JPO/WIPO/MOC National Workshop on Effective Utilization of the Madrid System for Trademark Agents and Specialists

Issues and Perspective on Trademark Systems in Cambodia and ASEAN Regions From Offices 'Point of View

I. OVERVIEW OF TRADEMARK SYSTEM IN CAMBODIA

III.

ISSUES TO BE CONSIDERED IN INTERNATIONAL TRADE

PERSPECTIVE OF TRADEMARK SYSTEM IN CAMBODIA & ASEAN REGION

OVERVIEW Trademark System in Cambodia

- Existing IP System
- Laws & Regulations
- Membership & International Cooperation

Existing IP System

- Department of Intellectual Property of Ministry of Commerce is a designated responsible agency of the Government of Cambodia solely in charge of the administration of Trademark Registration in the country
- National Committee for Intellectual Property Rights (NCIPR)
- Search, examination, registration, Publication for dissemination of Trademark related information
- Handling the cases related to the infringement of trademark
- Organizing IP related meetings, seminars in cooperation with various Int. and national organization

SOURCE OF LAWS & REGULATIONS

- Law on Marks, Trade Name and Acts of Unfair Competition, 07th February 2002,
- Law on Geographical Indications, 2014
- Sub-Decree on the Implementation of the Law Concerning Marks, Trade Names and Acts of Unfair Competition, 12th July 2006
- Sub-Decree on the Establishment of National Committee for Intellectual Property Rights (NCIPR)-14 Ministries involved

Ministerial Declarations

- Ministerial Declaration on Legal IP Attorney, 1st February 2011
- Ministerial Declaration on Madrid Protocol
- Ministerial Declaration on GI
- Ministerial Declaration on Certification Mark
- Ministerial Declaration on Trademark Manual
- Ministerial Declaration on the correction of Common Fee Service
- Ministerial Declaration on Exclusive Right

MEMBERSHIP & INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

- WIPO: July 25, 1995
- Paris Convention: September 22, 1998
- WTO/TRIPS :October 13, 2004
- Madrid Agreement: June 05th, 2015
- Trade Related & IPR Protection Agreement Cambodia-USA: Oct. 04, 1996
- MOU Cambodia-Thailand: March 05, 1997
- ASEAN Frame Work Agreement on IP Cooperation: April 30, 1999
- EC-ASEAN Intellectual Property Right Program (ECAPII/ECAP III): February, 2003
- ASEAN-China IP Cooperation in 2009
- ASEAN-Australia NZ FTA in 2010
- Cambodia- China on IP Cooperation in 2011
- ASEAN-Japan IP Cooperation in 2012
- ASEAN-EU IP Cooperation in 2014
- Cambodia-Japan on IP Cooperation in 2014

Trademark Issues to be considered in International Trade

- -Trademark Rights are Territorial
- -Freedom to Operate
- -Respect Deadlines
- -Working with Partners
- -Select appropriate Trademark

Trademark Rights are Territorial

- Obtain TM Rights
 - + National/Regional/International Route
- -Apply in each country,
- -OHIM, Office of Harmonization of the internal Market (Trademark and Design)
- -EPO, European Patent Office
- -WIPO, World Intellectual Property Organization, Madrid Protocol

Secure Freedom to Operate

- Analyzing & evaluate in any way infringing trademark of other
- An evaluation by conducting a search in trademark database
- Must search National or regional offices before filling
- + the particular trademark in question is not protected in the territories of interest
- + same or confusing similar trademark may already exist in the export market
- Same issues nationally as for international
- +Search for similar trade name or domain name that may lead to a future dispute

Respect Deadlines

- Priority Period (Art. 6 of TM Law)
- + Right of Priority shall be claimed of an earlier national or regional application
- +The filing in Cambodia was made within six months following the first filing
 - + The benefit of International Application
 - + A filing has been lapsed
- For example TM 1 was filed in Cambodia on 05 Jan 2016, the applicant has 6 months from that date to claim the priority of that application in another national application filed in another country or in a Madrid application filed in Cambodia as office of origin or in another Madrid member country.

Working with Partners

- Ownership of Trademark
 - + Crucial to provide Exclusive Rights
 - + Access new markets
- Create problems if registered in a Partners name
- Create differentiation and add value
 - +Assignments/licenses for ownership
 - + quality sustain brand image

Choosing Appropriate Trademark

- Suitability of Trademarks
 - + Check mark before apply
- +Example: "PAJERO" means "wanker" in Spanish
 - +"Ford NOVA" means "no go in Spanish"
- + "CocaCola" means "happiness in the mouth"

PERSPECTIVES on TRADEMARK Systems in CAMBODIA

-Future Directions of Trademark System

-Improvement of Trademark System

Future Direction Trademark System in Cambodia

- Strategy: To change into full automation system
- -Development and expansion of IT automation and modernization schemes, including e-filing for trademark
- Cooperate in the exchange of statistical data regarding trademark
- Data to be integrated into the online information and classification systems, TMview and TMclass

Future Direction Trademark System in Cambodia

- Focus on awareness program for entrepreneur with the participation of private attorney
- + to raise the level of awareness and interest/knowledge about IP issue
 - +Capacity building to develop more IP practitioners
- Support for Private Sector
 - + Protecting consumers in the marketplace
 - + Encouraging merchants to develop their trade market
- Accession on endeavor basis to other IP treaties and instruments such as Singapore Treaty on the Law of Trademarks (STLT).

Improvement of the National Trademark Registration Process

- Harmonization of National Laws and Regulations
- Improve their operation-reduction of average turnaround time
- Publicized how trademark application contribute to national development and build up public awareness
- Better workload management in Office
- Maintain and improve the quality of work on trademark and to look beyond including the protection of Trade Secrets and know how to facilitate the adoption and use of a given technology
- Develop and manage the electric journal of IP registration on the website of our center
- Improve protection of IP achievement through increase registration of TM rights

PERSPECTIVES on TRADEMARK Systems in ASEAN REGION

Perspective on Trademark System in ASEAN Region

- ASEAN Common Form For Trademark Application:
- + aims to facilitate the completion of the ASEAN Trademark Common Filling Form for national applications
 - +The online form is available at www.aeanip.org
- + The form is available in English, Khmer, Bahasa Indonesia, Lao, Myanmar, Thai, and Vietnamese
- Common Guidelines on Substantive Examination:
- + The Common Guidelines on Substantive Examination was endorsed by the 45th AWGIPC Meeting in November 2014
- + The Common Guidelines are considered in some AMS as being complementary to the national guidelines. It were found to be beneficial as a reference or guide in the examination process in some AMS.

Perspective on Trademark System in ASEAN Region

- Diagnostics for trademarks in order to ascertain issues and the extent of their impact on delivery of IP services.
- Assessment on harmonizing formality requirements for trademarks including a feasibility study for an ASEAN Trademark System.
- Development of online filing for trademarks including automated systems for electronic correspondence.

Perspective on Trademark System in ASEAN Region

- Implementation of the Regional Classification of Goods & Services
- Exchange best practices and experiences on ISO certification for the IP Office
- Streamline of the trademark workload to reduce pendency periods in the ASEAN Region
- Continue to assist in ASEAN Region to accede to the Protocol relating to Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks

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