

Roving Seminar on WIPO Services and Initiatives













Birmingham, United Kingdom May 1, 2018

Introduction to WIPO

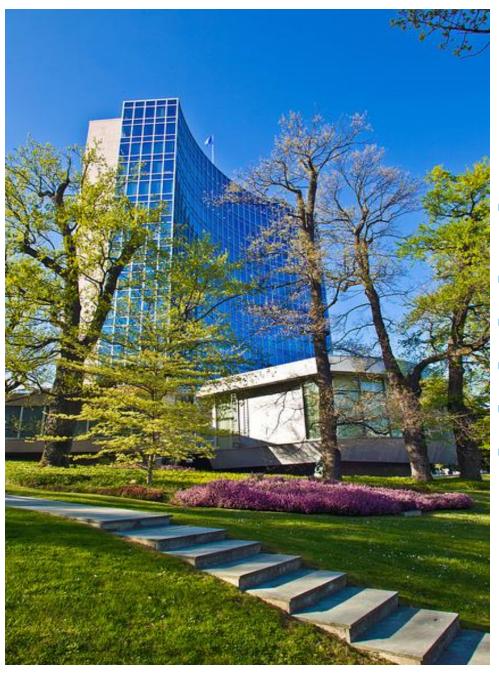




Ms. Cathy Jewell, Senior Information Officer, Communications Division

Birmingham, May 1, 2018

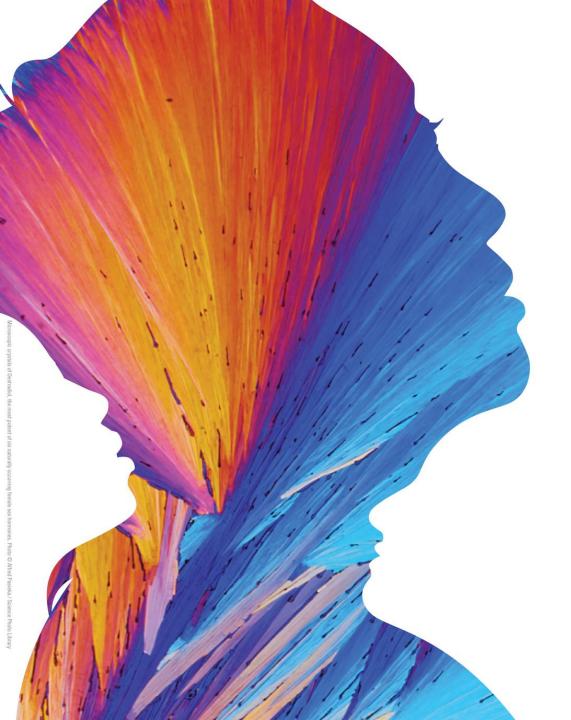




Who we are

- International intergovernmental organization
- Established in 1967
- 191 member states
- 350 + accredited observers
- 1300 staff from 120 countries
- 26 treaties





Powering change: Women in innovation and creativity

World Intellectual Property Day 2018

April 26



Where we are

Russia Geneva HQ China Japan New York Nigeria Singapore Brazil

WIPO main offices

What we do



We help governments, businesses and individuals make intellectual property work for innovation and creativity



How we do it

Innovation and Economic Development

I

Normative Setting H

Services to Industry

Ш

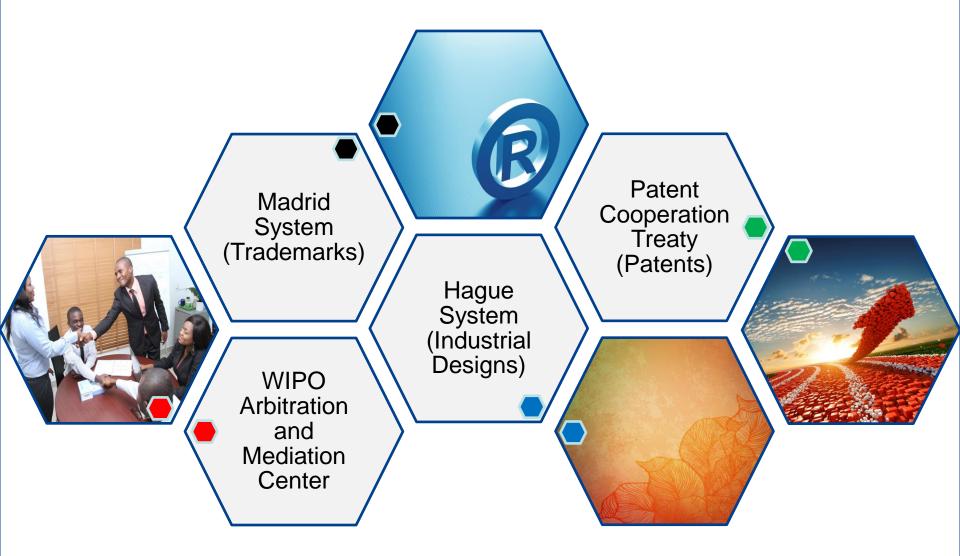
Global Infrastructure

1. Normative Developments

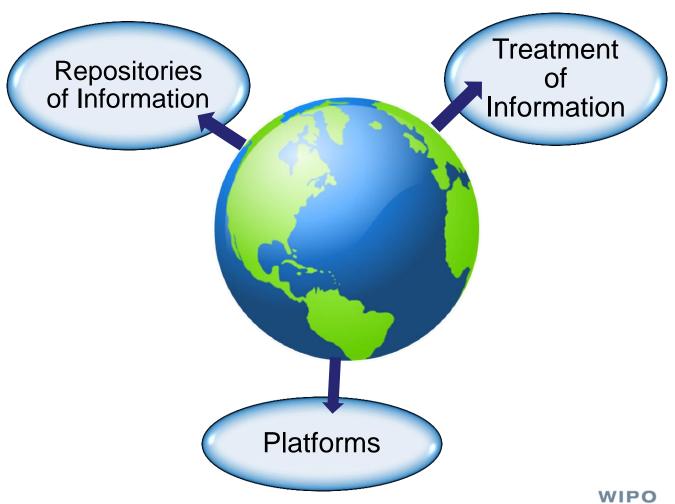
- Singapore Treaty on the Law of Trademarks (2006)
- Marrakesh Treaty for Visually Impaired Persons (2013)



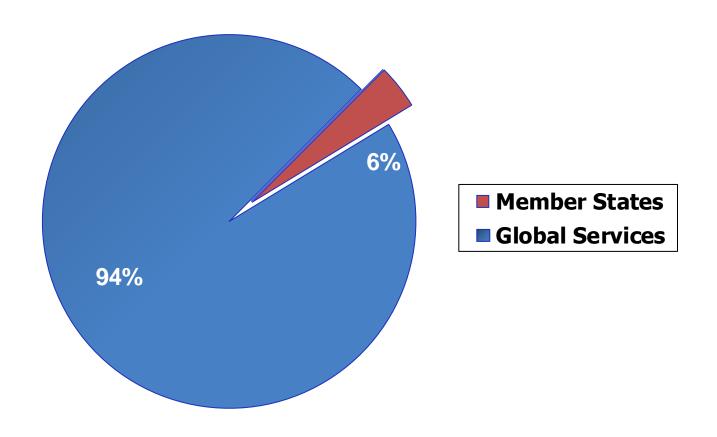
2. Provider of Premier Global IP Services

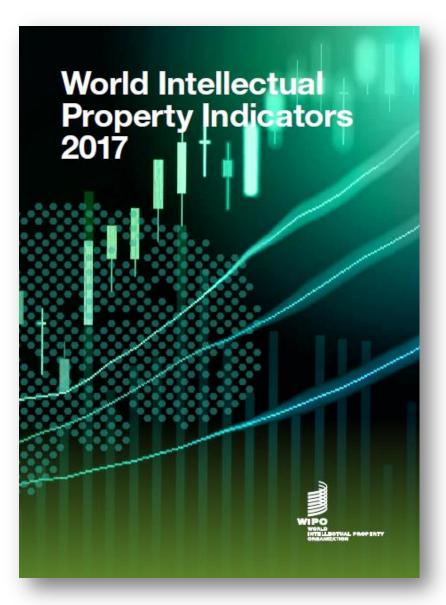


3. Global IP Infrastructure

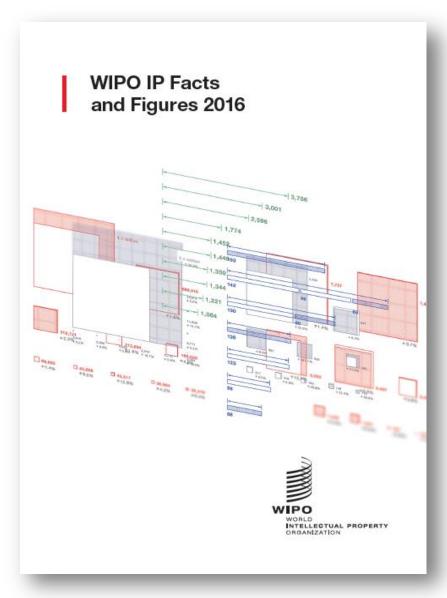


Sources of Income

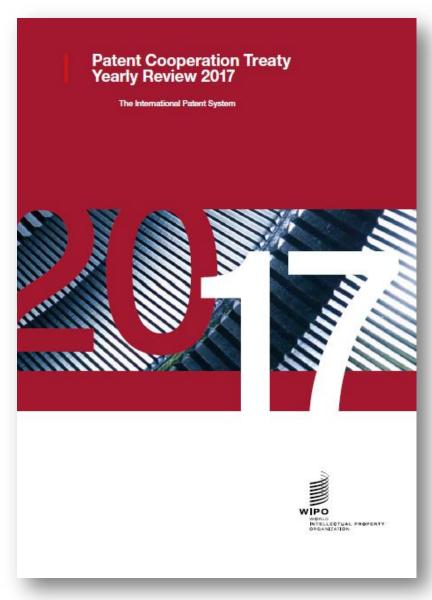


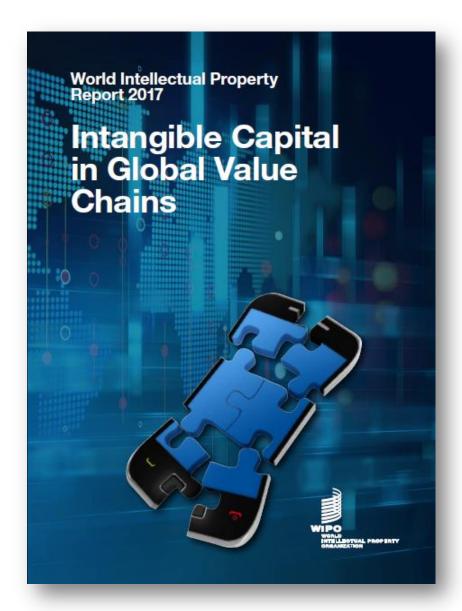














United Kingdom



The Global Innovation Index*

RANKING 2015

- 1. SWITZERLAND
- 2. UNITED KINGDOM
- 3. SWEDEN
- 4. NETHERLANDS
- 5. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
- 6. FINLAND
- 7. SINGAPORE
- 8. IRELAND
- 9. LUXEMBOURG
- 10. DENAMRK
- 11. HONG KONG (CHINA)
- 12. GERMANY
- 13. ICELAND
- 14. REPUBLIC OF KOREA
- 15. NEW ZEALAND

RANKING 2016

- 1. SWITZERLAND
- 2. SWEDEN
- 3. UNITED KINGDOM
- 4. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
- 5. FINLAND
- 6. SINGAPORE
- 7. IRELAND
- 8. DENMARK
- 9. NETHERLANDS
- 10. GERMANY
- 11. REPUBLIC OF KOREA
- 12. LUXEMBOURG
- 13. ICELAND
- 14. HONG KONG (CHINA)
- 15. CANADA

RANKING 2017

- 1. SWITZERLAND
- 2. SWEDEN
- 3. NETHERLANDS
- UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
- 5. UNITED KINGDOM
- 6. DENMARK
- 7. SINGAPORE
- 8. FINLAND
- 9. GERMANY
- 10. IRELAND
- 11. REPUBLIC OF KOREA
- 12. LUXEMBOURG
- 13. ICELAND
- 14. JAPAN
- 15. FRANCE

	Strengths	Challenges	
Institutions	1. Regulatory quality		
Human capital & research	2. QS university ranking	 Gov't expenditure/pupil Pupil-teacher ratio Tertiary enrolment 	
Infrastructure	3. ICT access4. Government's online service5. E-participation	4. Gross capital formation	
Market sophistication	6. Intensity of local competition	5. Applied tariff rate	
Business sophistication		6. FDI net inflows7. Research talent, in business enterprise	
Knowledge & technology outputs	7. Citable documents H index8. Computer software spending	8. Growth rate of PPP\$ GDP/worker 9. FDI net outflows	
Creative outputs	9. ICTs & business model creatio10. ICTs & organization model creation11. Video uploads on YouTube	n 10. Trademarks by origin	



Everything you always wanted to know about WIPO



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WIPO Magazine

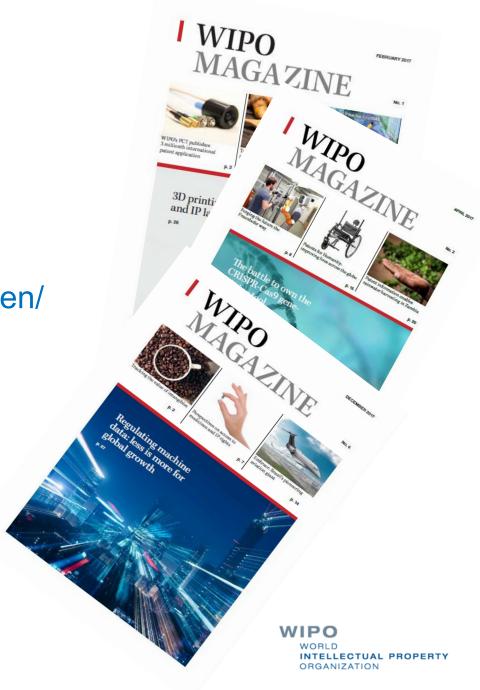
www.wipo.int/wipo_magazine/en/

WIPO Wire:

www.wipo.int/newsletters/en

Press releases

www.wipo.int/pressroom/en/



Introduction to the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT)





Mr. Michael Richardson, Director,
PCT Business Development Division,
PCT Legal and International Affairs Department,
Patents and Technology Sector (PTS), WIPO

Birmingham, May 1, 2018

WHY INTERNATIONAL PROTECTION?

International Patent Protection

- Attract investors
- Increase bargaining power
- Strengthen your market position
- Licensing opportunities





WHY PCT?

Questions

- Do you <u>really</u> know whether your invention is new and patentable?
- Do you <u>really</u> know whether there is a market?
- Do you <u>really</u> know where that market could be?
- Do you have a realistic strategy to develop that market?
- Including enough consideration of design and branding?
- Do you have the capacity or partners to finalize a product and supply the market?

Postpone Costs

Fees for:

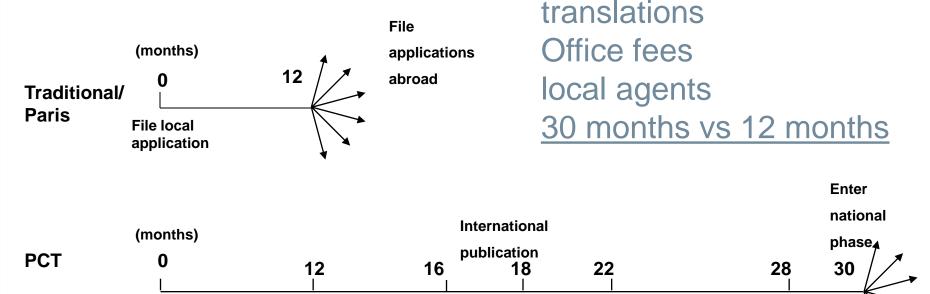
(optional)

demand for

preliminary

examination

International



International

search report &

written opinion

File PCT

application

File local

application



(optional)

International

preliminary

report on patentability

Strong Basis for Patenting Decisions

Example: PCT International Search Report

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	
X	JP 50-14535 B (NCR CORPORATION) 28 May 1975 (28.05.75), column 4, lines 3 to 27	7-9, 11	
X Y A	GB 392415 A (JONES) 18 May 1933 (18.05.33) Fig. 1 page 3, lines 5-7 Fig. 5, support 36	1-3 4, 10 11-12	
X Y	GB 2174500 A (STC) 5 November 1986 (05.11.86) page 1, lines 5-15, 22-34, 46-80; Fig. 1	1-3	
A	US 4322752 A (BIXTY) 30 March 1982 (30.03.82) claim 1	1	
A ymbols indi- hich aspect	GREEN, J.P. Integrated Circuit and Electronic Compass, IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletin, cating ober 1975, Vol. 17, No. 6, pages 1344 and 1345	1-5	

which aspect of patentability the document cited is relevant to (for example, novelty,

inventive step, etc.)

Pocuments
relevant to whether
or not your
invention may be
patentable

The claim numbers in your application to which the document is relevant

Summary of Advantages

Not an international patent, but (for most) a safer and more efficient route into the international patent system

- Postpone costs
- Strong basis for patenting decisions
- Opportunity for centralized amendments
- Protection from certain inadvertent errors
- Harmonizes formal requirements
- Can result (if PCT reports are positive) in accelerated national phase processing



Key Messages

- Study the market properly
- Get professional assistance early
- Find good partners
- But don't disclose your invention before filing your application without a non-disclosure agreement
- Think about the effect of branding and appearance as well as technical functionality
- Consider the differences in markets worldwide
- Use the PCT if it helps you to do this effectively

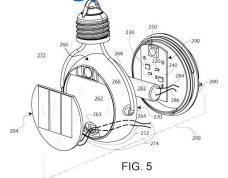


PCT TESTIMONIALS

Testimonial: Start-up

Nokero (produces solar-powered lights which replace kerosene lamps and candles used in developing and least-developed countries--it has so far distributed over 1.4 million lights in 120 countries and won a United States Patent and Trademark Office's Patents for Humanity Award)

"When it comes to patenting, because we operate in so many different markets, we use WIPO's Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). Every start-up has limited funds and the PCT is a great mechanism for delaying patent filing costs, allowing time to test the market and overcome any unforeseen technical problems. Without the PCT, protecting an invention in international markets would be a high-risk strategy with huge upfront costs."



Source: WIPO Magazine, February 2016

Testimonial: Inventor

Professor Shuji Nakamura—co-winner of the 2014 Nobel Prize for Physics for his work on blue LED technology



"... The PCT is critical for these early stage technologies because it gives us the opportunity to protect our patents globally while allowing the market and the technology to mature further before determining which countries might be most valuable to commercial partners."

Testimonial: Large Company

Qualcomm:

- Started in 1985 with 7 people
- Today more than 170 offices in more than 40 countries, and 33,000 employees
- \$25.3 billion in revenue in FY 2015
- #5 user of PCT in 2017: 2,163 PCT applications published



"Over the past 25 years, Qualcomm has been one of the largest users of the PCT system. To date we have filed more than 9,000 patent applications. International patent applications are important to the protection of innovations around the globe. The PCT helps put innovation into practice by providing a simple and cost-effective way to file international patent applications. The PCT is critical for Qualcomm because we are, above all, an innovation company....[PCT] has been a vital partner in the success of our company and the growth of the wireless industry."

RECENT AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

PCT Changes from July 2017

- National Offices <u>required</u> to provide national phase entry information (Rules 86 and 95)
 - better information on worldwide scope of protection
- Receiving Offices required to forward search and classification information from priority applications (Rules 12bis, 23bis & 41)
 - Intended to improve work-sharing
 - Some exceptions

Future Developments

- Further improvements to electronic filing and processing
 - Don't use fax!
 - Better integrated payment systems
 - Integration with patent management systems
 - Color drawings
 - Full text applications
- Continued efforts towards quality of international search
- IP5 collaborative search and examination
- Fee reductions for universities?



More Information

www.wipo.int/pct/en

- Applicant's Guide
- Monthly Newsletter
- Videos
- Distance learning course
- Webinars
- Seminar calendar



The Madrid System Introduction and Future Developments





Mr. Matthew Forno, Senior Counsellor, Madrid Information and Promotion Division, Madrid Registry, Brands and Designs Sector (BDS), WIPO

Birmingham, May 1, 2018

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The Madrid System is Convenient

- Access a centralized filing and management procedure
- File one application, in one language and pay one set of fees for protection in multiple markets
- Expand protection to new markets as your business strategy evolves



The Madrid System is Cost-Effective

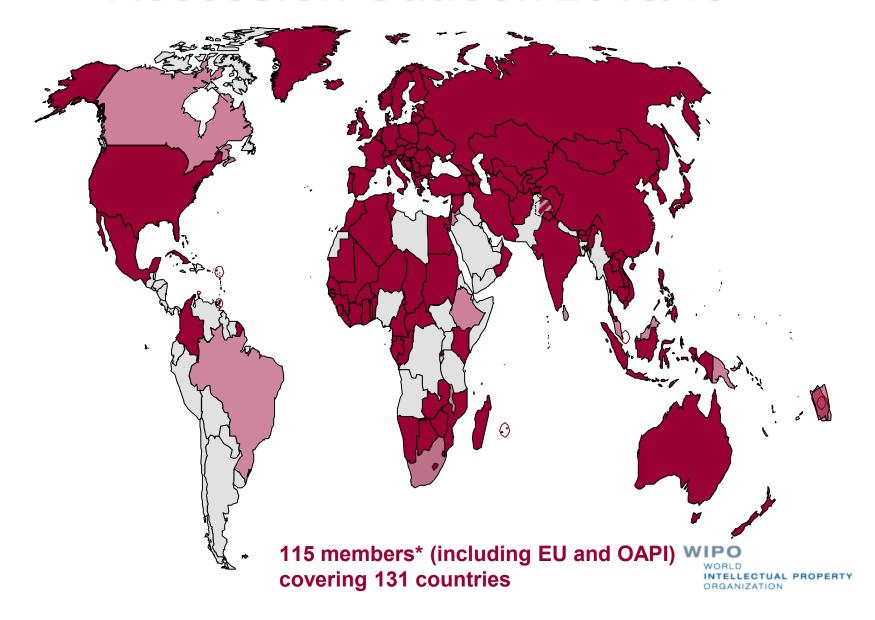
- File an international application, which is the equivalent of a bundle of national applications, effectively saving time and money
- Avoid paying for translations into multiple languages or working through the administrative procedures of multiple IP Offices

The Madrid System is Global

- Currently: 117 countries covered by the 101 members
- Markets that represent more than 80% of world trade
- Recent accessions include:
 - 2014: OAPI and Zimbabwe
 - 2015: Algeria, Cambodia, The Gambia and Lao People's Democratic Republic
 - 2016: Brunei Darussalam
 - 2017: Thailand, Indonesia
 - 2018: Islamic Republic of Afghanistan

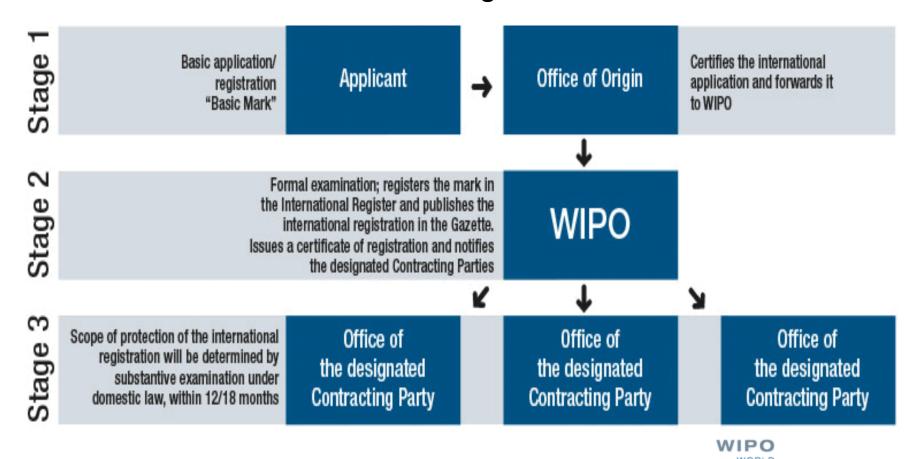


Accession Outlook 2018/19



How the Madrid System Works

The International Trademark Registration Process



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Stage 1

Application through your Office of origin

- To be entitled to use the Madrid System, you must:
 - Have a real and effective industrial or commercial establishment in, or
 - Be domiciled in, or
 - Be a national of a member of the Madrid System
- Before filing an international application, you need to have registered or filed an application (basic mark) in your Office of origin
- Submit an international application through this same IP Office, which will certify and forward it to WIPO



Stage 2

Formal examination by WIPO

- WIPO conducts a formalities examination
- Once requirements have been met, the mark is recorded in the International Register
- WIPO sends a certificate of international registration to the holder and notifies the IP Offices, of the designated Contracting Parties (dCP), in which protection is sought
- The scope of protection is not known at this stage. It is only determined after substantive examination and decision by the IP Offices, as outlined in Stage 3



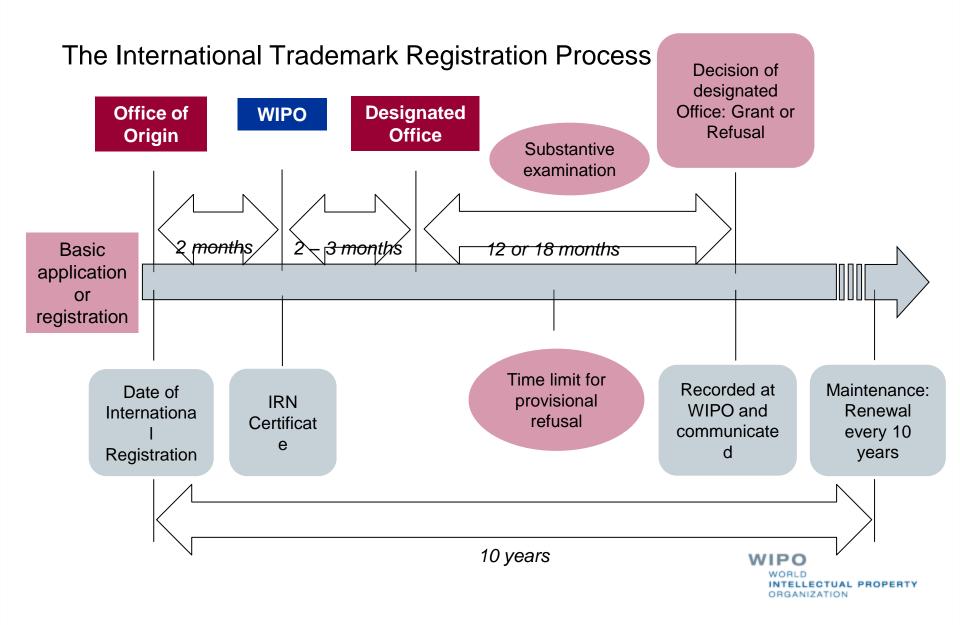
Stage 3

Substantive examination by IP Offices (Office of the dCP)

- IP Offices make a decision within 12 or 18 months in accordance with their legislation. WIPO records the decisions and notifies you
- If an IP Office refuses to protect your mark, it will not affect the decisions of other offices. You can contest a refusal decision before the IP Office concerned
- If an IP Office accepts to protect your mark, it will issue statement of grant of protection
- The international registration is valid for 10 years. Renew directly with WIPO with effect in the dCPs



Timeline



Costs

Fees are payable to WIPO in Swiss francs

- Basic fee*
 - 653 Swiss francs b/w reproduction of mark
 - 903 Swiss francs color reproduction of mark
- Fees for designated Contracting Parties (dCP)
 - Standard fees complementary (100 Swiss francs per dCP) and supplementary (100 Swiss francs per class beyond 3)
 OR
 - Individual fees where this is declared



^{*} Applicants from Least Developed Countries benefit from a 90% reduction in the basic fee

General Profile

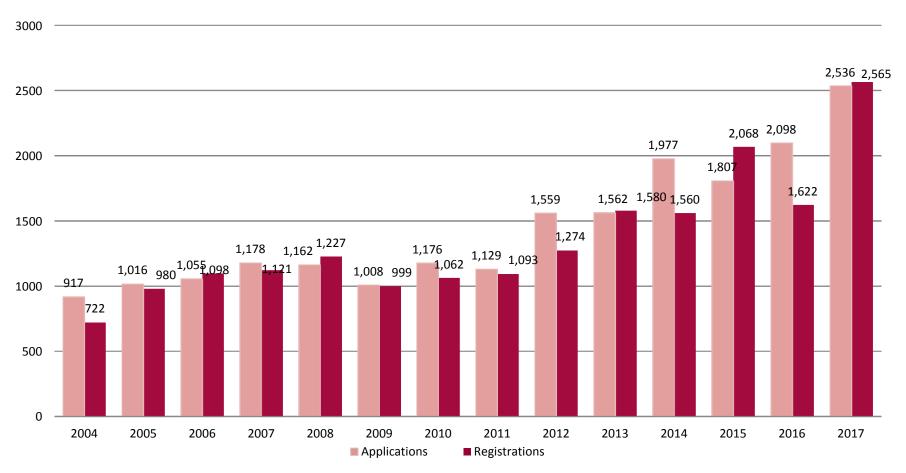
International Registrations

Average Number of Designations	6.7
Average Number of Classes	2.47
Average Fee	CHF 2,968
All Fees	70% < CHF 3,000



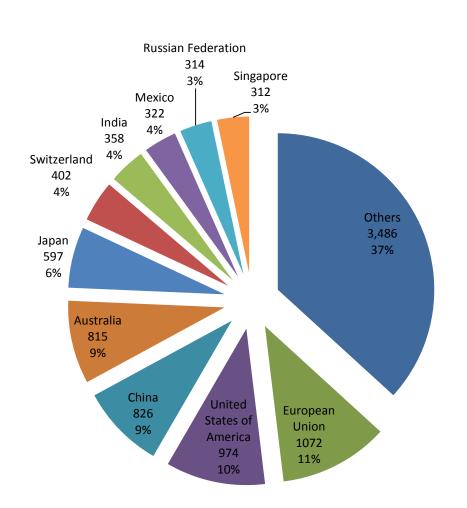
International Applications and Registrations: United Kingdom

International Applications and Registrations by Office of Origin: UK





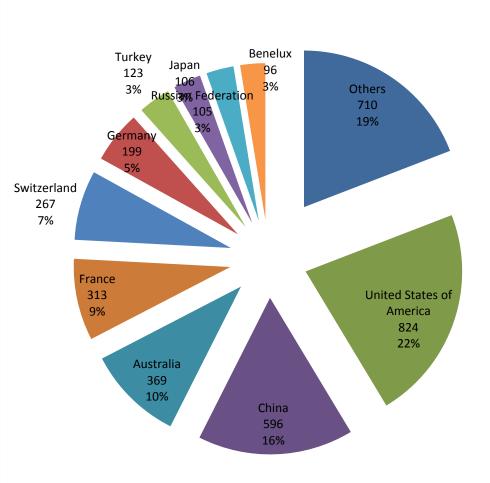
Top Designated Contracting Parties: UK Holders



Designations in international registrations & subsequent designations by DCPs, Country of Holder: United Kingdom (2016)



Designations of United Kingdom by Country of Holder



Designations of United Kingdom in international registrations & subsequent designations by Country of Holder (2016)



Website and E-Services

- The Madrid Website provides information on how to search before filing, file an application, monitor and manage registrations, and how to pay fees.
- Madrid E-Services are available to assist users at each stage of their mark's lifecycle.



E-Services



File



Monitor





Global Brand Database

- search
 existing
 marks from
 national &
 internationa
 I sources
- trademarks, appellations of origin and official emblems

Madrid Goods & Services Manager

 compile a list of approved goods & services terms in 18 languages

Member Profiles Database

Fee Calculator

Madrid Monitor

- track realtime status of registration
- watch competitors' marks
- e-alerts
- consult the WIPO Gazette

Madrid Portfolio Manager

- access documents
- request changes
- modify, designate & renew
- pay fees
- obtain extracts

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Recent Developments

- Accession of Islamic Republic of Afghanistan
- Rule Changes in the Common Regulations
- Classification Guidelines
- WIPO Current Account
- Madrid Monitor integrates <u>ROMARIN</u> (the <u>WIPO Gazette</u>, <u>Madrid E-Alert</u> and <u>Real-time Status</u>
- Member Profiles Database
- Contact Madrid service (online form) Nov. 1, 2017
- Madrid System webinars



Classification Guidelines

- Purpose to decrease irregularities
- Describes WIPO classification practices
- Divided into three sections:



- Classification principles applied by WIPO
- Practical information on the acceptable format to list indications of goods and services



WIPO Current Account Changes

- No minimum number of transactions
- Initial payment of CHF 2,000
- Minimum balance notification sent to users if balance is less than CHF 200
- A form to open the account available on the website
- Email address required
- Account statement sent by email only

NEW – Contact Madrid



Single point of contact



Standardized input data

Mandatory fields Input fields allow better understanding of needs



Quick & automated distribution to relevant team Speedy processing of requests



Keep Updated on the Madrid System

- Visit the Madrid Website www.wipo.int/madrid/en
- Register to freeMadrid Webinars
- Subscribe to <u>Madrid Notices</u>, our legal and news updates
- Sign up for Madrid Highlights







Thank you for your attention

60

matthew.forno@wipo.int

The Hague System: Introduction and Future Developments





Ms. Päivi Lähdesmäki Head, Development and Promotion Section The Hague Registry World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)

Birmingham, May 1, 2018

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Hague System: A Simple But Timeless Concept

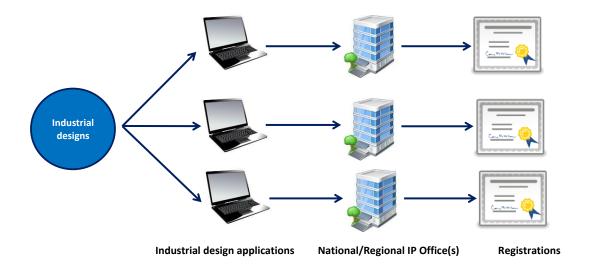
The centralized acquisition and maintenance of industrial design rights by filing a single international application for a single international registration with effect in one or more designated Contracting Parties





Independent filings vs. Hague Route

Direct/Paris Route



The Hague System





Main Features of the Hague System



Simplicity

The Hague System enables holders to obtain protection for their designs with a minimum of formality



Cost-effectiveness

Payment of a single set of fees in one currency



Efficiency

Considerable facilitation of the subsequent management of the registration



Flexibility

Right holders have more opportunities in targeting national, regional or global markets

What is the Hague System?

One to many relationships

 File a single international application for a single international registration in which one or more Contracting Parties are designated

"Bundle of rights"

 If no refusal, the resulting international registration has the <u>effect</u> of a grant of protection in each designated Contracting Party



The Hague System is a Procedural Arrangement

Issues such as:



the conditions for protection



the refusal procedure to be applied when deciding whether a design may be protected



the rights which result from protection

are governed by the law of each Contracting Party designated in an international registration



The International Application

In English, French or Spanish

May be filed directly with the International Bureau through the E-filing interface but also on paper

May comprise several different designs up to a maximum of 100 if they belong to the same class of the International Classification (Locarno)

One set of fees (in CHF) is to be paid



The Hague System Procedure: Role of the International Bureau



If the International Bureau finds that the international application does not fulfill the applicable requirements, it invites the applicant to make the required corrections within three months from the date of invitation sent by the International Bureau.

International registration has the same effect as a regularly-filed application in all designated Contracting Parties.

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The Hague System Procedure (II)

Refusal by a designated Contracting Party

on same substantive grounds as for national/regional filings

must be communicated within time limit

effect limited to territory of the member that has refused

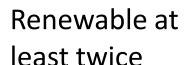
International registration (where not refused)

no refusal = same rights as a local design registration a bundle of independent national/regional rights

advantages of central management

The Hague System Procedure (III)

Duration of protection: five years



Longer renewal period, if allowed by the law of the designated Contracting Party

General Advantages of the Hague System

Hague System (international route)

one Office for filing

one language

one currency

one international registration

one renewal

one modification

foreign attorney or agent

(first needed if refused)

National/regional route

many Offices for filing

many languages

many currencies

many registrations

many renewals

many modifications

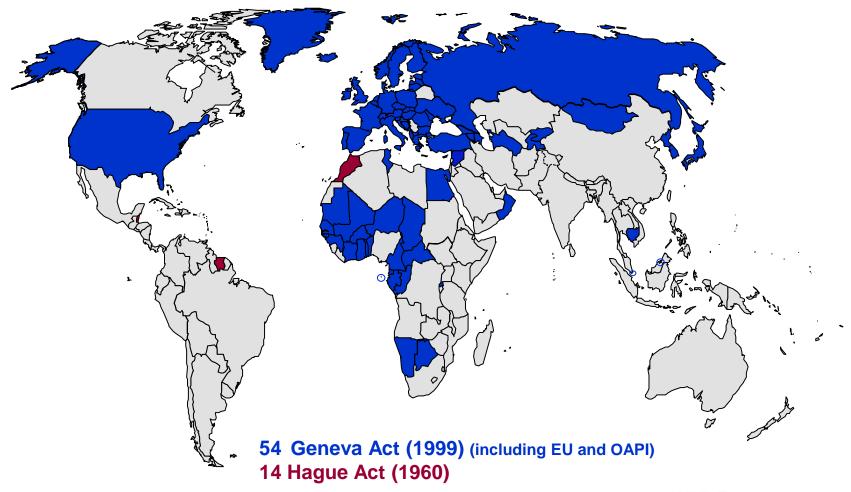
foreign attorney or agent

(first needed at filing)



Going Global – Geographical Scope of the Hague System

Hague Union



68 Contracting Parties

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Hague Union Members According to the Most Recent Applicable Act

Geneva Act (1999)

•African Intellectual Property Organization, Albania, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cambodia, Croatia, D.P.R. of Korea, Denmark, Egypt, Estonia, European Union, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Hungary, Iceland, Japan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Namibia, Norway, Oman, Poland, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Serbia, Singapore, Slovenia, Spain, Syrian Arab Republic, Switzerland, Tajikistan, the former Y.R. of Macedonia, Tunisia, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, United Kingdom* and the United States of America (54)

* The Geneva (1999) Act of the Hague Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Industrial Designs will come into force in respect of the United Kingdom on June 13, 2018.

Hague Act (1960)

•Belgium, Belize, Benin, Côte d'Ivoire, Gabon, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Mali, Morocco, Netherlands, Niger, Senegal and Suriname (14)



Geneva Act (1999)

Recent Accessions

United Kingdom* (March 13, 2018)



Russian Federation (November 30, 2017)



The Kingdom of Cambodia (November 25, 2016)



D.P.R. of Korea (June 13, 2016)



United States of America (February 13, 2015)



Japan (February 13, 2015)



Republic of Korea (March 31, 2014)

Potential Accessions



China



Morocco



ASEAN countries



Israel



Canada



Mexico



Madagascar



Belize

* The Geneva (1999) Act of the Hague Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Industrial Designs will come into force in respect of the United Kingdom on June 13, 2018.

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Hague System: Current and Foreseen Coverage



UK Filings in 2017-2018

(Jan.2017-Mar.2018)

Av. number of designs

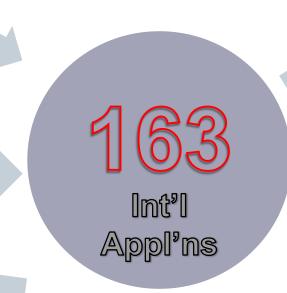
2.9

Priority claim

42.3%

Av. number of designations

3.6

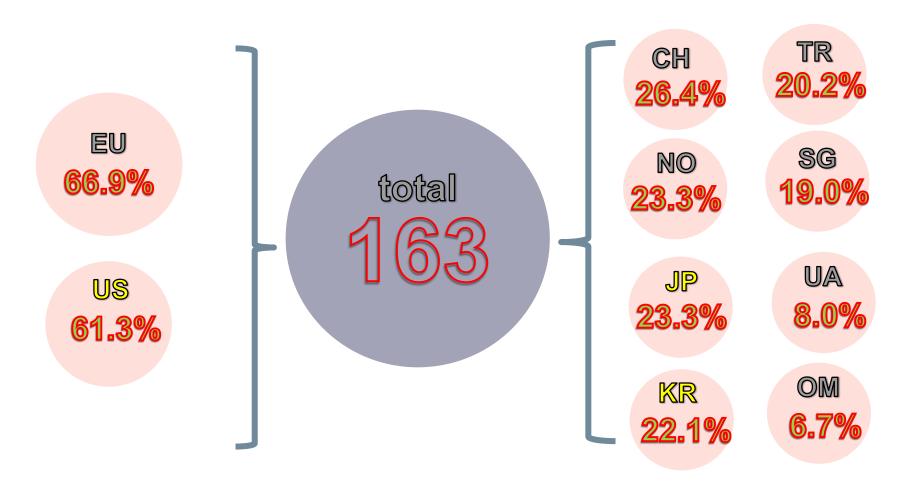




12th*

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Designations in 2017-2018 UK Filings: Top 10



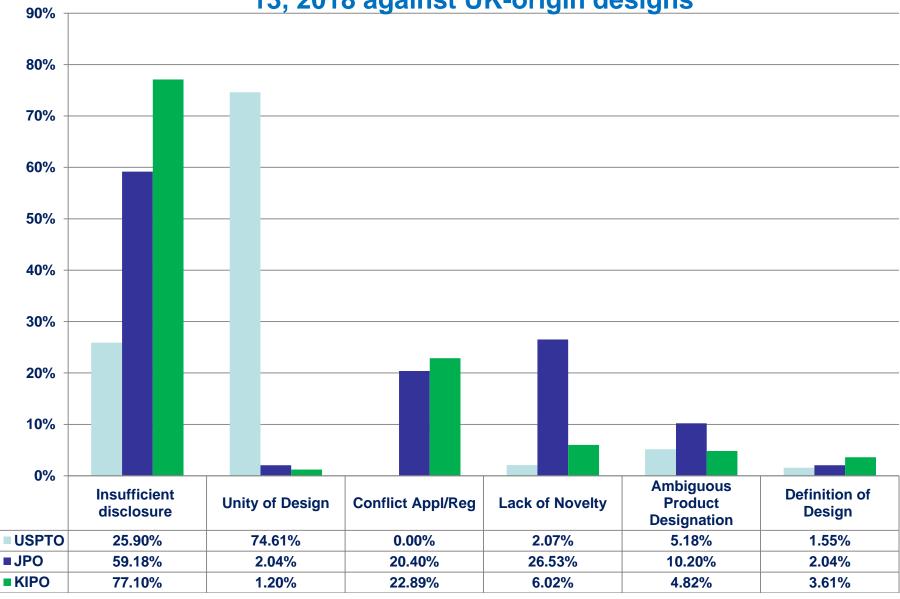
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UK Filings in Examining Jurisdictions:

How Have They Been Fairing?



USPTO, JPO & KIPO - Refusal Grounds Representative sample of refusal recorded up to March 13, 2018 against UK-origin designs



Source: Internal WIPO

WIPO's Reaction to Help Users

- Intelligent E-filing system to keep it simple
- Prevention of omission or systemic mistakes
- Prepopulated declarations and claim
- Links to national websites for guidance
 - on prior art issues
 - the applicable level of fees (USPTO)
 - on related design practice (JPO and KIPO)



Guidance on Reproductions

Disclosure criteria may differ depending on jurisdiction. This new Guidance is a useful tool to help applicants forestall possible refusals on the ground of insufficient disclosure of an industrial design by Examining Offices.

Prepared in consultation with Examining Offices under the Hague System and several user organizations

Detailed guidance on how to prepare and provide reproductions to overcome the most common refusal issues

- Not enough views
- Unclear representations of the claimed design
- Unclear relief or contours of surfaces of a three-dimensional product
- Difference in form/color between the representations of the claimed design

Information on which guidance should be taken into account when designating specific Contracting Parties

Not self-sufficient or all inclusive

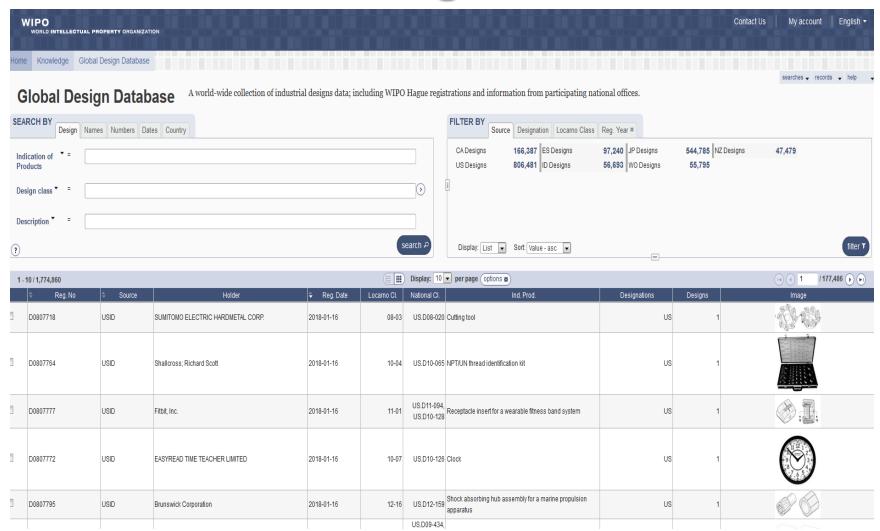


Hague Express Database

Hague Express The Hague Express Database, updated weekly, includes bibliographical data and, as far as international registrations governed exclusively or partly by the 1999 and/or by the 1960 Act(s) of the Hague Agreement are concerned, reproductions of industrial designs relating to international registrations that have been recorded in the International Register and published in the International Designs Bulletin as of issue No. 1/1999. International registrations that have lapsed are not removed from the database. **SEARCH BY** FILTER BY Design Names Numbers Dates Country Designation | Locarno Class | Reg. Date * | Contracting Party * CH 1.535 MC 1.131 TN 991 MA 963 LI 960 Indication of watch 890 IT 889 EG 887 BX 894 DE 851 **Products** 851 NL 851 LU 813 ME 684 Locarno MK 683 GR 666 MD 634 SG 642 MN 611 594 UA 591 ID 583 KP 586 EM 523 VA 489 SI 462 CW 409 BQ Description * 406 GE 380 RO 378 KG 376 BZ 364 search A filter T Sort: Count - desc ▼ Display: List CURRENT SEARCH PROD:watch * • 1 - 10 / 1,627 (edit columns <> 10 ▼ per page (H) (4) 1 /163 (P) (PI) Reg. No Holder Reg. Date Locarno CI Ind. Prod. Des. Designs DM/046674 HYSEK JÖRG 1999-02-03 03-01 Etui pour montre AN, EG, ES, ID, MA, TN, V 1. Watch; 2. Watch case; 3. Watch dial; 4. DM/082429 CARTIER CREATION STUDIO SA 10-02 Watch; 5. Watch bracelet; 6. Watch dial; 7. 2013-12-13 CH.EM.SG.TR Watch dial DM/083367 FRANCK MULLER WATCHLAND SA 2014-04-09 EM,MC,SG 10-02 1. Montre-bracelet DM/065362 SWATCH AG (SWATCH SA) (SWATCH LTD.) 10-02 1. Montre-bracelet BQ.CW.EG.ID.SX.TN.I DM/073485 BÉDAT & CO SA 2010-03-26 10-02 Watch BX.KP.CH.EM.LI.OA.S HUBLOT SA, GENÈVE DM/073351 2010-03-18 10-02 Watch CH,EM,SG DM/073317 OMEGA SA (OMEGA AG) (OMEGA LTD.) 2010-02-12 10-02 Watch BZ,MA,MC,ME,AL,AM,I ALEXIS BARTHELAY (SOCIÉTÉ ANONYME) DM/072570 2009-10-20 10-02 Watch MA.CH.EG.EM.OM.SC

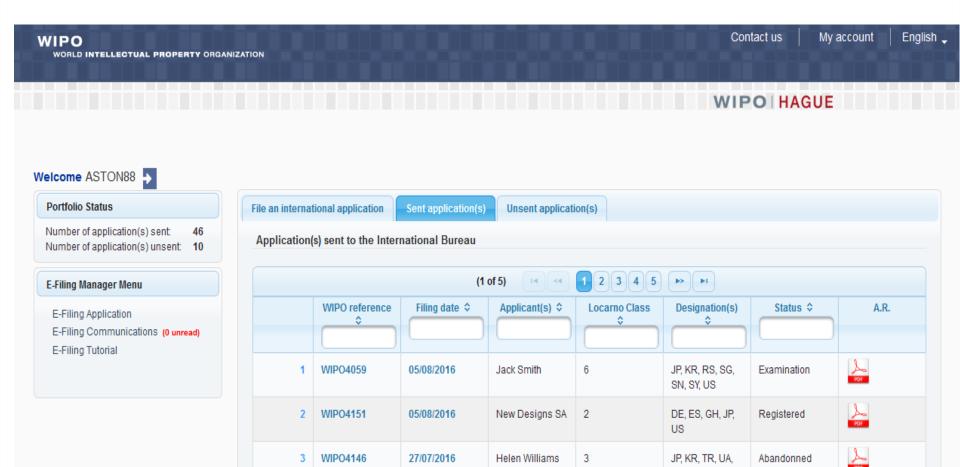
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Global Design Database



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E-Filing Portfolio Manager





US

Improvement of the E-Filing Interface



Receive and download notifications from the IB relating to international applications



Send corrections to irregularities or defects



Retrieve in real-time current status of IA



Indication of access code obtained from the IP office of first filing, so that the IP office of the designated Contracting Party is able to access the priority document via the WIPO Digital Access Service (DAS).



New Hague Information Tools

New functionalities available at www.wipo.int/hague

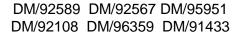
- Contact Hague Form
 - 1. Single point of contact for users;
 - 2. History
- Hague Member Profiles Database
 - 1. Compilation of data;
 - 2. Search tool

Success Stories from the UK



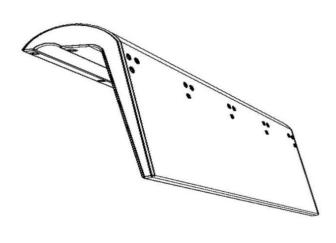














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Thank You!

www.wipo.int/hague/en







Annex: Some Statistics

International Registrations - 2017



5,041international registrations were inscribed containing 19,241 designs



3.66% decrease compared to the respective period in 2016 in the number of registrations



9.3% increase compared to the respective period in 2016 in the number of designs

International Applications - 2017



5,213 international applications were received containing 19,429 designs (max. 100 designs / application)



6.27 % decrease compared to the respective period in 2016 in the number of applications



3.8% growth compared to the respective period in 2016 in the number of designs

2017 - Five Most Popular Classes in International Registrations



Class 14

Recording, communication or information retrieval equipment

579 registrations (11.5%)



Class 12
Means of transport or hoisting
451 registrations (9.0%)



Class 6
Furnishing
368 registrations (7.3%)



Class 10

Clocks and watches and other measuring instruments, checking and signaling instruments

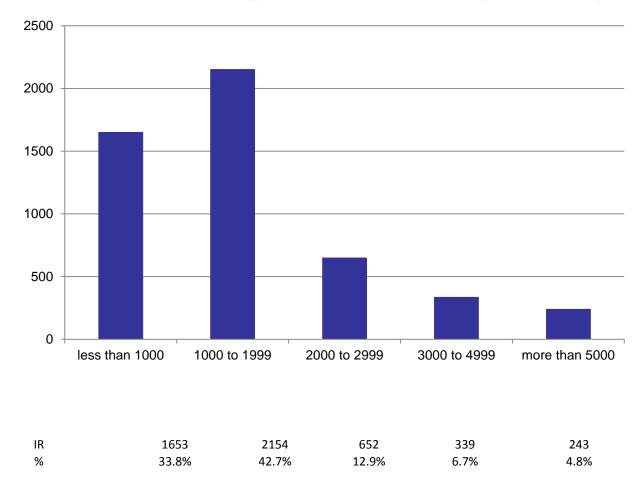
363 registrations (7.2%)



Class 26
Lighting apparatus
326 registrations (6.5%)

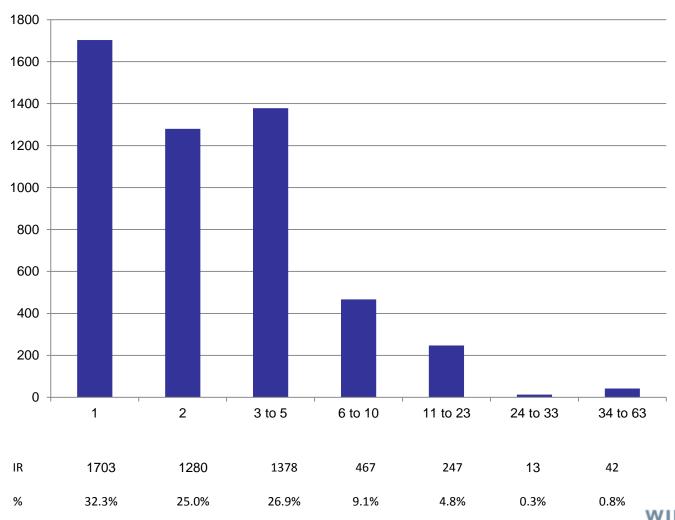


Amount of Fees Paid per International Registration (2017)

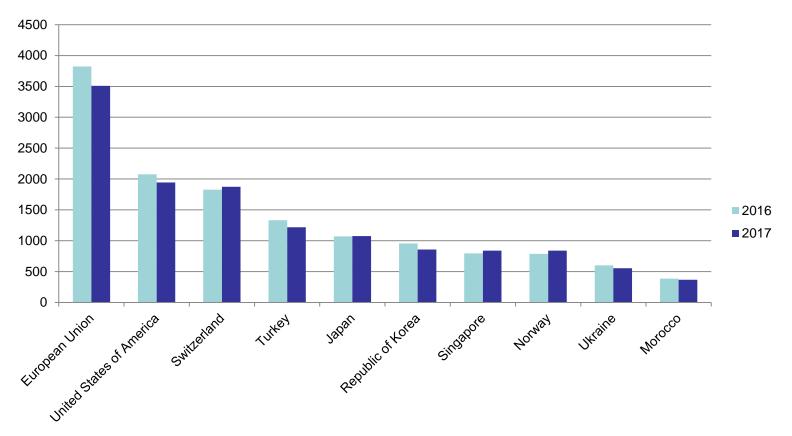




Designations in International Registrations (2017)



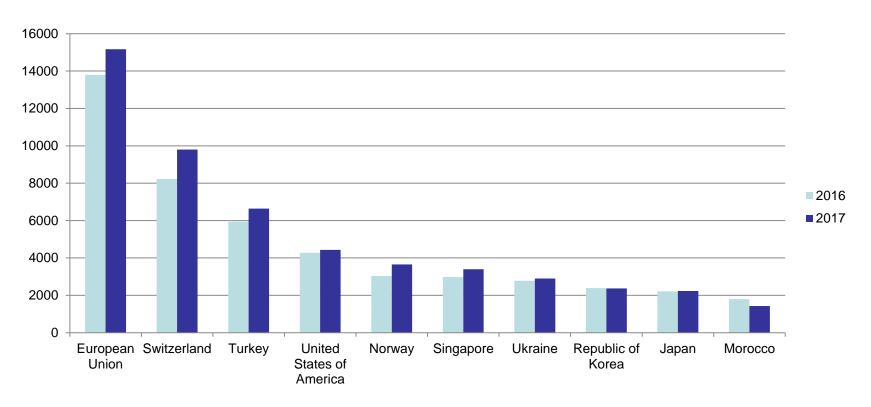
Most Designated Contracting Parties in 2017 (international registrations)



^{*} Since the effective accession (May 13, 2015)



Most designated Contracting Parties in 2017 (number of designs recorded)

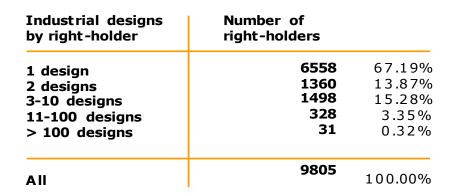


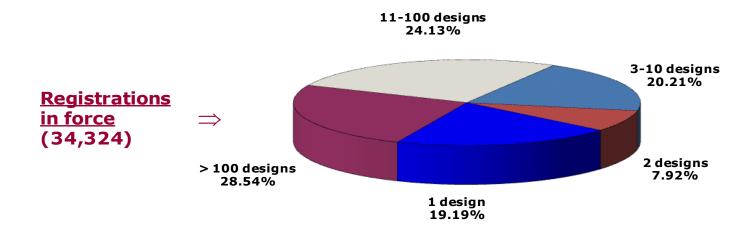


International Registrations in Force in the International Register (on December 31, 2017)

Industrial Designs

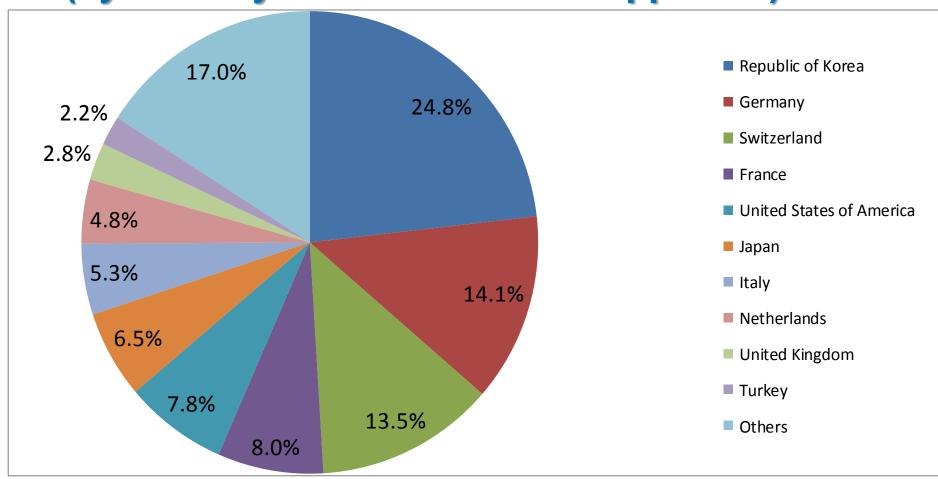
Right-holders (9,805)





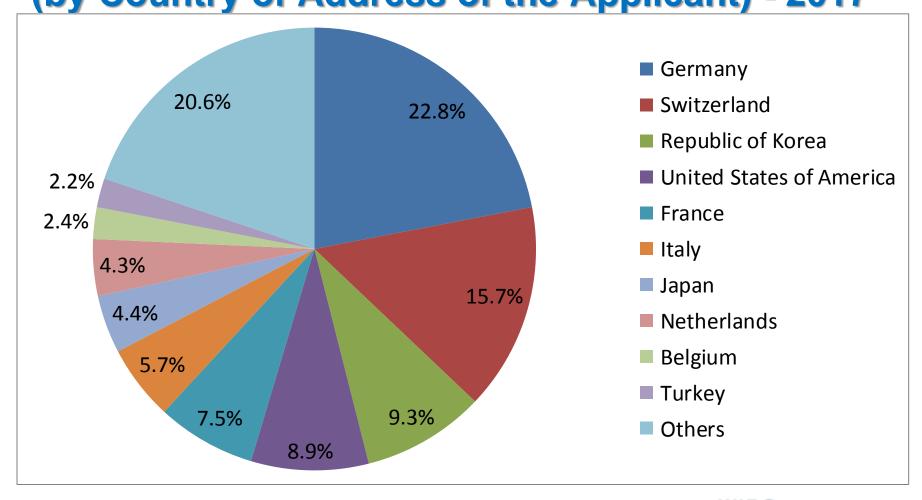


Origin of Filers of International Applications (by Country of Address of the Applicant) - 2017





Origin of Filers per Designs in International Applications (by Country of Address of the Applicant) - 2017





Panel Discussion: Protecting Designs Internationally - Challenges and Successful Experiences

Ms. Päivi Lähdesmäki Head, Development and Promotion Section The Hague Registry World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)

London, April 30 2018



ISSUE COMMON TO ALL EXAMINING JURISDICTIONS:

HOW TO ACHIEVE APPROPRIATE DISCLOSURE?



WIPO | HAGUE

Hague – The International Design System

The Hague System for the International Registration of Industrial Designs provides a practical business solution for registering up to 100 designs in over 66 territories through filing one single international application.

Learn more:

- What is an industrial design?
- · Main features and advantages
- · Geographical coverage and legal framework
- FAQs



Read the case study. (Photo: Jeff Harris/Artmix; RoundTAIL)

Guidance on Preparing and Providing Reproductions in Order to Forestall Possible Refusals on the Ground of Insufficient Disclosure of an Industrial Design by Examining Offices

News



ISSUE COMMON ALL: PRODUCT INDICATION



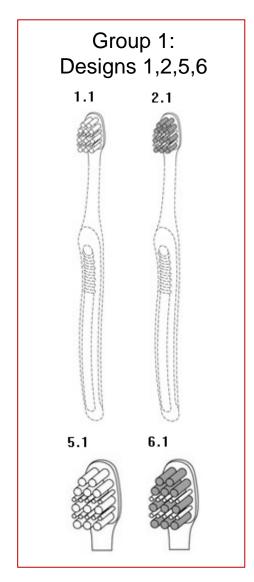
ISSUE SPECIFIC TO THE USA (AND NOW ALSO RUSSIA):

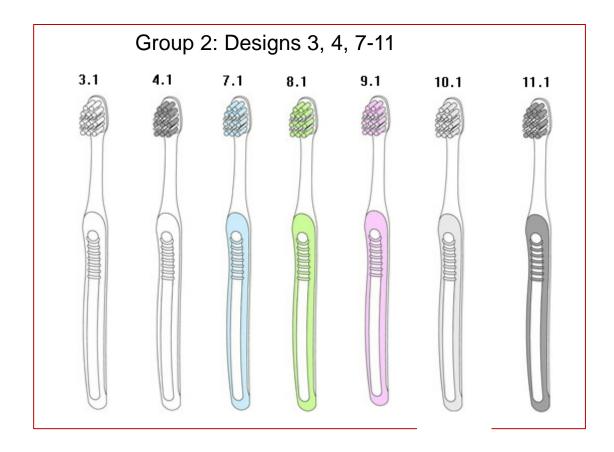
UNITY OF DESIGN



Unity of Design

Indistinct designs or obvious variations:





<u>Designs grouped together have the same</u> <u>basic design characteristics</u>:

- > similar in overall appearance
- similar in visual impression
- > similar in shape/ configuration





ISSUES SPECIFIC TO JAPAN AND THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA:

CONFLICT WITH OTHER APPLICATION AND LACK OF NOVELTY

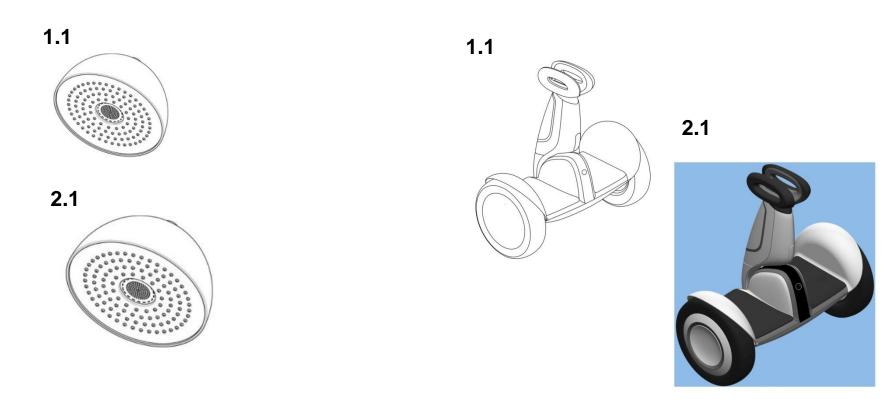
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Surprise: it's almost never prior art

- What destroys your novelty in KR and JP is <u>almost</u> always your own design...
 - when designs are similar they destroy each other'snovelty
- That's easy to avoid!
 - Identify one as the «principal design»
 - Identify the others as «related designs»



Identify the Principal and Related Designs in the dedicated e-filing tab



...think about it even if the first design was filed in another Hague or domestic application!

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Success Stories:

These cases accepted by all of the US, JP and KR Offices!











DM/92108 DM/89858 DM/89019

MOST REFUSALS CAN BE EASILY OVERCOME... BUT COULD HAVE BEEN EASILY AVOIDED TOO!



Defending your Rights: Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR)



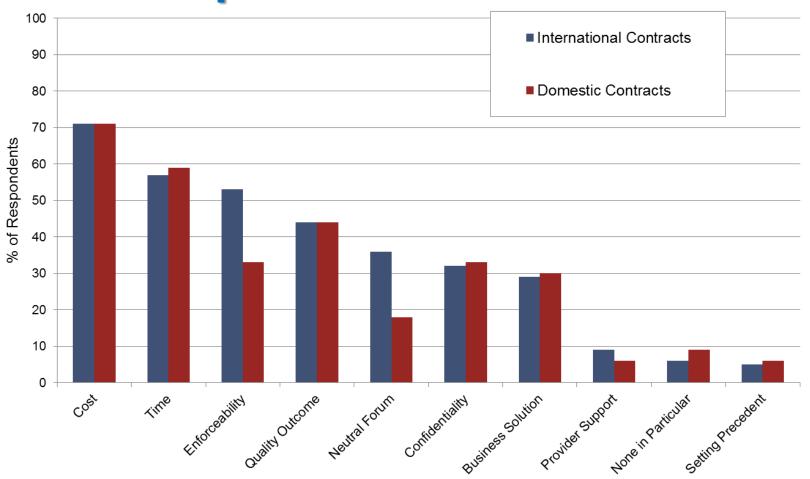


Mr. Vazquez Lopez, Head, Section for Coordination with Developed Countries, Department for Transition and Developed Countries

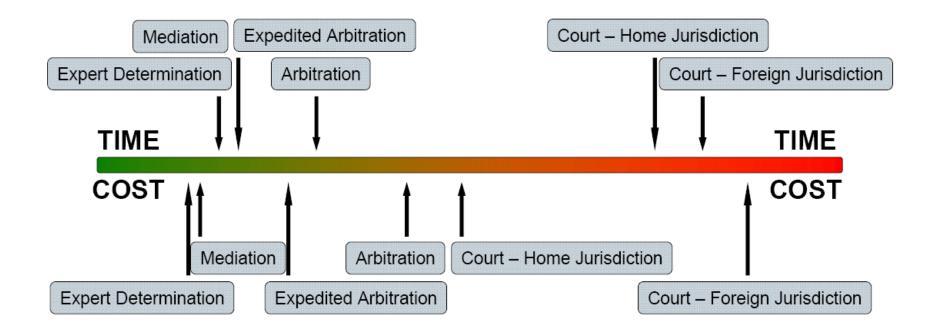
Birmingham, May 1, 2018

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Top Ten Priorities in Choice of Dispute Resolution Clause



Relative Time and Cost of Technology Dispute Resolution



WIPO Center Report on International Survey of Dispute Resolution in Technology Transactions



WIPO Arbitration and Mediation Center

- Facilitates the resolution of commercial disputes between private parties involving <u>IP and technology</u>, through procedures other than court litigation (alternative dispute resolution: ADR)
 - Offices in Geneva and Singapore
 - Users around the world
- ADR of IP disputes benefits from a <u>specialized ADR provider</u>
 - WIPO mediators, arbitrators and experts <u>experienced</u> in IP and technology - able to deliver informed results efficiently
- Competitive WIPO fees
- International neutrality
- Services include mediation, (expedited) arbitration, expert determination, and domain name dispute resolution



WIPO ADR Mediation, Arbitration, Expert Determination

- Mediation: informal consensual process in which a neutral intermediary, the mediator, assists the parties in reaching a settlement of their dispute, based on the parties' respective interests. The mediator cannot impose a decision. The settlement agreement has force of contract. Mediation leaves open available court or agreed arbitration options.
- Arbitration: consensual procedure in which the parties submit their dispute to one or more chosen arbitrators, for a binding and final decision (award) based on the parties' rights and obligations and enforceable internationally. Arbitration normally forecloses court options.
- **Expert Determination**: consensual procedure in which the parties submit a <u>specific matter</u> (e.g., technical question) to one or more experts who make a <u>determination</u> on the matter, which can be binding unless the parties have agreed otherwise.

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Why Consider IP ADR?

- Cost of IP court litigation
 - Calls for cost- efficient solutions
- Internationalization of creation/use of IP
 - Calls for cross-border solutions; consolidate in one procedure
 - Awards enforceable under the New York Convention
- Technical and specialized nature of IP
 - Calls for specific expertise of the neutral
- Short product and market cycles in IP
 - Calls for time-efficient procedures
- Confidential nature of IP
 - Calls for private procedures
- Collaborative nature of IP creation and commercialization
 - Calls for mechanisms that preserve relations

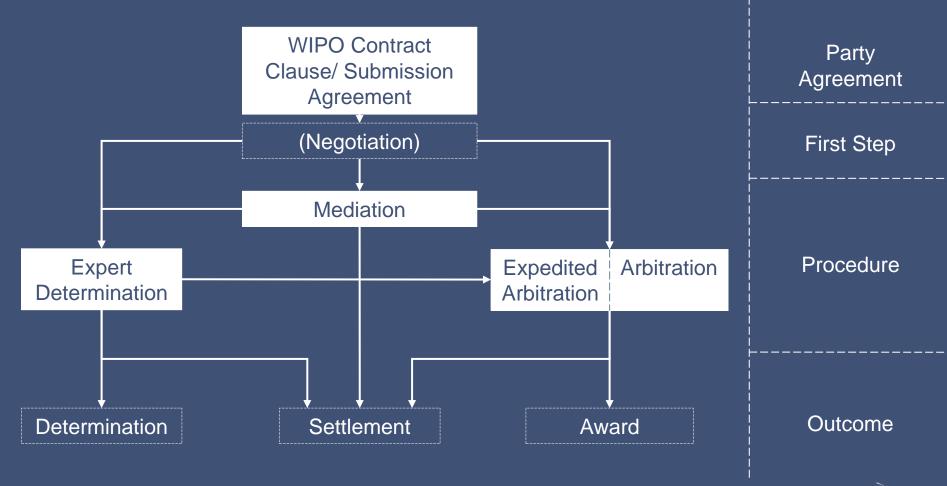


Routes to WIPO ADR

- ADR <u>contract clause</u> electing WIPO Rules
 - WIPO Mediation, and/or
 - WIPO Arbitration / Expedited Arbitration, and/or
 - WIPO Expert Determination
 - Model clauses: www.wipo.int/amc/en/clauses/index.html
 - Parties can shape the process through the clause (e.g., location, language, law)
- ADR <u>submission agreement</u> electing WIPO Rules, e.g., in existing non-contractual disputes
 - Referral by a court or by parties in court litigation
- Unilateral request for WIPO Mediation by one party (Art. 4 WIPO Mediation Rules)



WIPO ADR Options





WIPO Center Case Role

- Administering cases
 - Under WIPO Rules, or under special procedures
 - Active management: containing time and costs
 - WIPO ECAF (optional online case management)
- Facilitating <u>selection and appointment</u> of mediators, arbitrators, experts
 - WIPO list of 1,500+ neutrals
 - From numerous countries in all regions, including The Netherlands
 - Specialized in different areas of IP and IT



WIPO Clause Generator

Step 3 – Build your clause: WIPO Mediation followed, in the absence of a settlement, by Arbitration Clause

Mediation	The parties should determine where they want the mediation to take place.
Core Elements ②	The place of mediation shall be specify place.
Place of Mediation	
Language of the Mediation	Clear Next
Duration of the Mediation Proceedings	Any dispute, controversy or claim arising under, out of or relating to this contract and any subsequent amendments of this
Additional Elements Qualifications of the Mediator	contract, including, without limitation, its formation, validity, binding effect, interpretation, performance, breach or termination, as well as non-contractual claims, shall be submitted to mediation in accordance with the WIPO Mediation Rules.
Conduct of the Mediation	The place of mediation shall be [specify place].
Arbitration	The language to be used in the mediation shall be [specify language].
Core Elements 3	If, and to the extent that, any such dispute, controversy or claim has not been settled pursuant to the mediation within [specify
Number of Arbitrators	timeline] days of the commencement of the mediation, it shall, upon the filing of a Request for Arbitration by either party, be referred to and finally determined by arbitration in accordance with the WIPO Arbitration Rules. Alternatively, if, before the
Place of Arbitration	expiration of the said period of [specify timeline] days, either party fails to participate or to continue to participate in the mediation, the dispute, controversy or claim shall, upon the filing of a Request for Arbitration by the other party, be referred to
Language of Arbitration	and finally determined by arbitration in accordance with the WIPO Arbitration Rules.
Substantive Law	The arbitral tribunal shall consist of [a sole arbitrator][three arbitrators].
Additional Elements ②	The place of arbitration shall be [specify place].
Appointment Procedure	
Qualifications of the Arbitrators	The language to be used in the arbitral proceedings shall be [specify language].
ECAF	The dispute, controversy or claim shall be decided in accordance with the law of [specify jurisdiction].
Evidence	
Time Period of Delivery of the Final Award	
Appeal	

Step 4 - Download or copy the final result

Download

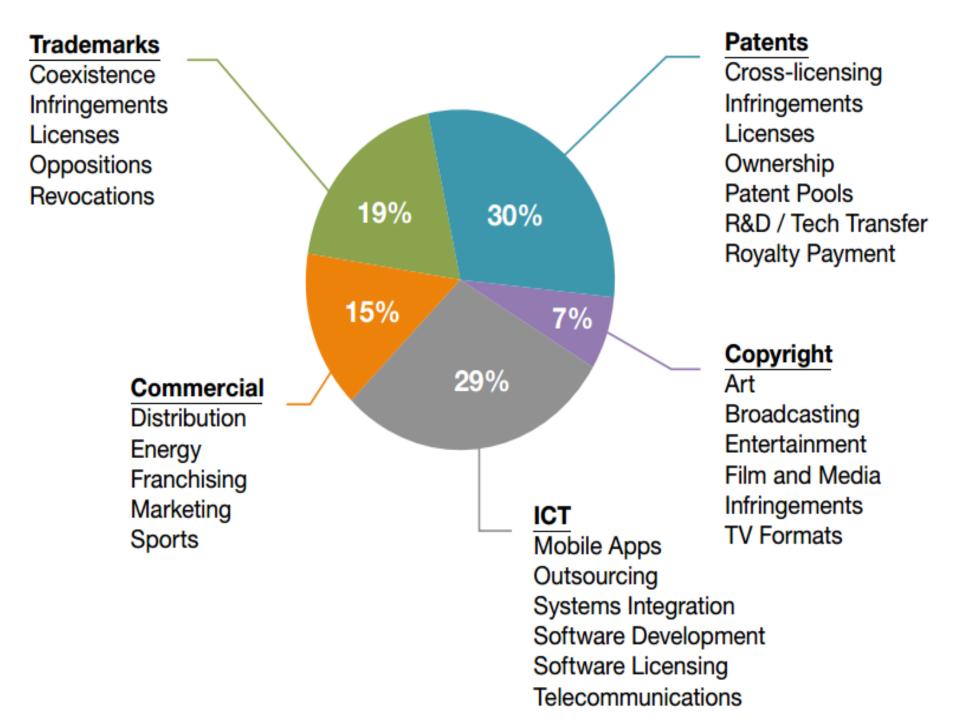
Copy to clipboard

Print clause

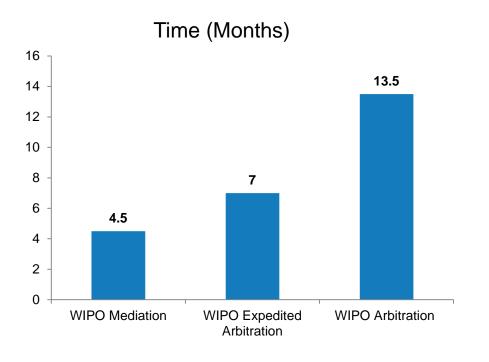
WIPO Mediation, Arbitration and Expert Determination Cases

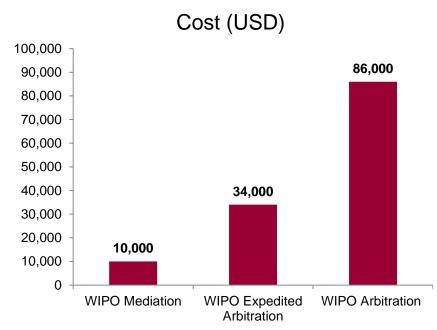
- Domestic and international disputes (25/75%)
- Case venues around the world
- Amounts in dispute from USD 20,000 to USD 1 billion
- IP/IT disputes and commercial disputes
 - Contractual
 - Non-contractual (infringement of IP rights)





WIPO Cases: Typical Time and Cost

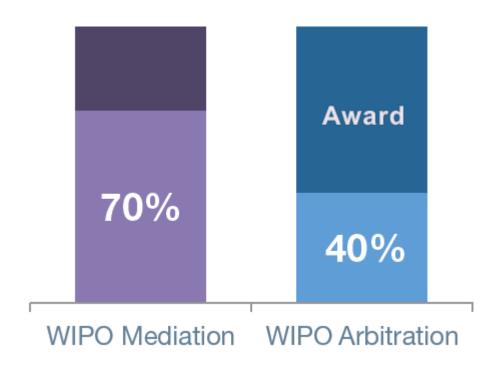




- * Excluding cost of parties legal representation
- ** WIPO Fee Calculator available online



Party Settlement under WIPO Rules





Resolving Cybersquatting Disputes at WIPO

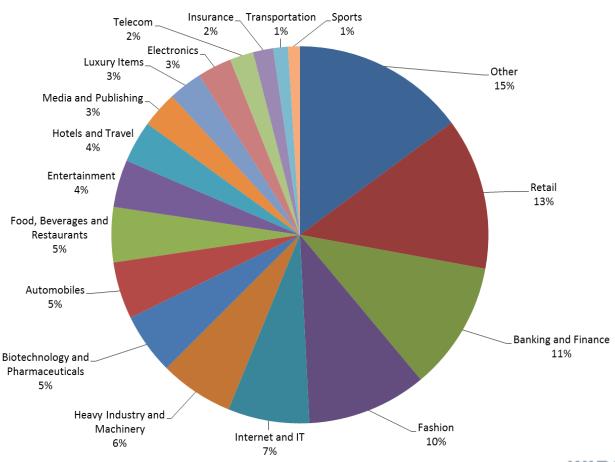
- WIPO has created and operates the Uniform Domain Name Dispute Resolution Policy (UDRP)
- An international administrative ADR procedure that allows trademark owners to file "clear cut" cases of abusive domain name registration and use ("cybersquatting") without going to court
- Uniform: applicable to <u>all international domains</u> "old" (.com, .net, etc.) and "new" (.bike, .xyz, etc.)
 - Also available for 74 national domains, including (in adapted form) the <u>.nl domain</u>
- Since 1999: 39,000 WIPO cases covering 73,000 domain names
 - 2016 total: 3,074 cases

UDRP: Principal Advantages

- Significantly <u>quicker and cheaper</u> than court litigation
 - Two-month average; fixed fees (USD 1,500)
- Predictable criteria and results
- Decision (transfer) implemented directly by registrar
- Prevents consumer confusion/brand abuse



WIPO UDRP Complainant Areas of Activity





Further WIPO ADR Information

Queries: arbiter.mail@wipo.int

Clauses: www.wipo.int/amc/en/clauses/

Rules:
http://www.wipo.int/amc/en/rules/

Case examples: www.wipo.int/amc/

WIPO domain name dispute resolution: www.wipo.int/amc/en/domains/



IP Infrastructure Databases and Platforms





Mr. Paul Halfpenny, Senior Administrator, Office of the Assistant Director General, Global Infrastructure Sector, (GIS), WIPO

Birmingham, May 1, 2018

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Strategic Goals of Global Databases and Platforms

- Two related goals:
 - Coordination and Development of Global IP Infrastructure
 - World Reference Source for IP Information and Analysis



TOOLS, PLATFORMS FOR IP BUSINESS AND GLOBAL DATABASES

- International Classifications and Standards
- WIPO Access to Knowledge and Information
- WIPO Platform (IPAS, DAS, CASE, Connect)
- WIPO Lex
- Global Brand Database
- Global Design Database
- PATENTSCOPE

Classifications

WIPO International Classifications

Applicants for national or international IP protection are required to determine whether their creation is new or owned/claimed by someone else. To determine this, huge amounts of information must be searched. International classifications facilitate such searches by organizing information concerning inventions, trademarks and industrial designs into indexed, manageable structures for easy retrieval.

News

CEL/12 (October 26 to 30, 2015): final report now available Nov 23, 2015 |
Official Spanish version of NCL10-2016 now available in XLS format Nov 9, 2015

All news

International Patent Classification

The International Patent Classification (IPC) is used to classify patents and utility models according to the different areas of technology to which they pertain. The IPC was established by the Strasbourg Agreement in 1971 and is continuously revised by the IPC Committee of Experts.

Nice Classification

The Nice Classification (NCL) is an international system used to classify goods and services for the purposes of the registration of marks. The Nice Classification was established by the Nice Agreement in 1957 and is continuously revised by the Committee of Experts of the Nice Union.

Locarno Classification

The Locarno Classification (LOC) is an international system used to classify goods for the purposes of the registration of industrial designs. It was established by the Locarno Agreement in 1968 and is continuously revised by the Committee of Experts of the Locarno Union.

Vienna Classification

The Vienna Classification (VCL) is a hierarchical system that classifies the figurative elements of marks into categories, divisions and sections, on the basis of their shape. It was established by the Vienna Agreement in 1973 and is continuously revised by the Committee of Experts of the Vienna Union.



- (a) Section Symbol Each section is designated by one of the capital letters A through H.
- (b) **Section Title** The section title is to be considered as a very broad indication of the contents of the section. The eight sections are entitled as follows:
 - A HUMAN NECESSITIES
 - B PERFORMING OPERATIONS; TRANSPORTING
 - C CHEMISTRY; METALLURGY
 - D TEXTILES; PAPER
 - E FIXED CONSTRUCTIONS
 - F MECHANICAL ENGINEERING; LIGHTING; HEATING; WEAPONS; BLASTING
 - G PHYSICS
 - H ELECTRICITY
- (c) [Deleted]
- (d) **Subsection** Within sections, informative headings may form subsections, which are titles without classification symbols.

Example: Section A (HUMAN NECESSITIES) contains the following subsections:

AGRICULTURE

FOODSTUFFS: TOBACCO

PERSONAL OR DOMESTIC ARTICLES HEALTH; LIFE SAVINGS; AMUSEMENT

CLASS

- 20. Each section is subdivided into classes which are the second hierarchical level of the Classification.
 - (a) Class Symbol Each class symbol consists of the section symbol followed by a two-digit number.

Example: H01

(b) Class Title – The class title gives an indication of the content of the class.

Example: H01 BASIC ELECTRIC ELEMENTS

(c) Class Index – Some classes have an index which is merely an informative summary giving a broad survey of the content of the class.



Standards

WIPO Standards

Part 3 of the Handbook on Industrial Property Information and Documentation

This part of the WIPO Handbook contains the full text of WIPO Standards, Recommendations and Guidelines established with the intention of harmonizing industrial property information practices of WIPO member states, thereby promoting international exchange of industrial property documents and related data.

WIPO Standards are expressed in the form of recommendations and are directed to States and international organizations, in particular to their national or regional industrial property offices, to the International Bureau of WIPO, and to any other national or international institution interested in industrial property documentation and information.

In the framework of the international cooperation promoted by WIPO in the field of industrial property information and documentation, standardization efforts have resulted in over 50 WIPO Standards, Recommendations and Guidelines related to patents, trademarks and industrial designs.

WIPO Standards facilitate the harmonization of practices by industrial property offices regarding electronic data processing in respect of the procedures for filing, examination, publication, granting and registration of industrial property titles. WIPO Standards also facilitate the international transmission, exchange, sharing and dissemination of industrial property information (text and images), as well as access to and retrieval of this information.

Any new Standard or revised version of already existing Standards will be added to those published here subsequent to the adoption thereof by the Committee on WIPO Standards (CWS).

Shortcuts

List of WIPO Standards

WIPO Standards referenced in other WIPO Standards

Tracked Changes Files

Archives



Access to Knowledge and Information

- TISC Technology and Innovation Support Centers
- ASPI Access to Specialized Patent Information
- ARDI Access to Research for Development and Innovation
- IAP Inventor Assist Program



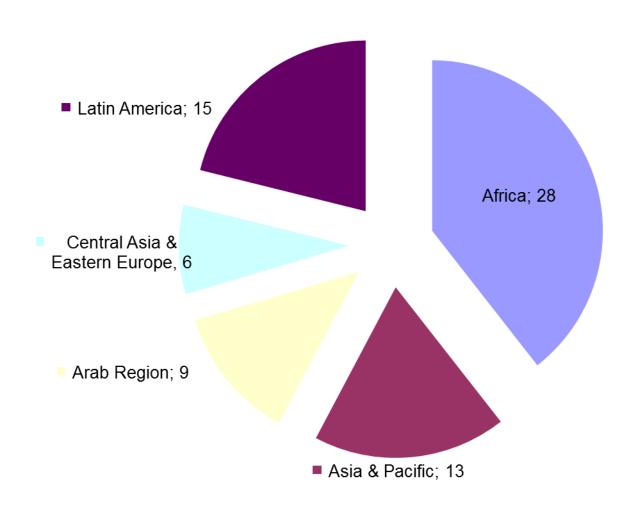
TISC Services



- Core services
 - Access to patent and non-patent databases
 - Assistance in using databases
- Additional services (based on user need and office capacity)
 - Technology search services
 - Patent analytical services
 - Awareness-raising and training services

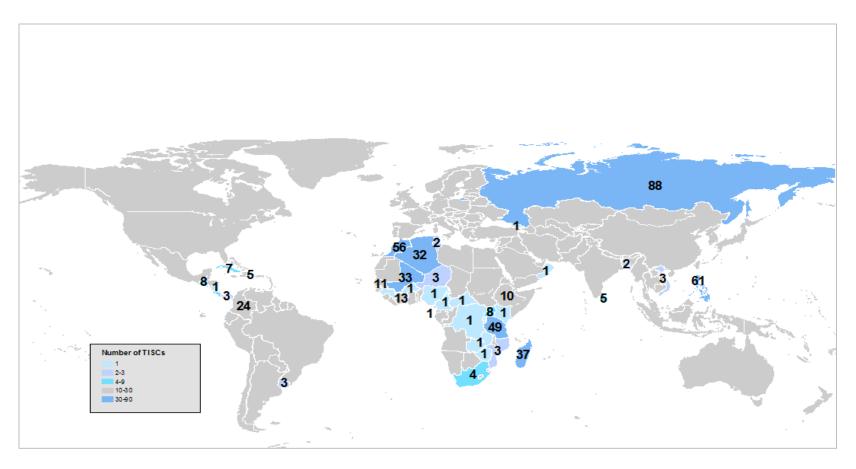


Regional distribution





TISC Results to date



71 national projects and over 600TISCs worldwide

> 600'000 inquiries supported annually (data as of 2017)



Resources





Print resources

Electronic resources



Patent Landscape Reports



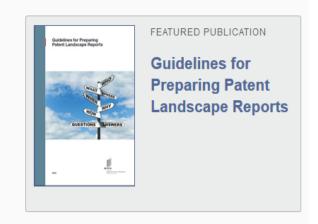
Patent Landscape Reports

On this page: WIPO patent landscape reports (PLRs) PLR Guidelines

PLR Guidelines Other PLRs

Patent landscape reports (PLRs) provide a snap-shot of the patent situation of a specific technology, either within a given country or region, or globally. They can inform policy discussions, strategic research planning or technology transfer. They may also be used to analyze the validity of patents based on data about their legal status.

A PLR begins with a state-of-the-art search for the relevant technology in selected patent databases. The search results are then analyzed to answer specific questions about, for example, patterns of patenting activity or of innovation. The results are presented visually to assist understanding and conclusions or recommendations based on the empirical evidence are provided.



Contact us

WIPO-WEF Inventor Assistance Program (IAP)

- Pro bono legal assistance in filing and prosecution of patent applications for under-resourced inventors and small enterprises
- Pilot projects in Colombia, Morocco, and Philippines in 2015/16
- Global launch October 17, 2016
- Program launch in South Africa in 2017

IAP: Process

Inventor

- Participates in preparatory course
- Submits request

TISC

Reviews and transmits requests

WIPO

- Matches inventor with advisors
- Administers cases

Advisor

- Provides legal advice
- Coordinates with WIPO and other advisors



Access to Commercial Patent Database Systems

ASPI

ACCESS TO SPECIALIZED PATENT INFORMATION

- Partnership with 8 patent database service providers
 - AmberCite → AmberScope
 - LexisNexis → TotalPatent
 - Minesoft → PatBase
 - PatSnap →Analytical/Insights/Chemical
 - Questel → Orbit
 - Thomson Reuters → Thomson Innovation
 - WIPS → WIPS Global
 - Gridlogics → PatSeer



Access to Scientific and Technical Journals



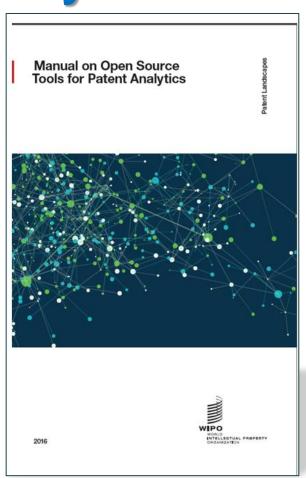
- Partnership with 31 major publishers
- Free or low-cost access for 117 least developed and developing countries to over 28,800 books, journals, and reference works in various fields of research including:
 - applied physics
 - engineering
 - chemistry
 - traditional knowledge

www.wipo.int/ardi



The Manual on Open Source Tools for Patent Analytics

- Aimed at exploring:
 - various free and open source tools which could be used for various patent analysis tasks by users in developing countries
 - Includes walkthrough for using selected software for various analytics tasks









WIPO Platforms

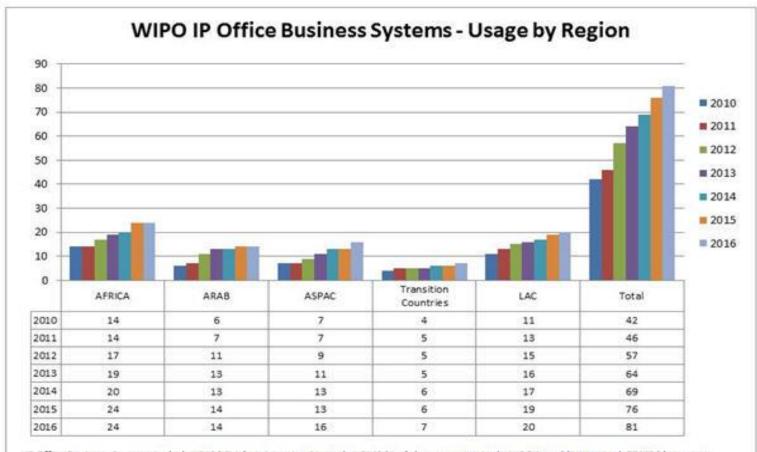
- IPAS Industrial Property Administration System
- DAS Digital Access System
- CASE Centralized Access to Search and Examination Reports
- WIPO Connect



IPAS

- IPAS used by 70 IPOs
- A WIPO software enabling small IPOs to electronically process patent, trademark, design applications and automatically provide the data to WIPO for inclusion in IP databases

IPAS Usage

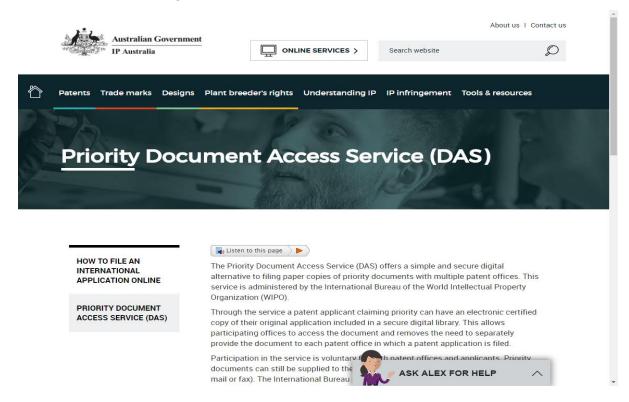


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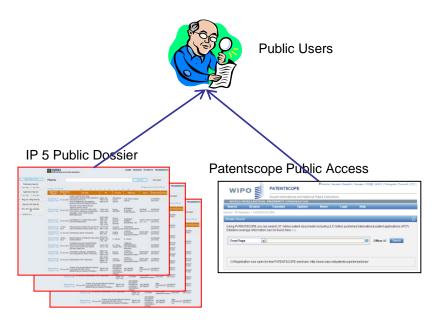
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Status

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National Biblio. Data Full Text Documents

1. (JP2016504271) エポキシ化脂肪酸アルキルエステル可塑剤およびエポキシ化脂肪酸アルキルエステル可塑剤を作製する方法

			Published Application				
			Published Application	View			
JP2016504271T	JP2016010		XML, PDF, ZIP(XML + TIFFs)				
			Global Dossier				
Legal date			Description		Download		
	Abstra	t (ORIGINAL)			PDF		
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	Descri	otion (ORIGINAL)			PDF		
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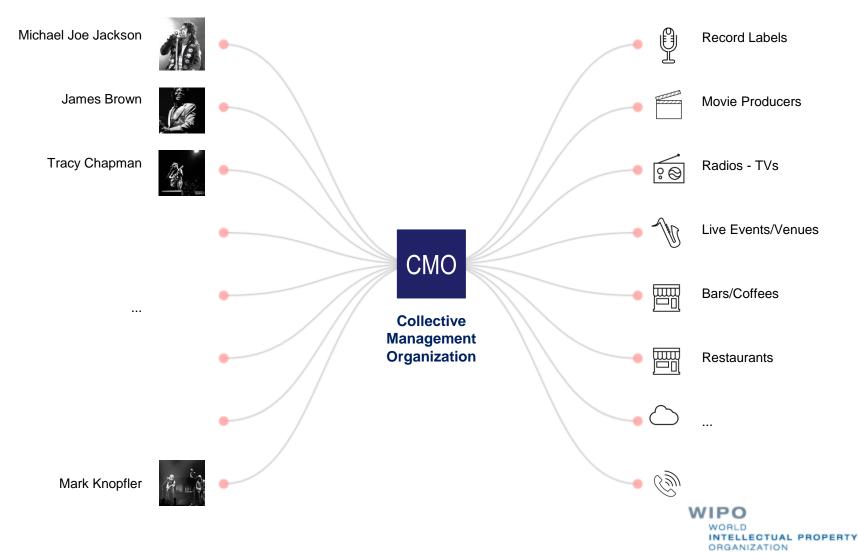
WHY WIPO'S MANDATE

WHEN 2017 (MUSIC) 2018 (RECORDING)

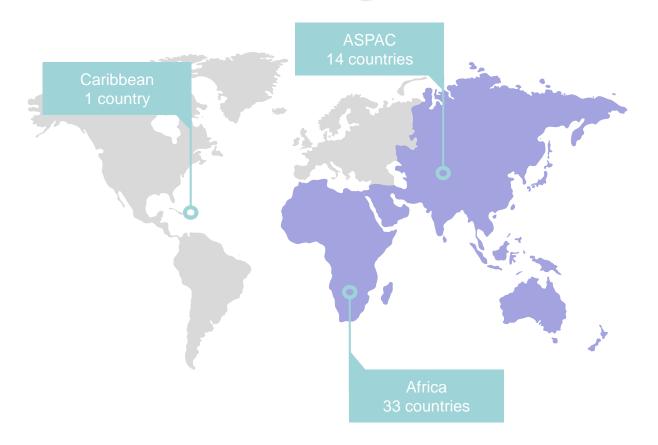
WHERE EVERYWHERE / LDCs



Collective Management (music copyright)



Connect Coverage



48 «LDCs»...

... and additional priorities based on industry related indicators



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Laws

Constitution / Basic Law

An explanatory note concerning the origins of the United Kingdom intellectual property legal regime PDF

Main IP Laws: enacted by the Legislature

- Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 (Chapter 48) (2012)
- Digital Economy Act 2010 (2010)
- Trade Descriptions Act 1968 (Chapter 29, as amended up to The Consumer Protection from Unfair Trading Regulations 2008) (2008)
- . The Patents Act 1977 (Chapter 37, incorporating amendments up to Patents Regulations 2000) (2007)
- The Patents Act 2004 (An Act to amend the Patents Act 1977) (2004)
- . Copyright, etc. and Trade Marks (Offences and Enforcement) Act 2002 (Chapter 25) (2002)
- The Plant Varieties and Seeds Act 1964 (Chapter 14, as amended up to the Beet Seed (Scotland) Regulations 2010) (2002)
- Plant Varieties Act 1997 (1997)
- . The Broadcasting Act 1996 (Chapter 55) (1996)
- Patents and Designs Act 1907 (Chapter 29, as amended up to the Trade Marks Act 1994) (1994)
- The Broadcasting Act 1990 (Chapter 42), Section 175 and 179 and Schedule 21 (1990)
- The Registered Designs Act 1949 (as consolidated 1979) (1979)

IP-related Laws: enacted by the Legislature

- Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (2013)
- The Finance Act 2013 (2013)
- The Civil Procedure (Amendment No.8) Rules 2013 (2013)
- The Cultural Test (Television Programmes) Regulations 2013 (2013)
- The Cosmetic Products Enforcement Regulations 2013 (2013)
- Crime and Courts Act 2013 (2013)
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- The Civil Procedure (Amendment) Rules 2013 (2013)



United Kingdom

The Patents Act 2004 (An Act to amend the Patents Act 1977)

Year of Version:	2004
Date of Text (Enacted):	July 22, 2004
Type of Text:	Main IP Laws: enacted by the Legislature
Subject Matter:	Enforcement of IP and Related Laws, IP Regulatory Body, Patents (Inventions)
Notes:	The Patents Act 2004 amends the Patents Act 1977 ('the 1977 Act'), which is the main patent law and the statute governing the patents system in the UK. The purpose of the Act is as follows to bring the UK patents system into line with the revised European Patent Convention (EPC) to introduce into the 1977 Act some measures designed to assist in the enforcement of patent rights and in the resolution of patent disputes between patent proprietors and third parties -to update the 1977 Act The Act sets out the major amendments to the 1977 Act: -Schedule 1 makes further amendments relating to international obligationsSchedule 2 makes minor and consequential changes to the 1977 ActSchedule 3 lists the repealed provisions of the 1977 Act. The text of the Patents Act 2004 is reproduced with the express authorization from the UK
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	The Patents Act 2004 (Commencement No. 3 and Transitional Provisions) Order 2005 (GB215)
	The Patents Act 2004 (Commencement No. 2 and Consequential, etc. and Transitional Provisions) Order 2004 (GB216)
	Is amended by
	 The Patents Act 2004 (Commencement No. 1 and Consequential and Transitional Provisions) Order 2004 (GB217)

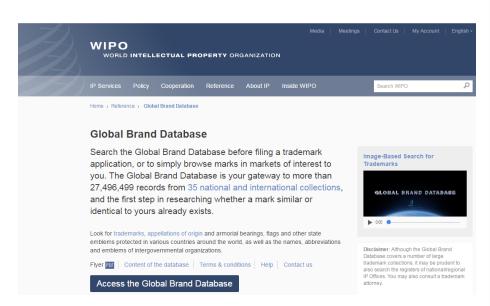
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United Kingdom



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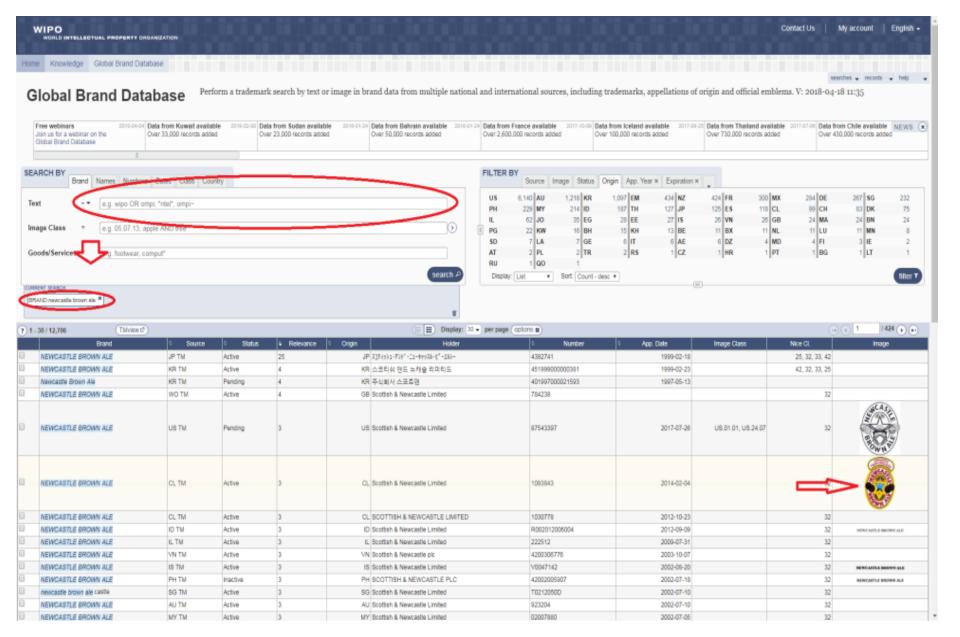


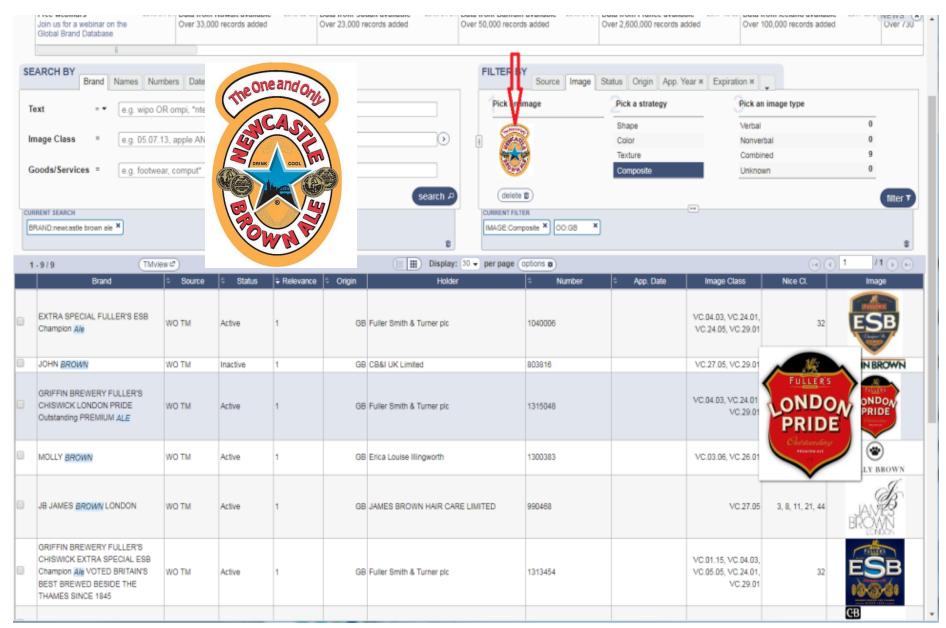


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Over 33,000 records added		Over 3,000 records added		Over 1,700,000 records added		Over 660,000 records added		Over 37,000 records added	Ovei

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Singapore Trademark



T1311695C

5 back

Status: Registered(since 2015.05.04)

(210) Serial number of the application

T1311695C

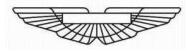
(220) Date of filing of the application

2013.07.22

(181) Expected expiration date of the registration

2023.07.22

(540) Mark



(539) Description of the figurative elements of the mark using keywords or a freely formulated text

wings

(550) Indication relating to the nature or kind of mark

Trade Mark

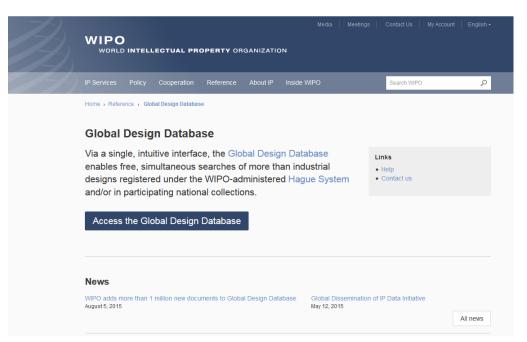
(730) Name and address of the applicant or the holder of the registration

Aston Martin Lagonda Limited

Banbury Road, Gaydon, Warwick, CV35 0DB, United Kingdom



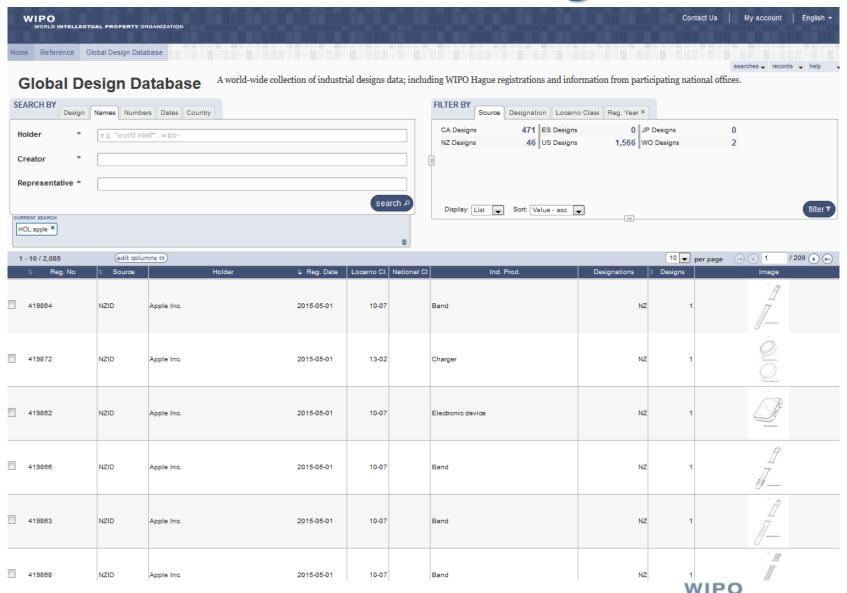
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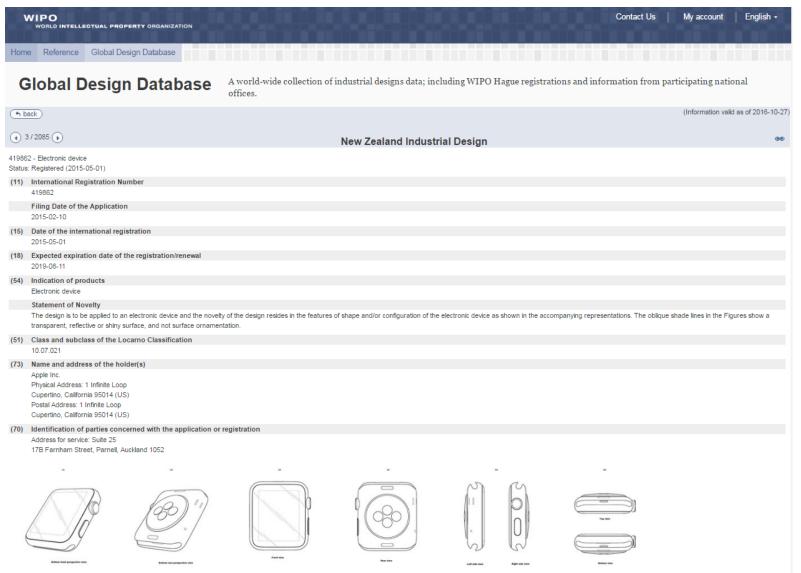


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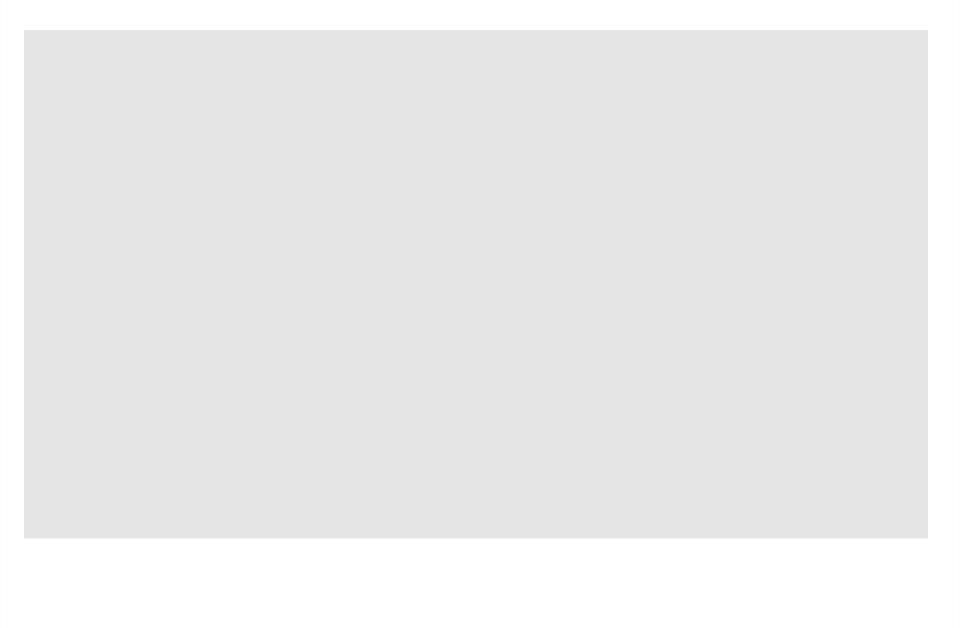
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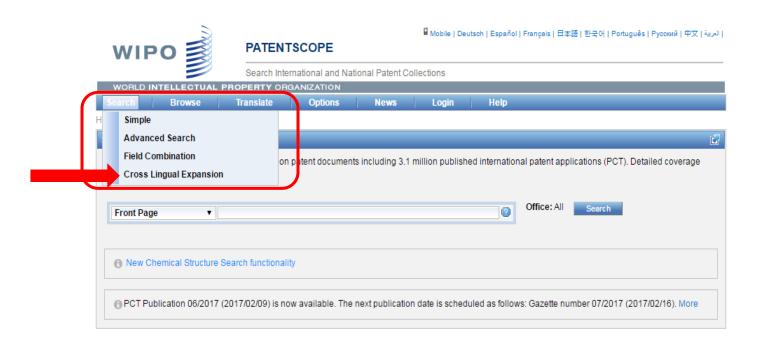


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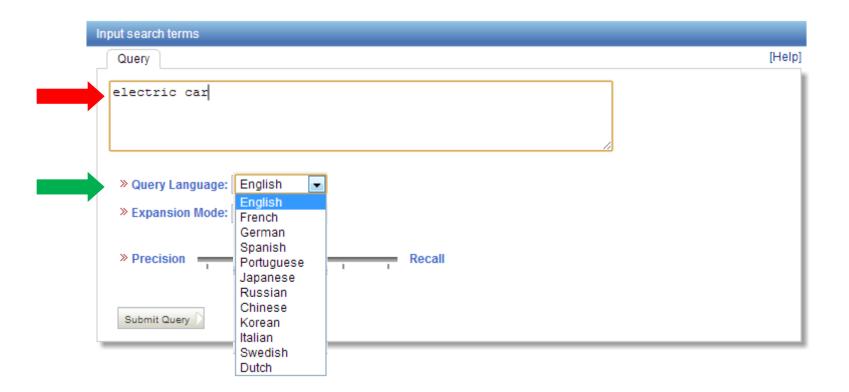






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(synonyms & technologically related terms)

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Analysis

35



A solar hybrid vehicle comprises a vehicle body, a vehicle energy configuration system, and a braking energy recycling device (11). The vehicle body collects solar energy with a solar energy collection system, the collected solar energy is stored in the vehicle energy configuration system, and the braking energy recycling

Documents



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PCT Biblio, Data

Title

1. (WO2012167518) SOLAR HYBRID VEHICLE

Claims National Phase Notices Drawings

Latest bibliographic data on file with the International Bureau PermaLink⊕

Pub. No.: WO/2012/167518 International Application No.: PCT/CN2011/079446

Publication Date: 13.12.2012 International Filing Date: 07.09.2011

IPC: B60K 6/28 (2007.10), B60L 8/00 (2006.01) [2]

Description

Applicants: ZHU, Shuyi [CN/CN]; (CN)

Inventors: ZHU, Shuyi; (CN)

Agent: BEIJING GENIUS ESSEN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFICE; Room 806 ~809 Taifeng Huizhong

Mansion No.120 Zhushikou W. St., Xicheng District Beijing 100050 (CN)

Priority Data: 201110151619.9 08.06.2011 CN

(EN) SOLAR HYBRID VEHICLE (FR) VÉHICULE HYBRIDE SOLAIRE

(ZH) 太阳能混合动力汽车

Abstract: (EN)A solar hybrid vehicle comprises a vehicle body, a

vehicle energy configuration system, and a braking energy recycling device (11). The vehicle body collects solar energy with a solar energy collection system, the collected solar energy is stored in the vehicle energy configuration system, and the braking energy recycling device is connected to a storage battery pack (6). A sensor is disposed between the vehicle energy configuration system and the storage battery pack. The vehicle energy configuration system is connected to an on-board automatic control system, an external charging

interface (15) and an electric motor (7). The present invention combines multiple technical solutions, reduces energy consumption, increases the utilization of solar energy, and is more

aesthetic and user-friendly.

(FR)La présente invention concerne un véhicule hybride solaire comportant une carrosserie de véhicule, un système de configuration d'énergie de véhicule, et un dispositif de recyclage d'énergie au freinage (11). La carrosserie de véhicule collecte de l'énergie solaire grâce à un système de collecte d'énergie solaire, l'énergie collectée est stockée dans le système de configuration d'énergie de véhicule et le dispositif de recyclage d'énergie au freinage est connecté à un bloc d'éléments d'accumulateur (6). Un capteur est disposé entre le système de configuration d'énergie de véhicule et le bloc d'éléments d'accumulateur. Le système de configuration d'énergie de véhicule est connecté à un système de commande automatique embarqué, à une interface de charge externe (15) et à un moteur électrique (7). La présente invention est une combinaison de plusieurs solutions techniques, réduit la consommation d'énergie, accroît l'utilisation de l'énergie solaire, et est plus esthétique et conviviale.

(ZH)—种太阳能混合动力汽车,包含汽车本体、车体能<mark>里</mark>配置系统、制动能里回收装置(11);汽车本体通过太阳能采集系统收集太阳能,收集的太阳能存储在车体能里配置系统中,制动能里回收装置与蓄



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目前,国内外众多科研机构、公司都在致力于新能源汽车的研究。其中,混 合动力汽车是现有新能源汽车中最接近成熟的产品。混合动力汽车的性能可以超 过传统的 燃油汽车,但其电池蓄电量成为影响其发展的瓶颈,所以还不能完全取 代燃油汽车。

在太阳能汽车的开发研究上,人们已经取得了较大的进展。近年来对太阳能 收集转化技术的研究,也有效提高了太阳能的吸收利用率。太阳能汽车的车体玻 璃对太阳能的有效吸收利用情况在很大程度上影响了汽车的整体性能。为此,人 们在太阳能汽车上尝试使用可烘弯低辐射镀膜玻璃和太阳能薄膜电池来提高太 阳能的吸收效率,并取得了一定的效果。

因此,借助技术的更新可以为市场提供更好的节能环保型太阳能混合动力汽车。

发明内容

本发明所要解决的技术问题在于克服现有技术的不足,提供一种太阳能混合 动力汽车。

为实现上述的发明目的,本发明采用下述的技术方案:

一种太阳能混合动力汽车,包括汽车本体、太阳能采集系统、车体能量配置系统、车载自动控制系统和制动能量回收装置;

所述汽车本体通过所述太阳能采集系统收集太阳能;收集的太阳能储存在车 体能量配置系统中,所述制动能量回收装置与蓄电池组连接;所述车体能量配置 系统与所述蓄电池组之间设有传感器,所述车体能量配置系统分别与所述车载自 动控制系统、外接充电接口和电动机相连;



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PCT Biblio. Data | Description

(MO20424C7C40) COLAR HYPPID VEHI

1. (WO2012167518) SOLAR HYBRID VEHICLE

Note: Text based on automatic Optical Character Recognition processes. Please use the PDF version for legal matters

Claims National Phase Notices Drawings Documents

Solar hybrid electric vehicle

Field of the technical field of the technical field

The invention relates to a solar hybrid electric vehicle, and belongs to the technical field of new energy automobiles

Description of related art

Along with the rapid development of national economy, more and more families have already or about all automobiles are going to own. However, one way of international crude oil price rises to be a warning clock which can knock the shortage of energy. The popularization requirements of automobiles in china home meet the substantive technical breakthrough on new energy automobiles

At present, various scientific research institutions and companies at home and abroad are directed to research and development of new energy automobiles. The hybrid electric vehicle is the most approximate mature product in the existing new energy automobile. The performance of the hybrid electric vehicle can exceed the performance of a traditional fuel automobile fuel automobile, but the electric quantity of the battery becomes a bottleneck affecting the development of the battery, so that the fuel automobile cannot be completely replaced.

In the development and research of solar automobiles, people have taken a large progress. In recent years, the solar energy collection conversion technology is studied, and the solar energy absorption utilization rate is effectively improved, and the solar energy absorption utilization rate is effectively improved. The effective absorption and utilization conditions of the vehicle body glass of the solar automobile on the solar energy affect the overall performance of the automobile to a great extent, and the overall performance of the automobile is influenced to a great extent. To this end, people attempt to use a bendable low-emissivity coated glass frit — a glass film on a solar automobile and.... Solar thin-film battery is used for improving solar energy absorption efficiency, in addition, a certain effect is achieved.

Therefore, better energy-saving and environment-friendly solar hybrid electric vehicles can be provided for the market by means of technology updating.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention aims to overcome the defects in the prior art, and provides a solar hybrid electric vehicle

In order to achieve the aim of the invention, the invention adopts the following technical scheme:

The solar hybrid power automobile comprises an automobile body, a solar energy collecting system, a solar energy configuration system,

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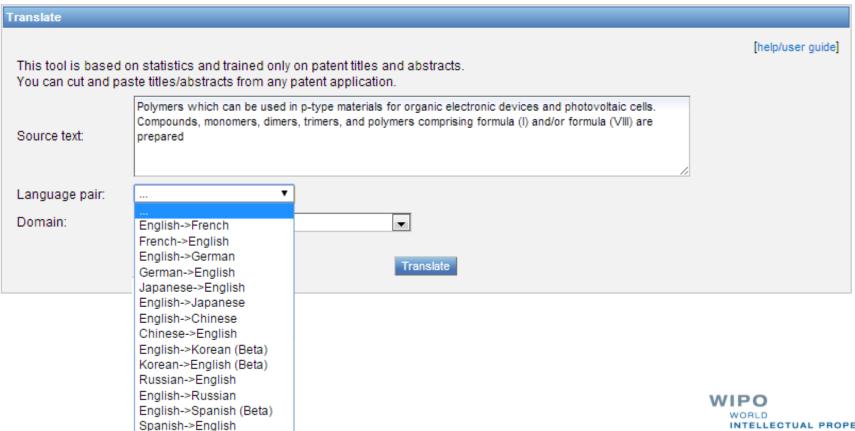


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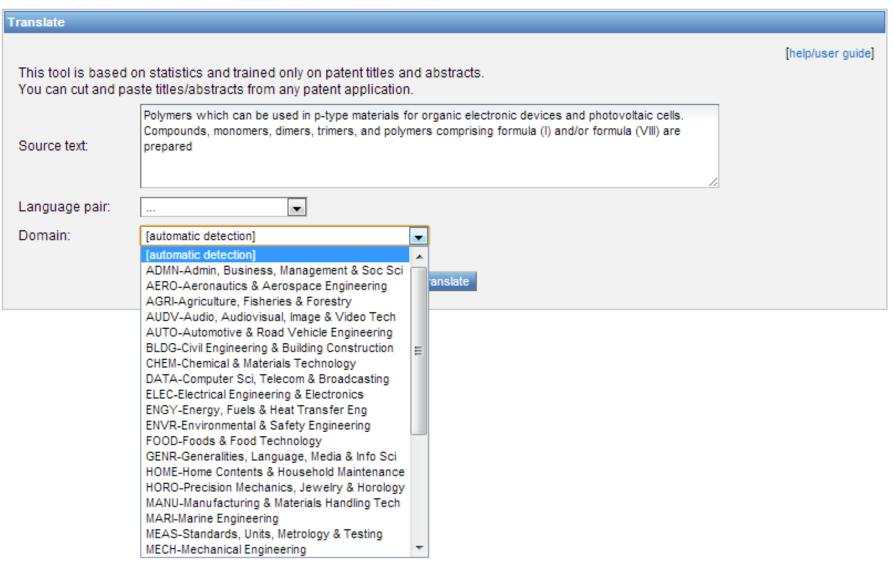


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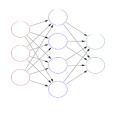


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- NMT replaces SMT
- Pilot system put in production in October 2016 on PATENTSCOPE for the ZH⇔EN language pairs
- Sixteen language pairs now in operation
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Why is NMT different? (Phrase-based vs Neural-net)



play music entertainment device

一种通过在不同位置摆放现实物体来演奏音乐的娱乐装置 one kind of by-this-发明公布 不同位置摆放现实物体 演奏音乐 娱乐装置 different location placing real object play music invention discloses entertainment device PBSMT (previous WIPO translate) invention discloses a by placing a real object at a different location to play a music entertainment device 发明公布 不同位置摆放现实物体 演奏音乐 娱乐装置

NMT (new WIPO translate)

invention discloses

the invention discloses an entertainment device for playing music by placing real objects at different position

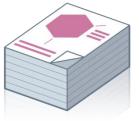
placing real object

different location

Chemical Compound Search

Principle:

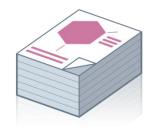
- Standardize all the different representations of chemical structures into Inchikeys
- Recognize chemical compounds in patent texts and from embedded drawings included in patent texts
- Implement search functions for Inchikeys that can be used by non chemists





(...) At the moment the surgical procedure starts, benzodiazepin, e.g. diazepam, is administered in a dose of no more than 5 mg. (...)

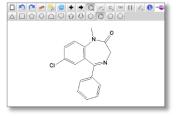




Enriched PATENTSCOPE Documents

(...) At the moment the surgical procedure starts, benzodiazepin, e.g. @AAOVKJBEBIDNHE-UHFFFAOYSA-N@, is administered in a dose of no more than 5 mg. (...)











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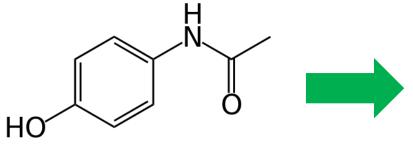
Example: Panadol®

Panadol the region of the part of the part

(1) IUPAC name

N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamide

(2) Skeletal formula



InchiKey
RZVAJINKPMORJF-UHFFFAOYSA-N

(3) International Non proprietary Name (INN)

Paracetamol

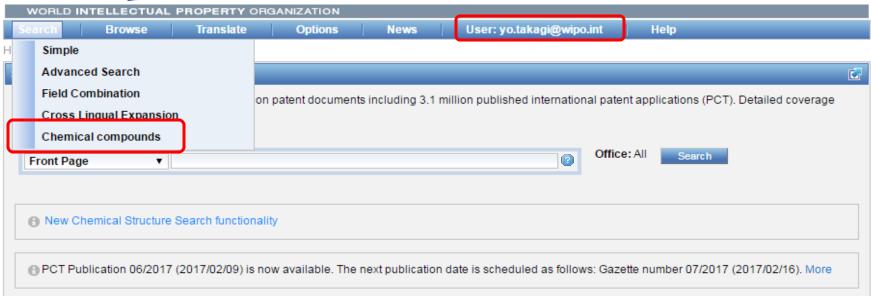
(4) Trademark, generic name, other names

Panadol, Tylenol, Acetaminophen, etc.

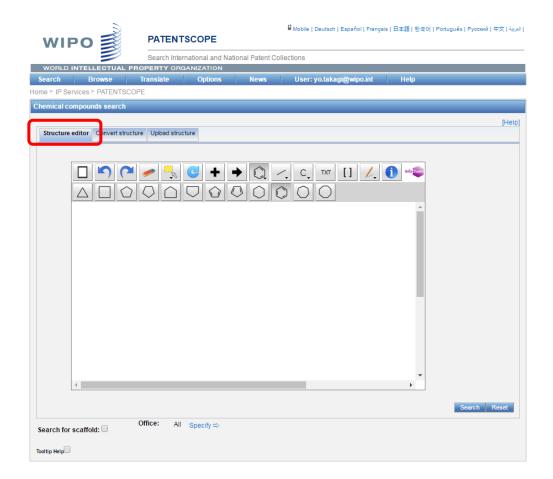




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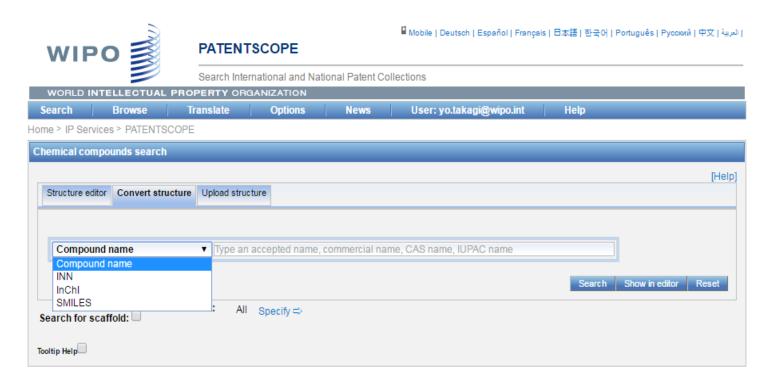


Draw or edit:

- Chemical structures
- Reactions
- Fragments similar to chemical sketches on paper



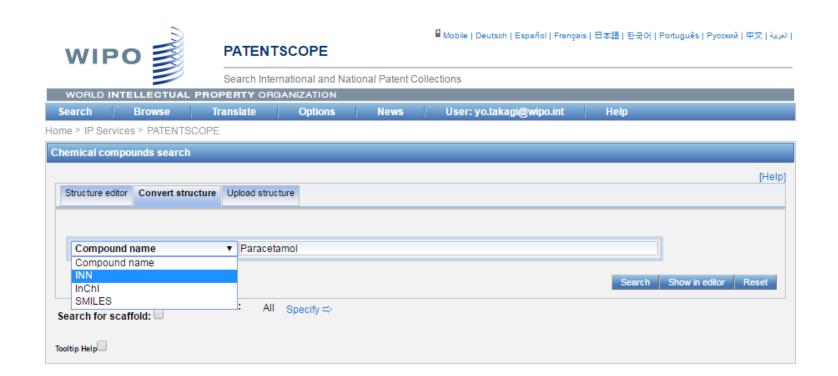
Convert Structure



- PCT/US chemically indexed since 1978(PCT) and 1979(US)
- Code/clinical/chemical/commercial/CAS/INN names
- Exact compounds can be searched no Markush structures



Example: Panadol (Paracetamol)



3. WO/2017/013183 COMPOSITIONS FOR PROTECTING SKIN COMPRISING DNA REPAIR ENZYMES AND PHYCOBILIPROTEIN WO 26.01.2017

A61K 8/66 PCT/EP2016/067328 GREENALTECH, S.L RUIZ CANOVAS, Eugenia

The invention relates to compositions for repairing the adverse effects of the environment daily stress, sun exposure or premature-aging on human skin which comprise a DNA repair enzyme and a phycobiliprotein.

4. WO/2017/013228 HAND-HELD TEST METER WITH FLUID INGRESS DETECTION CIRCUIT

WO 26.01.2017

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Compounds

1. (WO2017012647) NOVEL COMPOUNDS AND PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS THEREOF FOR THE TREATMENT OF INFLAMMATORY DISORDERS

User: yo.takagi@wipo.int

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Pub. No.:

WO/2017/012647 Publication Date: 26.01.2017

PCT Biblio, Data | Description | Claims | National Ph

International Application No.: PCT/EP2015/066520 International Filing Date: 20.07.2015

Notices

IPC:

C07D 471/04 (2006.01), A61K 31/437 (2006.01), A61P 29/00 (2006.01), A61P 37/08 (2006.01), A61P 35/00 (2006.01)

Applicants:

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DE BLIECK, Ann; (BE). BLANC, Javier; (ES)

Agent:

BAR, Grégory, Louis, Joseph: (BE)

Priority Data:

Title

(EN) NOVEL COMPOUNDS AND PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS THEREOF FOR THE TREATMENT OF INFLAMMATORY

DISORDERS

(FR) NOUVEAUX COMPOSÉS ET COMPOSITIONS PHARMACEUTIQUES LES COMPRENANT POUR LE TRAITEMENT DE

TROUBLES INFLAMMATOIRES

Abstract:

(EN)The present invention discloses compounds according to Formula (I), wherein R1. R3, R4, R5, L1, and Cv are as defined herein. The present invention also provides compounds, methods for the production of said compounds of the invention. pharmaceutical compositions comprising the same and their use in allergic or inflammatory conditions, autoimmune diseases, proliferative diseases, transplantation rejection, diseases involving impairment of cartilage turnover, congenital cartilage malformations, and/or diseases associated with hypersecretion of IL6 and/or interferons. The present invention also methods for the prevention and/or treatment of the

aforementioned diseases by administering a compound of the invention.

(FR)La présente invention concerne des composés de formule (I), dans laquelle R1, R3,

R4, R5, L1, et Cy sont tels que définis dans la description. La présente invention concerne également des composés, des procédés de production desdits composés, des

compositions pharmaceutiques les comprenant et leur utilisation dans des troubles

allergiques ou inflammatoires, des maladies auto-immunes, des maladies prolifératives, des rejets de transplantation, des maladies impliquant un trouble du renouvellement du cartilage, des malformations congénitales du cartilage, et/ou des maladies associées à une hypersécrétion de l'IL-6 et/ou des interférons. La présente invention concerne également des méthodes de prévention et/ou de

traitement de ces maladies consistant à administrer un composé de l'invention.

Designated States:

AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IR, IS, JP, KE, KG, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LU, LY, MA,

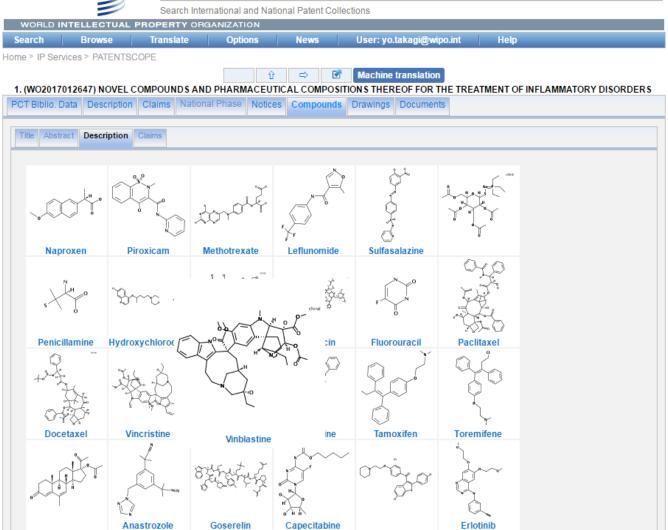
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to reduce or prevent, respectively, cartilage degradation in the joints of said patient, and preferably terminate, the self-perpetuating processes responsible for said degradation. In a particular embodiment said compound may exhibit cartilage anabolic and/or anti-catabolic properties.

[0208] Injection dose levels range from about 0.1 mg/kg/h to at least 10 mg/kg/h, all for from about 1 to about 120 h and especially 24 to 96 h. A preloading bolus of from about 0.1 mg/kg to about 10 mg/kg or more may also be admi exceed about 2 g/day for a 40 to 80 kg human patient.

[0209] For the prophylaxis and/or treatment of long-term conditions, s months or years so oral dosing is preferred for patient convenience a doses per day are representative regimens. Using these dosing patte with particular doses each providing from about 0.1 to about 10 mg/k

[0210] Transdermal doses are generally selected to provide similar of

[0211] When used to prevent the onset of a condition, a compound of on the advice and under the supervision of a physician, at the dosage include those that have a family history of the condition, or those who developing the condition.

[0212] A compound of the invention can be administered as the sole other compounds that demonstrate

the same or a similar therapeutic activity and that are determined to s administration of two (or more) agents allows for significantly lower d

[0213] In one embodiment, a compound of the invention or a pharma medicament. In a specific embodiment, said pharmaceutical compos

[0214] In one embodiment, a compound of the invention is co-admini involving inflammation; particular agents include, but are not limited t dexamethasone), cyclophosphamide, cyclosporin A, tacrolimus, Myc acetaminophen, ibuprofen, naproxen, and piroxicam.

[0215] In one embodiment, a compound of the invention is co-admini rheumatoid arthritis); particular agents include but are not limited to a Sulfasalazine example but without limitation methotrexate, leflunomide, sulfasalazi azathioprine, and ciclosporin), and biological DMARDS (for example

myeloproliferative disease and leukaemia.

s=0

the regimen for treatment usually stretches over many one to five and especially two to four and typically three oral bout 0.01 to about 20 mg/kg of a compound of the invention. ut 5 mg/kg.

eady state levels. The maximum total dose is not expected to

hieved using injection doses.

ed to a patient at risk for developing the condition, typically its at risk for developing a particular condition generally testing or screening to be particularly susceptible to

stered in combination with other therapeutic agents, including

bined administration. In a specific embodiment, coreducing the side effects seen.

a compound of the invention is administered as a ther active ingredient.

agent for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of a disease . azathioprine, corticosteroids (e.g. prednisolone or -CD3 (OKT3, e.g. Orthocolone®), ATG, aspirin,

agent for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of arthritis (e.g. lammatory drugs (NSAIDS), steroids, synthetic DMARDS (for lalate, penicillamine, chloroguine, hydroxychloroguine, Etanercept, Adalimumab, Rituximab, and Abatacept).

[0216] In one embodiment, a compound of the invention is co-administered with another therapeutic agent for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of proliferative disorders; particular agents include but are not limited to: methotrexate, leukovorin, adriamycin, prenisone, bleomycin, cyclophosphamide, 5-fluorouracil, paclitaxel, docetaxel, vincristine, vinblastine, vinorelbine, doxorubicin, tamoxifen, toremifene, megestrol acetate, anastrozole, goserelin, anti-HER2 monoclonal antibody (e.g. HerceptinTM), capecitabine, raloxifene hydrochloride, EGFR inhibitors (e.g. Iressa®, Tarceva™, Erbitux™), VEGF inhibitors (e.g. Avastin™), proteasome inhibitors (e.g., VelcadeTM), Glivec® and hsp90 inhibitors (e.g., 17-AAG), Additionally, a compound of the invention may be administered in

[0217] In one embodiment, a compound of the invention is co-administered with another therapeutic agent for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of autoimmune diseases, particular agents include but are not limited to: glucocorticoids, cytostatic agents (e.g. purine analogs), alkylating agents, (e.g. nitrogen mustards (cyclophosphamide), nitrosoureas, platinum compounds, and others), antimetabolites (e.g. methotrexate, azathioprine and mercaptopurine), cytotoxic antibiotics (e.g. dactinomycin anthracyclines, mitomycin C, bleomycin, and mithramycin), antibodies (e.g. anti-CD20, anti-CD25 or anti-CD3 (OTK3) monoclonal antibodies, Atgam® and Thymoglobuline®), cyclosporin, tacrolimus, rapamycin (sirolimus), interferons (e.g., IFN-8), TNF binding proteins (e.g., infliximab (Remicade™), etanercept (Enbrel™), or adalimumab (Humira™)), mycophenolate, Fingolimod and Myriocin.

combination with other therapies including, but not limited to, radiotherapy or surgery. In a specific embodiment the proliferative disorder is selected from cancer.

[0218] In one embodiment, a compound of the invention is co-administered with another therapeutic agent for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of transplantation. rejection, particular agents include but are not limited to: calcineurin inhibitors (e.g. cyclosporin or tacrolimus (FK506)), mTOR inhibitors (e.g. sirolimus, everolimus), anti-proliferatives (e.g. azathioprine, mycophenolic acid), corticosteroids (e.g. prednisolone, hydrocortisone). Antibodies (e.g. monoclonal anti-IL-2Ra receptor antibodies, basiliximab, daclizumab), polyclonal anti-T-cell antibodies (e.g. anti-thymocyte globulin (ATG), anti-lymphocyte globulin (ALG)).

102191 In one embodiment, a compound of the invention is co-administered with another therapeutic agent for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of asthma and/or rhinitis and/or COPD, particular agents include but are not limited to: beta2-adrenoceptor agonists (e.g. salbutamol, levalbuterol, terbutaline and bitolterol), epinephrine (inhaled or tablets), anticholinergics (e.g. ipratropium bromide), glucocorticoids (oral or inhaled) Long-acting p2-agonists (e.g. salmeterol, formoterol, bambuterol, and sustained-release oral albuterol), combinations of inhaled steroids and long-acting bronchodilators (e.g., fluticasone/salmeterol,



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- PATENTSCOPE for experts (June 26 or 28)
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· Frequently asked questions

System requirements

- PC: Windows® 8, 7, Vista, XP or 2003 Server
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- Mobile: iPhone®, iPad®, Android™ phone or Android & tablet

Past events

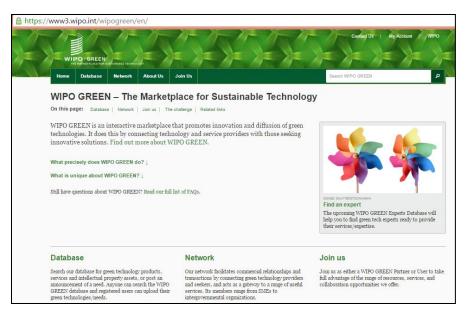
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Complex queries in PATENTSCOPE PPT	Learn how to build complex queries in PATENTSCOPE	February 2018
Chemical structure search PPT	How to use the chemical search feature in PATENTSCOPE	January 2018
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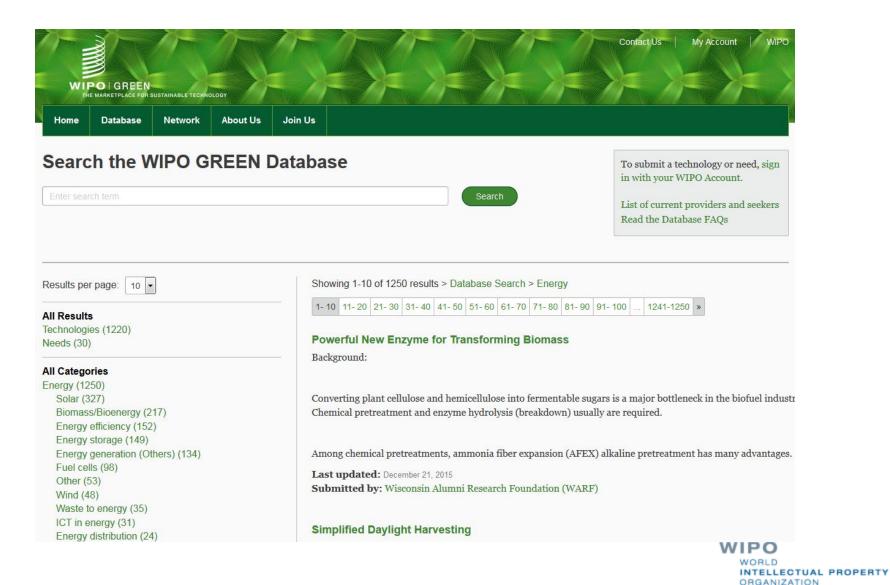


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- The marketplace for sustainable technology: search functionality for technology providers and seekers
- Network of green technology stakeholders
- Grouped in 9 technology areas



WIPO Green example: Energy



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- Initiative in the field of neglected deseases, tuberculosis and malaria
- Includes a database with information on availability of IP rights and other information
- Based on the principle of voluntary contribution

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Disease:	Unknown or Others Buruli Ulcer Chagas disease (American trypanosomiasis) Cysticercosis Dengue/dengue hemorrhagic fever Dracunculiasis (guinea-worm disease) Echinococcosis Endemic treponematoses (Yaws) Foodborne trematode infections (Clonorchiasis, Fas	Hit-to-Lead S Pre-Ci Cilnica Market Enablii Intellec Formu Diagnc Vaccin New B	Series inical Candidate I Candidate ted Product ng Technology (platform) tual Property (patents)

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