

WIPO Standard ST.26

Webinar training

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To be covered today

- What is a sequence listing?
- INSDC Sequence Databases
- Why a new Standard?
- Benefits of WIPO ST.26
- ST.25 vs. ST.26 what are the differences?
- Transition to ST.26
- XML Basics
- ST.26 Basics parts of a sequence listing
- Contents of WIPO ST.26
- Introduction to WIPO Sequence

What is a sequence listing?

A sequence listing...

- Contains nucleotide and/or amino acid sequences disclosed in a patent application and forms part of the description
- Includes descriptive information about each sequence known as annotations
- Conforms to the requirements of the relevant WIPO Standard (ST.25 or ST.26)
 - Allows for the sequence data of an invention to be searchable:
 - Inside an IP Office
 - In publically available databases (INSDC databases)

Background - INSDC

INSDC: International Nucleotide Sequence Database Collaboration:

- DDBJ: DNA Databank of Japan
- EMBL-EBI: The European Bioinformatics Institute
- NCBI: National Center for Biotechnology Information (GenBank)

IP Offices that submit published/issued application sequence data to INSDC databases include:

- European Patent Office
- Japanese Patent Office
- Korean Intellectual Property Office
- United States Patent and Trademark Office

INSDC databases are publicly searchable

Why a new Standard?

Currently sequence listings are filed compliant with WIPO ST.25 However...

- ST.25 format is not compliant with INSDC requirements, so data is lost when entered into public databases
- ST.25 rules are not clear, and IP Offices worldwide interpret and enforce the rules differently
- Sequence types that are common today are not covered by ST.25 rules (nucleotide analogs, D-amino acids, branched sequences) and therefore are not present in searchable databases
- Data is unstructured ST.25 format is difficult to use for automated validation and data exchange

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Transition to WIPO ST.26

- CWS/5 agreed to a transition date of January 1, 2022, referred to as the 'big-bang' date
- **All** Intellectual Property Offices (IPOs) will transition simultaneously at the international (PCT), national, and regional levels
- The international <u>filing date</u> will be the reference date that determines if an application falls under ST.25 or ST.26 sequence rules, NOT the priority date

Note: ST.25 will remain effective for applications with a filing date prior to January 1, 2022

WIPO ST.26 Benefits (1)

- Acceptance of a single sequence listing worldwide*
- Standard serves as guidance to ensure agreement amongst IP Offices on application of sequence rules
- Clarifies what sequence disclosures are required or permitted to be included in a sequence listing, and how these sequences must be represented
- Enhanced submission quality due to the structure of XML sequence listings
- Increased automation of data validation and streamlined processing by IP Offices

* except for required translations of language dependent free text qualifiers into the language of filing for certain IP Offices, which may require replacement sequence listings

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WIPO ST.26 Benefits (2)

Data compatibility with INSDC database provider requirements -DDBJ, EBI, and NCBI – Sequence annotations (feature keys and qualifiers) will be included in publically searchable databases

Standardization of:

- Feature annotations
- Feature locations
- Qualifiers and qualifier values
- Sequence variant presentation

Requirement for inclusion of additional types of sequences (nucleotide analogs, D-amino acids, branched sequences) means more sequence data will be searchable

WIPO ST.25 versus ST.26

ST.25	ST.26
ASCII .txt with numeric identifiers	XML with elements and attributes
 <u>Not required</u> to include: D-amino acids Linear portions of branched sequences Nucleotide analogs 	 <u>Must</u> include: D-amino acids Linear portions of branched sequences Nucleotide analogs
Annotation of sequences: - Feature keys only	Annotation of sequences: - Feature keys and qualifiers
 <u>Permitted</u> to include sequences: < 10 specifically defined nucleotides < 4 specifically defined amino acids 	 <u>Prohibited</u> sequences: < 10 specifically defined nucleotides < 4 specifically defined amino acids

WIPO ST.25 versus ST.26

ST.25 ST.26 ALL priority application information may be ONLY the earliest priority application can included be included ONLY one applicant AND optionally ONE ALL applicant and inventor names may be included inventor may be included One invention title permitted Multiple invention titles permitted, each one in a different language Applicant/inventor names and invention Applicant/inventor names may be included titles must be in basic Latin characters using any valid Unicode character along with a basic I atin translation or transliteration

WIPO ST.25 versus ST.26

... for Sequence data (1)

ST.25	ST.26
Sequences identified as DNA, RNA, or PRT only	Sequences identified as DNA, RNA, or AA along with a mandatory mol_type qualifier to further describe the molecule
Organism names: - Latin genus/species - Virus name - "artificial sequence" - "unknown"	Organisms names: - Latin genus/species - Virus name - "synthetic construct" - "unidentified"
"u" represents uracil in nucleotide sequences	"t" represents uracil in RNA sequences and thymine in DNA sequences
Amino acid sequences represented by three letter abbreviations	Amino acid sequences represented by one letter abbreviations

WIPO ST.25 versus ST.26 ...for Sequence data (2)

ST.25	ST.26
"n" and "Xaa" variables must have a definition provided in a feature	Default value assumed for "n" and "X" variables with no definition
Feature location format not clearly defined	Strictly defined feature location formats; permits use of "<" and ">" in all sequence types, and "^", "join", "order", and "complement" in nucleotide sequences
"Mixed mode" sequences permitted – nucleotide sequence with amino acid translation shown below	NO "mixed mode"; nucleotide translations are included in "translation" qualifiers only

WIPO ST.26

...what must be included?

- Nucleotide sequences:
 - 10 or more "specifically defined"* and "enumerated"* residues
 - include sequences with nucleotide analogs such as peptide nucleic acids (PNAs) and glycol nucleic acids (GNAs)
- Amino acid sequences:
 - 4 or more "specifically defined" and "enumerated" residues
 - include sequences with D-amino acids
 - linear regions of branched sequences are required to be included in a sequence listing

*See ST.26 Annex VI for definitions

WIPO ST.26

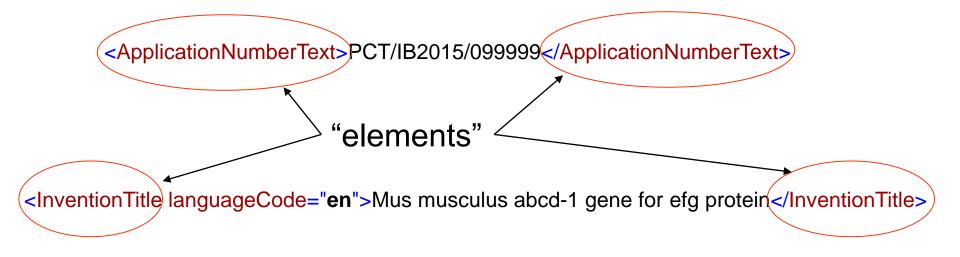
... what must be included?

- What is a "specifically defined" nucleotide or amino acid?
- "specifically defined" means any nucleotide other than those represented by the symbol "n" and any amino acid other than those represented by the symbol "X", listed in Annex I
- only "specifically defined" residues count towards the minimum length requirement:
 - 10 or more specifically defined nucleotides; or,
 - 4 or more specifically defined amino acids
 - 5'- a<u>n</u>ctggcaa<u>n</u> 3' only 8 specifically defined nucleotides; <u>must not</u> be included in a sequence listing
 - 5'- agctggcaat 3' ten specifically defined nucleotides; <u>must</u> be included in a sequence listing

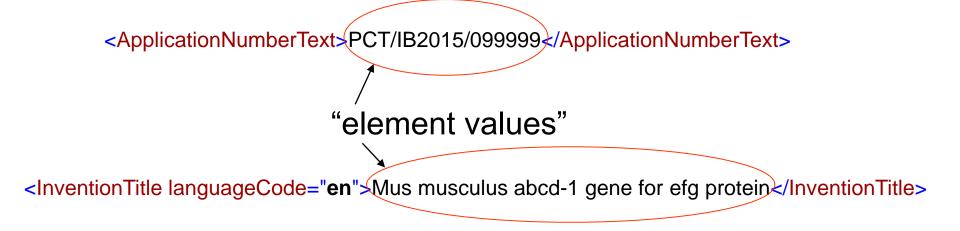
XML Basics

- XML = eXtensible Markup Language
- Information is 'tagged' using descriptive elements and attributes
- Standardized means of data exchange that is both human and machine readable
- DTD = <u>D</u>ocument <u>Type</u> <u>D</u>efinition defines the structure and the legal elements and attributes of an XML document

XML Basics Elements, attributes, and values (1)



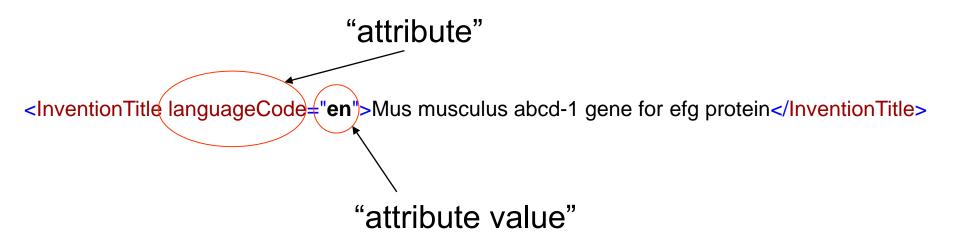
XML Basics Elements, attributes, and values (2)





XML Basics Elements, attributes, and values (3)

<ApplicationNumberText>PCT/IB2015/099999</ApplicationNumberText>





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XML Basics Reserved characters

Must be replaced by their predefined entities in an element value.

Reserved Character	Predefined Entities
<	<
>	>
&	&
22	"
'	'

Example: Desired feature location is "<50..62"

<INSDFeature_location><50..62</INSDFeature_location>

<INSDFeature_location><50..62</INSDFeature_location>



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WIPO ST.26: XML document

- Must be provided as one XML 1.0 format file
- Must validate against the WIPO ST.26 DTD (Annex II) and business rules derived from the content of the Standard
 - Must be encoded using Unicode UTF-8
- Structure of the ST.26 sequence listing:
- XML declaration:
- <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
- Document type (DOCTYPE) declaration:
- <!DOCTYPE ST26SequenceListing PUBLIC "-//WIPO//DTD Sequence Listing 1.3//EN" "ST26SequenceListing_V1_3.dtd">
- Root element
 - General information part
 - Sequence data part

WIPO ST.26:Example

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> <!DOCTYPE ST26SequenceListing PUBLIC "-//WIPO//DTD Sequence Listing 1.3//EN" "ST26SequenceListing V1 3.dtd"> <ST26SequenceListing dtdVersion="V1 3" fileName="for WIPO Training" softwareName="WIPO Sequence" softwareVersion="1.1.0-beta4" productionDate="2021-03-24"> <ApplicationIdentification> <IPOfficeCode>IB</IPOfficeCode> <ApplicationNumberText>PCT/IB2015/099999</ApplicationNumberText> <FilingDate>2015-01-31</FilingDate> </ApplicationIdentification> <ApplicantFileReference>ABC123</ApplicantFileReference> <EarliestPriorityApplicationIdentification> <IPOfficeCode>IB</IPOfficeCode> <ApplicationNumberText>PCT/IB2014/111111</ApplicationNumberText> <FilingDate>2014-01-31</FilingDate> </EarliestPriorityApplicationIdentification> <ApplicantName languageCode="en">Shutsugan Pharmaceuticals Kabushiki Kaisha</ApplicantName> <InventionTitle languageCode="en">Mus musculus abcd-1 gene for efg protein</InventionTitle> <SequenceTotalQuantity>1</SequenceTotalQuantity> <SequenceData sequenceIDNumber="1"> <INSDSeq> <INSDSeq length>52</INSDSeq length> <INSDSeq moltype>DNA</INSDSeq moltype> <INSDSeq division>PAT</INSDSeq division> <INSDSeq_feature-table> <INSDFeature> <INSDFeature_key>source</INSDFeature_key> <INSDFeature location>1..52</INSDFeature location> <INSDFeature quals> <INSDQualifier> <INSDQualifier name>mol type</INSDQualifier name> <INSDQualifier value>genomic DNA</INSDQualifier value> </INSDOualifier> <INSDOualifier id="a2"> <INSDQualifier name>organism</INSDQualifier name> <INSDQualifier_value>Mus_musculus</INSDQualifier_value> </INSDQualifier> </INSDFeature quals> </INSDFeature> </INSDSeq feature-table> <INSDSeq_sequence>atgaaattaaaacataaaarggatgataaaatgagatttgatataaaaagg</INSDSeq_sequence> </INSDSea> </SequenceData> </ST26SequenceListing> WUNLD

WIPO ST.26: Components (1)

Line 1 – the XML declaration

(ST.26 paragraph 39(a))

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<ApplicationIdentification>

<IPOfficeCode>IB</IPOfficeCode>

<ApplicationNumberText>PCT/IB2015/099999</ApplicationNumberText>

<FilingDate>2015-01-31</FilingDate>

</ApplicationIdentification>

<ApplicantFileReference>ABC123</ApplicantFileReference>

<EarliestPriorityApplicationIdentification>

<IPOfficeCode>IB</IPOfficeCode>

<ApplicationNumberText>PCT/IB2014/111111</ApplicationNumberText>

<FilingDate>2014-01-31</FilingDate>

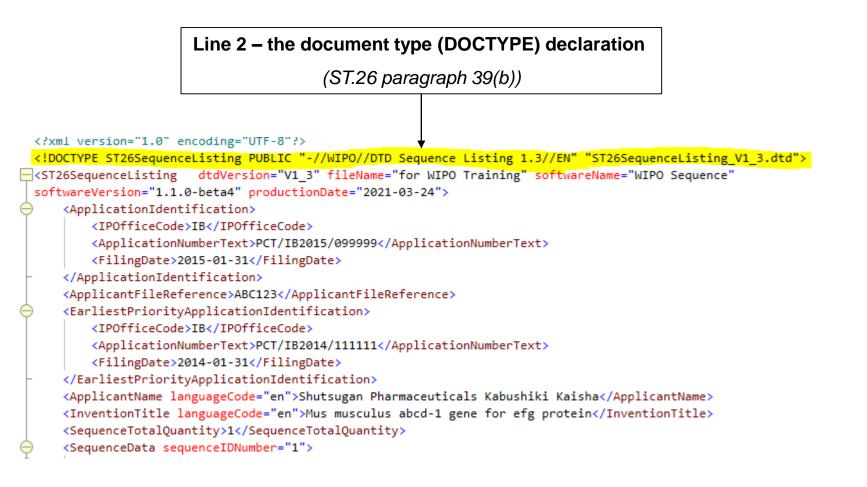
</EarliestPriorityApplicationIdentification>

<ApplicantName languageCode="en">Shutsugan Pharmaceuticals Kabushiki Kaisha</ApplicantName>
<InventionTitle languageCode="en">Mus musculus abcd-1 gene for efg protein</InventionTitle>

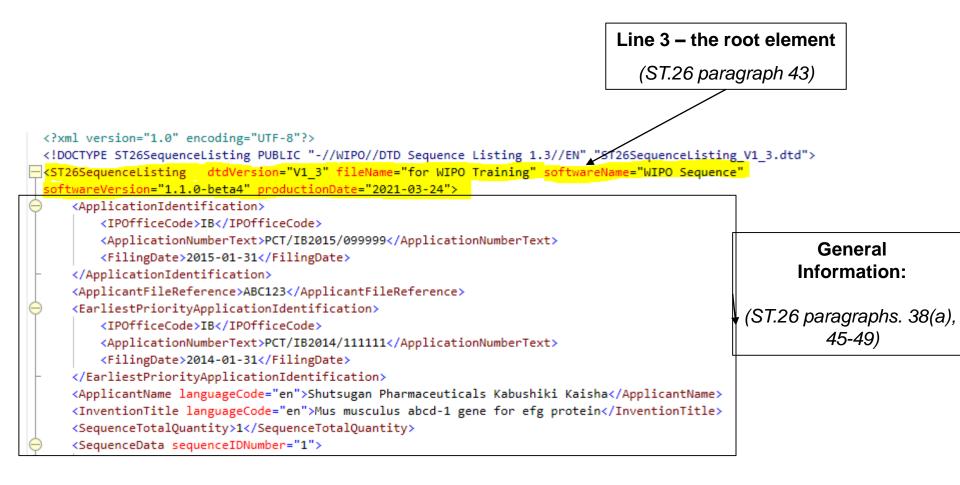
<SequenceTotalQuantity>1</SequenceTotalQuantity>

<SequenceData sequenceIDNumber="1">

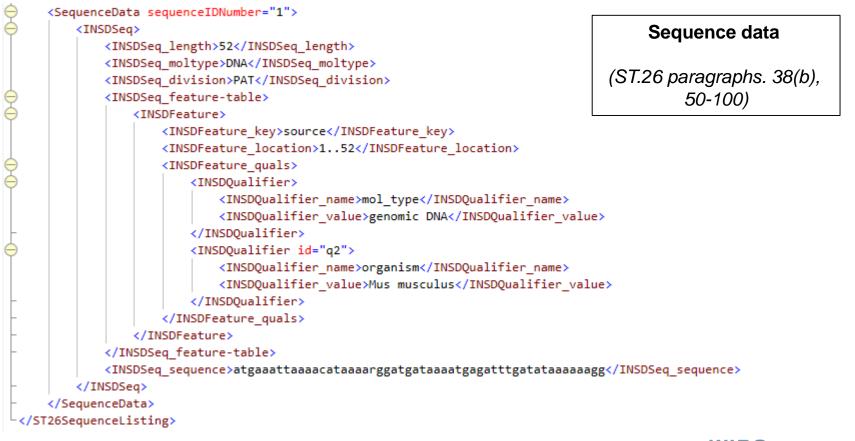
WIPO ST.26: Components (2)



WIPO ST.26: Components (3)



WIPO ST.26: Components (4)



WIPO ST.26: General information (1)

- The "Application Identification" section
 - application number, filing date, and IP office code are mandatory if known;
 - otherwise, just the applicant file reference is sufficient

WIPO ST.26: General information (2)

• The "Priority Application" section

- only one priority application can be included in the sequence listing, and it must be the <u>earliest</u> priority application;

- mandatory where priority is claimed

WIPO ST.26: General information (3)

- The "Applicant and Inventor Name" section
 - only one applicant name and one inventor name may be included in the sequence listing, and they must be the "primary" applicant and inventor;
 - applicant name is mandatory; inventor name is optional;
 - a language code for applicant and inventor names is mandatory;
 - if the applicant and/or inventor name contains non-Unicode Basic Latin characters, then a transliteration or translation into Basic Latin characters must be included

<ApplicantName languageCode="ja">出願製薬株式会社</ApplicantName> <ApplicantNameLatin>Shutsugan Pharmaceuticals Kabushiki Kaisha</ApplicantNameLatin> <InventorName languageCode="ja">特許 太郎</InventorName> <InventorNameLatin>Taro Tokkyo</InventorNameLatin>

WIPO ST.26: General Information (4)

- The "Invention Title" section
 - at least one invention title in the language of filing is mandatory;
 - additional titles in other languages may be included;
 - a language code is mandatory for each title;

<InventionTitle languageCode="en">My spectacular invention</InventionTitle> <InventionTitle languageCode="de">Meine spektakuläre Erfindung</InventionTitle> <InventionTitle languageCode="lv">Mans iespaidīgais izgudrojums</InventionTitle> <InventionTitle languageCode="ru">Moe зрелищное изобретение</InventionTitle>

WIPO ST.26: General Information (5)

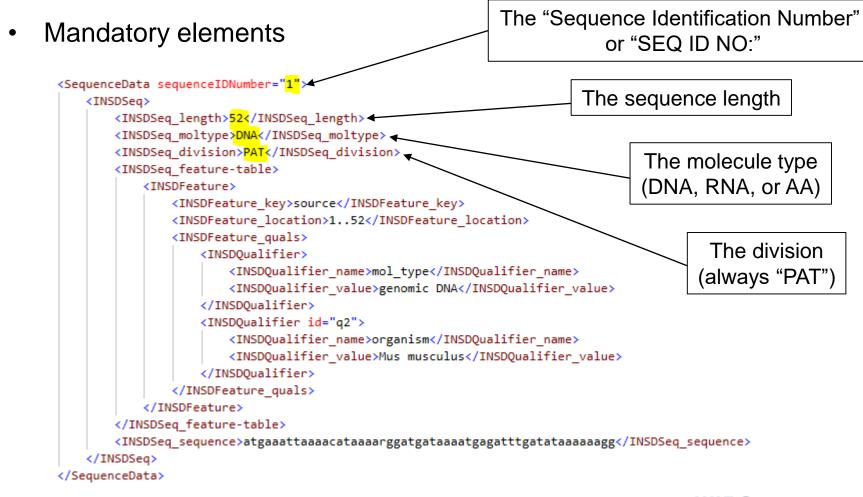
- The "Sequence Total Quantity" element
 - mandatory;
 - the total must include skipped sequences

<SequenceTotalQuantity>6</SequenceTotalQuantity>



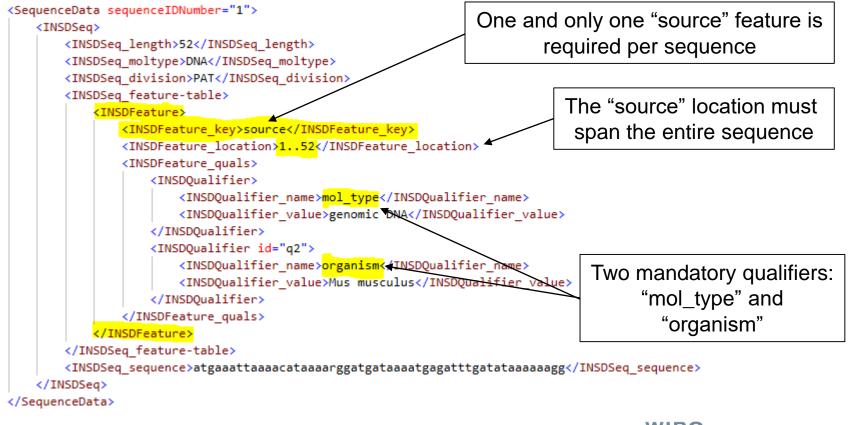
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WIPO ST.26: Sequences (1)



WIPO ST.26: Sequences (2)

• The mandatory "source" or "SOURCE" feature



WIPO ST.26: Sequences (3)

ST.26 Sequence Data:

```
<SequenceData sequenceIDNumber="1">
    <INSDSeq>
        <INSDSeq length>52</INSDSeq length>
        <INSDSeq moltype>DNA</INSDSeq moltype>
        <INSDSeq_division>PAT</INSDSeq_division>
        <INSDSeq feature-table>
            <INSDFeature>
                <INSDFeature key>source</INSDFeature key>
                <INSDFeature location>1..52</INSDFeature location>
                <INSDFeature quals>
                    <INSDOualifier>
                        <INSDQualifier name>mol type</INSDQualifier name>
                        <INSDQualifier_value>genomic DNA</INSDQualifier_value>
                    </INSDQualifier>
                    <INSDQualifier id="q2">
                        <INSDQualifier name>organism</INSDQualifier name>
                        <INSDQualifier value>Mus musculus</INSDQualifier value>
                    </INSDQualifier>
                </INSDFeature_quals>
            </INSDFeature>
        </INSDSeg feature-table>
        <INSDSeq_sequence>atgaaattaaaacataaaarggatgataaaatgagatttgatataaaaagg</INSDSeq_sequence>
    </INSDSeq>
</SequenceData>
```

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WIPO ST.26: Sequences (4)

• The mandatory "mol_type" and "MOL_TYPE" qualifiers – value choices:

<u>DNA</u>

genomic DNA other DNA unassigned DNA

<u>RNA</u>

genomic RNA mRNA tRNA rRNA other RNA transcribed RNA viral cRNA unassigned RNA

<u>AA</u> protein

WIPO ST.26: Sequences (5)

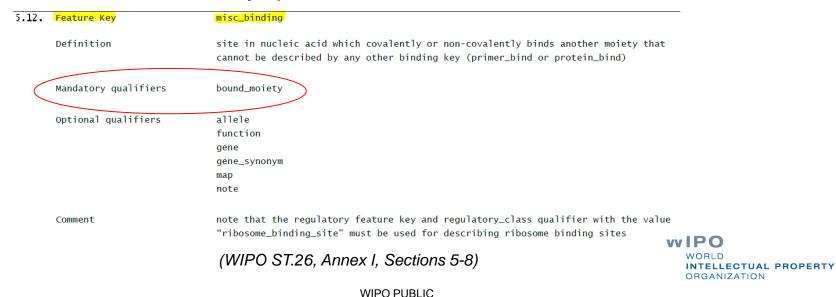
- The mandatory "organism" and "ORGANISM" qualifiers value choices:
 - Latin genus and species name e.g., "Mus musculus"
 - Genus name followed by "sp." e.g., "Mus sp."
 - Virus name e.g., "Torque teno virus 1"
 - "unidentified"
 - "synthetic construct"
- Common names, such as "mouse," must not be used as the organism name. If desired, common names can be included in the sequence listing in a note qualifier.

WIPO ST.26: Sequences (6)

Feature Keys and Qualifiers

In addition to the mandatory "source" or "SOURCE" feature, applicants can add multiple optional features to further describe the sequence

- different feature keys for nucleotide sequences and amino acid sequences;
- each feature may have one or more optional qualifiers, and may have a mandatory qualifier



WIPO ST.26: Sequences (7)

- Nucleotide sequences:
 - all lower case symbols;
 - no spaces, no numbering;
 - no "u" symbols; "t" represents uracil in RNA
 - "n" has a default value of "any one of 'a', 'c', 'g', or 't/u"

Symbol	Nucleotide
а	adenine
С	cytosine
g	guanine
t	thymine in DNA/uracil in RNA (t/u)
m	a or c
r	a or g
W	a or t/u
S	c or g
У	c or t/u
k	g or t/u
V	a or c or g; not t/u
h	a or c or t/u; not g
d	a or g or t/u; not c
b	c or g or t/u; not a
n	a or c or g or t/u; "unknown" or "other"

WIPO ST.26: Sequences (8)

- Amino acid sequences:
 - all single letter, upper case symbols;
 - no spaces, no numbering;
 - "X" has a default value of "any one of 'A', 'R', 'N', 'D', 'C', 'Q', 'E', 'G', 'H', 'I', 'L', 'K', 'M', 'F', 'P', 'O', 'S', 'U', 'T', 'W', 'Y', or 'V"

Symbol	Amino acid
Α	Alanine
R	Arginine
Ν	Asparagine
D	Aspartic acid (Aspartate)
С	Cysteine
Q	Glutamine
E	Glutamic acid (Glutamate)
G	Glycine
Н	Histidine
I	Isoleucine
L	Leucine
К	Lysine
М	Methionine
F	Phenylalanine
Р	Proline
0	Pyrrolysine
S	Serine
U	Selenocysteine
Т	Threonine
W	Tryptophan
Y	Tyrosine
V	Valine
В	Aspartic acid or Asparagine
Z	Glutamine or Glutamic acid
J	Leucine or Isoleucine
x	A or R or N or D or C or Q or E or G or H or I or L or K or M or F or P or O or S or U or T or W or Y or V; "unknown" or "other"

WIPO ST.26: Sequences (8)

- <u>Skipped sequences</u>: allow an applicant to delete sequence data from a sequence listing without the need to renumber subsequence sequences.
 - INSDSeq_length, INSDSeq_moltype, INSDSeq_division present, but with no value;
 - No feature table and no source feature;
 - Sequence element must have the value "000"

```
<SequenceData sequenceIDNumber="7">

<INSDSeq>

<INSDSeq_length/>

<INSDSeq_moltype/>

<INSDSeq_division/>

<INSDSeq_sequence>000</INSDSeq_sequence>

</INSDSeq>

</SequenceData>
```

WIPO ST.26: Contents

- **Main Body** Requirements for inclusion/representation
- Annex I Controlled vocabulary based on INSDC
- Annex II ST.26 Document Type DTD
- **Annex III** example ST.26 Sequence Listing XML file
- Annex IV Character Subset of Basic Latin Code for ST.26 XML Instance
- Annex V INDS Data Exchange Requirements (IPOs only)
- Annex VI Guidance Document with Examples
- Appendix to Annex VI –XML file including all of the sequence disclosures exemplified in Annex VI
- Annex VII Recommendation for the Transformation of a Sequence Listing from ST.25 to ST.26

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WIPO ST.26: Main Body

Paragraph reference	Content
1-9	Introduction; Definitions; Scope; References
10-37	Representation of sequences
38-49	Structure of the sequence listing in XML
50-71	Sequence data part; Feature table; Feature keys; Mandatory feature keys; Feature location
72-84	Feature qualifiers; Mandatory feature qualifiers
85-100	Free text; Coding sequences; Variants

WIPO ST.26 Annex I:

Controlled Vocabulary

Section	Content
1	List of Nucleotides (lower case, single letter symbols)
2	List of Modified Nucleotides
3	List of Amino Acids (upper case, single letter symbols)
4	List of Modified Amino Acids
5	Feature Keys for Nucleotide Sequences
6	Qualifiers for Nucleotide Sequences
7	Feature Keys for Amino Acids (adapted from UniProt)
8	Qualifiers for Amino Acid Sequences
9	Genetic Code Tables

WIPO ST.26 Annex II: ST.26 DTD

Details of ST.26 DTD: Current version 1.3

General Information Part

-Elements related to patent application information

Sequence Data Part

-Subset of the INSDC DTD

-One or more sequence data elements where each element contains information about one sequence

WIPO ST.26 Annex VI: Guidance Document

Contains 49 real-world examples of sequence disclosures and an explanation of how ST.26 rules apply to each example;

Each example addresses:

- 1. Whether the sequence is required, permitted, or prohibited from inclusion in a sequence listing;
- 2. If the sequence is required or permitted to be included in a sequence listing, how must it be represented.
- The Appendix to Annex VI is an ST.26 XML sequence listing that includes all of the examples presented in the Guidance Document.

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WIPO ST.26 Annex VII:

Recommendation for the Transformation of a Sequence Listing from ST.25 to ST.26

- ...or how to avoid the inclusion of new matter.
- Requirements of ST.26 differ from ST.25 ST.26 rules requires information that was not required by ST.25 rules
- Transformation of a sequence listing from ST.25 format to ST.26 format will <u>always</u> require input from the applicant
- Transformation of a compliant ST.25 sequence listing into ST.26 format will not result in new matter if the recommendations in Annex VII are followed
- Twenty transformation scenarios presented with recommendations and examples

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WIPO Sequence (1)

- Desktop tool developed by WIPO to support authoring, validation, and generation of ST.26 compliant sequence listings
- Member states requested WIPO develop this common tool for all Offices and applicants at international, national and regional level
- Use of WIPO Sequence simplifies ST.26 XML creation with a user friendly interface: no need to ever directly edit an XML file
 - Download the latest version for free from: https://www.wipo.int/standards/en/sequence/index.html

WIPO Sequence (2)

- Sequence information can be saved in a project, validated, and then a sequence listing in ST.26 format can be generated
- Data can be imported from: ST.26 sequence listings, ST.26 projects, ST.25 sequence listings, multi-sequence format files, raw format files, and FASTA format files
- Validation of sequence listings in XML format as well
- Relevant feature keys, qualifiers, and organism names can be easily selected from drop-down menus
- Applicant and Inventor information can be stored in a "Persons and Organizations" database
- Supports export and import of XLIFF files used by translators

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WIPO Sequence: Projects home page

WIPO Sequence PR	DJECTS PERSONS & ORGANIZATIONS	ORGANISMS HELP	•		PREFERENCES ENGLISH 👻
PROJECTS	5	NEW PROJECT		SEQUENCE LISTING	VALIDATE SEQUENCE LISTING
			Se	arch project by name	Q
Project name o	Applicant file reference	Applicant name	Invention title	Status	Creation Date o
<u>16079428 no source se</u> gid1	H0075.70243US00	Ferring B.V.	STABLE LIQUID GONADOTROPIN FORMULATION	invalid	2021-02-01
<u>All features and</u> <u>qualifiers</u>	123abc	Simple Healthkit, Inc.	Compositions and Methods for Treating Cancer	modified	2021-02-01
Ark three letter aa code import from ST.25	abc123	Joe, Smith	Improper 3-letter AA code for import	new	2021-02-26
Beta 4 Test Project	abc123	Stephenson, Adam	Beta 4 Test Project	modified	2021-03-11
DNA RNA with u and t	uspto	Biotech, Inc.	Beta 4 test import ST25	modified	2021-03-15

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WIPO Sequence: Project Detail

General Information Section

WIPO Sequence	FOR WIPO TRAINING	VERIFICATION REPORT	FREE TEXT QUALIFIERS	IMPORT Report	DISPLAY THE SEQUE LISTING	NCE HE	:LP		ENCES ENGLISH	Return to project home
GENERAL INFORMATION	SEQUENCES									
GENERAL IN	FORMATION									
APPLICATION IDENT	TIFICATION									
Application Identified Before the assignment of the application number Application filed Applicant file reference ABC123			A	IP Office IB - International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization [WIPO] Application number PCT/IB2015/099999 Filing date 2015-01-30						
PRIORITY IDENTIFIC										
IP Office		Application Numb	er	Filing	date	Selected Earli	est Priority Applicat	tion		
IB - International Bur Intellectual Property		PCT/IB2014/111111		2014-0	11-30	Yes				
APPLICANT & INVEN	NTOR dd Inventor									
Applicant name Shutsu	Applicant name Shutsugan Pharmaceuticals Kabushiki Kaisha			Ρ	Primary applicant					O
INVENTION TITLE										
Invention title Mus mus	sculus abcd-1 gene for efg	protein		L	anguage en - English					Ø
										PO DRLD TELLECTI

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WIPO Sequence: Project Detail

Sequences Section

WIPO Sequence TRA	RWIPO VERIFICA	TION FREE TEXT QUALIFIERS	IMPORT Report	DISPLAY THE SEQUENCE L	E .Isting ^{HI}	ELP	•	PREFERENCES	ENGLI:-	Retu to proje hom	ct
GENERAL INFORMATION SEQU	JENCES										
SEQUENCE 1											
Sequence Number (ID) 1 Sequence Name test				olecule Type DN ganism Mus mu						Ø	
Length 52											
FEATURES											
Add feature											
Feature Key		Location			Qualifiers	3					
source		152				e = genomic n = Mus mu:					
SEQUENCE											
atgaaattaa aacataaa	ar ggatgataaa	atgagatttg	atataaaaa	aa gg					52		
										O	
								<	1/1 💙		
											\uparrow
										,	
											ORGA

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What's next?

standards@wipo.int



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Q&A session



Glossary: Acronyms

- CWS: Committee on WIPO Standards
- DDBJ: DNA Databank of Japan
- **EMBL-EBI:** The European Bioinformatics Institute
- EPO: European Patent Office
- INSDC: International Nucleotide Sequence Database Collaboration
 - IPO: Intellectual Property Office
- NCBI: National Center for Biotechnology Information
 - WIPO: World Intellectual Property Organization

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