38. 以下概括了基于对附录二和附录三的分析，就 WIPO 为千年发展目标所作贡献得出的主要结论。

(i) 在 2010/11 两年期计划和预算中，至少 30 项 WIPO 的预期成果涉及本组织五个战略目标（目标一、三、四、六和七），具有可信的关联性，因此可以断言，所取得的成就有助于千年发展目标。

(ii) 在这 30 项千年发展目标相关的预期成果中，23 项(约 77%)到本两年期结束之时将完全实现。另外 5 项(约 17%)将大部分或部分实现。仅仅 2 项(不足 7%)，由于缺乏数据，很可能实现不了或不能得到验证。

(iii) 关于 2008/2009 两年期，至少也有 30 项预期成果涉及七个战略目标(战略目标一、三、四、五、六、七和八)，具有可信的关联性，所取得的成就有助于千年发展目标。

(iv) 这 30 项千年发展目标相关预期成果中，16 项(约 53%)已完全实现。另外 13 项(约 43%)大部分或部分实现。仅仅一项(不足 4%)所记载的实现程度有限。

(v) 2010 年，以及 2008/2009 两年期，一些仅部分实现预期成果领域，缺少数据是一个重要因素。

(vi) 预料之中的是，大多数千年发展目标相关预期成果皆属目标一(以兼顾各方利益的方式发展国际知识产权规范性框架)和目标三(为利用知识产权促进发展提供便利)。由此可见，在过去三年中(2008 年至 2010 年)，特别是就这两个战略目标所开展的工作对千年发展目标所作的贡献最大。

39. 总的说来，就 WIPO 的工作是否和如何对实现千年发展目标做出贡献而言，从定性和定量两方面来说，上述结论所显示的结果是积极的。在 2008/2009 两年期和迄今为止 2010/2011 两年期的情况之间的千年发展目标情况下，WIPO 的效绩取得了显著的提高。尽管相关预期成果的数量一直保持在 30 项不变，但是 2010 年所取得的成就在过去两年中提高了 24%。这一进展反映了完善的计划、数据收集和情况报告。但是，在 2010 年按部就班所取得的 77%的成果中，在与实现千年目标关系最密切的方面，WIPO 的效绩仍然还有改进的余地。

40. 在看待上述积极评价时，我们还需注意以下几点事实：首先，上文所说的比例只是反映了 WIPO 在现有结果框架中的效绩。因而，77%的效绩，并非表示在向千年发展目标做出贡献方面，WIPO 已实现了其潜力的 77%。因此，即使比例达到 100%，也不意味着一切已经尽善尽美。第二，这些效绩仅涉及 WIPO 在特定国家的贡献，也就是说，WIPO 只是在这些特定的国家采取了导致报告成果的具体行动。所以，不能说 WIPO 在所有的发展中国家和最不发达国家成员国中都做出了贡献。第三，即使在采取相关行动的特定国家中，WIPO 积极的贡献也不一定转化为千年发展目标的具体成果。如前所述，WIPO 的贡献仅能到此为止，把这种贡献转化为具体成果的最终场所仍是每个国家的国家层面，并取决于这些国家的政策选择。

4. 增强WIPO对千年发展目标的贡献和对千年发展目标的报告

41. (上述)第 2 段和第 3 段中的分析清晰地表明，WIPO 不仅能够发挥作用，而且尤其是在最近的过去还为实现千年发展目标作出了实际的贡献。特别是在 2012/13 两年期期间，本报告建议千年发展目标与 WIPO 的工作结合起来这一概念框架并同时增强注重成果的管理框架的工作表明，将产生更好的效绩数据，依据这些数据可以评估本组织将来面对千年发展目标的工作。通过和落实发展议程和重要的组织倡议，比如战略调整进程，也确保了更好的组织环境和文化，使 WIPO 未来能够为实现千年发展目标做出更大的贡献。

42. 但是，如上所述，仍然还有改进的余地。所取得进展可以进一步增强 WIPO 为千年发展目标所做出的贡献，下面所探讨的是与之相关的诸多方面。

4.1 联合国系统和其他利益攸关者的战略参与

43. 《千年宣言》是联合国在大会和国家元首和政府首脑会议层面上的产物，给联合国大家庭(秘书处、计划和专门机构)规定了一项特别义务，来支持、协调各项目标，并将之纳入全球和国家发展力量之中。虽然 WIPO 作为联合国机构有责任单独为实现千年发展目标做出贡献，但至关重要的是其工作也与更广泛的联合国大家庭的工作和机制密不可分。这将保证在 WIPO 的工作和其他机构工作之间建立协同作用。为了加强其贡献，同样重要的是，WIPO 就知识产权和技术问题为联合国相关程序提供专门知识。

44. 由此可见，首先 WIPO 必须解决未参与千年发展目标差距工作组的问题。在这一方面，建议 WIPO 采取必要措施加入千年发展目标差距工作组，应将之作为优先事项。这一点尤为重要，因为工作组在其报告中反复指出科技创新和知识产权相关问题对实现千年发展目标八的第 2、5 和 6 项目标至关重要。比如，工作组在最近的一份报告中特别指出，必须努力制定指标和目标来监督获取技术。在其他方面也指出需要加倍努力增加发展中国家获得恰当技术的机会，包括涉及健康、交流和气候变化的技术，并指出这种努力将涉及到支持创新和提高获得研究、知识产权和特殊环境下技术的机会以及加强为之筹措资金的激励措施。³³

45. 尤其是根据战略目标一(以兼顾各方利益的方式发展国际知识产权规范性框架)、战略目标三(为利用知识产权促进发展提供便利)、战略目标五(为全世界提供知识产权信息与分析的参考源)和战略目标七(根据全球政策主题处理知识产权问题)，WIPO 在解决有关指标与方法和支持创新鼓励政策问题的过程中能够发挥重要作用。

46. 第二，WIPO 也应当采取措施参与 IAEG 的工作。这种参与均对 WIPO 和 IAEG 有利。对 WIPO 来说，这将提供一种学习机，使本组织能够参与千年发展目标，同时监督数据准备和分析以及对各种方法的界定。对于 IAEG 来说，WIPO 的专门知识和注重成果的管理框架提供的数据，包括发展议程的落实情况，将加强和进一步提高对科技创新和知识产权相关的千年发展目标需求/成果的监督和报告。

4.2 进一步完善注重成果的管理框架和绩效报告

47. 对注重成果的管理框架所进行的改进措施可能为 WIPO 提供一种前所未有的机会，来进一步调整为千年发展目标所开展的活动，加强对其贡献的理解和报告。对于这种将实现的潜在性来说，需要同时在概念层面上和从实际角度两个方面进一步思考和工作。在这一方面，可以通过将本报告建议的概念框架纳入预期成果和绩效指标的制定工作，来进一步提高 WIPO 对千年发展目标所作的贡献。在 WIPO 秘书处内部就应用这一基本概念所进行的对话，包括任何改进和必要的培训，未来也将做出重大贡献。

48. 将千年发展目标相关需求/成果纳入 WIPO 计划规划阶段不仅仅将产生设计更好的预期成果，也将最终产生更好的数据收集。对于如何加强为千年发展目标做出更大贡献这一问题来说，这反过来将加强本组织内部的学习进程。

³³ UNDP, 《实现千年发展目标需要什么? 一项国际评估》(UNDP, 纽约, 2010年), 第 37 页。

4.3 WIPO千年发展目标网页

49. 如前所述, WIPO在其网站上建立了专门网页, 提供有关本组织对千年发展目标贡献的信息。³⁴在完善该组织向国际社会和直接利益攸关者的报告和问责制方面, 这是重要的一步。目前, 该网页旨在说明本组织开展的各种活动如何根据每项千年发展目标的总体监测指标, 对千年发展目标做出贡献。如本项研究所主张的, 总体而言, 千年发展目标的监测指标并非是评估WIPO贡献的可信框架。对WIPO所做贡献做出更加切合实际的评价和报告, 应采用一种更加细致、以若干具体目标为依据的方法, 其中应突出 STI所发挥的甚为关键的作用, 同时辅之以Sach报告和STI工作组报告所确定的STI的需求。此外, 还应认识到, 须把重点放在RBM框架所规定的WIPO工作成果上, 而不是放在千差万别的活动上。

50. 在这方面, WIPO 下一步需要从相关的 PPR 绩效数据中提取可信度更高和更具体的成果, 在专用网页上细化其对千年发展目标所作工作和贡献的报告。可基于该研究所建议的框架开展这项工作。网页信息应进行定期更新, 以反映本组织与千年发展目标相关的工作不断变化的性质。

5. 结 论

51. 毫无疑问, 在 WIPO 落实发展议程和其他倡议提高了本组织面对发展的绩效, 包括千年发展目标以及提供数据和信息来承担绩效评估的工作。正如 2008/2009 和 2010 计划绩效报告所指出的, WIPO 的工作具有直接关联性, 本组织在发展中国家和最不发达国家的成员国中对实现千年发展目标的贡献甚巨。在过去三年中, 本组织的工作对千年发展目标相关的科技创新和知识产权需求/成果产生了重大影响。但是, 从本报告中也可以清晰地看到, 在加强 WIPO 对千年发展目标的贡献方面, 以及在对这种贡献进行评估和报告方面, 目前还大有可为。

52. 保证继续和提高 WIPO 对千年发展目标所作的贡献的第一步是在概念框架和利用 WIPO 的注重成果的管理框架的问题上达成广泛的一致意见, 来评估本组织对千年发展目标所作的贡献。该报告根据 2008/2009 和 2010/2011 计划和预算推荐了概念框架和验证的方法。对 2008/2009 和 2010 计划绩效报告的绩效信息所作的评估结果表明, 这种方法可能有助于提供一个清晰的框架, 在这一框架内以更系统的方式理解和评估 WIPO 对千年发展目标所作的贡献。

53. 概念和实际参数一旦确定下来, 第二步将就 WIPO 对千年发展目标所作贡献这一问题制定规划和数据收集策略, 而不是本报告第四部分所载的回顾性评估。这可以使 WIPO 成员国和秘书处更好地了解在为千年发展目标所作的贡献的过程中从何处开始(在本两年期期初)和在何处结束(在本两年期结束之时)。只要存在不足, 这一点将更容易得到确认和纠正或至少得到进一步解释。这一点至关重要, 因为 WIPO 对千年发展目标所作的贡献是成员国和秘书处两方面的共同责任。

[后接附录一(英文)]

³⁴ 参见网页: http://www.wipo.int/ip-development/en/agenda/millennium_goals/

APPENDIX 1: OFFICIAL LIST OF MDG INDICATORS

<u>Goals and Targets</u>	<u>Indicators for monitoring progress</u>
<i>Goal 1: Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger</i>	
Target 1.A: Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people whose income is less than one dollar a day	1.1 Proportion of population below \$1 (PPP) per day; 1.2 Poverty gap ratio; and 1.3 Share of poorest quintile in national consumption.
Target 1.B: Achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all, including women and young people	1.4 Growth rate of GDP per person employed; 1.5 Employment-to-population ratio; 1.6 Proportion of employed people living below \$1 (PPP) per day; and 1.7 Proportion of own-account and contributing family workers in total employment.
Target 1.C: Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people who suffer from hunger	1.8 Prevalence of underweight children under-five years of age; and 1.9 Proportion of population below minimum level of dietary energy consumption.
<i>Goal 2: Achieve universal primary education</i>	
Target 2.A: Ensure that, by 2015, children everywhere, boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling	2.1 Net enrolment ratio in primary education; 2.2 Proportion of pupils starting grade 1 who reach last grade of primary; and 2.3 Literacy rate of 15-24 year-olds, women and men.
<i>Goal 3: Promote gender equality and empower women</i>	
Target 3.A: Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary education, preferably by 2005, and in all levels of education no later than 2015	3.1 Ratios of girls to boys in primary, secondary and tertiary education; 3.2 Share of women in wage employment in the non-agricultural sector; and 3.3 Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament.
<i>Goal 4: Reduce child mortality</i>	
Target 4.A: Reduce by two-thirds, between 1990 and 2015, the under-five mortality rate	4.1 Under-five mortality rate; 4.2 Infant mortality rate; and 4.3 Proportion of 1 year-old children immunised

<u>Goals and Targets</u>	<u>Indicators for monitoring progress</u>
	against measles.
<i>Goal 5: Improve maternal health</i>	
Target 5.A: Reduce by three quarters, between 1990 and 2015, the maternal mortality ratio	5.1 Maternal mortality ratio; and 5.2 Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel.
Target 5.B: Achieve, by 2015, universal access to reproductive health	5.3 Contraceptive prevalence rate; 5.4 Adolescent birth rate; 5.5 Antenatal care coverage (at least one visit and at least four visits); and 5.6 Unmet need for family planning.
<i>Goal 6: Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases</i>	
Target 6.A: Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS	6.1 HIV prevalence among population aged 15-24 years; 6.2 Condom use at last high-risk sex; 6.3 Proportion of population aged 15-24 years with comprehensive correct knowledge of HIV/AIDS; 6.4 Ratio of school attendance of orphans to school attendance of non-orphans aged 10-14 years.
Target 6.B: Achieve, by 2010, universal access to treatment for HIV/AIDS for all those who need it	6.5 Proportion of population with advanced HIV infection with access to antiretroviral drugs.
Target 6.C: Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the incidence of malaria and other major diseases	6.6 Incidence and death rates associated with malaria; 6.7 Proportion of children under 5 sleeping under insecticide-treated bednets; 6.8 Proportion of children under 5 with fever who are treated with appropriate anti-malarial drugs; 6.9 Incidence, prevalence and death rates associated with tuberculosis; and 6.10 Proportion of tuberculosis cases detected and cured under directly observed treatment short course.

<u>Goals and Targets</u>	<u>Indicators for monitoring progress</u>
<i>Goal 7: Ensure environmental sustainability</i>	
<p>Target 7.A: Integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programmes and reverse the loss of environmental resources</p> <p>Target 7.B: Reduce biodiversity loss, achieving, by 2010, a significant reduction in the rate of loss</p>	<p>7.1 Proportion of land area covered by forest; 7.2 CO2 emissions, total, per capita and per \$1 GDP (PPP); 7.3 Consumption of ozone-depleting substances; 7.4 Proportion of fish stocks within safe biological limits; 7.5 Proportion of total water resources used; 7.6 Proportion of terrestrial and marine areas protected; and 7.7 Proportion of species threatened with extinction.</p>
<p>Target 7.C: Halve, by 2015, the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water and basic sanitation</p>	<p>7.8 Proportion of population using an improved drinking water source; and 7.9 Proportion of population using an improved sanitation facility.</p>
<p>Target 7.D: By 2020, to have achieved a significant improvement in the lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers</p>	<p>7.10 Proportion of urban population living in slums</p>
<i>Goal 8: Develop a global partnership for development</i>	
<p>Target 8.A: Develop further an open, rule-based, predictable, non-discriminatory trading and financial system.</p> <p>Includes a commitment to good governance, development and poverty reduction – both nationally and internationally.</p> <p>Target 8.B: Address the special needs of the least developed countries</p> <p>Includes: tariff and quota free access for the least developed countries' exports; enhanced programme of debt relief for heavily indebted poor countries (HIPC) and cancellation of official bilateral debt; and more generous ODA for countries committed to poverty reduction</p> <p>Target 8.C: Address the special needs of landlocked developing countries and small island developing States (through the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States and the outcome of the twenty-second</p>	<p>Some of the indicators listed below are monitored separately for the least developed countries (LDCs), Africa, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States.</p> <p><i>Official development assistance (ODA)</i></p> <p>8.1 Net ODA, total and to the least developed countries, as percentage of OECD/DAC donors' gross national income; 8.2 Proportion of total bilateral, sector-allocable ODA of OECD/DAC donors to basic social services (basic education, primary health care, nutrition, safe water and sanitation); 8.3 Proportion of bilateral official development assistance of OECD/DAC donors that is untied; 8.4 ODA received in landlocked developing countries as a proportion of their gross national incomes; 8.5 ODA received in small island developing States as a proportion of their gross national incomes</p> <p><u>Market access</u></p>

<u>Goals and Targets</u>	<u>Indicators for monitoring progress</u>
<p>special session of the General Assembly)</p> <p>Target 8.D: Deal comprehensively with the debt problems of developing countries through national and international measures in order to make debt sustainable in the long term</p>	<p>8.6 Proportion of total developed country imports (by value and excluding arms) from developing countries and least developed countries, admitted free of duty;</p> <p>8.7 Average tariffs imposed by developed countries on agricultural products and textiles and clothing from developing countries;</p> <p>8.8 Agricultural support estimate for OECD countries as a percentage of their gross domestic product; and</p> <p>8.9 Proportion of ODA provided to help build trade capacity.</p> <p><u>Debt sustainability</u></p> <p>8.10 Total number of countries that have reached their HIPC decision points and number that have reached their HIPC completion points (cumulative);</p> <p>8.11 Debt relief committed under HIPC and MDRI Initiatives; and</p> <p>8.12 Debt service as a percentage of exports of goods and services.</p>
<p>Target 8.E: In cooperation with pharmaceutical companies, provide access to affordable essential drugs in developing countries</p>	<p>8.13 Proportion of population with access to affordable essential drugs on a sustainable basis</p>
<p>Target 8.F: In cooperation with the private sector, make available the benefits of new technologies, especially information and communications</p>	<p>8.14 Telephone lines per 100 inhabitants;</p> <p>8.15 Cellular subscriptions per 100 inhabitants; and</p> <p>8.16 Internet users per 100 inhabitants.</p>

Source: UN Official site for MDG indicators

[后接附录二]

Appendix II:Linkages between STI and IP-related MDG Needs/Outcomes and WIPO's performance in 2010

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2010/11 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2010 PPR</i>
An IP system that strikes the right balance between market forces and public action	1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 42 and 45.	Goal I: Balanced Evolution of the International Normative Framework for IP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Enhanced cooperation among Member States in the area of developing the international patent system. (ii) Greater awareness of the legal principles and practices of the patent system including flexibilities. (iii) Progress achieved in the development of a balanced multilateral legal framework for trademarks, industrial designs and geographical indications. (iv) Contribution to the development of the international copyright and related rights policy and legal framework and 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) On track. (ii) On track. (iii) On track. (iv) On track.

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2010/11 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2010 PPR</i>
			<p>of a global copyright infrastructure.</p> <p>(v) A stronger international legal and policy framework protecting TK and TCEs for the economic and cultural benefit of communities and other TK and TCE holders and their countries.</p>	<p>On track.</p>
		<p>Goal III: Facilitating the Use of IP for Development</p>	<p>(i) Development Agenda principles further mainstreamed into the organization's programs and activities.</p> <p>(ii) Effective monitoring, evaluation and reporting on the Development Agenda recommendations.</p> <p>(iii) National IP policies/strategies and country action plans that are in line with development plans and priorities.</p> <p>(iv) National IP legislation</p>	<p>(i) On track.</p> <p>(ii) On track.</p> <p>(iii) On track.</p> <p>(iv) On track.</p>

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2010/11 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2010 PPR</i>
			<p>consistent with national development objectives as well as with international IP treaties and agreements, where applicable, while taking into account available flexibilities.</p> <p>(v) Strengthened capacity of policy makers to formulate policies, develop and implement projects on IP asset management.</p> <p>(vi) Stronger empirically well-founded policy dialogue between governments, international organization's, civil society actors, and the private sector on current and emerging global issues touching on IP.</p>	<p>(v) N/A for 2010 (data not available).</p> <p>(vi) On track.</p>
Improved Global policy environment and enhanced technology governance	5, 6, 15, 22, 33, 40, 41, 43, and 44.	Goal I: Balanced Evolution of the International Normative Framework for IP	<p>(i) Enhanced cooperation among Member States in the area of developing the international patent system.</p> <p>(ii) Greater awareness of</p>	(v) On track.

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2010/11 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2010 PPR</i>
			<p>the legal principles and practices of the patent system including flexibilities.</p> <p>(iii) Contribution to the development of the international copyright and related rights policy and legal framework and of a global copyright infrastructure.</p>	<p>On track.</p> <p>On track.</p>
		<p>Goal VII: Addressing IP in Relation to Global Policy Issues</p>	<p>(i) Greater cooperation and coordination between the work of WIPO and that of other international processes concerning TK, TCEs and genetic resources.</p> <p>(ii) Stronger empirically well-founded policy dialogue between governments, international organization's, civil society actors, and the private sector on current and emerging global issues touching on IP.</p> <p>(iii) Greater understanding among industry groups and civil society of WIPO's work</p>	<p>(i) On track.</p> <p>(ii) On track.</p> <p>(iii) Broadly on track (joint activities discontinued and public</p>

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2010/11 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2010 PPR</i>
			and the developmental benefits of IP' and enhanced participation of civil society in WIPO activities.	private partnerships have not materialized due to lack of guidelines).
Improved infrastructure, including communications, as a foundation for technological innovation	9, 10, 11, 22, 24 and 27.	Goal IV: Coordination and Development of Global IP Infrastructure	<p>(i) More accessible legal and technological information concerning better applications available to Member States, PCT applicants research institutions and the public.</p> <p>(ii) Improved access to information resources generated by IP systems.</p> <p>(iii) Increased dissemination of digitized patent collections of national/regional offices of WIPO Member States.</p> <p>(iv) Enhancement of WIPO patent search support services for IP offices of Member States.</p>	<p>(i) On track.</p> <p>(ii) Broadly on track (except for % of users of the global IP databases and services is not yet known due to lack of statistics).</p> <p>(iii) On track.</p> <p>(iv) Performance data not yet available.</p>

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2010/11 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2010 PPR</i>
			(v) Enhanced efficiency of IP institutions through automation of business processes.	(v) Partly on track (Data on efficiency of assisted IP offices not available).
Expanded link between technology and enterprise	4, 8, 11, 19, 22, 23, 24, 31, 33, 34 and 39.	Goal III: Facilitating the Use of IP for Development	<p>(i) Effective implementation of the DA through concrete projects.</p> <p>(ii) Support to Member States in deriving benefits from DA implementation.</p> <p>(iii) Improved awareness of SMEs and SME support institutions on IP asset management and of policy markers on the importance of integrating IP into national strategies on enterprise competitiveness.</p> <p>(iv) Enhanced capacity of SME support institutions, including universities and SME training institutions, to provide IP information, support and advisory services to their</p>	<p>(i) On track.</p> <p>(ii) On track.</p> <p>(iii) On track.</p> <p>(iv) Partly on track (data not available on the number of institutions using WIPO material and the rate of satisfaction of SMEs with advisory services).</p>

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2010/11 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2010 PPR</i>
			constituencies. (v) Improved access to information resources generated by IP systems.	(v) Broadly on track (user statistics not available to ascertain the % of users the global IP databases and services).
Increased global technology generation and international technology alliances	4, 7, 8, 9, 11, 22, 23, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 45.	Goal I: Balanced Evolution of the International Normative Framework for IP	(i) Enhanced cooperation among Member States in the area of developing the international patent system. (ii) Greater awareness of the legal principles and practices of the patent system including flexibilities.	(i) On track. (ii) On track.
		Goal III: Facilitating the Use of IP for Development	(i) Effective implementation of the DA through concrete projects. (ii) Enhanced networks and efficiency of international cooperation for IP training and education among Member States. (iii) Increased dissemination of digitized patent collections of	(i) On track. (ii) On track. (iii) On track.

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2010/11 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2010 PPR</i>
			national/regional offices of WIPO Member States. (iv) Improved use of patent information through their development of patent landscapes and related tools covering selected topics.	(iv) On track.
Reduce the proportion of people who suffer from hunger (food security)	8, 13, 14, 17, 22, 23, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 36 and 45	Goal I: Balanced Evolution of the International Normative Framework for IP	(i) Enhanced cooperation among Member States in the area of Developing the international IP system. (ii) Greater awareness of the legal principles and practices of the patent system including flexibilities.	(i) On track. On track.
		Goal III: Facilitating the use of IP for Development	(i) National IP policies/strategies and country action plans that are in line with development plans and priorities. (ii) National IP legislation consistent with national development objectives as well as with international IP treaties and agreements, where applicable, while	(i) On track. (ii) On track.

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2010/11 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2010 PPR</i>
			<p>taking into account available flexibilities.</p> <p>(iii) Improved use of patent information through their development of patent landscapes and related tools covering selected topics.</p>	(iii) On track.
		Goal IV: Coordination and Development of Global IP Infrastructure.	(i) Enhancement of WIPO patent search support services for IP offices of Member States.	(i) Performance data not yet available.
Addressing the special needs of LDCs	1, 2, 7, 8, 13, 22 and 26.	Goal III: Facilitating the Use of IP for Development	<p>(i) Increased access to global markets for products and services from the developing world; and</p> <p>(ii) Effective implementation of the DA through concrete projects and activities.</p>	<p>(i) On track.</p> <p>(ii) On track.</p>
Increased access to affordable essential drugs in developing countries, including universal access to HIV/AIDS treatments and interventions for the reduction in the incidences	7, 8, 10, 11, 14, 15, 17, 19, 22, 23, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 36, 37, 40 and 45.	Goal III: Facilitating the Use of IP for Development	<p>(i) Greater awareness of the legal principles and practices of the patent system, including flexibilities;</p> <p>(ii) Effective implementation of the DA</p>	<p>(i) On track.</p> <p>(ii) On track.</p>

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2010/11 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2010 PPR</i>
of malaria and other major diseases			<p>through concrete projects;</p> <p>(iii) National IP policies/strategies and action plans that are in line with national development plans and priorities;</p> <p>(iv) National IP legal framework consistent with development goals and public policy, strengthened IP technical and administrative infrastructure;</p> <p>(v) Improved access to information resources generated by IP systems.</p> <p>(vi) Enhancement of WIPO patent search support services for IP offices of Member States.</p> <p>(vii) Improved use of patent information through the development of patent landscapes and related tools</p>	<p>(iii) On track.</p> <p>(iv) On track.</p> <p>(v) Broadly on track (user statistics not available to ascertain the % of users the global IP databases and services).</p> <p>(vi) Partly on track (No data available on number of users of TISC networks).</p> <p>(vii) On track.</p>

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2010/11 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2010 PPR</i>
			<p>covering selected topics.</p> <p>(viii) Stronger empirically well founded policy dialogues between governments, international organizations, civil society actors, and the private sector on current and emerging global issues touching on IP.</p>	(viii) On track.
		<p>Goal VI: International Cooperation on Building Respect for IP</p>	<p>Create an enabling environment that promotes respect for IP by initiating a constructive and balanced policy dialogue, taking into account Recommendation 45 of the Development Agenda.</p>	On track.
		<p>Goal VII: Addressing IP in Relation to Global IP Policy Issues</p>	<p>Stronger empirically well founded policy dialogue between governments, international organizations, civil society actors, and the private sector on current and emerging global issues touching on IP.</p>	On track.

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2010/11 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2010 PPR</i>
<p>Making available the benefits of new technologies, especially information and communications</p>	<p>8, 9, 17, 19, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 31, 36 and 45.</p>	<p>Goal III: Facilitating the Use of IP for Development</p>	<p>(i) Effective implementation of the DA through concrete projects and activities;</p> <p>(ii) Modernized service-oriented IP administration with strengthened infrastructure;</p> <p>(iii) Use of on-line courses as a compliment to IP training and education programs and to generate greater public awareness.</p> <p>(iv) Increased dissemination of digitized patent collections of national/regional offices of WIPO Member States;</p> <p>(v) Enhancement of WIPO patent search support services for IP offices of Member States;</p> <p>(vi) Enhanced efficiency of IP institutions through automation of business</p>	<p>(i) On track.</p> <p>(ii) On track.</p> <p>(iii) On track.</p> <p>(iv) On track.</p> <p>(v) Partly on track (data on number of users of TISC networks not available).</p> <p>(vi) Partly on track (data not available on the improvements in</p>

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2010/11 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2010 PPR</i>
			processes.	efficiency at the assisted IP offices).
		Goal IV: Coordination and Development of Global IP Infrastructure	<p>(i) Improved access to information resources generated by IP systems.</p> <p>(ii) Increased dissemination of digitized patent collections of national/regional offices of WIPO Member States;</p> <p>(iii) Enhancement of WIPO patent search support services for IP offices of Member States; and</p> <p>(iv) Enhanced efficiency of IP institutions through automation of business processes.</p>	<p>(i) Broadly on track (Users statistics on the % of users of global IP databases and services not available).</p> <p>(ii) On track.</p> <p>(iii) Partly on track (data on number of users of TISC networks not available).</p> <p>(iv) Partly on track (data not available on the improvements in efficiency at the assisted IP offices).</p>

[后接附录三]

Linkages between STI and IP-related MDG Needs/Outcomes and WIPO's performance in 2008/2009

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2008/09 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2008/09 PPR</i>
An IP system that strikes the right balance between market forces and public action	1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 42 and 45.	Goal I: Balanced Evolution of the International Normative Framework for IP	(i) Enhanced cooperation among Member States in the area of developing the international patent system; (ii) Greater awareness of the legal principles, practices and flexibilities of the patent system and of its role in economic development; (iii) Enhanced understanding and further clarification of current and emerging issues that arise in relation to patents; (iv) Enhanced capacity of Member States to formulate, implement and evaluate national patent strategies; (v) Clarification of the international framework for limitations and exceptions, the applicable law and technological measures of protection or other issues	(i) Partially achieved. (ii) Partially achieved. (iii) Fully achieved. (iv) Partially achieved. (v) Fully achieved.

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2008/09 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2008/09 PPR</i>
			raised by Member States.	
		Goal III: Facilitating the Use of IP for Development	<p>(i) Mainstreaming of the development dimension into programs through concrete and effective projects and activities.</p> <p>(ii) National IP capacity building programs dovetailed with country owned IP National strategies and development plans.</p> <p>(iii) National IP legislation consistent with national development priorities as well as with international treaties and agreements.</p> <p>(iv) Increased awareness of the availability of IP flexibilities that Member States can use for implementing national public policies.</p>	<p>(i) Fully achieved.</p> <p>(ii) Fully achieved.</p> <p>(iii) Partially achieved.</p> <p>(iv) Fully achieved.</p>
		Goal VI: International	Support in the formulation	Fully achieved.

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2008/09 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2008/09 PPR</i>
		Cooperation on Building Respect for IP	and implementation of national, sub-regional or regional strategies and systems to promote respect for IP, which reflect the balance of rights and obligations in accordance with Article 7 of the TRIPS Agreement and the WIPO Development Agenda.	
Improved Global policy environment and enhanced technology governance	5, 6, 15, 22, 33, 40, 41, 43, and 44.	Goal I: Balanced Evolution of the International Normative Framework for IP	<p>(i) Enhanced cooperation among Member States in the area of developing the international patent system;</p> <p>(ii) Greater awareness of the legal principles, practices and flexibilities of the patent system and of its role in economic development;</p> <p>(iii) Clarification of the international framework for limitations and exceptions, the applicable law and technological measures of protection or other issues raised by Member States;</p>	<p>(i) Partially achieved.</p> <p>(ii) Partially achieved.</p> <p>(iii) Fully achieved.</p>

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2008/09 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2008/09 PPR</i>
			<p>(iv) Greater understanding of the impact of emerging technologies on creation, access to and use of copyright content;</p> <p>(v) Increased awareness and improved understanding of the importance of creative industries for social, economic and cultural development;</p> <p>(vi) Greater cooperation and coordination of international and regional processes concerning TK, TCEs and GR; and</p> <p>(vii) International and domestic intellectual property disputes are increasingly resolved through arbitration and mediation.</p>	<p>(iv) Fully achieved except with respect to improved understanding on the role of Internet intermediaries.</p> <p>(v) Largely achieved except with respect to the use of WIPO studies in policymaking where only partial achievement happened.</p> <p>(vi) Fully achieved.</p> <p>(vii) Fully achieved.</p>
		Goal V: World Reference Source for IP Information and Analysis	Availability of high quality empirical information for policy makers.	Limited achievement (Mainly due to the fact that Program 16 had only been established).

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2008/09 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2008/09 PPR</i>
		<p>Goal VI: International Cooperation on Building Respect for IP</p>	<p>(i) Support in the formulation and implementation of national, sub-regional or regional strategies and systems to promote respect for IP, which reflect the balance of rights and obligations in accordance with Article 7 of the TRIPS Agreement and the WIPO Development Agenda.</p> <p>(ii) Enhanced international cooperation to help develop an enabling environment to build respect for IP.</p> <p>(iii) Constructive and balanced international policy dialogue.</p>	<p>(i) Fully achieved.</p> <p>(ii) Fully achieved.</p> <p>(iii) Fully achieved.</p>
		<p>Goal VII: Addressing IP in Relation to Global Policy Issues</p>	<p>(i) Enhanced interactive exchange between governments, international organisations, civil society actors and the private sector; and</p>	<p>(i) Fully achieved.</p>

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2008/09 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2008/09 PPR</i>
			(ii) Enhanced capacity of Member States and partner IGOs to make informed decisions regarding practical options for use of patented technology in fields most relevant to global policy challenges.	(ii) Partially achieved.
		Goal VIII: A Responsive Communication Interface Between WIPO, its Member States and all Stakeholders.	Greater understanding among industry groups and civil society of WIPO's work and the developmental benefits of IP; and enhanced participation of civil society in WIPO activities.	Fully achieved.
Improved infrastructure, including communications, as a foundation for technological innovation	9, 10, 11, 22, 24 and 27.	Goal III: Facilitating the Use of IP for Development	(i) Mainstreaming of the development dimension into programs through concrete and effective projects and activities; (ii) National IP infrastructure and institutions providing effective user-friendly services, through strengthened	(i) Fully achieved. (ii) Fully achieved.

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2008/09 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2008/09 PPR</i>
			administrative and management capacities; (iii) Enhanced capacity of SME support institutions to provide IP services to their constituencies; and (iv) Strengthened infrastructure for human resource development and IP education in Member States.	(iii) Partially achieved. (iv) Fully achieved.
		Goal IV: Coordination and Development of Global IP Infrastructure	(i) Access to specialised databases of scientific and technical literature, including commercial patent databases; and (ii) Modernised business procedures of IP institutions.	(i) Partially achieved. (ii) Largely achieved except in the area of CMOs.
Expanded link between technology and enterprise	4, 8, 11, 19, 22, 23, 24, 31, 33, 34 and 39.	Goal III: Facilitating the Use of IP for Development	(i) Increased understanding of the possibilities for commercial exploitation of copyright in the digital environment;	(i) Fully achieved.

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2008/09 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2008/09 PPR</i>
			<p>(ii) Domestic partnerships between the public and private sectors (PPPs) encouraging greater utilization of IP systems;</p> <p>(iii) Enhanced awareness among SMEs, policy-institutions and financial institutions of the relevance of IP systems to improve the competitiveness of SMEs; and</p> <p>(iv) Enhanced capacity of SME support institutions to provide IP services to their constituencies.</p>	<p>(ii) Fully achieved.</p> <p>(iii) Fully achieved.</p> <p>(iv) Partially achieved.</p>
Increased global technology generation and international technology alliances	4, 7, 8, 9, 11, 22, 23, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 45.	Goal I: Balanced Evolution of the International Normative Framework for IP	Enhanced capacity of developing countries to benefit from the transfer and dissemination of technology.	Fully achieved with respect to use of WIPO tools and models but only partially with respect to establishment of IP management units in research institutions and specific initiatives for transfer of technology.

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2008/09 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2008/09 PPR</i>
		Goal III: Facilitating the Use of IP for Development	Mainstreaming of the development dimension into programs through concrete and effective projects and activities.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fully achieved.
Reduce the proportion of people who suffer from hunger (food security)	8, 13, 14, 17, 22, 23, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 36 and 45	Goal I: Balanced Evolution of the International Normative Framework for IP.	<p>(i) Enhanced cooperation among Member States in the area of developing the international patent system.</p> <p>(ii) Greater awareness of the legal principles, practices and flexibilities of the patent system and of its role in economic development.</p> <p>(iii) Enhanced capacity of Member States to formulate, implement and evaluate national patent strategies.</p> <p>(iv) Enhanced capacity of developing countries to benefit from transfer and dissemination of technology.</p>	<p>(i) Partially achieved.</p> <p>(ii) Partially achieved.</p> <p>(iii) Partially achieved.</p> <p>(iv) Fully achieved with respect to use of WIPO tools and models but only partially with respect to establishment of IP management units in research institutions and specific initiatives for transfer of technology.</p>

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2008/09 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2008/09 PPR</i>
		<p>Goal III: Facilitating the Use of IP for Development.</p>	<p>(i) National IP capacity building programs dovetailed with country owned IP National strategies and development plans.</p> <p>(ii) National IP legislation consistent with national development priorities as well as with international treaties and agreements.</p> <p>(iii) Increased awareness of the availability of IP flexibilities that Member States can use for implementing national public policies.</p>	<p>(i) Fully achieved.</p> <p>(ii) Partially achieved.</p> <p>(iii) Fully achieved.</p>

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2008/09 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2008/09 PPR</i>
		Goal IV: Coordination and Development of Global IP Infrastructure.	(i) Enhancement of WIPO patent search support services for IP offices of Member States. (ii) Access to specialised databases of scientific and technical literature, including commercial patent databases.	(i) Performance data not yet available. (ii) Partially achieved.
		Goal V: World Reference Source for IP Information and Analysis.	(i) Availability of high quality empirical information for policy makers.	(i) Limited achievement (mainly due to the fact that Program 16 had only been established).
		Goal VII: Addressing IP in Relation to Global Policy Issues.	(i) Enhanced capacity of Member States and partner IGOs to make informed decisions regarding practical options for use of patented technology in fields most relevant to global policy challenges.	(i) Partially achieved.
Addressing the special needs of LDCs	1, 2, 7, 8, 13 and 26.	Goal III: Facilitating the Use of IP for Development	(i) Mainstreaming of the development dimension into programs through concrete and effective projects and	(i) Full achieved.

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2008/09 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2008/09 PPR</i>
			<p>activities;</p> <p>(ii) National IP capacity building programs dovetailed with country owned IP National strategies and development plans;</p> <p>(iii) National IP legislation consistent with national development priorities as well as with international treaties and agreements; and</p> <p>(iv) Increased awareness of the availability of IP flexibilities that Member States can use for implementing national public policies.</p>	<p>(ii) Fully achieved.</p> <p>(iii) Partially achieved.</p> <p>(iv) Fully achieved.</p>
		Goal VIII: A Responsive Communication Interface Between WIPO, its Member States and all Stakeholders.	Increase in extra budgetary resources available to WIPO to support technical assistance and capacity building work.	Largely achieved with an 18% increase in extra budgetary resources through the number of FITs agreement remained stable.
Increased access to	7, 8, 10, 11, 14, 15, 17,	Goal III: Facilitating the	Increased awareness of the	Fully achieved.

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2008/09 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2008/09 PPR</i>
affordable essential drugs in developing countries, including universal access to HIV/AIDS treatments and interventions for the reduction in the incidences of malaria and other major diseases	19, 22, 23, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 36, 37, 40 and 45.	Use of IP for Development	availability of IP flexibilities that Member States can use for implementing national public policies.	
		Goal VI: International Cooperation on Building Respect for IP	(i) Support in the formulation and implementation of national, sub-regional or regional strategies and systems to promote respect for IP, which reflect the balance of rights and obligations in accordance with Article 7 of the TRIPS Agreement and the WIPO Development Agenda; and (ii) Constructive and balanced international policy dialogue.	(i) Fully achieved. (ii) Fully achieved.
		Goal VII: Addressing IP in Relation to Global IP Policy Issues	Enhanced capacity of Member States and partner IGOs to make informed decisions regarding practical options for use of patented technology in fields most relevant to global policy challenges.	Partially achieved.

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2008/09 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2008/09 PPR</i>
<p>Making available the benefits of new technologies, especially information and communications</p>	<p>8, 9, 17, 19, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 31, 36 and 45.</p>	<p>Goal I: Balanced Evolution of the International Normative Framework for IP</p>	<p>(i) Enhanced capacity of developing countries to benefit from the transfer and dissemination of technology; and</p> <p>(ii) Clarification of the international framework for limitations and exceptions, the applicable law and technological measures of protection or other issues raised by Member States.</p>	<p>(i) Fully achieved with respect to use of WIPO tools and models but only partially with respect to establishment of IP management units in research institutions and specific initiatives for transfer of technology.</p> <p>(ii) Fully achieved.</p>

<i>Science, Technology, Innovation and IP-related MDG Outcomes</i>	<i>Relevant Development Agenda Recommendation and Projects</i>	<i>Relevant WIPO Strategic Goal</i>	<i>Relevant Expected Results under the 2008/09 P&B</i>	<i>Performance Status as per the 2008/09 PPR</i>
		Goal III: Facilitating the Use of IP for Development	Mainstreaming of the development dimension into programs through concrete and effective projects and activities.	Fully achieved.

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