

Roving Seminar on WIPO Services and Initiatives

Sydney, Australia 20 March 2017

Introduction to WIPO





<u>Speaker</u>: Victor Vázquez López, Head, Section for Coordination of Developed Countries





MISSION STATEMENT

"To lead the development of a balanced and effective international intellectual property (IP) system that enables innovation and creativity for the benefit of all."

WIPO
WORLD
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
ORGANIZATION

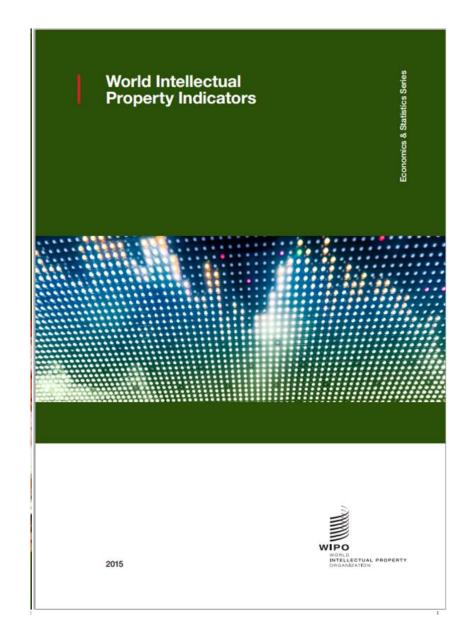
Facts about WIPO

- MEMBER STATES: 189
- OBSERVERS: more than 390 (NGOs, IGOs, industry groups, etc.)
- STAFF: more than 1200
- ADMINISTERED TREATIES: 26
- MAIN BODIES: General Assembly, CC, WIPO Conference



http://www.wipo.int/multimedia-video/en/about-wipo/wipo.ogg

Major Economic Studies on IP







The Global Innovation Index

RANKING 2015

- 1. SWITZERLAND
- 2. UNITED KINGDOM
- 3. SWEDEN
- 4. NETHERLANDS
- 5. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
- 6. FINLAND
- 7. SINGAPORE
- 8. IRELAND
- 9. LUXEMBOURG
- 10. DENAMRK
- 11. HONG KONG (CHINA)
- 12. GERMANY
- 13. ICELAND
- 14. REPUBLIC OF KOREA
- 17. AUSTRALIA

RANKING 2016

- 1. SWITZERLAND
- 2. SWEDEN
- 3. UNITED KINGDOM
- 4. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
- 5. FINLAND
- SINGAPORE
- 7. IRELAND
- 8. DENMARK
- 9. NETHERLANDS
- 10. GERMANY
- 11. REPUBLIC OF KOREA
- 12. LUXEMBOURG
- 13. ICELAND
- 14. HONG KONG (CHINA)
- 19. AUSTRALIA



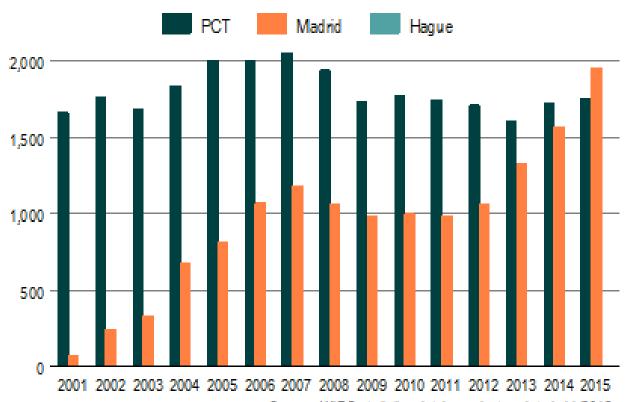
The Global Innovation Index

Strengths	Weaknesses
Regulatory quality	Gov't expenditure/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap
School life expectancy, years	Graduates in science & engineering, %
Tertiary education	GDP/unit of energy use, 2005 PPP\$/kg oil eq
Tertiary enrollment, %gross	Ease of protecting minority investors
Tertiary inbound mobility, %	GERD financed by abroad, %
QS university ranking, average score top 3	ICT services imports, % total trade
Infrastructure	Research talent, % in business enterprise
Information & Communications Technologies (ICTs)	Knowledge diffusion
E-participation	ICT services exports, % total trade
Credit	FDI net outflows, % GDP
Ease of getting credit	National feature films/mn pop. 15–69
Intensity of local competition (trade)	
JV-strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP	
New businesses/th. Pop. 15-64	
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International Applications via WIPO Administered Treaties (1998 to 2015)

PCT, Madrid and Hague Applications



Source: WIPO statistics database; last updated: 11/2016



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www.wipo.int/newsletters/en

Press releases

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WIPO Services & Initiatives The Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT)





Anjali Aeri, Program Officer, PCT International Cooperation Division, Patents & Technology Sector

Sydney, Australia 20 March 2017

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Putting Innovation into Practice

The PCT is a global solution for innovators







PCT Testimonial: Inventor

Professor Shuji Nakamura—co-winner of the 2014 Nobel Prize for Physics for his work on blue LED technology—is quoted in a December 2014 *WIPO Magazine* article:

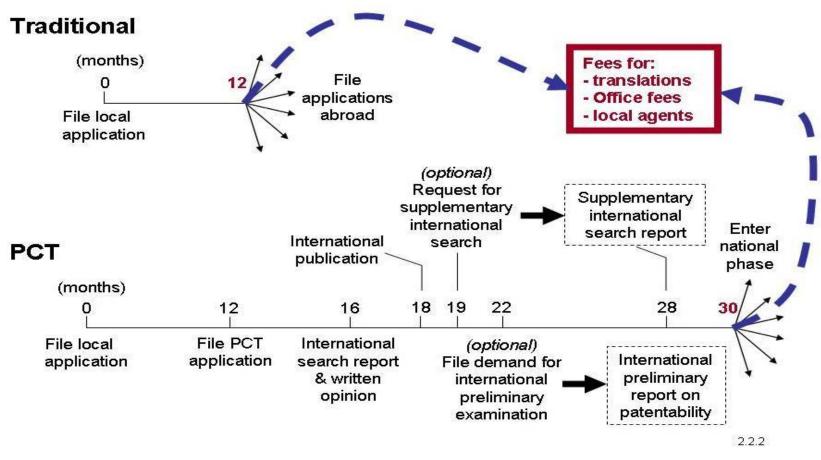


"... The PCT is critical for these early stage technologies because it gives us the opportunity to protect our patents globally while allowing the market and the technology to mature further before determining which countries might be most valuable to commercial partners."



PCT - Seek Patents Globally

Traditional Patent System vs PCT System



International Searching Authorities (22 in total)

- AT Austria
- KR Republic of Korea
- AU Australia
- RU Russian Federation

■ BR − Brazil

- SE Sweden
- CA Canada
- SG Singapore

CL - Chile

UA – Ukraine

■ CN – China

US – United States of America

■ EG – Egypt

EP – European Patent Office

ES - Spain

- XN Nordic Patent Institute (Denmark, Iceland, Norway)
- FI Finland
- XV Visegrad Patent Institute (VPI)
 (Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, Slovakia)

IL – Israel

TR – Turkish Patent and Trademark Office (operational as from 8 March 2017)

- IN India
- JP Japan

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Example: PCT International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210)

C. DOCUM	MENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Х	JP 50-14535 B (NCR CORPORATION) 28 May 1975 (28.05.75), column 4, lines 3 to 27	7-9, 11
X Y A	GB 392415 A (JONES) 18 May 1933 (18.05.33) Fig. 1 page 3, lines 5-7 Fig. 5, support 36	1-3 4, 10 11-12
X Y	GB 2174500 A (STC) 5 November 1986 (05.11.86) page 1, lines 5-15, 22-34, 46-80; Fig. 1	1-3 4
A	US 4322752 A (BIXTY) 30 March 1982 (30.03.82) claim 1	1
A	GREEN, J.P. Integrated Circuit and Electronic Compass, IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletin, ober 1975, Vol. 17, No. 6, pages 1344 and 1345	1-5

Symbols indicating which aspect of patentability the document cited is relevant to (for example, novelty, inventive step, etc.)

Documents relevant to whether or not your invention may be patentable

The claim numbers in your application to which the document is relevant

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PCT Coverage: 152 States

Recent accessions:



Jordan Kuwait Cambodia Costa Rica Côte d'Ivoire Croatia Malawi Guinea-Bissau Poland Cuba Malaysia

Mali

Malta

Mexico

Monaco

Mongolia

Morocco

Namibia

Montenegro

Mozambique

Netherlands

Nicaragua

Niger

Nigeria

Norway

Panama

Papua New Guinea

Oman

Peru

New Zealand

Algeria Angola Antiqua and Barbuda Armenia Australia Austria

Azerbaijan Bahrain

Albania

Barbados Belarus

Belgium Belize

Benin

Bosnia and Herzegovina Botswana

Brazil

Brunei Darussalam

Bulgaria Burkina Faso Cambodia Cameroon

Central African Republic

Canada Chad Chile China Colombia Comoros Congo

Cyprus Czech Republic Democratic People's Republic of Korea Denmark

Djibouti Dominica

Dominican Republic

Ecuador Egypt El Salvador **Equatorial Guinea**

Estonia Finland France, Gabon Gambia Georgia Germany Ghana Greece Grenada Guatemala

Guinea

Honduras Hungary Iceland India Indonesia Iran (Islamic Republic of) Ireland Israel Italy Japan Kazakhstan

Kenva Kuwait Kyrgyzstan Lao People's Dem Rep. Latvia

Lesotho Liberia

Libyan Arab Jamahiriya Liechtenstein

Lithuania Luxemboura Madagascar

Portugal Qatar Republic of Korea Mauritania

Republic of Moldova Romania

Rwanda Russian Federation

Saint Lucia

Saint Vincent and the Grenadines San Marino

Sao Tomé e Principe

Saudi Arabia Senegal Serbia Seychelles Sierra Leone Singapore Slovakia

Slovenia South Africa **Philippines** Spain

Sri Lanka Sudan Swaziland St. Kitts and Nevis Sweden Switzerland

Syrian Arab Republic

Tajikistan Thailand

The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

Togo

Trinidad and Tobago

Tunisia Turkev Turkmenistan Uganda Ukraine

United Arab Emirates United Kingdom

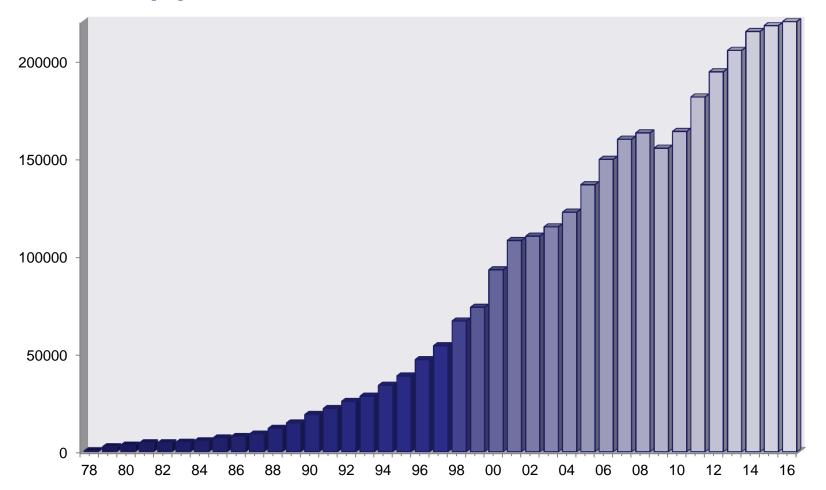
United Republic of Tanzania United States of America

Uzbekistan Viet Nam 7ambia Zimbabwe

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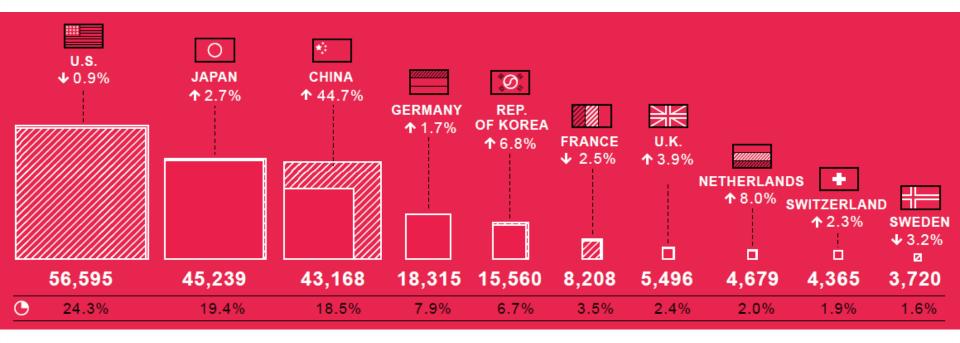
PCT Applications



233,000 international applications in 2016 (+ 7.3 %)



International applications received in 2016 by country of origin



Number of applications and share of total 🥒

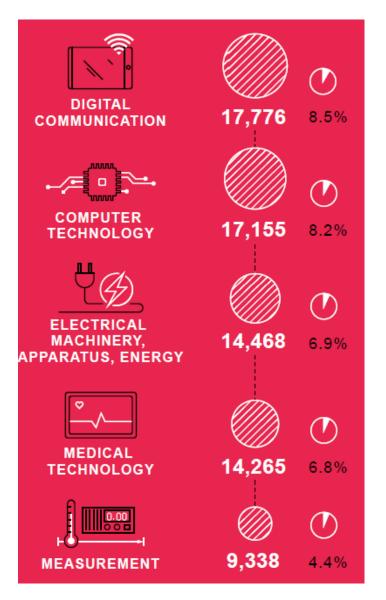


Top 10 PCT Applicants (2016)

Number of published applications	
<u> </u>	- 4,123
→ HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES ↓ 5.3%	- 3,692
QUALCOMM INCORPORATED 1.0%	- 2,466
	2,053
☐ LG ELECTRONICS ↑ 29.6%	1,888
☐ HEWLETT-PACKARD ↑ 33.0%	1,742
# INTEL CORPORATION ↑ 35.4%	1,692
BOE TECHNOLOGY GROUP ↑ 36.3%	1,673
SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS	1,672
SONY CORPORATION ↑ 20.6%	1,665



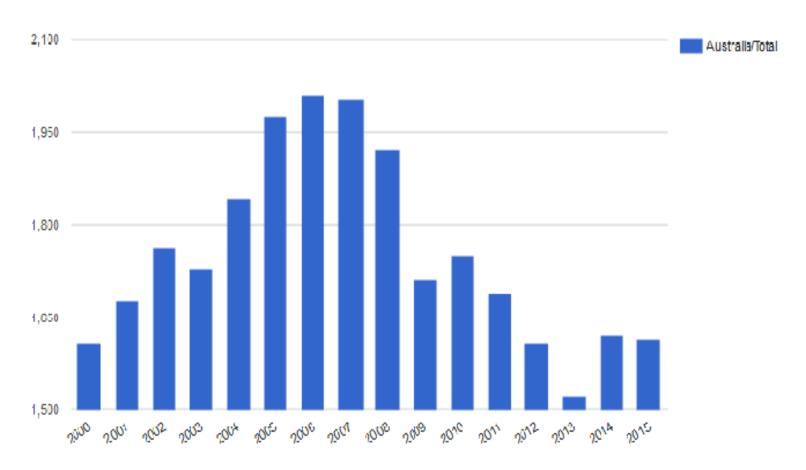
Top 5 Fields of Technology(2016)



Number of published applications and share of total



PCT use in AU



- PCT Member since 1980
- 1,615 PCT applications filed by AU applicants in 2015 with RO/AU

Top PCT applicants by educational institution (2016)

2016	Position	Applicant's Name		Published PCT	
Ranking	Changed	Applicant's Name	Origin	2015	2016
35	15	UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA	United States of America	361	434
83	8	MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY	United States of America	213	236
119	10	HARVARD UNIVERSITY	United States of America	158	162
125	-11	JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY	United States of America	170	158
133	-12	UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SYSTEM	United States of America	163	152
172	63	SEOUL NATIONAL UNIVERSITY	Republic of Korea	95	122
198	25	UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO	Japan	101	108
207	22	LELAND STANFORD JUNIOR UNIVERSITY	United States of America	99	104
220	118	HANYANG UNIVERSITY	Republic of Korea	68	101
232	-23	UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA	United States of America	108	97



Top PCT AU Applicants 2015

Applicant	Publication	Rank
COMMONWEALTH SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH ORGANISATION	35	623
MONASH UNIVERSITY	23	919
RESMED LIMITED	23	919
UNIVERSITY OF QUEENSLAND	23	919
UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY	20	1035
ANSELL LIMITED	17	1210
NEWSOUTH INNOVATIONS PTY LIMITED	15	1366
UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA	15	1366
BREVILLE PTY LIMITED	14	1466
COCHLEAR LIMITED	14	1466

http://www.wipo.int/ipstats/en/statistics/country_profile/NORLD PROPERTY profile.jsp?code=AU

The PCT... and business

Most businesses worldwide which seek and use patents wish to:

- control costs while preserving options
- make informed business decisions
- use the best tools available when seeking protection

The PCT responds to these objectives



PCT Advantages

The PCT, as the cornerstone of the international patent system, provides a worldwide system for simplified filing and processing of patent applications, which—

1. harmonizes formal requirements



Harmonization of formal requirements

PCT Article 27(1): "No national law shall require compliance with requirements relating to the form or contents of the international application different from or additional to those which are provided for in this Treaty and Regulations."

PCT Applicant's Guide, paragraph 4.011: "There is a prescribed form for the international application. This form must be accepted by all designated Offices for the purposes of the national phase, so that there is no need to comply with a great variety of widely differing formal requirements in the many countries in which protection may be sought."



PCT Advantages

The PCT, as the cornerstone of the international patent system, provides a worldwide system for simplified filing and processing of patent applications, which—

- 1. harmonizes formal requirements
- 2. protects applicant from certain inadvertent errors



Protection from inadvertent errors

- invited corrections of defects & fee payments
- non-competent receiving Office
- double formality review
- restoration of the right of priority
- missing parts/incorporation by reference
- rectification of obvious mistakes
- excuse of national phase entry delay



Restoration of the right of priority - Competent Authorities

- RO during the international phase (Rule 26*bis*.3)
- DO during the national phase (Rule 49ter.2)

Restoration of the right of priority Applicable criteria

- Applicable Rules: 26bis.3(a) and 49ter.2(a)
- Two possible criteria for restoration:
 - failure to file the application within the priority period occurred in spite of <u>due care</u> required by the circumstances having been taken
 - failure to file the application within the priority period was <u>unintentional</u>
- All Offices must apply at least one of these criteria and may apply both; designated Offices may also apply a more favorable criterion in accordance with their national law

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Restoration by RO (Rule 26bis.3)

Conditions:

- request to restore must be filed with the RO
- time limit: within a period of 2 months from the date of the expiration of the priority period
- filing of statement of reasons for failure to comply with the time limit
- statement should preferably be accompanied by a declaration or other evidence to support such statement
- where applicable, payment of the required fee

Effects of restoration in the national phase (Rule 49*ter.*1)

- Effect of restoration by RO in the national phase:
 - RO restoration based on the "due care" criterion is effective in all DOs
 - RO restoration based on the "unintentional" criterion is effective in those DOs which apply that criterion (or a more lenient one)
 - RO restoration is not conclusively binding on DOs: limited review by DOs is possible
 - RO refusal to restore is not binding on DOs
- For declarations of incompatibility with the national law (reservations), see the WIPO website at: www.wipo.int/pct/en/texts/reservations/res_incomp.html wipo

Missing elements and parts of the international application (Rule 20) (1)

- Objective: Enable inclusion of accidentally omitted elements or parts that are contained in a priority application without affecting the international filing date
 - element = all of the description or all of the claims
 - part = part of the description, part of claims or part or all of pages of drawings

Missing elements and parts of the international application (Rule 20) (2)

- Conditions:
 - priority must have been claimed on the original filing date (Rule 4.18)
 - priority application contains the element or part (Rule 20.6(b))
 - request contains statement of (conditional) incorporation by reference (Rule 4.18)
 - timely confirmation of incorporation by reference (Rules 20.6 and 20.7)
- Competent Authority: RO



Confirmation of incorporation by reference (Rules 20.6 and 20.7) (1)

- Time limit: two months from filing or from invitation to correct (Rule 20.7)
- Documents to be filed (Rule 20.6):
 - notice of confirmation
 - missing sheets
 - copy of the earlier application as filed unless the priority document already submitted
 - translation if not in the language of the international application
 - indicate where in the priority document (and translation) missing parts are contained



Reinstatement of rights by DO/EOs (Rule 49.6) (1)

- Available in certain DO/EOs, where the applicant has missed the time limit under Article 22 or 39(1) to enter the national phase:
 - unintentionally
 - or at the option of the Office -
 - in spite of due care required by the circumstances

Reinstatement of rights by DO/EOs (Rule 49.6) (2)

- Applicants may submit a request for reinstatement and enter the national phase within:
 - 2 months from the date of removal of the cause of the failure to meet the time limit to enter national phase; or
 - 12 months from the date of expiration of the time limit to enter national phase;
 - whichever period expires first



DO/EOs to which Rule 49.6 does not apply

Notifications of incompatibility with respective national law were filed in accordance with Rule 49.6(f):

CA Canada LV Latvia

CN China MX Mexico

DE Germany NZ New Zealand

IN India PH Philippines

KR Republic of Korea PL Poland

The national law applicable by some of these Offices may nevertheless provide for other forms of protection against loss of rights - for further details, see for each DO/EO, the relevant National Chapter in the *PCT Applicant's Guide*, National Phase



PCT Advantages (5)

The PCT, as the cornerstone of the international patent system, provides a worldwide system for simplified filing and processing of patent applications, which—

- 1. harmonizes formal requirements
- 2. protects applicant from certain inadvertent errors
- 3. can result (if PCT reports are positive) in accelerated national phase processing (PCT-PPH)

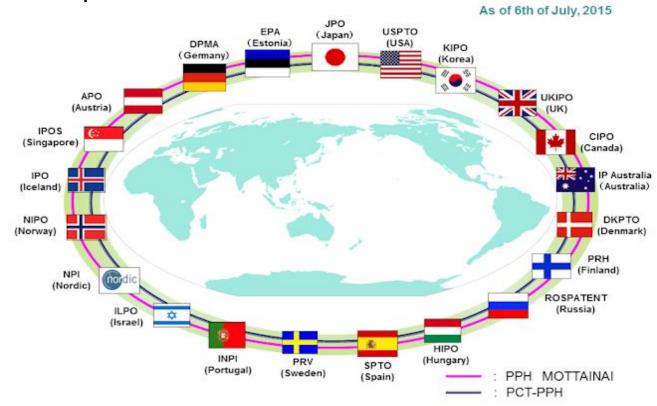


Patent Prosecution Highway (PPH) and PCT

- Accelerated examination in the national phase based on a positive work product of an International Authority (written opinion of the ISA or the IPEA, IPRP (Chapter I or II))
- Conditions:
 - At least one claim has been determined by the ISA or the IPEA to meet the PCT criteria of novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability; and
 - ALL the claims must sufficiently correspond to the claims deemed to meet the PCT criteria (they are of the same or similar scope or they are of narrower scope than the claims in the PCT application)
- Global PPH and PCT:
 - Introduction of Global PPH Pilot in January 2014
 - Single set of qualifying requirements that simplifies the existing PPH network so that it is more accessible for users wipo

Work-Sharing under the PCT

- Patent Prosecution Highway (PPH)
- 112 PCT-PPH pathways for applicants to obtain fast track examination procedure





As of 1st of July 2016



*: GPPH-participating offices

What's new?

- <u>ePCT</u>
- PATENTSCOPE
- WIPO Pearl
- Licensing Availability
- Third Party Observations
- PCT Training Options
- PCT Highlights



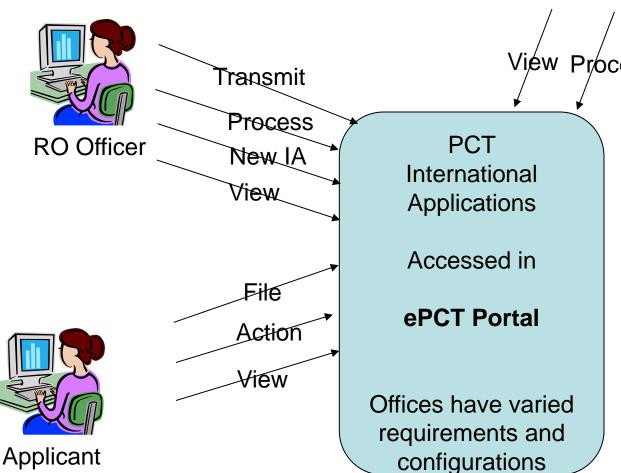
ePCT – a paperless environment

- WIPO online portal that provides e-Services for both applicants and Offices
- User interface available in all (10) PCT publication languages
- Provides secure and direct electronic access to/interaction with International Bureau's PCT application files by applicants/agents
- 30'000 users (5'000 very active in Private Services) in over 100 countries (e.g. US, CA, AU, TR, IN, SE, FI and BR), 67 offices
- ePCT-Filing: -based electronic filing of new PCT applications
 42 ROs accepting ePCT Filings
- More information: https://pct.wipo.int/ePCT

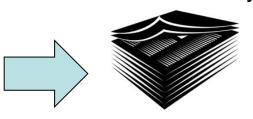


ePCT – Big Picture





Published IAs for National Phase entry



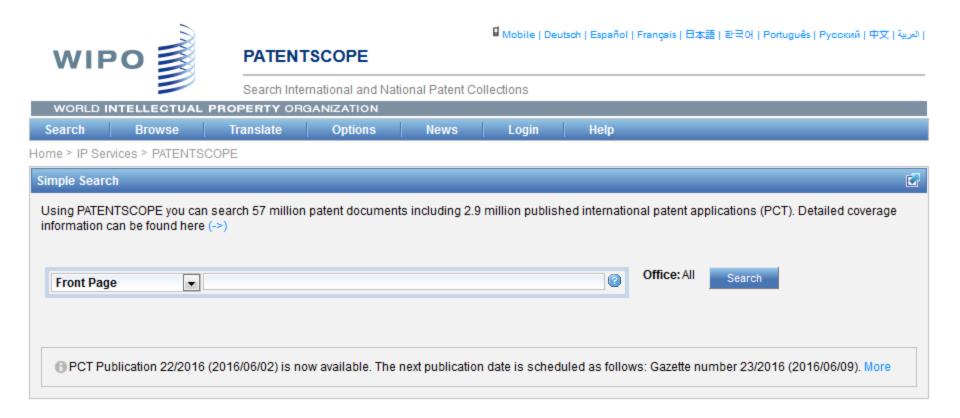
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Future Developments

- Ongoing extension of ePCT-Filing to other receiving Offices
- Support alternative filing methods in ePCT-Filing (e.g., filing package)
- Extend the online payment function to other types of fees for the IB (post-filing)
- Complete redesign of the ePCT "look and feel"
 - New interface and improved workflow
 - Alternatives to digital certificates for authentication
- User documentation/online help in other languages



PATENTSCOPE





WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION

National/regional collections vs national phase

Offices for which PCT national phase information is available in PATENTSCOPE Search Service

Where information is displayed for an office, this indicates that the applicant has requested national phase processing for the application concerned in that office. The national entry date and national reference number are supplied by the national office concerned and can be used to retrieve further details from that office, if desired. The information is updated at different frequencies, depending on the office. Therefore, absence of information for a given office does not necessarily indicate a non-entry in that office. The information displayed on the National Phase Tab is based on data supplied to WIPO by the following national patent offices:

Updated: September 19, 2015

https://patentscope.wipo.int/search/en/nationalphase.jsf

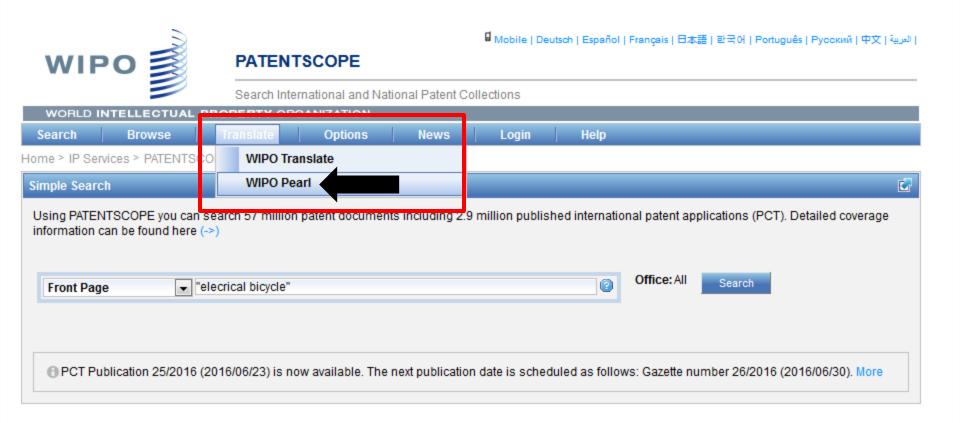
November 20, 1980 | April 29, 2011

Unite	•		
African Regional Intellectual Property Organization	April 30, 1998	August 6, 2008	1,076
Austria	November 28, 1980	November 30, 2011	3,178
Australia	December 5, 1997	October 30, 2015	287,698
Bulgaria	January 6, 2004	December 19, 2007	241
Belarus	February 7, 2007	June 15, 2007	31
Belize	November 13, 2002	February 9, 2007	103
Canada	January 23, 1992	May 25, 2015	503,006
Switzerland	July 8, 2008	October 2, 2015	414
China	July 4, 1995	December 20, 2012	595,797
Cuba	November 3, 2009	June 24, 2011	287
Czech Republic	November 9, 1990	November 18, 2014	27,913

Carmany



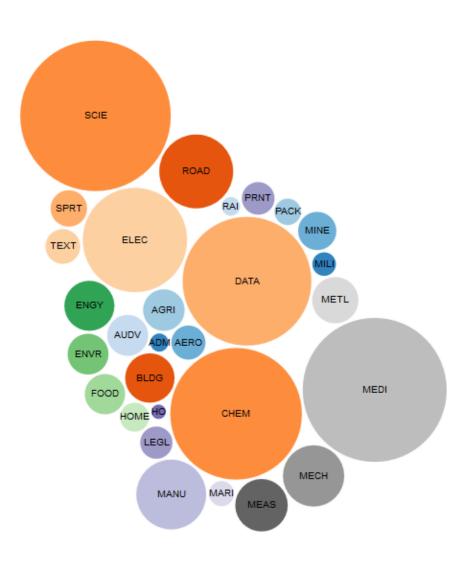
WIPO Pearl





WIPO Pearl

http://www.wipo.int/wipopearl/search/home.html



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WIPO Pearl

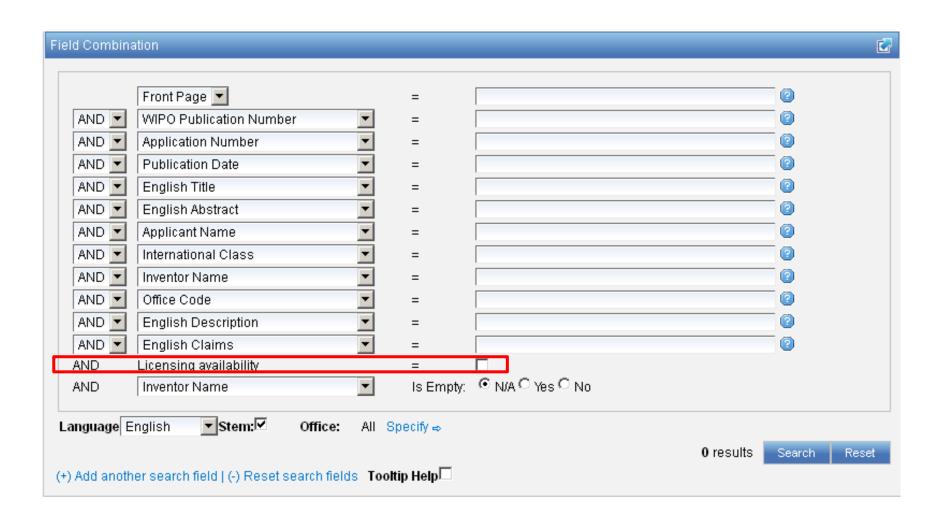
- WIPO's online terminology database
- 17'000 concepts, 115'000 terms
- 10 languages
- Contents validated by WIPO language experts and terminologists



Indication of availability for license

- PCT applicants can indicate in relation to their published applications that the invention is available for license
 - How? Applicants may submit a "licensing request" (see PCT Form <u>PCT/IB/382</u>) directly to the IB
 - When? At the time of filing or within 30 months from the priority date
 - Free of charge
 - Applicants can file multiple licensing requests or update previously submitted ones (within 30 months from the priority date); such requests may be revoked by the applicant at any time, that is, also after 30 months from the priority date
- Submitted licensing indications made publicly available after international publication of the application on PATENTSCOPE under "Bibliographic data" tab with a link to the submitted licensing request itself
- International applications containing such licensing indication requests can be searched in PATENTSCOPE
- Most use thus far from universities/research institutions

Interface: Field Combination - Structured



Additional search fields can be selected



Third Party Observations

- Allows third parties to submit prior art observations relevant to <u>novelty</u> and <u>inventive step</u> as to published PCT applications
 - Goal: Improve patent quality--give national offices (and PCT Authorities)
 better/more complete information on which to base their decisions
- Web-based system using in PATENTSCOPE or via ePCT public services

 PCT Biblio. Data Description Claims National Phase Notices Drawings Documents
- Free-of-charge
- Submissions possible until the expiration of <u>28 months</u> from the priority date

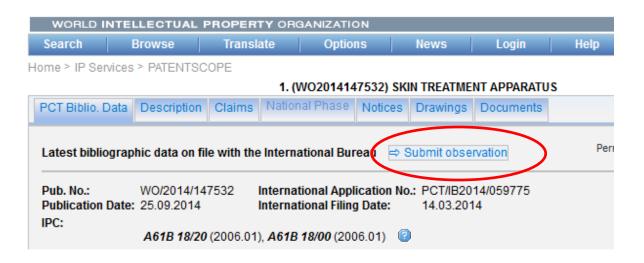
Latest bibliographic data on file with the International Bureau

- Applicants may submit comments in response to submitted observations until the expiration of <u>30 months</u> from the priority date
- Anonymous submission of third party observations possible



Third Party Observations

- The Third Party Observation system enables applicants and third parties to submit observations for use by examining Offices
- Accessible through PatentScope



Accessible through ePCT



PCT Training Options

- 29 PCT training videos on <u>WIPO's Youtube channel</u> and WIPO's PCT page
- PCT <u>distance learning course</u> content available in the 10 PCT publication languages
- PCT webinars
 - providing free updates on developments in PCT procedures, and PCT strategies—previous webinars are archived and freely available
 - upon request also for companies or law firms, for example, for focused training on how to use ePCT
- In-person PCT <u>seminars</u> and training sessions
- Advanced PCT Seminar on WIPO premises (each Fall)

PCT Highlights

- High-level summary of recent and future developments in the PCT, with hyperlinks to more detailed information, databases, videos, etc.
- Targeted, in particular, at managers and attorneys
- Possibility to subscribe to the PCT Highlights mailing list for update notifications
- http://www.wipo.int/pct/en/highlights/index.html

PCT Resources/Information

For further information about the PCT, see

http://www.wipo.int/pct/en/

For general questions about the PCT, contact the PCT Information Service at:

Telephone: (+41-22) 338 83 38

Facsimile: (+41-22) 338 83 39

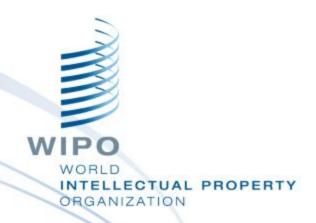
E-mail: pct.infoline@wipo.int





Thank you!

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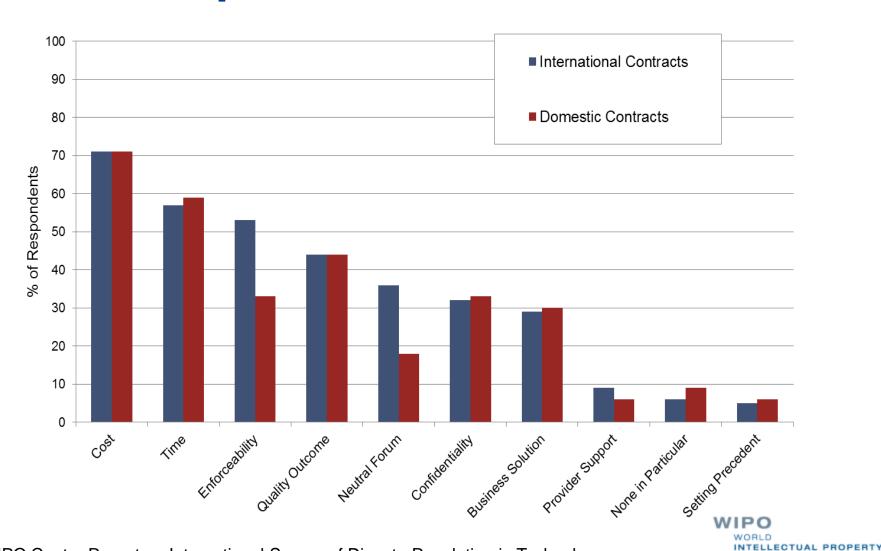
Resolving IP Disputes outside the Courts through WIPO ADR



<u>Speaker</u>: Victor Vázquez López, Head, Section for Coordination of Developed Countries

Sydney, Australia March 20, 2017

Top Ten Priorities in Parties' Choice of Dispute Resolution Clause

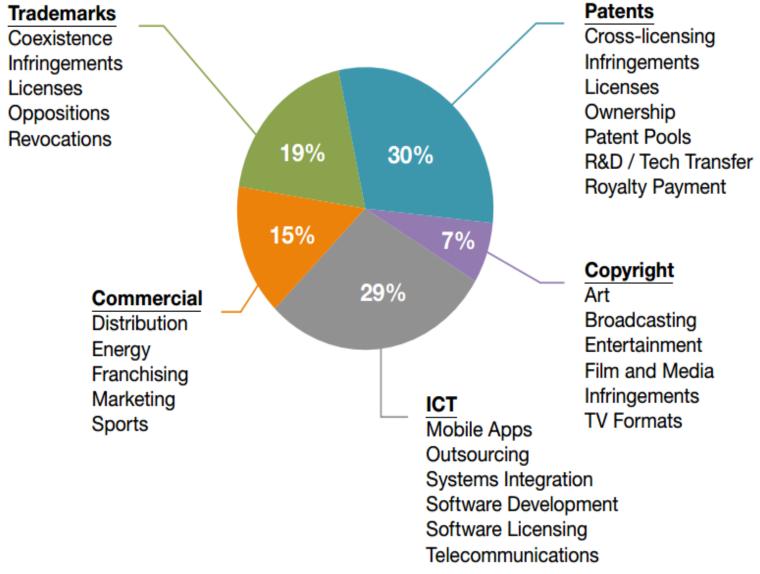


WIPO Arbitration and Mediation Center

- Helps parties resolve <u>IP and technology disputes outside</u> the courts (alternative dispute resolution: ADR)
 - Mediation
 - Arbitration; Expedited arbitration
 - Expert determination
 - Domain name dispute resolution
- WIPO mediators, arbitrators and experts experienced in IP and technology
 - Delivering informed results efficiently
- WIPO Rules tailored to IP and technology disputes
- Competitive fees
- International neutrality



WIPO ADR – Areas of Dispute





WIPO ADR

- WIPO case administration prioritizes time and costs
- Domestic and international disputes (25/75%)
- Location of case decided by parties
- 1,500+ mediators and arbitrators, globally, for appointment
- Amounts in dispute from USD 20,000 to USD 1 billion
- Enforceable arbitration awards (New York Convention)
- Confidential



WIPO Services for Trademark Owners Against Cybersquatting

- 1999: WIPO-created <u>international</u> administrative ADR procedure; Uniform Domain Name Dispute Resolution Policy (UDRP)
- Allows trademark owners to resolve "clear cut" cases of abusive domain name registration and use ("cybersquatting")
- Significantly <u>quicker and cheaper</u> than court litigation
 - Two-month average
 - Fixed fees (USD 1,500)
 - Paperless filing

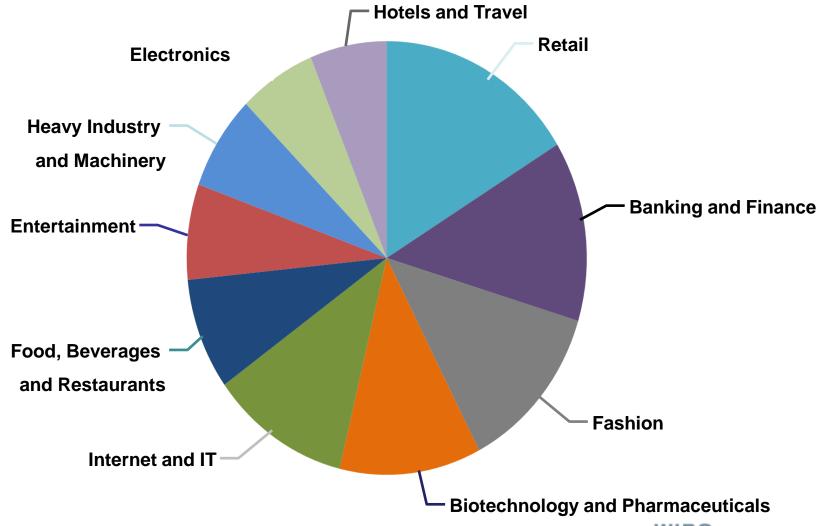


WIPO Services for Trademark Owners Against Cybersquatting continued

- 16 years' experience: 36,000 WIPO cases covering 66,000 domain names
 - Parties from 177 countries
 - Multilingual case administration
- Key online resources for parties
 - WIPO <u>Jurisprudential Overview</u> of Selected UDRP Questions
 - WIPO <u>Legal Index</u> of UDRP Decisions



WIPO Domain Name Cases – Top 10 Areas of Complainant Activity





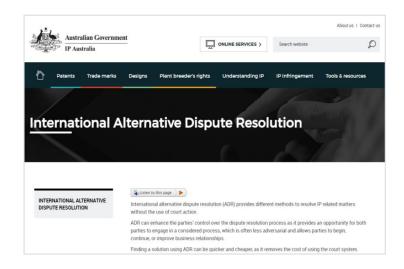
WIPO Mediation Example: IT Dispute

- 2012 European airline agreement with a US software company re. development of worldwide platform for the management of ticket sales
- 2013 professional services agreement: detailed description of the project as well as the support services to be delivered by the software company
- WIPO mediation followed by WIPO expedited arbitration clause
- Airline paid several million USD for the application
- 2015 airline terminated the agreement
- Software company requested that the software be returned
- Airline initiated mediation
- Result: new license



WIPO Center-IP Australia Collaboration

- Since 2017, new initiative to provide WIPO ADR services online
 - High quality videoconferencing facilities
 - Use of WIPO Electronic Case Facility (ECAF) – online case docket



- Case administration
 - Parties agree on appointment of mediator, arbitrator or expert, or
 - Parties may request assistance from WIPO Center to identify suitable candidates, Australia-based or globally
- Parties free to decide where any meetings or hearings will take place
- Model clauses online: http://www.wipo.int/amc/en/clauses/loggenuzation
- Inquiries: <u>arbiter.mail@wipo.int</u>

WIPO Domain Name Disputes: Australia

- WIPO Center-auDA collaboration
 - WIPO administers cases under .au Dispute Resolution Policy (auDRP) since 2001 (updated in 2016)
- 600+ domain name disputes (UDRP + auDRP) filed by Australian complainants
 - Filing parties have included ANZ, BHP Billiton, Billabong, Commonwealth Bank of Australia, Qantas Airways Limited, Telstra, Westfarmers, Woolworths Limited
- 30+ Australian Domain Name Panelists



Further Information on WIPO ADR Services

- Queries and case filing: arbiter.mail@wipo.int
- WIPO Rules, neutrals and case examples: www.wipo.int/amc/
 - Model clauses:
 <u>www.wipo.int/amc/en/clauses/</u>
- WIPO Domain Name Dispute Resolution: www.wipo.int/amc/en/domains/
- Subscribe: WIPO ADR Highlights Newsletter www.wipo.int/newsletters-archive/en/adr_highlights.html





International Registration System of Marks, Madrid –

Management and Maintenance of the International Registration



Matthew Forno
Senior Counsellor, Information and Promotion Division, Madrid Registry

Sydney, Australia 20 March 2017

Protection Options

- The national route file trademark application/s with the IP Office of each country in which you want protection
- The regional route apply through a regional trademark registration system with effect in all member states (ARIPO, Benelux Office for IP, EUIPO and OAPI)
- The international route file through the Madrid System

The International Route

The Madrid System may be preferred when you:

- Seek protection in multiple markets, particularly if these are in different regions
- Want flexibility to add new markets as your export plans develop
- Have limited budget and/or time to spend on registration and management of your trademarks



The Madrid System is Convenient

- Access a centralized filing and management procedure
- File one application, in one language and pay one set of fees for protection in multiple markets
- Expand protection to new markets as your business strategy evolves



The Madrid System is Cost-effective

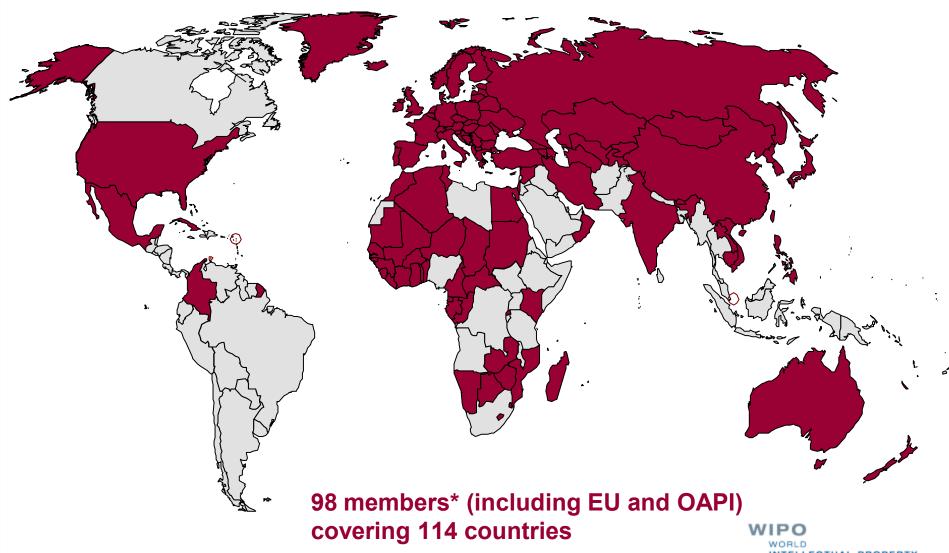
- File an international application, which is the equivalent of a bundle of national applications, effectively saving time and money
- Avoid paying for translations into multiple languages or working through the administrative procedures of multiple IP Offices

The Madrid System Offers Broad Geographic Coverage

- Currently: 114 countries covered by the 98 members
- Markets that represent more than 80% of world trade
- Recent accessions include:
 - 2013: India, Rwanda and Tunisia
 - 2014: OAPI and Zimbabwe
 - 2015: Algeria, Cambodia, The Gambia and Lao People's Democratic Republic
 - 2016: Brunei Darussalam



Members of the Madrid System



*All are party to the Protocol, the governing treaty, while 55 are also party to the Agreement

Accession Outlook - 2017/19

- Africa
 - Malawi
 - Mauritius
 - South Africa

- Asian
 - Malaysia
 - Sri Lanka
 - Thailand
 - Indonesia

- Latin America &
 - the Caribbean
 - Brazil
 - El Salvador
 - Trinidad and Tobago

- Arab Countries
 - Jordan
 - Saudi Arabia

- North America
 - Canada

How the Madrid System Works

The International Trademark Registration Process





Stage 1

Application through your Office of origin

- To be entitled to use the Madrid System, you must:
 - Have a real and effective industrial or commercial establishment in, or
 - Be domiciled in, or
 - Be a national of a member of the Madrid System
- Before filing an international application, you need to have registered or filed an application (basic mark) in your Office of origin
- Submit an international application through this same IP Office, which will certify and forward it to WIPO



Stage 2

Formal examination by WIPO

- WIPO conducts a formalities examination
- Once requirements have been met, the mark is recorded in the International Register
- WIPO sends a certificate of international registration to the holder and notifies the IP Offices, of the designated Contracting Parties, in which protection is sought
- The scope of protection is not known at this stage. It is only determined after substantive examination and decision by the IP Offices, as outlined in Stage 3

Stage 3

Substantive examination by IP Offices (Office of the designated Contracting Party)

- IP Offices make a decision within 12 or 18 months in accordance with their legislation. WIPO records the decisions and notifies you
- If an IP Office refuses to protect your mark, it will not affect the decisions of other offices. You can contest a refusal decision before the IP Office concerned
- If an IP Office accepts to protect your mark, it will issue statement of grant of protection
- The international registration is **valid for 10 years**.

 Renew directly with WIPO with effect in the designated Contracting Parties

LECTUAL PROPERTY

Costs

Fees are payable to WIPO in Swiss francs

- Basic fee*, which includes 3 classes of goods/services
 - 653 Swiss francs b/w reproduction of mark
 - 903 Swiss francs color reproduction of mark
- Fees for designating Contracting Parties (dCP)
 - Standard fees complementary (100 Swiss francs per dCP) and supplementary (100 Swiss francs per class beyond 3)

OR

Individual fees where this is declared



^{*} Applicants from Least Developed Countries benefit from a 90% reduction in the basic fee

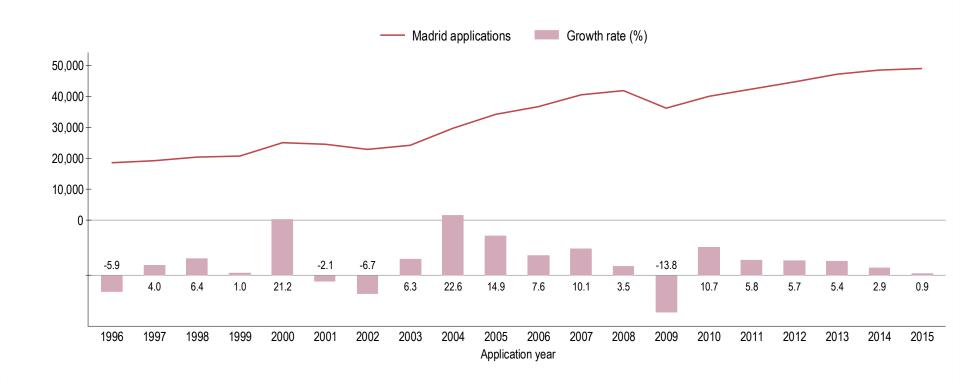
Madrid System: Key Figures

Description	Number
International registrations	44,726
Renewals	29,218
Active international registrations	634,600
Active designations in international registrations	5,714,9 09
Overall Madrid share (non-resident trademark filing, Madrid members only)	63%



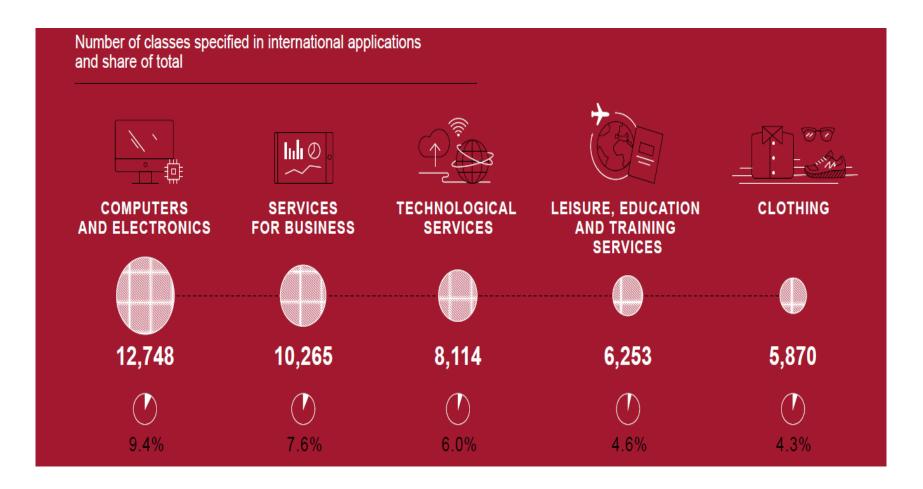
International Applications

Figure A.1.1 Trend in international applications



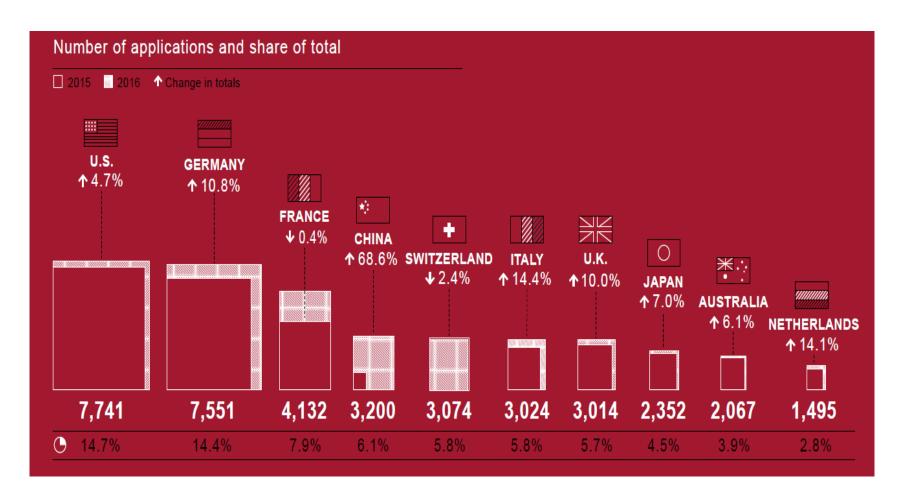


Top Five Classes



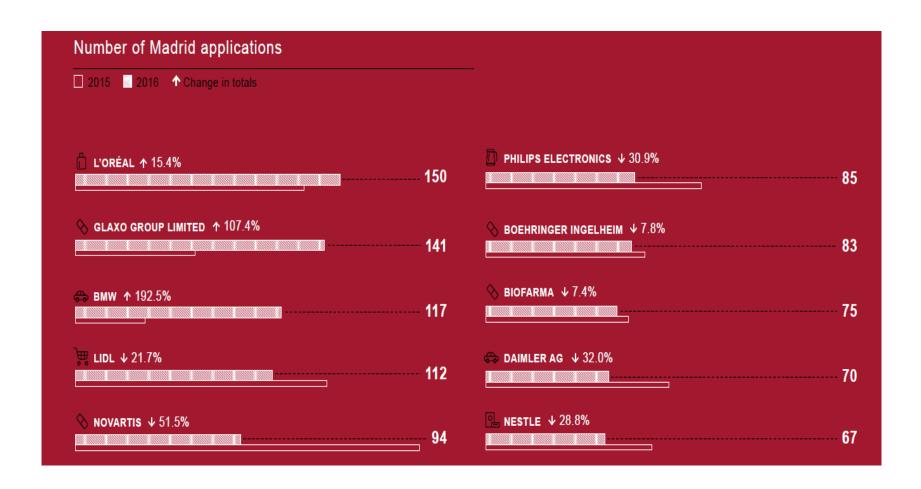


Top Ten Countries



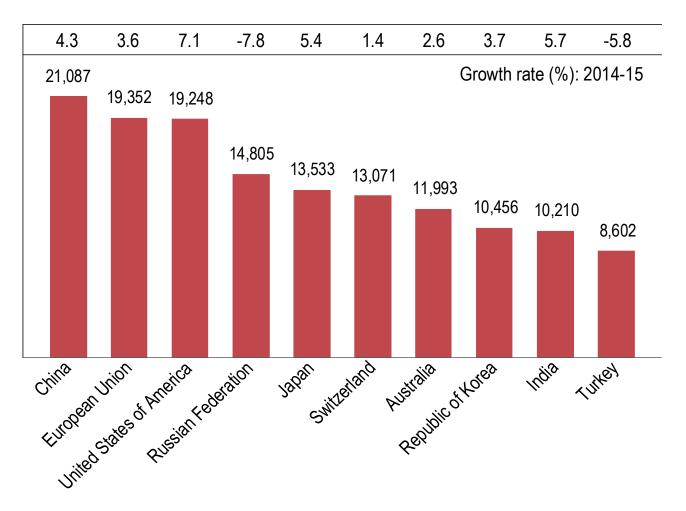


Top Ten Applicants





Top Designated Contracting Parties



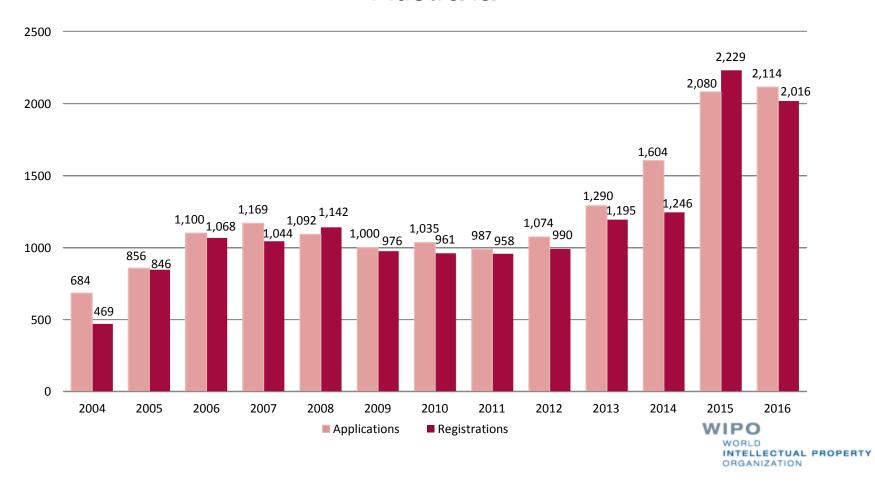
Madrid member



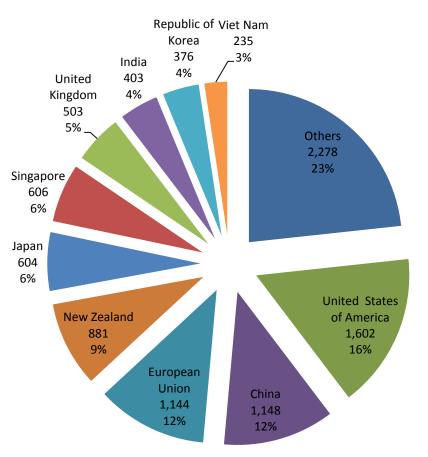
International Applications and Registrations: Australia

International Applications and Registrations by Office of Origin:

Australia



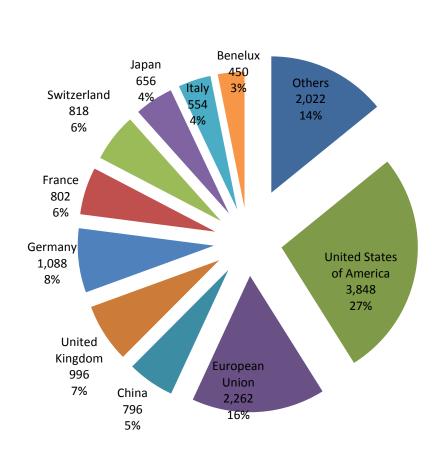
Top 10 Designated Madrid Members by Australian Holders



Designations in International Registrations and Subsequent Designations by designated Contracting Parties, Country of Holder: Australia (2015)



Designations of Australia by Madrid Members



Designations of Australia in International Registrations and Subsequent Designations by Country of Holder (2015)



Online Resources and E-Services

- The Madrid Website provides information on how to search before filing, file an application and how to monitor and manage your registration.
- Madrid E-Services are available to assist you at each stage of your mark's lifecycle:

Online Resources and E-Services

search

file

monitor

manage

Global Brand Database

- search existing marks from national & international sources
- trademarks, appellations of origin and emblems

Madrid Goods & Services Manager

 compile a list of approved goods & services terms in 18 languages

Member Profiles Database

Madrid Monitor

- track real-time status of registration
- watch competitors' marks
- e-alerts
- consult the WIPO Gazette

Madrid Portfolio Manager

- access documents
- request changes
- designate, modify & renew
- pay fees
- obtain extracts

WIPO

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
ORGANIZATION

Developments

- New IT platform Madrid International Registrations Information System (MIRIS)
- Legal developments: Rules Changes and Madrid System Working Group/Roundtable
- Classification Guidelines
- WIPO Current Account

Legal Developments

Amendments to the Common Regulations

Madrid System Working Group - WG (June 19 to 22, 2017)

- Possible simplification of the replacement procedure
- Analysis of responsibility in examining limitations (roles of the Office of Origin and Office of the dCPs)

Madrid System Roundtable (June 19 to 22, 2017)

- Classification guidelines
- Correspondence of marks Questionnaire



Classification Guidelines

- Purpose to decrease irregularities
- Describes the classification practices at WIPO
- Divided into three sections:
 - General information Nice Classification and Madrid
 - Classification principles applied by WIPO
 - Practical information on the acceptable format to list indications of goods and services

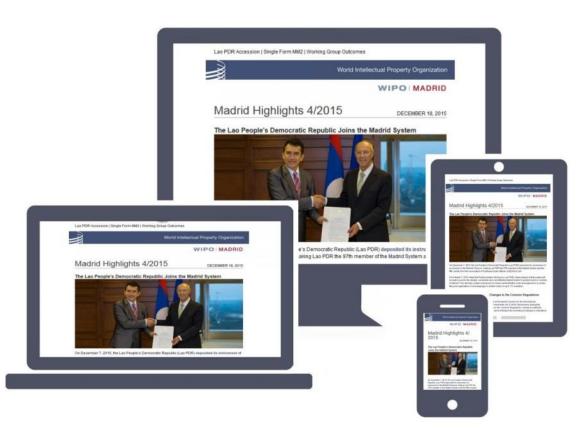


WIPO Current Account Changes

- No minimum number of transactions
- Initial payment of CHF 2,000
- Minimum balance notification sent to customers if balance is less than CHF 200
- A form to open the account available on the website
- Email address required
- Account statement sent by email only

Keep Updated on the Madrid System

- Visit the Madrid Website <u>www.wipo.int/madrid/en</u>
- Subscribe to
 Madrid Notices,
 our regular legal
 and news updates
- Sign up forMadrid Highlights





Thank you for your attention

matthew.forno@wipo.int



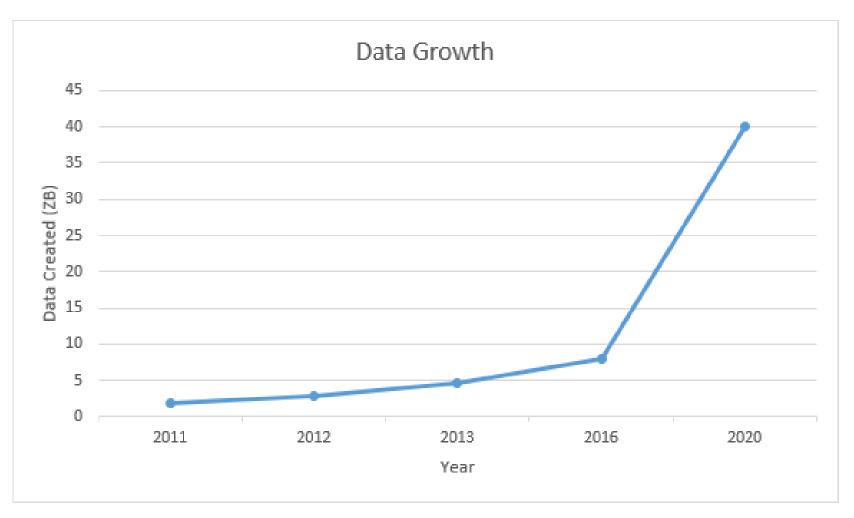
Global IP Infrastructure



Yo TAKAGI, Assistant Director General, Global Infrastructure Sector

> Sydney, Australia March 20, 2017

Big Data!



Source: Gartner



WIPO's Response

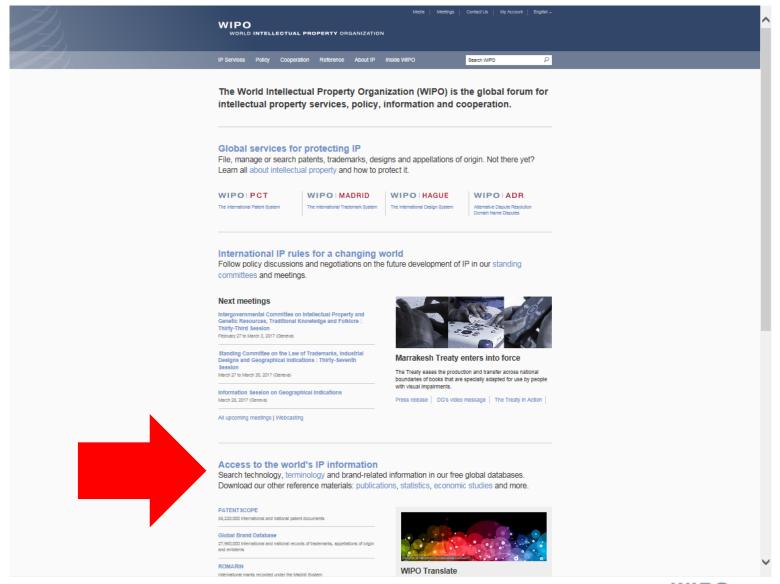
- Legal Framework (IP treaties)
- Systems (PCT, Madrid, Hague, AMC)
- Global IP Infrastructure
 - Global IP Data Standardization (IPOs)
 - Global generation of digital IP data (IPOs)
- Global Databases (IPOs and users)
- Global Platforms (IPOs and users)

Use Global Databases to increase IP Intelligence for Your Business Strategy

- Find a good name for your company and product/service Global Brand Database
- Design your new productGlobal Design Database
- Make sure that your idea/technology is new PATENTSCOPE
- Check if your target markets protect your IP WIPO Lex



Global IP Databases: Access Point



WIPO
WORLD
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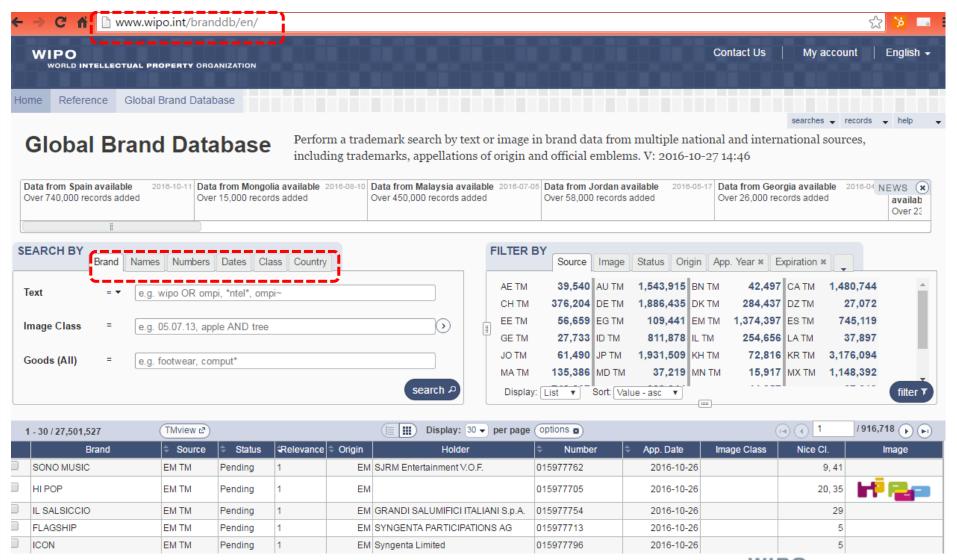
Global Brand Database

- Over 28 million records relating to nationally and internationallyprotected trademarks
- Allows searches across multiple collections, including:
 - Trademarks registered under Madrid System and EUIPO
 - Appellations of Origin registered under Lisbon System
 - Emblems protected under the Paris Convention 6ter
 - 31 national collections, with more to come soon





Global Brand Database



WIPO
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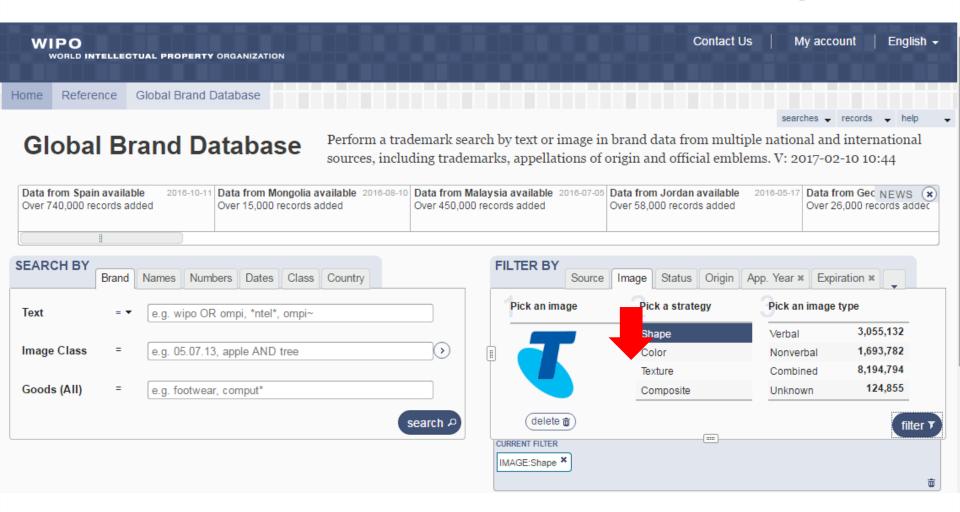
IMAGE SEARCH

- Sort your results by their visual similarity to an image you provide
- World's first public trademark database to provide search by image
- Choose the search strategy best suited to your particular mark

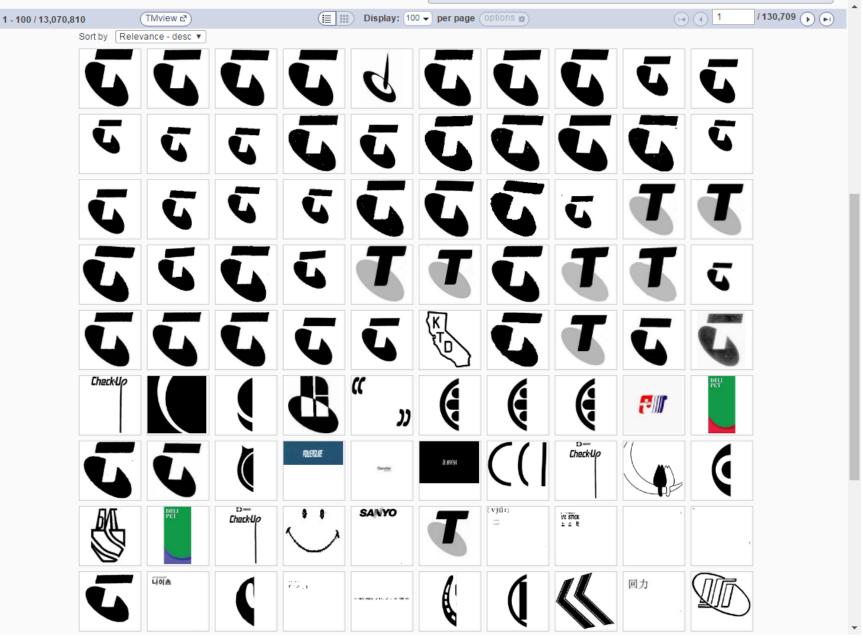




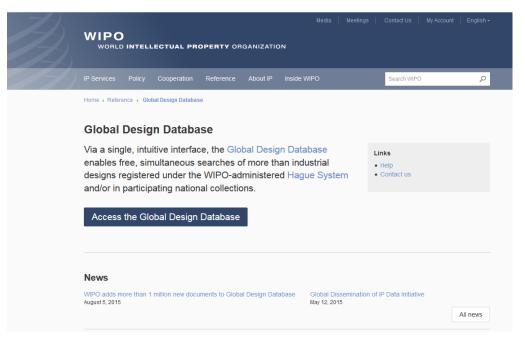
Image Search Use of AI to match similar images







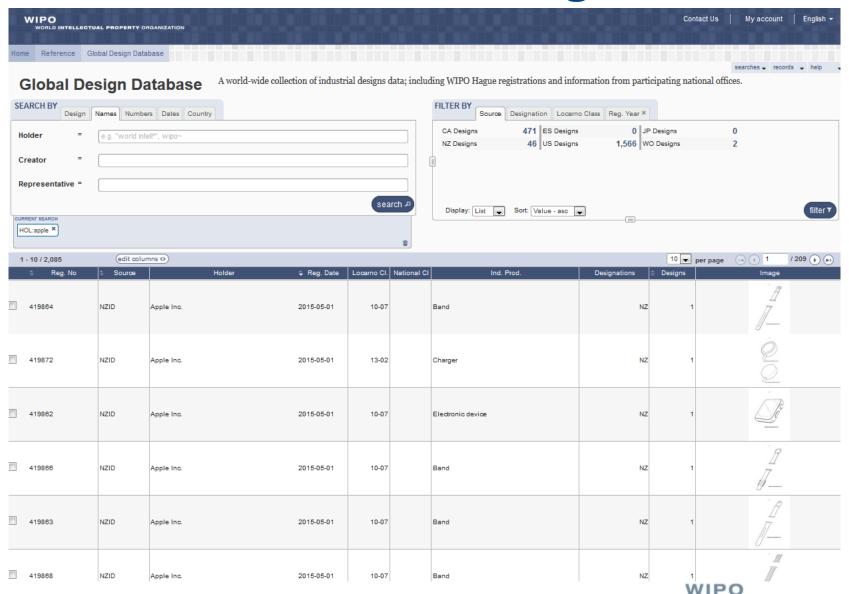
Global Design Database



- Launched in 2015
- Simultaneous search of more than 1.7 million industrial designs registered in 6 national collections or under the Hague System



iWatch in the Global Design Database

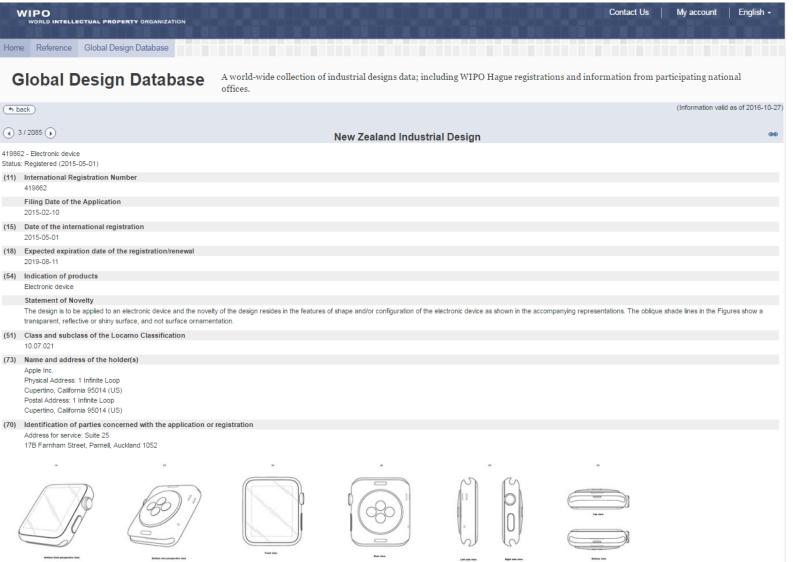


WORLD

ORGANIZATION

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

An example of a Design Database Entry



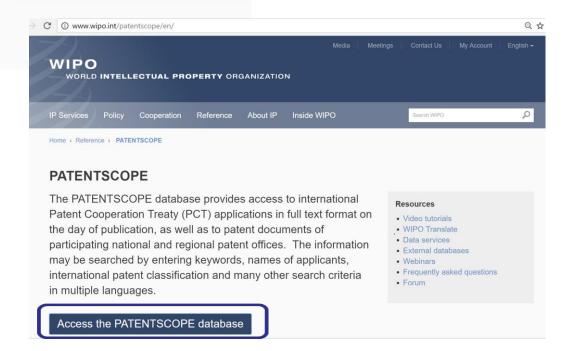


PATENTSCOPE

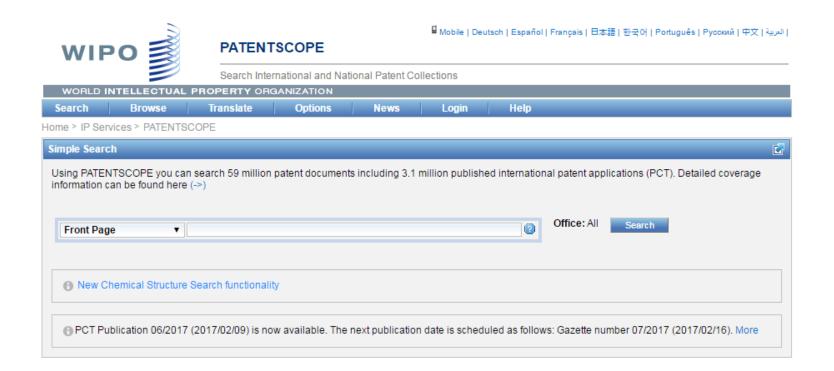


26,690,000 international and national records of trademarks, appellations of origin and emblems ROMARIN International marks recorded under the Madrid System Global Design Database 1,600,000 industrial design registrations from the Hague System and participating national collections

14100 records of national IP laws and treaties of some 200 countries





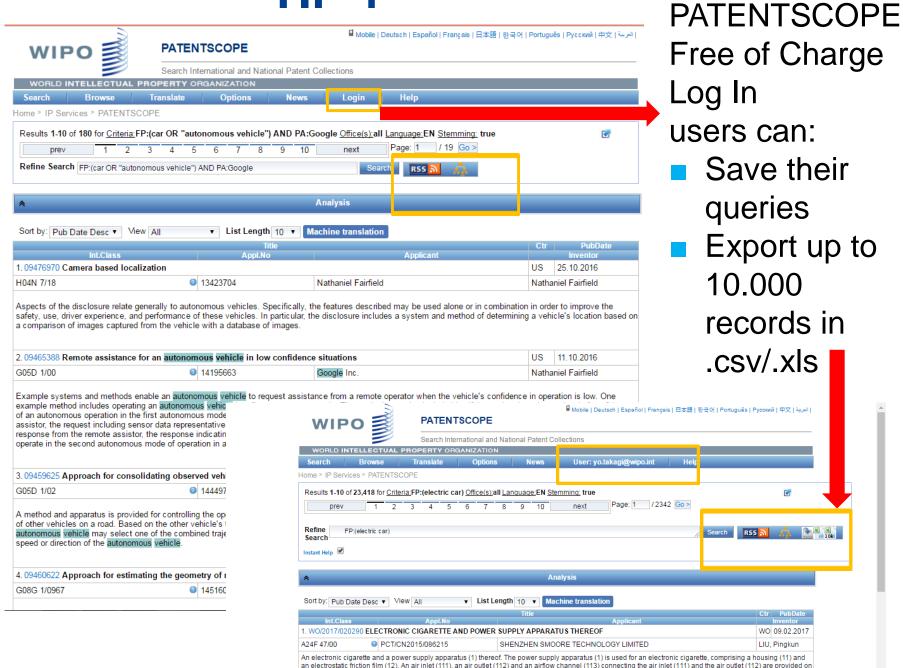


- 3.1 million published PCT applications
- 60 million patent documents (40 regional or national collections)

5 Great TIPS!

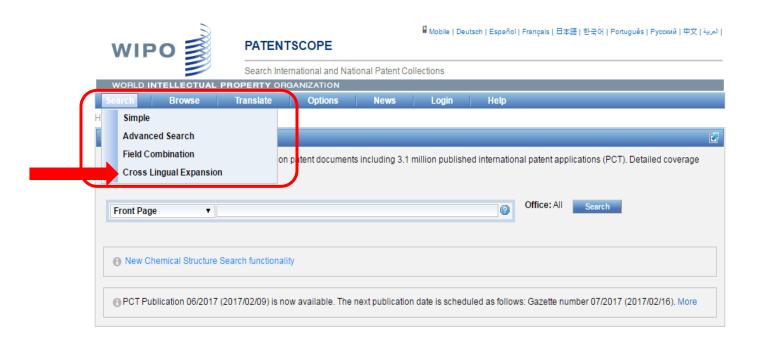






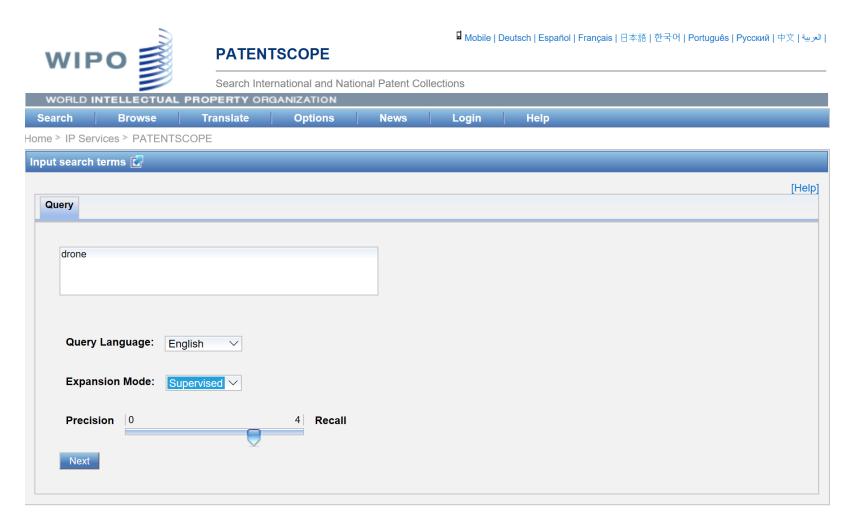
Registered

TIP 2 Cross Lingual Search



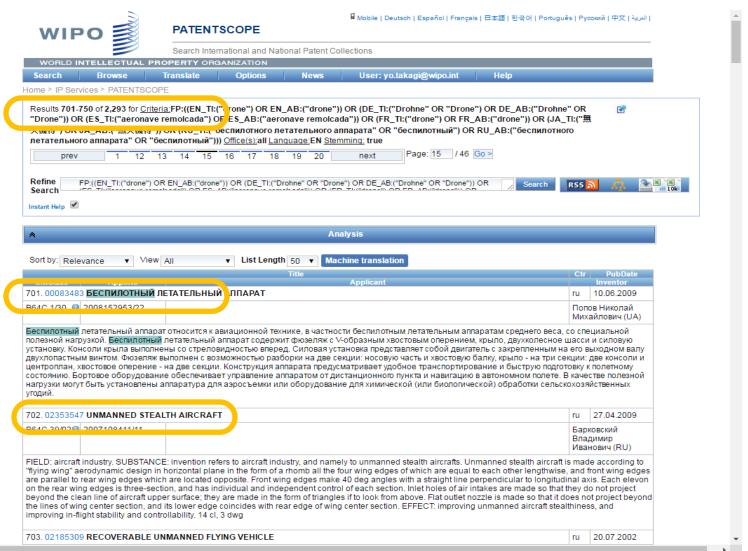


Example: Drone





50% more results

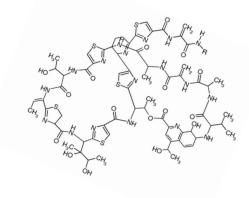




TIP 3 Chemical Compounds Search

- Recognize chemical compounds in patent texts and from embedded drawings included in patent texts
- Standardize all the different representations of chemical structures into Inchikeys and annotate the document

Implement search functions for Inchikeys that can be used by non chemists





Example: Panadol®

Panadol

Absorbed faster

tiun negular Poundol tablets
Effective on pain
Gentle on stomach:

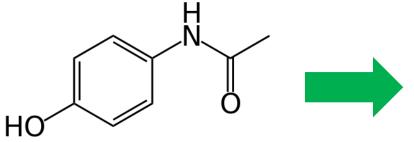
TABLETS

fast belief corpuse of FANCETMAC. Storey AUST R 18045

(1) IUPAC name

N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamide

(2) Skeletal formula



InchiKey
RZVAJINKPMORJF-UHFFFAOYSA-N

(3) International Non proprietary Name (INN)

Paracetamol

(4) Trademark, generic name, other names

Panadol, Tylenol, Acetaminophen, etc.



Chemical Compounds Search Log In First!







PATENTSCOPE



Search for scaffold: ☐ Office: All Specify ⇒

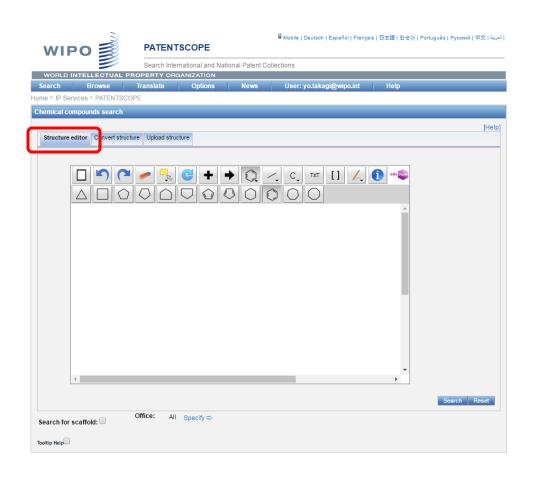
Choose File | No file chosen

Tooltip Help



Show in editor Reset

Chemical Compound Search

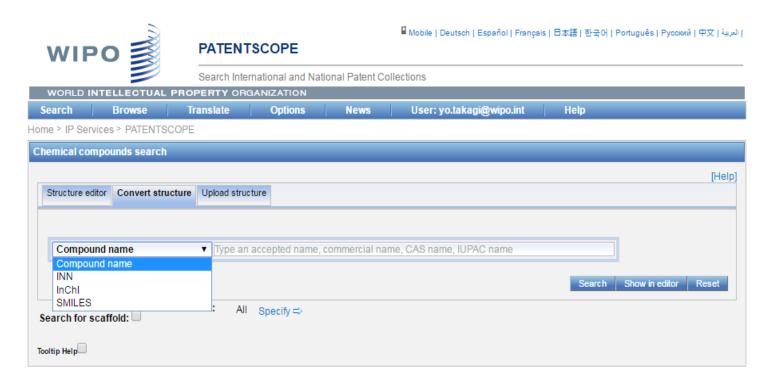


Draw or edit:

- Chemical structures
- Reactions
- Fragments similar to chemical sketches on paper



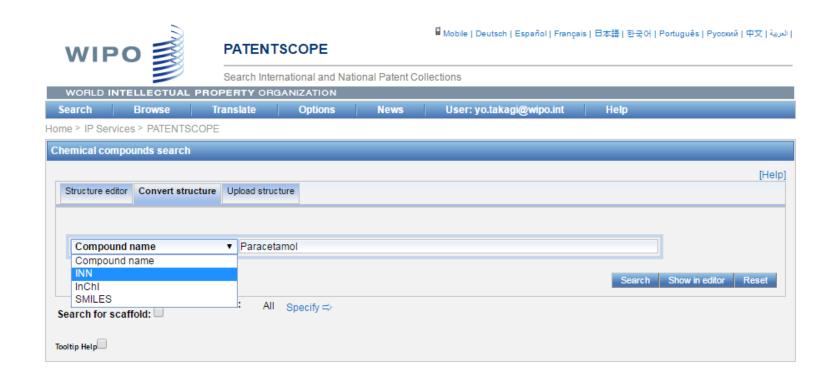
Convert Structure



- PCT/US chemically indexed since 1978(PCT) and 1979(US)
- Code/clinical/chemical/commercial/CAS/INN names
- Exact compounds can be searched no Markush structures



Example: Panadol (Paracetamol)



3. WO/2017/013183 COMPOSITIONS FOR PROTECTING SKIN COMPRISING DNA REPAIR ENZYMES AND PHYCOBILIPROTEIN WO 26.01.2017

A61K 8/66 PCT/EP2016/067328 GREENALTECH, S.L RUIZ CANOVAS, Eugenia

The invention relates to compositions for repairing the adverse effects of the environment daily stress, sun exposure or premature-aging on human skin which comprise a DNA repair enzyme and a phycobiliprotein.

4. WO/2017/013228 HAND-HELD TEST METER WITH FLUID INGRESS DETECTION CIRCUIT

WO 26.01.2017

COLAN 27/227 COLOR DOLLAR DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE



Help



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PATENTSCOPE

Search International and National Patent Collections

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION

Translate Options Search

Browse

Machine translation

Compounds

1. (WO2017012647) NOVEL COMPOUNDS AND PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS THEREOF FOR THE TREATMENT OF INFLAMMATORY DISORDERS

User: yo.takagi@wipo.int

Latest bibliographic data on file with the International Bureau Submit observation

PermaLink @

Pub. No.:

WO/2017/012647 Publication Date: 26.01.2017

PCT Biblio, Data | Description | Claims | National Ph

International Application No.: PCT/EP2015/066520 International Filing Date: 20.07.2015

Notices

IPC:

C07D 471/04 (2006.01), A61K 31/437 (2006.01), A61P 29/00 (2006.01), A61P 37/08 (2006.01), A61P 35/00 (2006.01)

Applicants:

GALAPAGOS NV [BE/BE]; Generaal De Wittelaan L11/A3 B-2800 Mechelen (BE)

Inventors:

MENET, Christel, Jeanne, Marie: (BE).

MAMMOLITI, Oscar: (BE). QUINTON, Evelyne; (BE)

JOANNESSE, Caroline, Martine, Andrée-Marie; (BE).

DE BLIECK, Ann; (BE). BLANC, Javier; (ES)

Agent:

BAR, Grégory, Louis, Joseph: (BE)

Priority Data:

Title

(EN) NOVEL COMPOUNDS AND PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS THEREOF FOR THE TREATMENT OF INFLAMMATORY

DISORDERS

(FR) NOUVEAUX COMPOSÉS ET COMPOSITIONS PHARMACEUTIQUES LES COMPRENANT POUR LE TRAITEMENT DE

TROUBLES INFLAMMATOIRES

Abstract:

(EN)The present invention discloses compounds according to Formula (I), wherein R1. R3, R4, R5, L1, and Cv are as defined herein. The present invention also provides compounds, methods for the production of said compounds of the invention. pharmaceutical compositions comprising the same and their use in allergic or inflammatory conditions, autoimmune diseases, proliferative diseases, transplantation rejection, diseases involving impairment of cartilage turnover, congenital cartilage malformations, and/or diseases associated with hypersecretion of IL6 and/or interferons. The present invention also methods for the prevention and/or treatment of the

aforementioned diseases by administering a compound of the invention.

(FR)La présente invention concerne des composés de formule (I), dans laquelle R1, R3,

R4, R5, L1, et Cy sont tels que définis dans la description. La présente invention concerne également des composés, des procédés de production desdits composés, des

compositions pharmaceutiques les comprenant et leur utilisation dans des troubles

allergiques ou inflammatoires, des maladies auto-immunes, des maladies prolifératives, des rejets de transplantation, des maladies impliquant un trouble du renouvellement du cartilage, des malformations congénitales du cartilage, et/ou des maladies associées à une hypersécrétion de l'IL-6 et/ou des interférons. La présente invention concerne également des méthodes de prévention et/ou de

traitement de ces maladies consistant à administrer un composé de l'invention.

Designated States:

AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IR, IS, JP, KE, KG, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LU, LY, MA,

MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SA, SC, SD, SE, SG,

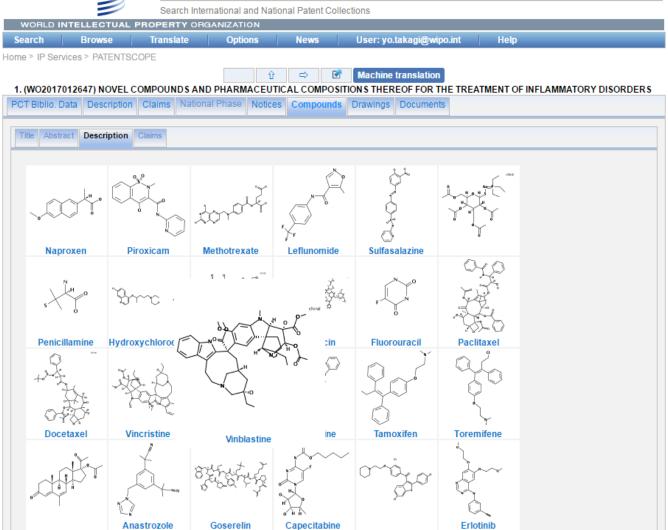
SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.

African Regional Intellectual Property Organization (BW. GH. GM. KE, LR, LS, MW. MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, ST, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW)

WIPO WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION



PATENTSCOPE



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

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to reduce or prevent, respectively, cartilage degradation in the joints of said patient, and preferably terminate, the self-perpetuating processes responsible for said degradation. In a particular embodiment said compound may exhibit cartilage anabolic and/or anti-catabolic properties.

[0208] Injection dose levels range from about 0.1 mg/kg/h to at least 10 mg/kg/h, all for from about 1 to about 120 h and especially 24 to 96 h. A preloading bolus of from about 0.1 mg/kg to about 10 mg/kg or more may also be admi exceed about 2 g/day for a 40 to 80 kg human patient.

[0209] For the prophylaxis and/or treatment of long-term conditions, s months or years so oral dosing is preferred for patient convenience a doses per day are representative regimens. Using these dosing patte with particular doses each providing from about 0.1 to about 10 mg/k

[0210] Transdermal doses are generally selected to provide similar of

[0211] When used to prevent the onset of a condition, a compound of on the advice and under the supervision of a physician, at the dosage include those that have a family history of the condition, or those who developing the condition.

[0212] A compound of the invention can be administered as the sole other compounds that demonstrate

the same or a similar therapeutic activity and that are determined to s administration of two (or more) agents allows for significantly lower d

[0213] In one embodiment, a compound of the invention or a pharma medicament. In a specific embodiment, said pharmaceutical compos

[0214] In one embodiment, a compound of the invention is co-admini involving inflammation; particular agents include, but are not limited t dexamethasone), cyclophosphamide, cyclosporin A, tacrolimus, Myc acetaminophen, ibuprofen, naproxen, and piroxicam.

[0215] In one embodiment, a compound of the invention is co-admini rheumatoid arthritis); particular agents include but are not limited to a Sulfasalazine example but without limitation methotrexate, leflunomide, sulfasalazi azathioprine, and ciclosporin), and biological DMARDS (for example

myeloproliferative disease and leukaemia.

s=0

the regimen for treatment usually stretches over many one to five and especially two to four and typically three oral bout 0.01 to about 20 mg/kg of a compound of the invention. ut 5 mg/kg.

eady state levels. The maximum total dose is not expected to

hieved using injection doses.

ed to a patient at risk for developing the condition, typically its at risk for developing a particular condition generally testing or screening to be particularly susceptible to

stered in combination with other therapeutic agents, including

bined administration. In a specific embodiment, coreducing the side effects seen.

a compound of the invention is administered as a ther active ingredient.

agent for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of a disease . azathioprine, corticosteroids (e.g. prednisolone or -CD3 (OKT3, e.g. Orthocolone®), ATG, aspirin,

agent for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of arthritis (e.g. lammatory drugs (NSAIDS), steroids, synthetic DMARDS (for lalate, penicillamine, chloroguine, hydroxychloroguine, Etanercept, Adalimumab, Rituximab, and Abatacept).

[0216] In one embodiment, a compound of the invention is co-administered with another therapeutic agent for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of proliferative disorders; particular agents include but are not limited to: methotrexate, leukovorin, adriamycin, prenisone, bleomycin, cyclophosphamide, 5-fluorouracil, paclitaxel, docetaxel, vincristine, vinblastine, vinorelbine, doxorubicin, tamoxifen, toremifene, megestrol acetate, anastrozole, goserelin, anti-HER2 monoclonal antibody (e.g. HerceptinTM), capecitabine, raloxifene hydrochloride, EGFR inhibitors (e.g. Iressa®, Tarceva™, Erbitux™), VEGF inhibitors (e.g. Avastin™), proteasome inhibitors (e.g., VelcadeTM), Glivec® and hsp90 inhibitors (e.g., 17-AAG), Additionally, a compound of the invention may be administered in

[0217] In one embodiment, a compound of the invention is co-administered with another therapeutic agent for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of autoimmune diseases, particular agents include but are not limited to: glucocorticoids, cytostatic agents (e.g. purine analogs), alkylating agents, (e.g. nitrogen mustards (cyclophosphamide), nitrosoureas, platinum compounds, and others), antimetabolites (e.g. methotrexate, azathioprine and mercaptopurine), cytotoxic antibiotics (e.g. dactinomycin anthracyclines, mitomycin C, bleomycin, and mithramycin), antibodies (e.g. anti-CD20, anti-CD25 or anti-CD3 (OTK3) monoclonal antibodies, Atgam® and Thymoglobuline®), cyclosporin, tacrolimus, rapamycin (sirolimus), interferons (e.g., IFN-8), TNF binding proteins (e.g., infliximab (Remicade™), etanercept (Enbrel™), or adalimumab (Humira™)), mycophenolate, Fingolimod and Myriocin.

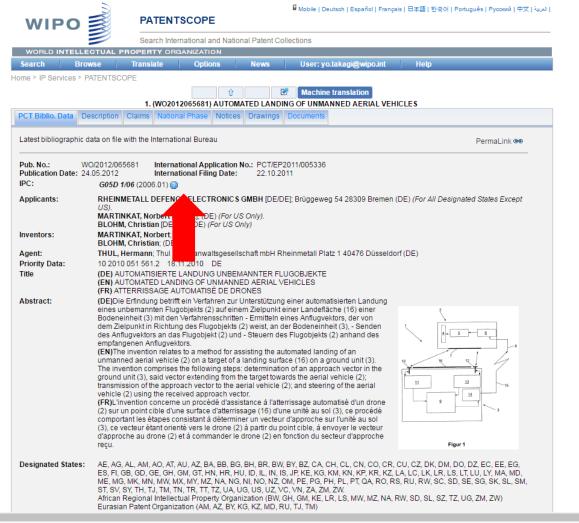
combination with other therapies including, but not limited to, radiotherapy or surgery. In a specific embodiment the proliferative disorder is selected from cancer.

[0218] In one embodiment, a compound of the invention is co-administered with another therapeutic agent for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of transplantation. rejection, particular agents include but are not limited to: calcineurin inhibitors (e.g. cyclosporin or tacrolimus (FK506)), mTOR inhibitors (e.g. sirolimus, everolimus), anti-proliferatives (e.g. azathioprine, mycophenolic acid), corticosteroids (e.g. prednisolone, hydrocortisone). Antibodies (e.g. monoclonal anti-IL-2Ra receptor antibodies, basiliximab, daclizumab), polyclonal anti-T-cell antibodies (e.g. anti-thymocyte globulin (ATG), anti-lymphocyte globulin (ALG)).

102191 In one embodiment, a compound of the invention is co-administered with another therapeutic agent for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of asthma and/or rhinitis and/or COPD, particular agents include but are not limited to: beta2-adrenoceptor agonists (e.g. salbutamol, levalbuterol, terbutaline and bitolterol), epinephrine (inhaled or tablets), anticholinergics (e.g. ipratropium bromide), glucocorticoids (oral or inhaled) Long-acting p2-agonists (e.g. salmeterol, formoterol, bambuterol, and sustained-release oral albuterol), combinations of inhaled steroids and long-acting bronchodilators (e.g., fluticasone/salmeterol,

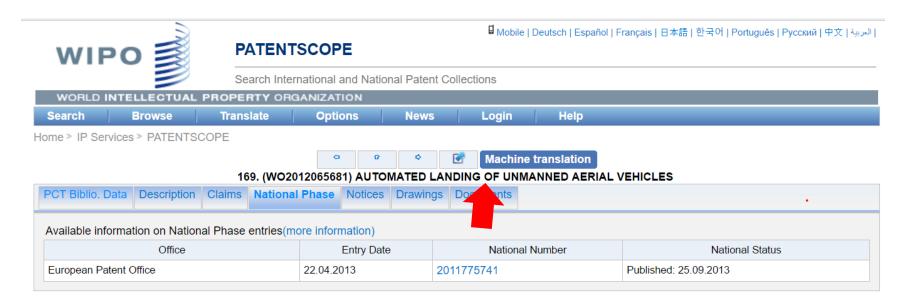


TIP 4 National Phase Information and Examination Reports (WIPO CASE Dossier)





TIP 4 National Phase Information and Examination Reports (WIPO CASE Dossier)





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PCT Biblio. Data | Description | Claims | National Phase | Notices | Drawings | Documents

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1. (WO2012065681) AUTOMATED LANDING OF UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLES

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International Application Status				
Date	Title	√iew	Download	
10.02.2017	International Application Status Report	HTML, PDF	PDF, XML	

	Published International Application				
Date	Title	√iew	Download		
24.05.2012	Initial Publication without ISR (A2 21/2012)	PDF (16p.)	PDF (16p.), ZIP(XML + TIFFs)		
26.07.2012	Later publication of international search report (A3 30/2012)	PDF (6p.)	PDF (6p.), ZIP(XML + TIFFs)		

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	18.05.2013	English Translation of the Written Opinion of the International Search Authority	PDF (5p.)	PDF (5p.), ZIP(XML + TIFFs)
	04.06.2012	Translation of the ISR	PDF (2p.)	PDF (2p.), ZIP(XML + TIFFs)
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12.03.2013	(IB/308) Notice Informing the Applicant of the Communication of the International Application to the Designated Offices	PDF (1p.)	PDF (1p.), ZIP(XML + TIFFs)	
17.07.2012	(IB/311) Notification Concerning Availability of Publication of the International Application	PDF (1p.)	PDF (1p.), ZIP(XML + TIFFs)	
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National Biblio. Data Description Claims Drawings Documents

2. (CN204423159) Novel universal obstacle avoiding module for drone

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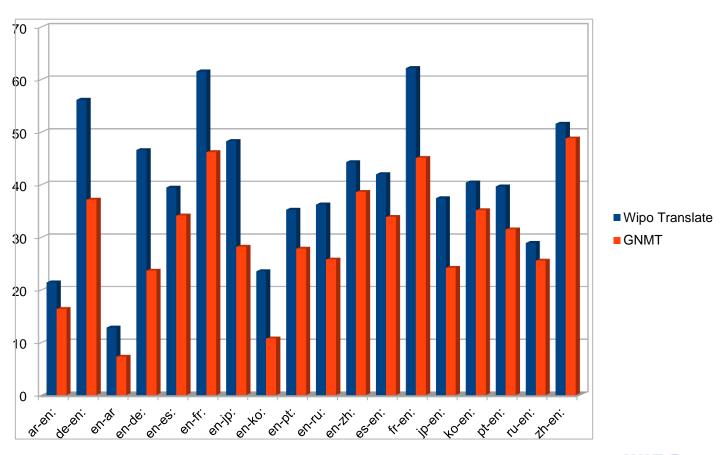
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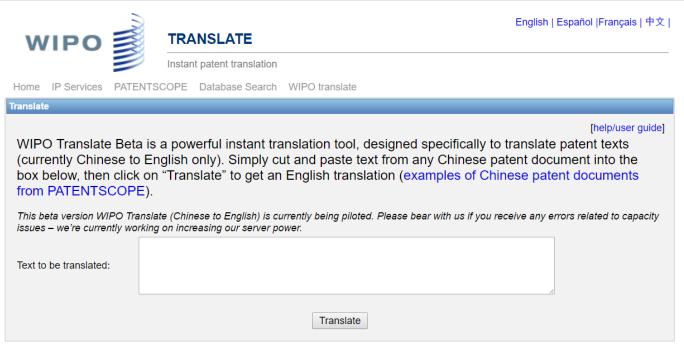
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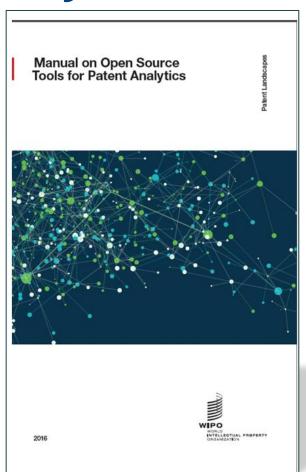
- Overview of PATENTSCOPE (February 14 or 16, 2017)
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- Cross-lingual Information Retrieval tool (CLIR) in details (May 9 or 11,2017)

Past events

Title	Description
Chemical structure search PPT	Chemical structure search

The Manual on Open Source Tools for Patent Analytics

- Aimed at exploring:
 - various free and open source tools which could be used for various patent analysis tasks by users in developing countries
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Year of Version:	2015
Date of Entry into Force:	July 1, 2015
Date of Text (Issued):	May 29, 2015
Type of Text:	Implementing Rules/Regulations
Subject Matter:	Enforcement of IP and Related Laws, IP Regulatory Body, Patents (Inventions)
Available Texts:	
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- Legal Framework (IP treaties)
- Systems (PCT, Madrid, Hague, AMC)
- Global IP Infrastructure
 - Global IP Data Standardization (IPOs)
 - Global generation of digital IP data (IPOs)
 - Global Databases (IPOs and users)
- Global Platforms (IPOs and users)

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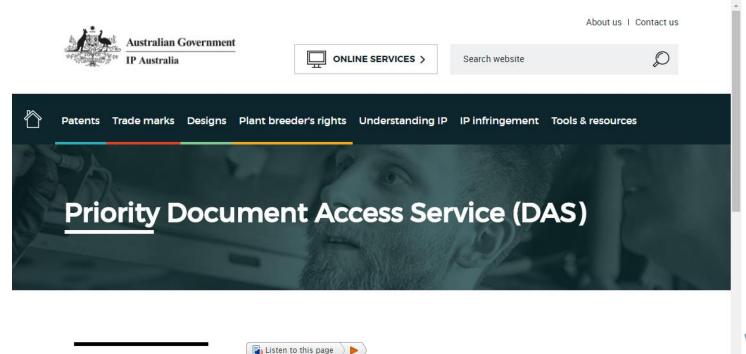
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- Investigate competitors' patents
 WIPO CASE (feeding dossier info to PATENTSCOPE)
- Find partners for Green technology
 WIPO GREEN
- Find partners for new bio/medical products
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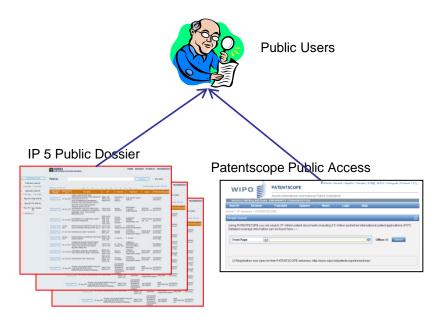
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Status

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- Public access via Patentscope First 3 IPOs dossier available at the end of January 2017



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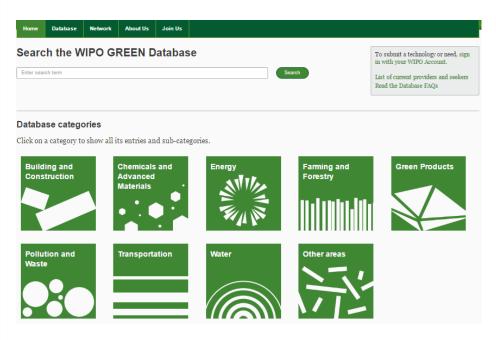
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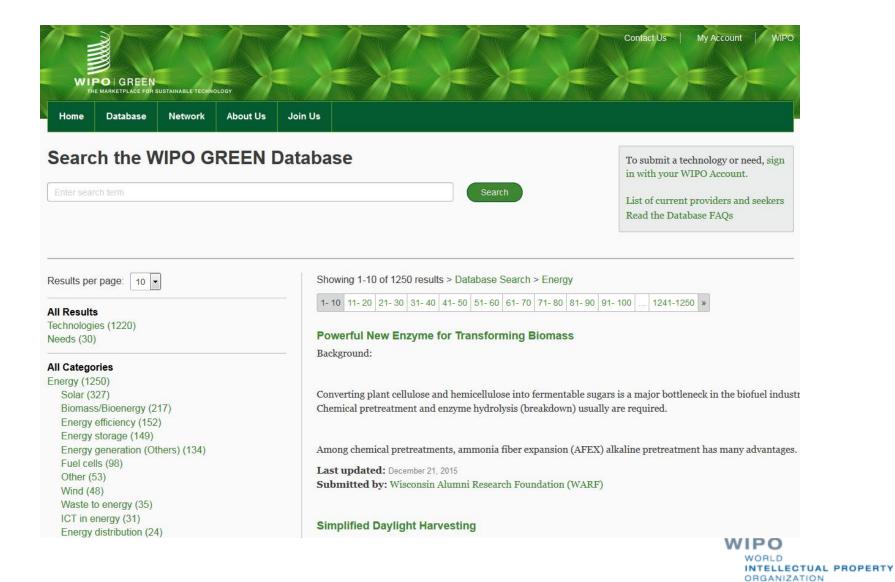


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- The marketplace for sustainable technology: search functionality for technology providers and seekers
- Network of green technologies stakeholders
- Grouped in 9 technology areas



WIPO Green example: Energy



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- Global Platforms
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 - WIPO GREEN
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Thank you!

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