



Organized by the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) In cooperation with

the Directorate General for the fight against Counterfeiting- Italian Patent and Trademark Office (UIBM), Ministry of Economic Development, Italy with the support of the

Chamber of Commerce. Industry Handicraft, and Agriculture of Bologna







INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY



# Un'introduzione all'OMPI e ai suoi principali studi economici sulla proprietà intellettuale



Speaker: Ms. Francesca Toso

Senior Advisor, Office of the Deputy Director General,

**WIPO** 

E-mail: francesca.toso@wipo.int

Bologna, Italy October 19, 2016



MISSIONE: Promuovere innovazione e creatività attraverso lo sviluppo di un sistema di proprietà intellettuale (PI) equilibrato ed efficace, a vantaggio di tutti.

- STATI MEMBRI: 188
- OSSERVATORI: + 390 (ONG, OIG, gruppi industriali, etc.)
- PERSONALE: + 1200
- TRATTATI AMMINISTRATI: 26
- PRINCIPALI ORGANI
  DIRETTIVI: Assemblee
  Generali, CC, Conferenza
  WIPO

WORLD NTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DRGANIZATION

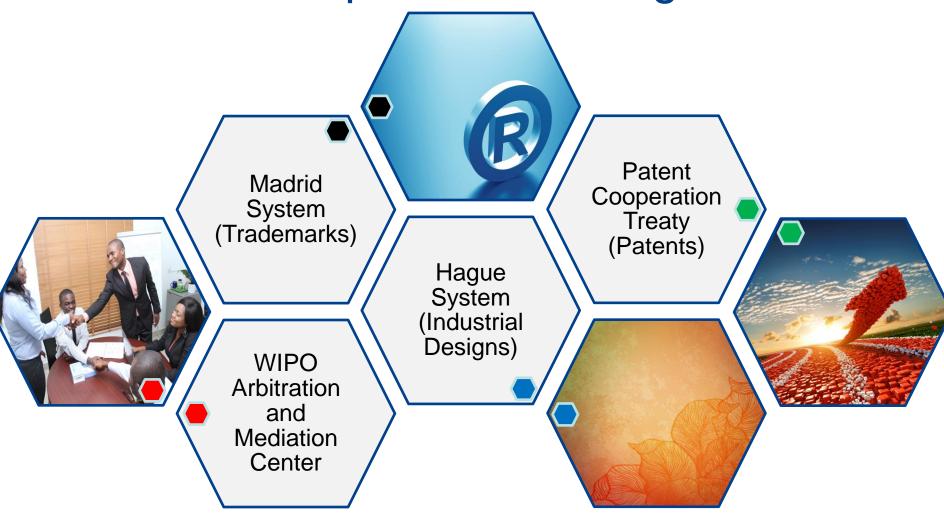
# Un'orientazione ai servizi e allo sviluppo



# PRESENZA DELL'OMPI NEL MONDO



Servizi di punta a livello globale



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Banche dati specializzate

 Banche dati, p.e. .
 Patentscope, Global Brand Database

Infrastruttura globale per la Pl

**Piattaforme** 

- Piattaforme comuni per scambio dati fra Uffici PI: IPAS, DAS
- Altre piattaforme : WIPO GREEN, WIPO Re:Search

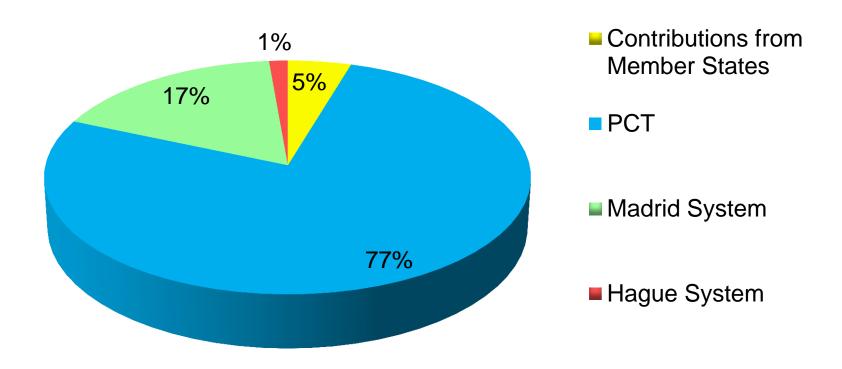
**Trattamento** strutto dell'informazione uso)

- Classificazioni internazionali (organizzano il reperimento dati su brevetti, marchi e DI in strutture di facile accesso e e uso)
- Standard di qualità (sistema comune di gestione dati contenuti in documenti di PI)

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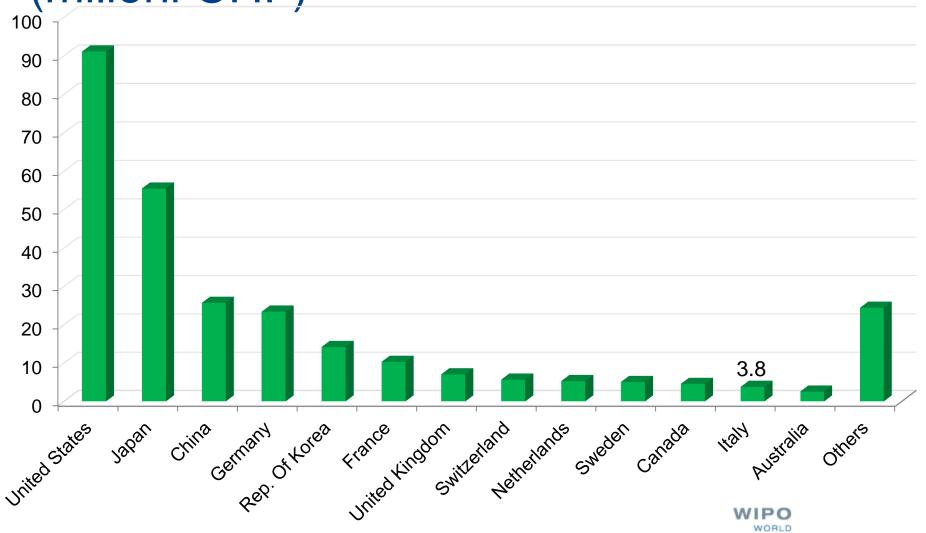
# Bilancio OMPI 2016 - 2017: 756,3 M. CHF

#### Fonti di finanziamento





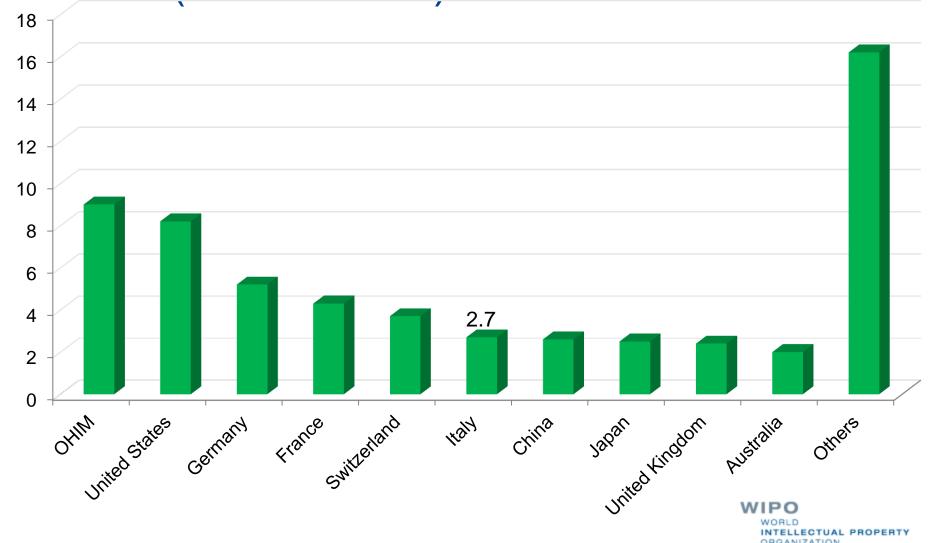
Entrate PCT (brevetti) per paese nel 2014 (milioni CHF)



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Entrate Madrid (marchi) per paese nel 2014 (million CHF)



### Principali studi economici sulla Pl

DIVISIONE DI ECONOMIA E DI STATISTICA – Riflette un consenso generale sull'importanza della dimensione economica della PI.

Analisi economica e statistica dell'uso dei servizi offerti dall'OMPI

Visione economica dell'OMPI sullo sviluppo della PI





- World Intellectual Property Report (2015): Breakthrough Innovation and Economic Growth
- The PCT Yearly Review provides an overview of the performance and development of the PCT system:

  <a href="http://www.wipo.int/ipstats/en/statistics/pct/">http://www.wipo.int/ipstats/en/statistics/pct/</a>
- Madrid Yearly Review: <a href="http://www.wipo.int/ipstats/en">http://www.wipo.int/ipstats/en</a>
- Hague Yearly Review: <a href="http://www.wipo.int/ipstats/en/">http://www.wipo.int/ipstats/en/</a>
- The WIPO IP Facts and Figures
  provides an overview of IP activity based
  on the latest available year of statistics.
  It serves as a quick reference guide for
  statistics: http://www.wipo.int/ipstats/en/
- World Intellectual Property Indicators (WIPI) provides an overview of latest trends in IP filings and registrations covering more than 100 offices:

  <a href="http://www.wipo.int/ipstats/en/wipi/index.html">http://www.wipo.int/ipstats/en/wipi/index.html</a>
  - WIPO IP Statistics Data Center
    <a href="http://ipstatsdb.wipo.org/ipstatv2/ipstats/">http://ipstatsdb.wipo.org/ipstatv2/ipstats/</a>
    <a href="patentsSearch">patentsSearch</a>
    <a href="wipo">wipo</a>

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# Profilo paese



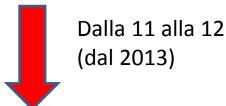
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# Utilizzo servizi OMPI in Italia (2014)

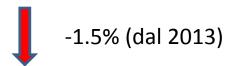
#### 3,058 domande



Posizione: 12



2,742 registrazioni



Posizione: 6



Sistema di Madrid (Marchi)

197 registrazioni



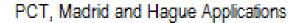
Posizione: 5

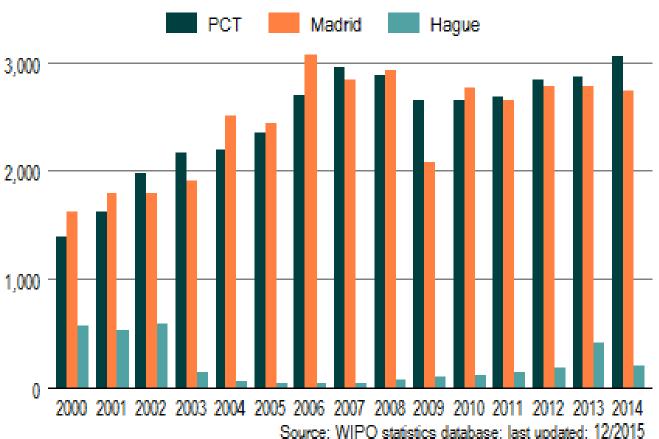


Sistema dell'Aia (Disegni Industriali)

PCT (Brevetti)

#### Domande italiane attraverso servizi OMPI





Source: WIPO statistics database; last updated: 12/2015



# Principali utilizzatori sistema PCT (pubblicazione 2014)

Richiedenti	Pubblicazione	Rank
G.D SOCIETA' PER AZIONI	63	376
NUOVO PIGNONE SRL	51	<i>455</i>
PIRELLI TYRE S.P.A.	43	537
CONSIGLIO NAZIONALE DELLE RICERCHE	34	679
INDESIT COMPANY S.P.A.	32	734
ENI S.P.A.	27	868
BASELL POLIOLEFINE ITALIA S.R.L.	24	964
SOLVAY SPECIALTY POLYMERS ITALY S.P.A.	24	964
DANIELI & C. OFFICINE MECCANICHE S.P.A.	23	1009
FONDAZIONE ISTITUTO ITALIANO DI TECNOLOGIA	20	1145



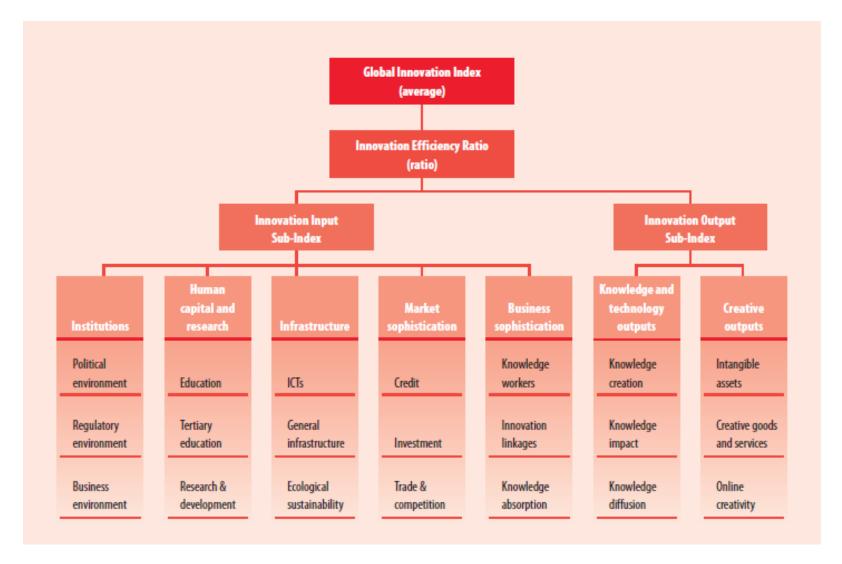
# Domande PCT pubblicate dalle prime 10 università italiane\*

Università	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
POLITECNICO DI MILANO	12	3	8	7	5	11
ALMA MATER STUDIORUM-UNIVERSITA DI BOLOGNA	7	7	2	8	7	10
POLITECNICO DI TORINO	3	7	11	9	9	6
UNIVERSITA DEGLI STUDI DI GENOVA	3		5	3	4	5
SCUOLA SUPERIORE DI STUDI UNIVERSITARI E DI PERFEZIONAMENTO SANT'ANNA	7	5	9	8	6	4
UNIVERSITA DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO-BICOCCA	2	3	8	3	5	4
UNIVERSITA DEGLI STUDI DI PADOVA	5	6	6	7	3	4
UNIVERSITA POLITECNICA DELLE MARCHE				3	2	4
UNIVERSITA DEGLI STUDI DI FIRENZE	3	4	1	2	3	3
UNIVERSITA DEGLI STUDI DI ROMA 'LA SAPIENZA'	7	9	5	7	11	3
UNIVERSITA DEGLI STUDI DI SIENA	2	4			2	3
Total in Italy	105	87	104	106	101	83

<sup>\*</sup> University and PRO patents are not automatically identified in patent data - that keyword searches need to be applied, with potential institutions missed



#### Struttura e criteri del *Global Innovation Index* (GII)





# **GII Rankings**

#### **RANKING 2015**

- 1. SWITZERLAND
- 2. UNITED KINGDOM
- 3. SWEDEN
- 4. NETHERLANDS
- 5. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
- 6. FINLAND
- 7. SINGAPORE
- 8. IRELAND
- 9. LUXEMBURG
- 10. DENMARK
- 11. HONG KONG (CHINA)
- 12. GERMANY
- 13. ICELAND
- 14. KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
- 15. NEW ZEALAND
- **31. ITALY**

#### **RANKING 2016**

- 1. SWITZERLAND
- 2. SWEDEN
- 3. UNITED KINGDOM
- 4. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
- 5. FINLAND
- 6. SINGAPORE
- 7. IRELAND
- 8. DENMARK
- 9. NETHERLANDS
- 10. GERMANY
- 11. KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
- 12. LUXEMBOURG
- 13. ICELAND
- 14. HONG KONG (CHINA)
- 15. CANADA
- **29. ITALY**



#### L'Italia nel GII 2016

- Tra i 30 paesi con più innovazione
- La spesa nazionale lorda per R&S e la spesa del settore privato per R&S non è diminuita durante la crisi:

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
GERD	100	102	104	107	112	114	114
BERD	100	102	105	109	113	117	118

- Rapporto di Efficenza: dalla posizione 57 nel 2015 alla **33** nel 2016.
- Qualità dell'innovazione: posizione 16 tra i paesi ad alto reddito (su 49 in totale) / posizione 16 in assoluto (su 128 paesi).
- Punti forza: 2 pilastri di *input* (Infrastruttura e Sviluppo dei mercati )

  1 pilastro di *output* (Conoscenza e Tecnologia)



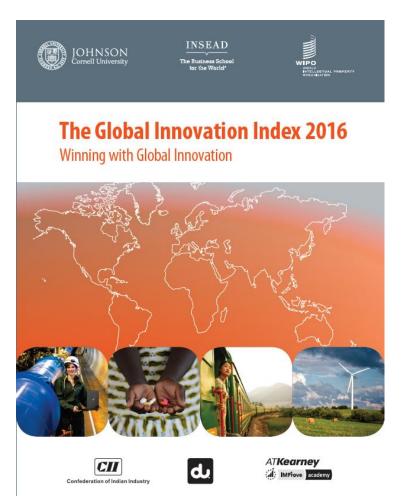
#### L'Italia nel GII

Punti forti Punti deboli

- 3. Infrastructure (18th)
- 3.3. Ecological sustainability (2nd)
- 3.3.3 ISO 14001 environmental certificates (5th)
- 4.2.3 Total value of stocks traded (13th)
- 4.3. Trade, competition, & market scale (7th)
- 4.3.3 Domestic market scale (12th)
- 5.2.2 State of cluster development (4th)
- 6.1.5 Citable documents H index (7th)
- 6.2. Knowledge impact (14th)
- 6.2.4 ISO 9001 quality certificates (1st)
- 7.1.2 Industrial designs by origin (2nd)
- 7.3.3 Wikipedia monthly edits (13th)

- 1.3.3 Ease of paying taxes (95th)
- 2.1.1 Expenditure on education (80th)
- 3.2.3 Gross capital formation (109th)
- 4.1.1 Ease of getting credit (81st)
- 4.2.2 Market capitalization (62nd)
- 5.1.5 Females employed with advanced degrees (60th)
- 5.2.4 Joint venture/strategic alliance deals (45th)
- 5.3.4 Foreign direct investment net inflows (111th)
- 6.2.1 Growth rate of GDP per person engaged (97th)
- 7.1.4 ICTs and organizational model creation (82nd)







http://www.wipo.int/edocs/pubdocs/en/wipo\_pub\_gii\_2016.pdf



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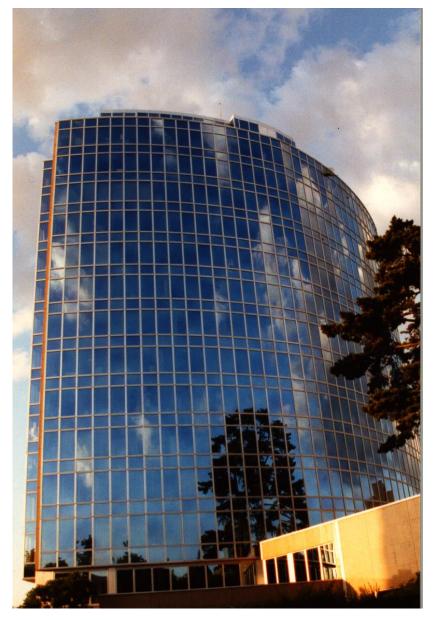
• WIPO Wire: www.wipo.int/newsletters/en

Press releases
 www.wipo.int/pressroom/en/





E-mail: Francesca.Toso@wipo.int



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# The Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) and its advantages for business

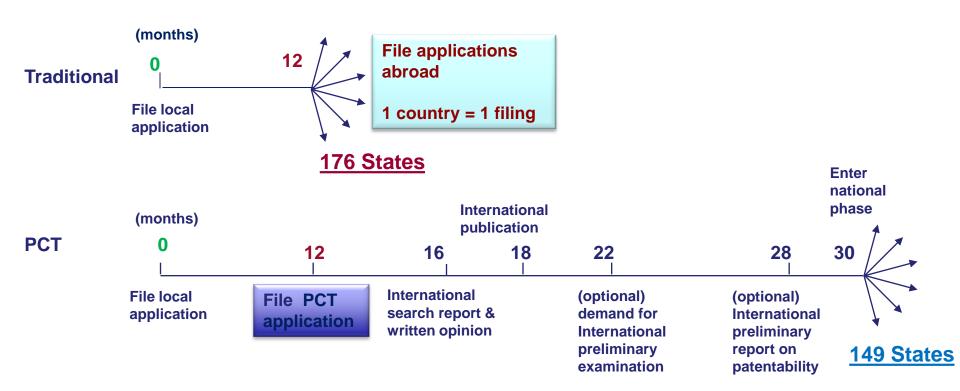




<u>Speaker</u>: Christine Bonvallet, Senior Legal Officer, PCT Legal Division

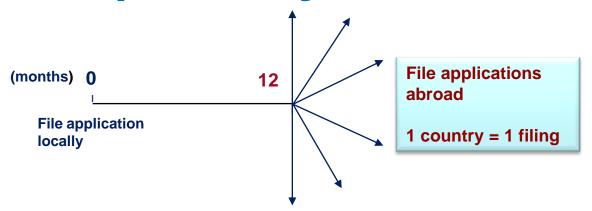
Bologna, October 19, 2016

# Seeking patents multinationally: traditional patent system ("Paris Route") vs. PCT system





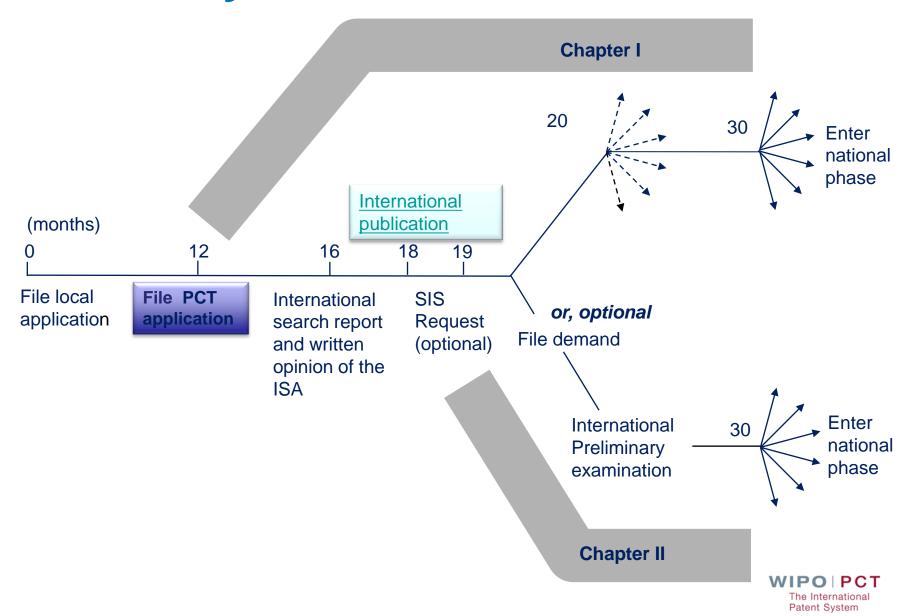
# Traditional patent system: "Paris Route"



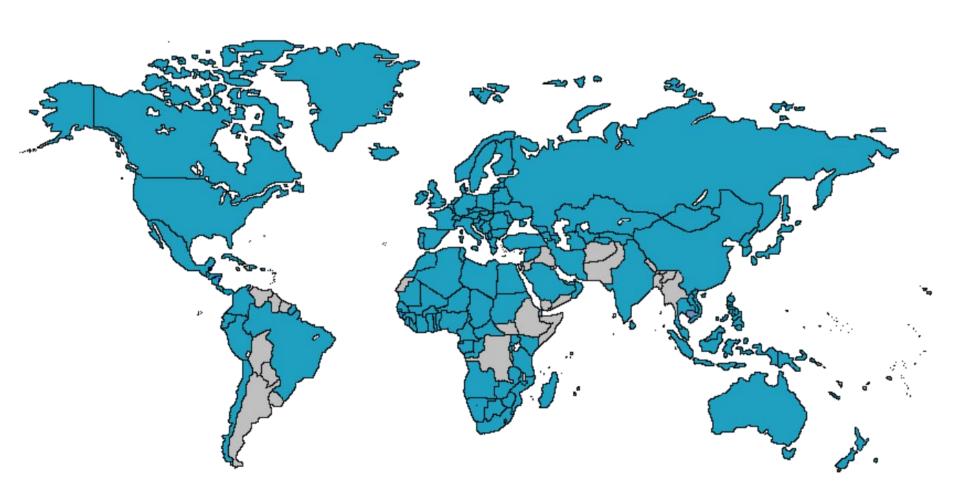
- Local patent application followed within 12 months by multiple foreign applications claiming priority under Paris Convention:
  - <u>multiple</u> formality requirements
  - <u>multiple</u> searches
  - <u>multiple</u> publications
  - multiple examinations and prosecutions of applications
  - translations and national fees required at 12 months
- Some rationalization because of regional arrangements: ARIPO, EAPO, EPO, OAPI



### The PCT system



# **PCT Coverage Today**





#### 151 PCT States

#### Recent accessions:

Kuwait Djibouti Cambodia



Costa Rica Côte d'Ivoire Croatia Malawi Guinea-Bissau Poland Cuba Malaysia Honduras Portugal Cyprus Mali Hungary Qatar Czech Republic Malta Iceland Republic of Korea Democratic People's India Mauritania Republic of Moldova Republic of Korea Mexico Indonesia Romania Denmark Iran (Islamic Republic of) Monaco Rwanda

Antiqua and Barbuda Armenia Australia Austria Azerbaijan Bahrain Barbados Belarus Belgium Belize

Bosnia and Herzegovina Botswana

Brazil

Benin

Albania

Algeria

Angola

Brunei Darussalam

Bulgaria Burkina Faso

Cambodia (8 Dec. '16)

Cameroon Canada

Central African Republic

Chad Chile China Colombia Comoros Congo

Djibouti Dominica Dominican Republic Ecuador Egypt El Salvador **Equatorial Guinea** Estonia Finland

France, Gabon Gambia Georgia Germany Ghana Greece Grenada Guatemala Guinea

Ireland Israel Italy Japan Kazakhstan Kenva Kuwait Kyrgyzstan Lao People's Dem Rep. Latvia Lesotho Liberia Libyan Arab Jamahiriya Liechtenstein

Lithuania

Luxembourg

Madagascar

Mongolia Montenearo Morocco Mozambique Namibia Netherlands New Zealand Nicaragua Niger Nigeria Norway Oman

Panama Papua New Guinea Peru Philippines

Russian Federation Saint Lucia Saint Vincent and the Grenadines San Marino Sao Tomé e Principe Saudi Arabia Senegal Serbia Seychelles Sierra Leone Singapore Slovakia Slovenia South Africa

Spain

Sudan

Sri Lanka

Swaziland

Switzerland Syrian Arab Republic **Tajikistan** Thailand The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia Togo Trinidad and Tobago Tunisia Turkev Turkmenistan Uganda Ukraine United Arab Emirates United Kingdom United Republic of Tanzania United States of America Uzbekistan Viet Nam 7ambia Zimbabwe WIPO | PCT

The International

Patent System

St. Kitts and Nevis

Sweden

# **UN Member States not yet in PCT**

Afghanistan

Andorra\*

Argentina\*\*

Bahamas

Bangladesh

Bhutan

**Bolivia** 

Burundi

Cape Verde

Democratic Republic of

Congo

**Eritrea** 

Ethiopia

Fiji

Guyana

Haiti

Iraq

Jamaica

Jordan\*

Kiribati

Lebanon

Maldives

Marshall Islands

**Mauritius** 

Micronesia

Myanmar

Nauru

Nepal

**Pakistan** 

Palau

Paraguay\*\*

Samoa

Solomon Islands

Somalia

South Sudan

Suriname\*

Timor-Leste

Tonga

Tuvalu

Uruguay\*\*

Vanuatu

Venezuela

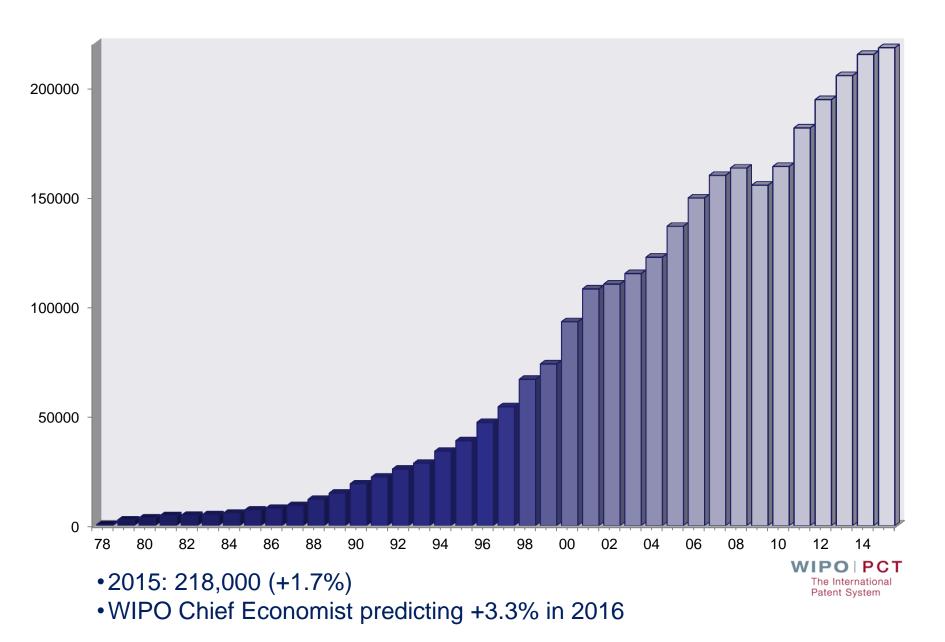
Yemen

(42)

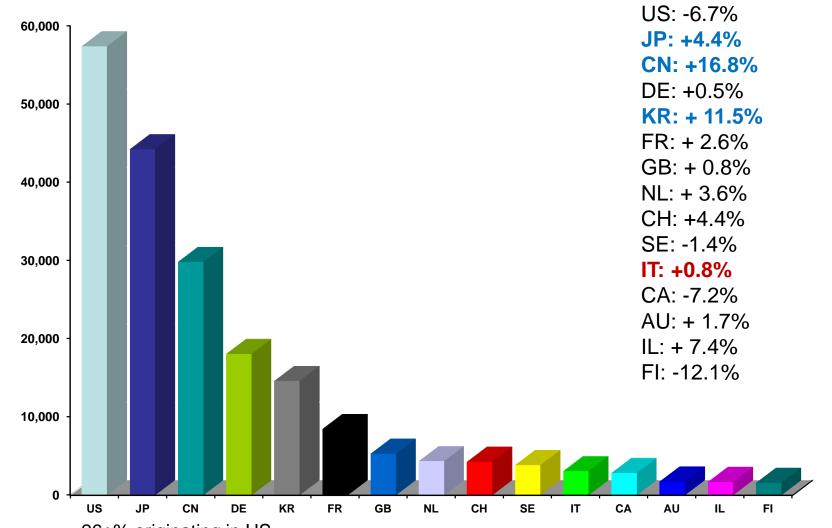


<sup>\*\*</sup>PCT discussions ongoing

# **PCT Applications**



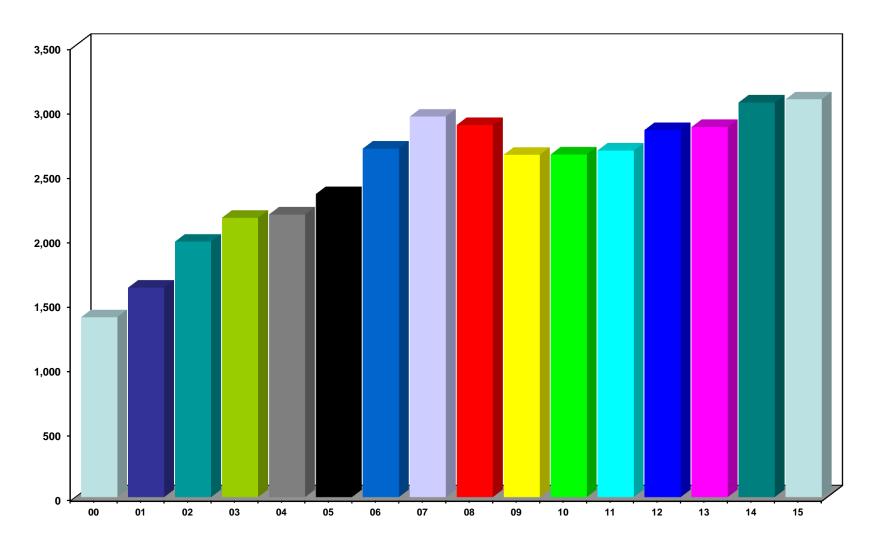
# International applications received in 2015 by country of origin



Patent System

- 26+% originating in US
- 75% from top 5 countries; 92+% of filings from top 15 countries
- PCT applications filed by applicants from 132 countries
- Very close to having 80% of UN member countries in the PCT

### **PCT** use in IT



- Joined PCT effective March 28, 1985
- 3,083 PCT applications filed by IT applicants in 2015 with RO/IT



#### The PCT... and business

Most businesses worldwide which seek and use patents wish to:

- control costs while preserving options
- make informed business decisions
- use the best tools available when seeking protection

#### The PCT responds to these objectives



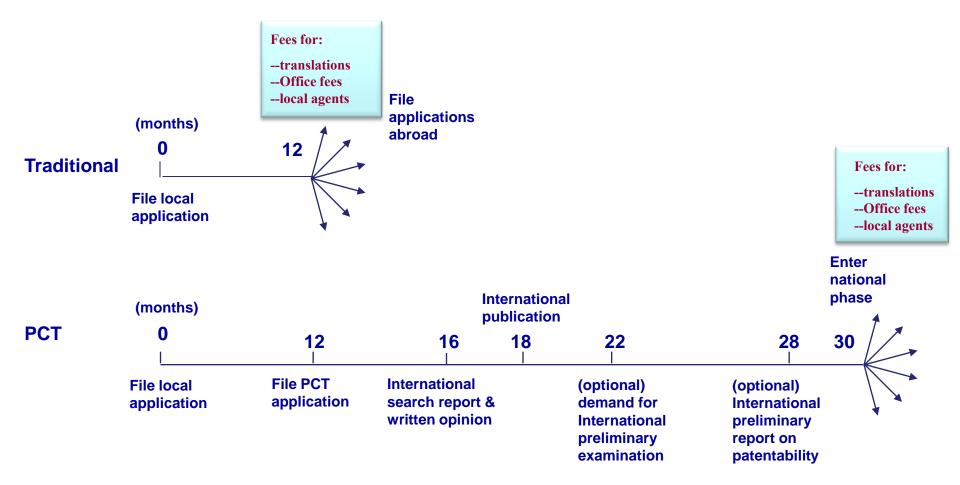
## **Certain PCT Advantages**

The PCT, as the cornerstone of the international patent system, provides a worldwide system for simplified filing and processing of patent applications, which—

 postpones the major costs associated with internationalizing a patent application



# Traditional patent system vs. PCT system





## **Certain PCT Advantages**

The PCT, as the cornerstone of the international patent system, provides a worldwide system for simplified filing and processing of patent applications, which—

- postpones the major costs associated with internationalizing a patent application
- provides a strong basis for patenting decisions



#### **Example: PCT International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210)**

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	JP 50-14535 B (NCR CORPORATION) 28 May 1975 (28.05.75), column 4, lines 3 to 27	7-9, 11
X Y	GB 392415 A (JONES) 18 May 1933 (18.05.33) Fig. 1 page 3, lines 5-7	1-3 4, 10
A	Fig. 5, support 36  GB 2174500 A (STC) 5 November 1986 (05.11.86)	11-12
X Y	page 1, lines 5-15, 22-34, 46-80; Fig. 1	1-3
A	US 4322752 A (BIXTY) 30 March 1982 (30.03.82) claim 1	1
A	GREEN, J.P. Integrated Circuit and Electronic Compass, IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletin, tober 1975, Vol. 17, No. 6, pages 1344 and 1345	1-5
nbols indicati ch aspect of entability document cit		The claim numbers in your application to which the document is

invention may be

patentable

novelty, inventive step,

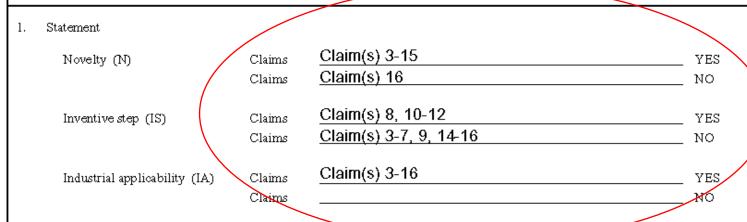
etc.)

## Example: PCT Written opinion of the International Searching Authority (PCT/ISA/237)

#### WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No.

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement



2. Citations and explanations:

#### INDEPENDENT CLAIM 3

Document US-A-5 332 238, which is considered to represent the most relevant state of the art, discloses (cf. relevant passages indicated in the ISR) a device from which the subject-matter of INDEPENDENT CLAIM 3

Document US-A-5 332 238, which is considered to represent the most relevant state of the art,

Reasoning supporting the assessment

Patentability assessment of claims

## **International Searching Authorities (21)**

- AU Australia
- AT Austria
- BR Brazil
- CA Canada
- CL Chile
- CN China
- EG Egypt
- ES Spain
- FI Finland
- IN India
- IL Israel

- JP Japan
- KR Republic of Korea
- RU Russian Federation
- SE Sweden
- SG Singapore
- UA Ukraine
- US United States of America
- EP European Patent Office
- XN Nordic Patent Institute (Denmark, Iceland, Norway)
- XV Visegrad Patent Institute (Czech Republic, Poland, Hungary and Slovakia)

Patent System

<sup>\*</sup> Office of filing (Receiving Office) decides on which ISAs is/are available

# Choice of RO(s), language(s) of filing and ISA(s), IT applicant(s))

Receiving Offices

RO/IT (UIBM)

RO/EP (EPO)

RO/IB (WIPO)

Filing language(s)

English, English, French, French, German, German Any language

ISA(s)

EP

Italian

EP

EP



## **Certain PCT Advantages**

The PCT, as the cornerstone of the international patent system, provides a worldwide system for simplified filing and processing of patent applications, which—

- postpones the major costs associated with internationalizing a patent application
- provides a strong basis for patenting decisions
- harmonizes formal requirements



## Harmonization of formal requirements

PCT Article 27(1): "No national law shall require compliance with requirements relating to the form or contents of the international application different from or additional to those which are provided for in this Treaty and Regulations."

PCT Applicant's Guide, paragraph 4.011: "There is a prescribed form for the international application. This form must be accepted by all designated Offices for the purposes of the national phase, so that there is no need to comply with a great variety of widely differing formal requirements in the many countries in which protection may be sought."



## **Certain PCT Advantages**

The PCT, as the cornerstone of the international patent system, provides a worldwide system for simplified filing and processing of patent applications, which—

- postpones the major costs associated with internationalizing a patent application
- provides a strong basis for patenting decisions
- harmonizes formal requirements
- protects applicant from certain inadvertent errors



### Protection from inadvertent errors

- invited corrections of defects & fee payments
- non-competent receiving Office
- double formality review
- restoration of the right of priority
- missing parts/incorporation by reference
- rectification of obvious mistakes
- excuse of national phase entry delay



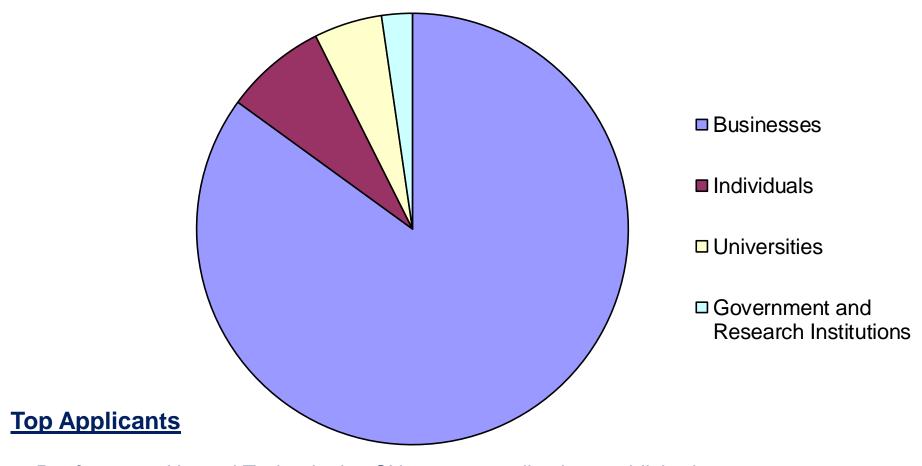
## **Certain PCT Advantages**

The PCT, as the cornerstone of the international patent system, provides a worldwide system for simplified filing and processing of patent applications, which—

- postpones the major costs associated with internationalizing a patent application
- provides a strong basis for patenting decisions
- harmonizes formal requirements
- protects applicant from certain inadvertent errors
- evolves to meet user needs
- is used by the world's major corporations, universities and research institutions when they seek multinational patent protection



### Distribution of PCT Applicants in 2015



- Businesses: Huawei Technologies CN 3,898 applications published
- Universities: University of California US 361 applications published
- Government and Research Institutions Commissariat à l'Énergie Atomique et aux Énergies Alternatives FR – 409 applications published



## **Top PCT Applicants 2015\***

() of published PCT applications	<ol> <li>Huawei Technologies—CN (3,898)**</li> <li>Qualcomm—US (2,442)</li> </ol>	+450
	3. ZTE—CN (2,155)	
	4. Samsung—KR (1,683)	+300, up from #11
	5. Mitsubishi Electric—JP (1,593)	
20% of PCT	6. Ericsson—SE (1,481)	
applicants were	7. LG Electronics—KR (1,457)	+320, up from #16
responsible for more than 80% of the	8. Sony—JP (1,381)	+400, up from #21
published applications	9. Philips—NL (1,378)	
1	10. Hewlett-Packard—US (1,310)	+485, up from #25
	11. Siemens—DE (1,292)	
	12. Intel—US (1,250)	
	13. Bosch—DE (1,247)	2015:
*49 520 total DCT	14. Boe Technology—CN (1,227)	<ul><li>85% businesses</li><li>8% individuals</li></ul>
*48,539 total PCT applicants in 2015	15. Toyota—JP (1,214)	<ul><li>5% individuals</li><li>5% universities</li></ul>
орриомно из <b>2</b> 0 го	16. Panasonic—JP (1,185)	<ul> <li>2% government and</li> </ul>
	17. Hitachi—JP (1,165)	research institutions
	18. Halliburton—US (1,121)	
**	19. Sharp—JP (1,073)	WIPO PCT
**more than 15 per WIPO working	20. Tencent Technology—CN (981)	The International Patent System
por vvii o vvoiking	3, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	

day

## **Top PCT IT Applicants 2014**

Applicant	Publication	Rank
G.D SOCIETA' PER AZIONI	63	376
NUOVO PIGNONE SRL	51	455
PIRELLI TYRE S.P.A.	43	537
CONSIGLIO NAZIONALE DELLE RICERCHE	34	679
INDESIT COMPANY S.P.A.	32	734
ENI S.P.A.	27	868
BASELL POLIOLEFINE ITALIA S.R.L.	24	964
SOLVAY SPECIALTY POLYMERS ITALY S.P.A.	24	964
DANIELI & C. OFFICINE MECCANICHE S.P.A.	23	1009
FONDAZIONE ISTITUTO ITALIANO DI TECNOLOGIA	20	1145



## **Top University PCT Applicants 2015**

- 1. University of California (US)
- 2. MIT (US)
- 3. Johns Hopkins (US)
- 4. University of Texas (US)
- 5. Harvard University (US)
- 6. University of Michigan (US)
- 7. University of Florida (US)
- 8. Tsinghua University (CN)
- 9. University of Tokyo (JP)
- 10. Stanford University (US)
- 11. Seoul National University (KR)
- 12. Peking University (CN)
- 13. Columbia University (US)
- 14. Isis Innovation Limited (GB)
- 15. Cornell University (US)
- 16. University of Pennsylvania (US)
- 17. Kyoto University (JP)
- 18. Korea University (KR)
- 19. CalTech (US)
- 20. Danemarks Tekniske Universitet (DK)



## **Certain PCT Advantages**

The PCT, as the cornerstone of the international patent system, provides a worldwide system for simplified filing and processing of patent applications, which—

- postpones the major costs associated with internationalizing a patent application
- provides a strong basis for patenting decisions
- harmonizes formal requirements
- protects applicant from certain inadvertent errors
- evolves to meet user needs
- is used by the world's major corporations, universities and research institutions when they seek multinational patent protection
- can result (if PCT reports are positive) in accelerated national phase processing (PCT-PPH)



### Patent Prosecution Highway (PPH) and PCT

 Accelerated examination in the national phase based on a positive work product of an International Authority (written opinion of the ISA or the IPEA, IPRP (Chapter I or II))

#### Conditions:

- At least one claim has been determined by the ISA or the IPEA to meet the PCT criteria of novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability; and
- ALL the claims must sufficiently correspond to the claims deemed to meet the PCT criteria (they are of the same or similar scope or they are of narrower scope than the claims in the PCT application)

#### Global PPH and PCT:

- Introduction of Global PPH Pilot in January 2014
- Single set of qualifying requirements that simplifies the existing PPH network so that it is more accessible for users



### Various PCT services

- New ISAs/IPEAs: ISA/XV
- PCT Highlights
- PCT Direct
- Licensing availability
- <u>ePCT</u>
- Third Party Observations
- PATENTSCOPE
- WIPO Pearl
- Arbitration and Mediation Center Fee Reductions
- PCT training options



## Indication of availability for license

- PCT applicants can indicate in relation to their published applications that the invention is available for license
  - How? Applicants may submit a "licensing request" (see PCT Form <u>PCT/IB/382</u>) directly to the IB
  - When? At the time of filing or within 30 months from the priority date
  - Free of charge
  - Applicants can file multiple licensing requests or update previously submitted ones (within 30 months from the priority date); such requests may be revoked by the applicant at any time, that is, also after 30 months from the priority date
- Submitted licensing indications made publicly available after international publication of the application on PATENTSCOPE under "Bibliographic data" tab with a link to the submitted licensing request itself
- International applications containing such licensing indication requests can be searched in PATENTSCOPE
- Most use thus far from universities/research institutions



### **ePCT**

- WIPO online portal that provides PCT Services for both applicants and Offices
- User interface available in all (10) PCT publication languages
- Provides secure and direct electronic access to/interaction with International Bureau's PCT application files by applicants/agents
- Applicants/agent can conduct most PCT transactions electronically with the International Bureau
- 30'000 users (5'000 very active in Private Services) in over 100 countries (e.g. US, CA AU, TR, IN, SE, FI and BR), 67 offices
- ePCT-Filing: -based electronic filing of new PCT applications
   42 ROs accepting ePCT Filings
- More information: <a href="https://pct.wipo.int/ePCT">https://pct.wipo.int/ePCT</a>



## 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Observation System

- Allows third parties to submit prior art observations relevant to <u>novelty</u> and <u>inventive step</u> as to published PCT applications
  - Goal: Improve patent quality--give national offices (and PCT Authorities)
     better/more complete information on which to base their decisions
- Web-based system using in PATENTSCOPE or via ePCT public services

  PCT Biblio. Data Description Claims National Phase Notices Drawings Documents

  Latest bibliographic data on file with the International Bureau Submit observation
- Free-of-charge
- Submissions possible until the expiration of <u>28 months</u> from the priority date
- Applicants may submit comments in response to submitted observations until the expiration of <u>30 months</u> from the priority date
- Anonymous submission of third party observations possible



## **PCT** training options

- 29 PCT training videos on <u>WIPO's Youtube channel</u> and WIPO's PCT page
- PCT <u>distance learning course</u> content available in the 10 PCT publication languages
- PCT webinars
  - providing free updates on developments in PCT procedures, and PCT strategies—previous webinars are archived and freely available
  - upon request also for companies or law firms, for example, for focused training on how to use ePCT
- In-person PCT <u>seminars</u> and training sessions
- Advanced PCT Seminar on WIPO premises (in Fall)



### **PCT Resources/Information**

For further information about the PCT, see

http://www.wipo.int/pct/en/

For general questions about the PCT, contact the PCT Information Service at:

Telephone: (+41-22) 338 83 38

Facsimile: (+41-22) 338 83 39

E-mail: pct.infoline@wipo.int





#### Questions?

### Thank you for your attention!

Christine Bonvallet

Senior Legal Officer

PCT legal Affairs Section -- PCT Legal Division

+ 41 22 338 70 67

+ 41 22 910 00 30

Christine.Bonvallet@wipo.int



## Overview of the Madrid and the Hague Systems



Speaker: Asta Valdimarsdottir

Director, Madrid Operations Division

Bologna October 18<sup>th</sup> 2016

## It begins with a trademark and a plan to export...

#### **MICROMAX**



#### DAIMLER



















## The Madrid System is Convenient

- Access a centralized filing and management procedure
- File one application, in one language and pay one set of fees for protection in multiple markets
- Expand protection to new markets as your business strategy evolves



## The Madrid System is Cost-effective

- File an international application, which is the equivalent of a bundle of national applications, effectively saving time and money
- Avoid paying for translations into multiple languages or working through the administrative procedures of multiple IP Offices

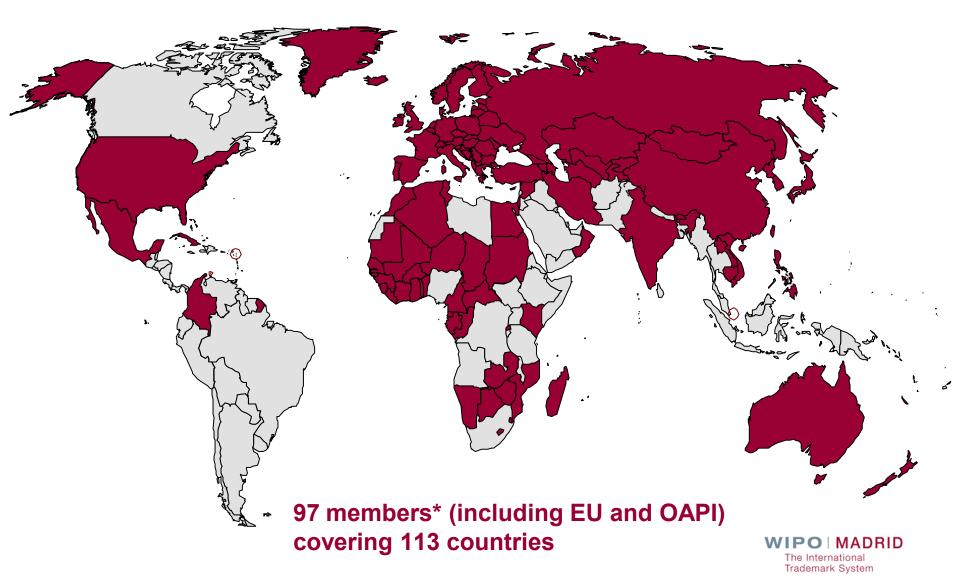


## The Madrid System offers Broad Geographic Coverage

- Protect your trademark/s simultaneously in the 113 countries covered by the 97 members of the System
- Access markets that represent in excess of 80% of world trade, with potential for expansion as membership grows
- Recent accession include
  - 2012: Colombia, Mexico, New Zealand and the Philippines
  - 2013: India, Rwanda and Tunisia
  - 2014: OAPI and Zimbabwe
  - 2015: Algeria, Cambodia, The Gambia
  - and Lao PDR



## Members of the Madrid System



## **Top Applicants**

#	Name	Origin	Applications
1	NOVARTIS	Switzerland	197
2	LIDL	Germany	152
3	L'ORÉAL	France	130
4	PHILIPS	Netherlands	126
5	RICHTER GEDEON NYRT	Hungary	124
6	BOEHRINGER INGELHEIM PHARMA	Germany	90
7	APPLE	USA	85
8	DAIMLER	Germany	83
9	BIOFARMA	France	81
10	GLAXO GROUP	United Kingdom	68



# ... More than 1.25 Million International Registrations



MICROMAX

- This LONGINES mark is the oldest trademark still in effect
- Originally registered in Switzerland in 1889, then internationally in 1893
- MICROMAX is international trademark registration 1.25 million
- Originally registered in India in 2011, then internationally in 2014



## How the Madrid System Works

#### The International Trademark Registration Process





## Stage 1

## Application through your National or Regional IP Office (Office of origin)

- To be entitled to use the Madrid System, you must:
  - Have a real and effective industrial or commercial establishment in, or
  - Be domiciled in, or
  - Be a national of a member of the Madrid System
- Before filing an international application, you need to have registered or filed an application (basic mark) in your Office of origin
- Submit an international application through this same IP Office, which will certify and forward it to WIPO



# Stage 2

#### Formal examination by WIPO

- WIPO conducts a formalities examination of your international application
- Once requirements have been met, the mark is recorded in the International Register
- WIPO sends a certificate of international registration to the holder and notifies the IP Offices, of the designated Contracting Parties, in which protection is sought
- The scope of protection is not known at this stage. It is only determined after substantive examination and decision by the IP Offices, as outlined in Stage 3



# Stage 3

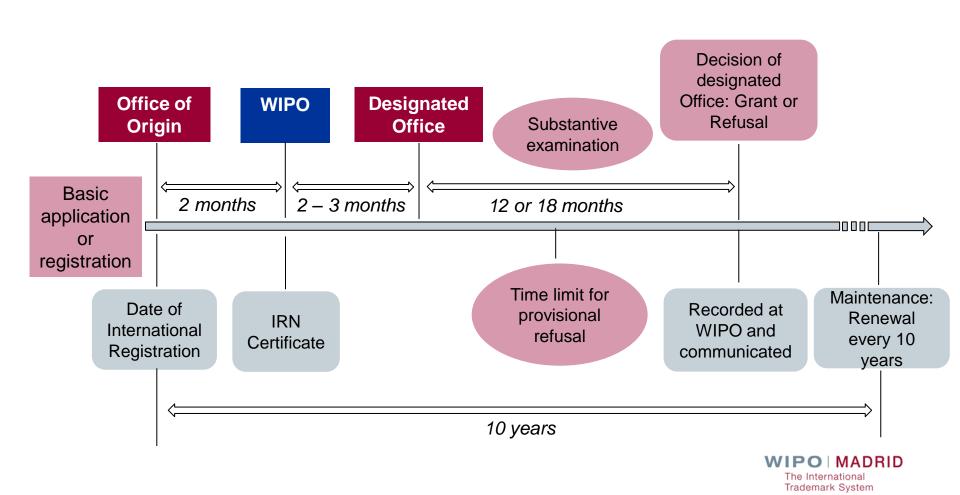
# Substantive examination by IP Offices (Office of the designated Contracting Party)

- IP Offices make a decision within 12 or 18 months in accordance with their legislation. WIPO records the decisions and notifies you
- If an IP Office refuses to protect your mark, it will not affect the decisions of other offices. You can contest a refusal decision before the IP Office concerned
- If an IP Office accepts to protect your mark, it will issue statement of grant of protection
- The international registration is valid for 10 years. Renew directly with WIPO with effect in the designated Contracting Parties



#### **Timeline**

#### The International Trademark Registration Process



#### Costs

#### Fees are payable to WIPO in Swiss francs

- Basic fee\*, which includes 3 classes of goods/services
  - 653 Swiss francs b/w reproduction of mark
  - 903 Swiss francs color reproduction of mark
- Fees for designating Contracting Parties (dCP)
  - Standard fees complementary (100 Swiss francs per dCP and supplementary (100 Swiss francs per class beyond 3)
  - OR
  - Individual fees where this is declared



<sup>\*</sup> Applicants from <u>Least Developed Countries</u>
benefit from a 90% reduction in the basic fee

#### WIPO Resources and E-Services

The Madrid Website provides resources and E-Services to assist you to <u>search before filing</u>, <u>file an application</u> and to monitor and <u>manage your registration</u>

In summary, these resources include...



#### WIPO Resources and E-Services

#### **SEARCH**

<u>ROMARIN</u> – database of international registrations

Member Procedures

Global Brand Database – search marks by text and image from national/international sources, including trademarks, appellations of origin and official emblems

#### **MONITOR**

Madrid Real-Time Status of international applications and progress of requests being processed by WIPO

<u>Madrid Electronic Alert</u> – monitor changes to international registrations

Madrid Monitor (Beta) – search and access all information on international registrations

#### FILE

Forms and E-Forms

<u>Madrid Goods & Services Manager</u> – correct good & service specifications and translation

International Application Simulator

Fee Calculator

<u>E-Payment</u> – online payment system by credit card/<u>WIPO current account</u>

#### **MANAGE**

<u>Madrid Portfolio Manager</u> – access registration documents, uploading of requests for recording, payments

Forms and E-Forms – E-Subsequent Designation and E-Renewal

**Extracts** from the International Register

#### WIPO Resources and E-Services

#### **CONSULT**

E-Services overview and tutorials

<u>Legal texts</u> – Agreement/Protocol, Regulations, Administrative Instructions

<u>Declarations made under the Madrid</u> <u>Agreement and the Madrid Protocol</u>

Guide to the International Registration of Marks

WIPO Gazette of International Marks

Office practices on replacement

**Statistics** 

Making the Most of the Madrid System

Web publication

Warning - misleading invoices

#### **UPDATES**

**Information Notices** 

<u>Madrid Highlights</u> – quarterly newsletter for Madrid System users

<u>Subscribe</u> to receive news and updates on the Madrid System by e-mail



# **Top Filing Contracting Parties**

Contracting Parties	2013	2014	2015
United States of America	5,893	5,414	8,486
European Union	6,814	6,996	8,131
Germany	4,357	3,883	4,603
France	3,514	3,377	3,718
Switzerland	2,885	2,994	3,128
Japan	1,855	1,729	2,407
China	2,455	1,738	2,231
Australia	1,195	1,246	2,229
Italy	2,118	2,070	2,165
United Kingdom	1,580	1,560	2,068

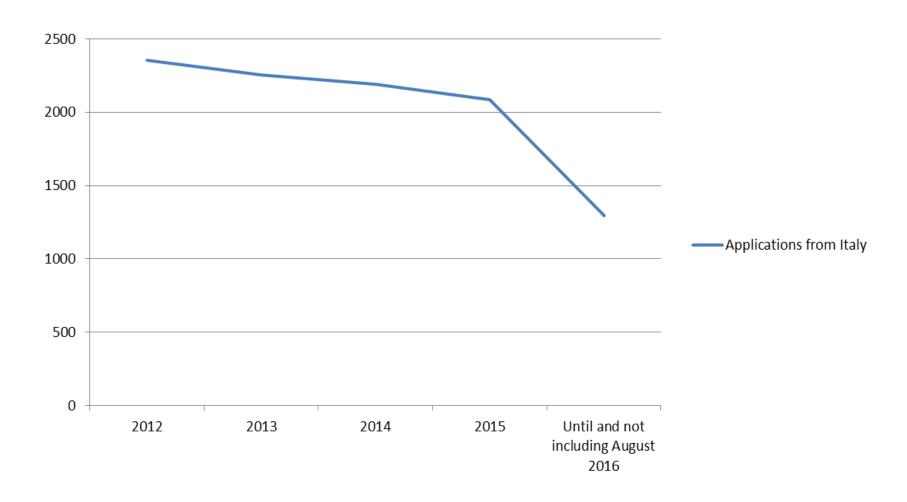


# **Top Designated Contracting Parties**

Contracting Parties	2013	2014	2015
China	20,275	20,309	24,849
United States of America	17,322	17,268	21,996
European Union	17,598	17,270	21,721
Russian Federation	18,239	16,573	17,436
Japan	13,179	12,814	15,776
Switzerland	13,215	12,759	14,584
Australia	11,675	11,533	14,292
Republic of Korea	10,967	10,402	12,997
India	1,916	8,138	11,391
Mexico	5,095	8,533	10,569

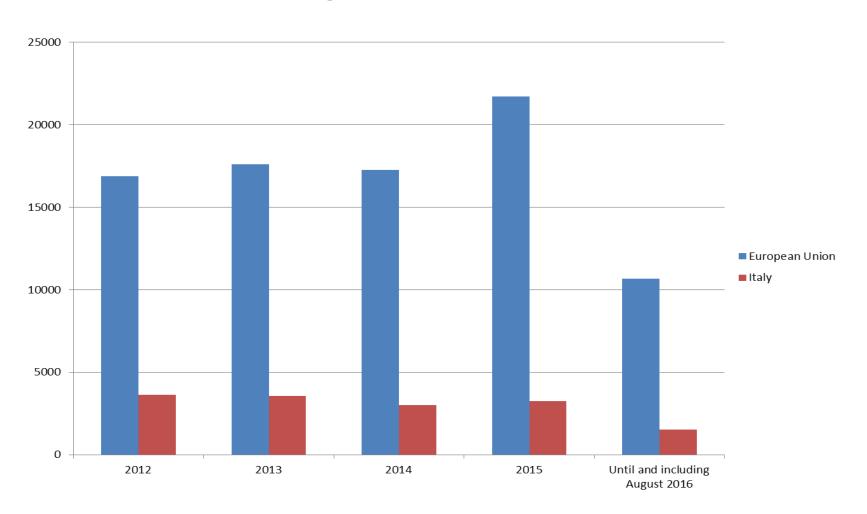


# International applications from Italy





# Designations and subsequent designations to Italy





### Recent Developments

- Madrid Monitor (Beta) integrates <u>ROMARIN</u>, the <u>WIPO</u> <u>Gazette</u>, <u>Madrid E-Alert</u> and <u>Real-time Status</u>
- New or improved E-Services
  - Madrid E-Filing (Australia and Benelux)
  - E-Subsequent Designation and E-Renewal
- Algeria's accession to Protocol
  - Madrid operating, for practical purposes, as singletreaty system
  - One form needed for international applications (MM2)
- Publication of <u>Madrid System Pendency Rates</u> at WIPO



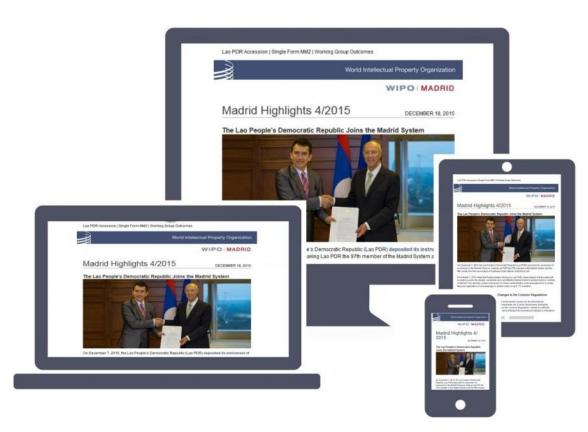
# Short-term Future of the System (2-3yrs)

- Enlarging Membership
  - ASEAN countries Brunei Darussalam, Indonesia, Malaysia and Thailand
  - Canada
  - Caribbean countries Trinidad and Tobago, and Jamaica
  - African countries Malawi and South Africa
  - Latin American countries
  - Arab Countries
- Broad-based review of E-Services and development of an online Customer Resources Center



## Keep Updated on the Madrid System

- Visit the Madrid Website <u>www.wipon.int/madrid/en</u>
- Subscribe to
   Madrid Notices,
   our regular legal
   and news updates
- Sign up for
   Madrid Highlights,
   our quarterly
   newsletter



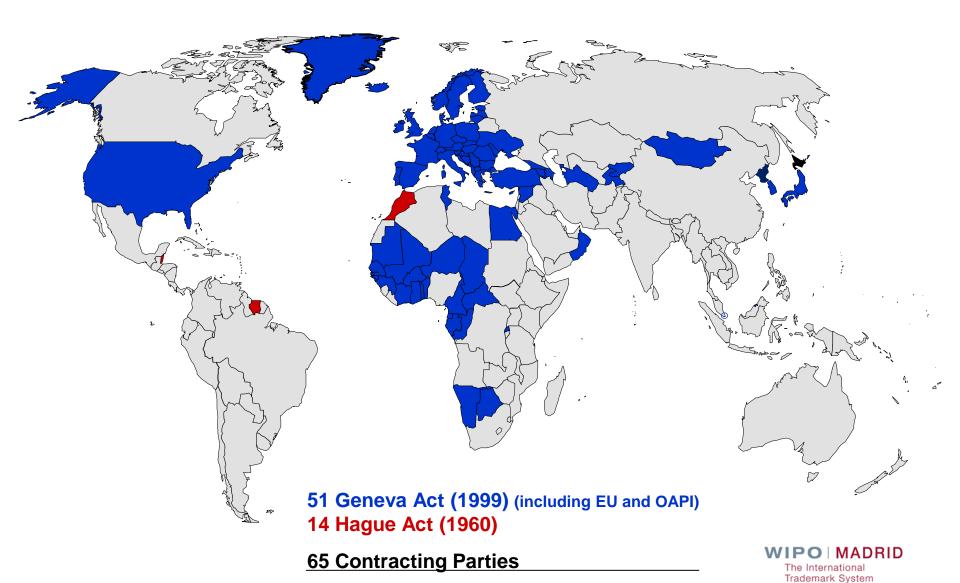


# WIPO | Hague

The International Design System



# Hague Union (2016)



# Geneva Act (1999)

#### **Recent Accessions**

#### Turkmenistan (March 16, 2016)









#### **Potential accessions**

	China
	Russian Federation
*	Morocco
<b>E</b>	ASEAN countries
	Israel
	Belize
	Mexico
	Madagascar



# Designating the USA



One design per in a single application



**MANDATORY!** 

A claim defining the design



**MANDATORY!** 

The oath or declaration of inventorship for each creator



Three levels of individual designation fee:

default (CHF 733/540) small entity (CHF 367/270) micro entity (CHF 183/135)



## Designating Japan



one independent and distinct design per a single application



Section «Creator» in application form must be filled in



Indication of the principle design in the international application



Special requirement to reproductions



## Designating the Republic of Korea



For products belonging to Locarno classes 2, 5, or 19 the level three of the standard designation fee shall apply



Products belonging to Locarno class 32 are not subject to registration under the legislation of the Republic of Korea



- (i) for a design of a set of articles: one view of the coordinated whole and corresponding views of each of its components, and
- (ii) for a design for typefaces: views of the given characters, a sample sentence, and typical characters;



## **Priority Documents**

### Republic of Korea

- Priority documents may be attached to the IA at the time of filing.
- When failed to attach the priority documents to the IA, these documents shall be submitted directly to KIPO through a local agent within three months of publication of the IR.

#### Japan

 Original priority documents have to be sent directly to the JPO through a local agent within three months of publication of the IR.

#### **United States of America**

 Original priority documents have to be sent directly to the USPTO at the latest before "the date the issue fee is paid".

WIPO | MADRID The International Trademark System

# Using the Hague as a First-filing system

- Since an international application for registration of industrial designs may be a *first* application under the Hague System, it may itself also serve as a basis for claiming priority with regard to a subsequent national or regional application.
- Using the Hague as a first-filing system may help to bypass the inconvenience of claiming priority, when designating the USA, Japan and the Republic of Korea



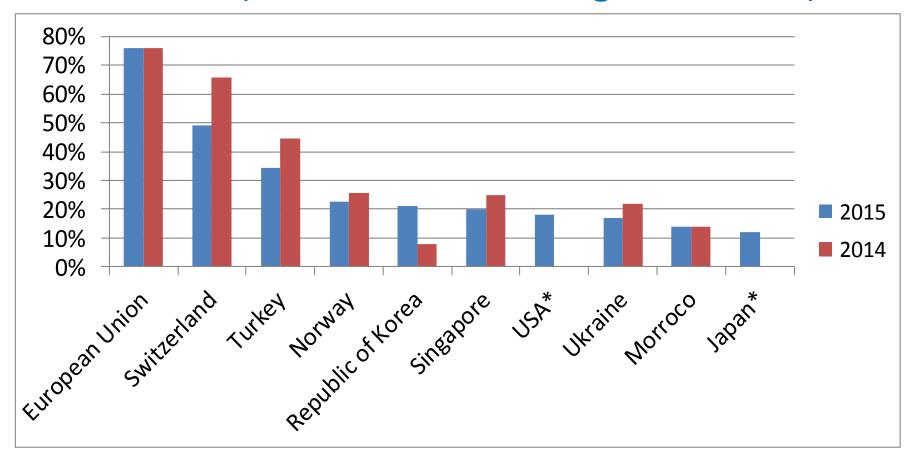
### Guidance for reproductions

(http://www.wipo.int/export/sites/www/hague/en/how\_to/pdf/guidance.pdf)

- Prepared under the Rule 9(4) of the Common Regulations under the 1999 Act and the 1960 Act of the Hague Agreement in consultation with the Examining Offices under the Hague System;
- The purpose of this guidance is to help the applicant to avoid a possible refusal.
- Contains a table which indicates whether a specific guidance is recommended by a given Examining Office
- Available for the users as from August 10, 2016



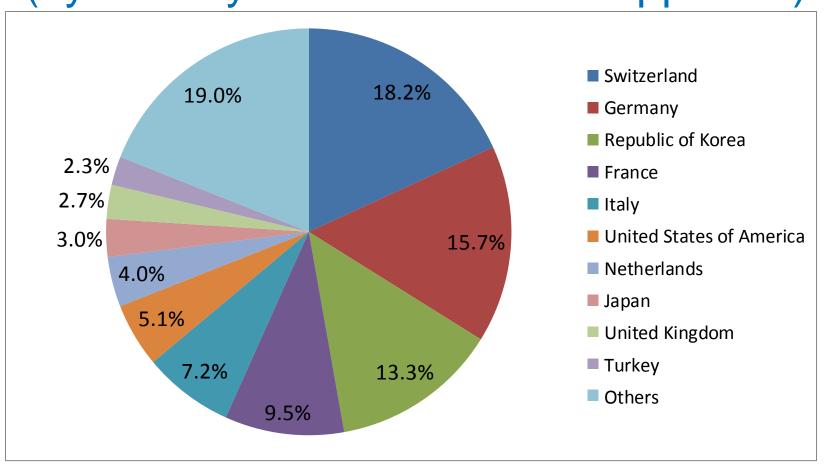
# Most Designated Contracting Parties in 2015 (International Registrations)



<sup>\*</sup> Since May 13, 2015



# 2015: Origin of Filers of International Applications (by country of address of the applicant)





### Latest Developments



New Hague Express Database since January 2015



Global Design Database launched in January 2015



Improvement of E-filing interface



Developments in the legal framework



# New Features of the E-Filing Portfolio Manager



Send corrections to irregularities or defects



Receive and download notifications from the IB relating to international applications



Retrieve in real-time current status of IA



# E-Filing Portfolio Manager

WIPO HAG	UE ational Design Syste	m						
WIPO reference	Information re	garding data	entry					
39014	Please continu			h to register	a new ap	plican	t. Otherwise, c	lick on
	the next tab or	n the left.						
Applicant(s)	Information	concerning	the appli	cant				
✓ Representative	── Name and addr		спе аррп	come				
Correspondence								@
✓ Designation(s)	Name *			Telepho	ne			
❤️ Design(s)	Address *			Fax				
Related Design(s)	Zip/Post code			E-mail a	ddroes			
Description	Zip/Post code Town*	_			of websit	_		
✓ Creator(s)	Country*	Select a countr	y <b>-</b>					
	(*) Compulsory							
Priority(ies)	Entitlements *	*						
Exhibition(s)								<b>②</b>
-4	Nationality			ontracting Pa				*
More Optional Contents	Domicile Select a Contracting Party  Real and effective				•			
	industrial or commercial  Select a Contracting Party establishment					•		
Publication						•		
✓ Signature	(**) Indicate at least one entitlement							
Payment/Validat.	Applicant's Cor	ntracting Party	(ACP)					
Summary	Applicant's Co	ontracting Par	ty Select a	a Contracting	Party ¢			<b>②</b>
Return to e-filing manager								
							Save	Cancel
	Applicant(s)	registered						
	Name	Address 34 Ch. des	Nat.	Dom. Estab.	Res.	ACP	Act(s)	Actions
	Yves Closet	34 Ch. des Colombettes 12 Lausanne Switzerland	11 BX	ЕМ	E	М	60/99	<u> </u>



# Thank you for your attention

101

Asta.valdimarsdottir@wipo.int

# Global Databases for IP Platforms and Tools for the Connected Knowledge Economy





<u>Speaker</u>: Christophe Mazenc, Director, Global Databases Division, Global Infrastructure Sector

> Bologna October 18<sup>th</sup> 2016



# Strategic Goals of Global Databases and Tools

- 2 related goals:
  - "Coordination and Development of Global IP Infrastructure"
  - "World Reference Source for IP Information and Analysis"



#### Benefits to Stakeholders

#### For Business/Research:

- Providing search facilities for IP collections (patents, trademarks, industrial designs)
- Simplifying application procedures to multiple IP authorities
- Providing IP related matchmaking services

#### For IP offices:

 Assisting automation, IP information dissemination to the public, and exchange of IP documents with other offices



# GLOBAL DATABASES, TOOLS, AND PLATFORMS FOR IP BUSINESS (FREE)



- PATENTSCOPE
  - Global Brand Database
  - Global Design Database
  - WIPO Lex
  - WIPO Pearl

### PATENTSCOPE Summary

- 2.9 million published PCT applications (first publish every week, high quality full text)
- 57 million patent applications from 40+ countries or regions
- Full text data from 20 countries or regions
- 15,000 pageviews per hour
- Analyze results by graphs and charts
- Search and read in your language

# PATENTSCOPE Key features

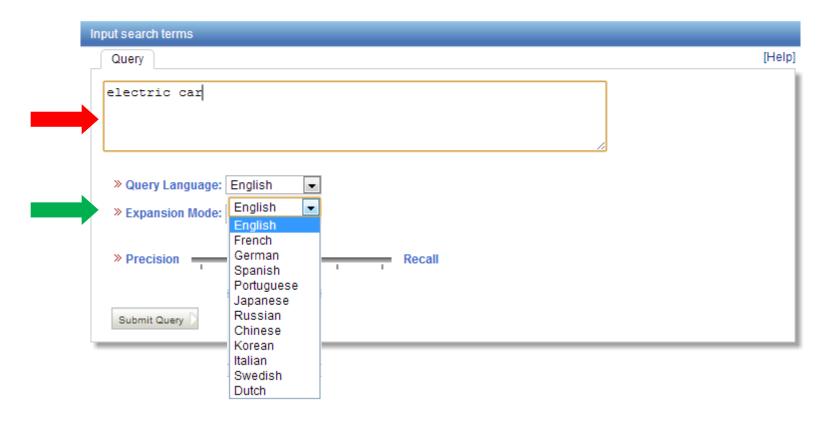






Search International and National Patent Applications: CLIR

Home > IP Services > PATENTSCOPE > Back to PATENTSCOPE







Search International and National Patent Collections

#### WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION

Search | Browse | Translate | Options | News | Login | Help

Home > IP Services > PATENTSCOPE

electric car only 16,000 hits

Search Query

(synonyms & technologicall y related terms)

Results 1-10 of 153,538 for Criteria: (EN TI:("electric car" OR "electric vehicle" OR "electrical motor" OR "hybrid car" OR "electric vehicular"~21 OR "electric automobile"~21) OR EN\_AB:("electric car" OR "electric vehicle" OR "electrical motor" OR "hybrid car" OR "electric vehicular"~21 OR "electric automobile"~21)) OR (DE\_TI:("Elektrofahrzeug" OR "Elektroauto" OR "Elektromotors" OR "Elektroautos" OR "Hybridfahrzeug" OR "Hybridautomobil" OR "elektrisches Fahrzeug") OR DE\_AB: ("Elektrofahrzeug" OR "Elektroauto" OR "Elektromotors" OR "Elektroautos" OR "Hybridfahrzeug" OR "Hybridautomobil" OR "elektrisches Fahrzeug")) OR (ES\_TI:("vehículo eléctrico" OR "motor eléctrico" OR "vagón eléctrico" OR "coche eléctrico" OR "carro eléctrico" OR "automóvil eléctrico" OR "vehículo híbrido") OR ES AB:("vehículo eléctrico" OR "motor eléctrico" OR "vagón eléctrico" OR "coche eléctrico" OR "carro eléctrico" OR "automóvil eléctrico" OR "vehículo híbrido")) OR (FR TI: ("véhicule électrique" OR "voiture électrique" OR "auto électrique" OR "moteur électrique" OR "véhicule hybride" OR "voiture hybride") OR FR AB:("véhicule électrique" OR "voiture électrique" OR "auto électrique" OR "moteur électrique" OR "véhicule hybride" OR "voiture hybride")) OR (JA TI:("電動車両" OR "電気自動車" OR "ハイブリッド自動車" OR "ハイブリッドカ" OR "電 気車" OR "ハイブリッド車" OR "ハイブリッドカー") OR JA\_AB:("電動車両" OR "電気自動車" OR "ハイブリッド自動車" OR "ハ イブリッドカ" OR "雷気車" OR "ハイブリッド車" OR "ハイブリッドカー")) OR (KO TI:("전기자동차" OR "전기 차량" OR "전동 1 차량" OR "전기차" OR "차량의제어" OR "하이브리드 자동차와아이" OR "전기 모터 제어" OR "전기 모터" OR "하이브리드 자동 차용") OR KO AB:("전기자동차" OR "전기 차량" OR "전동차량" OR "전기차" OR "차량의제어" OR "하이브리드 자동차와아이" OR "전기 모터 제어" OR "전기 모터" OR "하이브리드 자동차용")) OR (PT\_TI:("veiculo elétrico" OR "veiculo eléctrico" OR "automóvel eléctrico" OR "veiculo elétrico" OR "motor elétrico") OR PT AB:("veiculo elétrico" OR "veiculo eléctrico" OR "automóvel eléctrico" OR "veiculo elétrico" OR "motor elétrico")) OR (RU TI:("электрической автомобиля"∼22 OR "электрической транспортных средств"~22 ОR "электрической средства"~22 ОR "электрической вагона"~22 ОR "электроподвижного автомобиля"~22 ОR "электроподвижного транспортных средств"~22 ОR "электроподвижного средства"~22 OR "электроподвижного вагона"~22 OR "электротранспорта") OR RU AB:("электрической автомобиля"~22 OR "электрической транспортных средств"~22 OR "электрической средства"~22 OR "электрической вагона"~22 OR "электроподвижного автомобиля"~22 ОR "электроподвижного транспортных средств"~22 ОR "электроподвижного средства"~22 ОR "электроподвижного вагона"~22 ОR "электротранспорта")) ОR (ZH TI:("电车" OR "电动车辆" OR "电动汽 车" OR "电动机动" OR "用于电动机动" OR "混合动力汽车" OR "混合动力车发电") OR ZH\_AB;("电车" OR "电动车辆" OR "电动汽 车" OR "电动机动" OR "用于电动机动" OR "混合动力汽车" OR "混合动力车发电")) Office(s):all Language:EN Stemming: true Page: 1 / 15354 Go > prev next Refine Search [ Search RSS 3

Analysis

 Sort by:
 Relevance
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 Int.Class
 Appl.No
 Applicant
 Inventor

 No
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 Title
 PubDate
 Int.Class
 Appl.No
 Applicant
 Inventor

 1.
 W0
 WO/2012/167518 - SOLAR HYBRID VEHICLE
 13.12.2012
 B60K 6/28 @ PCT/CN2011/079446
 ZHU, Shuyi
 ZHU, Shuyi

A solar hybrid vehicle comprises a vehicle body, a vehicle energy configuration system, and a braking energy recycling device (11). The vehicle body collects solar energy with a solar energy collection system, the collected solar energy is stored in the vehicle energy configuration system, and the braking energy recycling device in the vehicle energy configuration system, and the braking energy recycling



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#### 1. (WO2012167518) SOLAR HYBRID VEHICLE

Description Claims National Phase Notices Drawings

11

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Documents

Pub. No.: WO/2012/167518 International Application No.: PCT/CN2011/079446
Publication Date: 13.12.2012 International Filing Date: 07.09.2011

IPC: B60K 6/28 (2007.10), B60L 8/00 (2006.01) [2]

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 Priority Data:
 201110151619.9
 08.06.2011
 CN

 Title
 (EN) SOLAR HYBRID VEHICLE

 (FR) VÉHICULE HYBRIDE SOLAIRE

(ZH) 太阳能混合动力汽车

Abstract: (EN)A solar hybrid vehicle comprises a vehicle body, a

vehicle energy configuration system, and a braking energy recycling device (11). The vehicle body collects solar energy with a solar energy collection system, the collected solar energy is stored in the vehicle energy configuration system, and the braking energy recycling device is connected to a storage battery pack (6). A sensor is disposed between the vehicle energy configuration system and the storage battery pack. The vehicle energy configuration system is connected to an on-board automatic control system, an external charging

interface (15) and an electric motor (7). The present invention combines multiple technical solutions, reduces energy consumption, increases the utilization of solar energy, and is more aesthetic and user-friendly.

(FR)La présente invention concerne un véhicule hybride solaire comportant une carrosserie de véhicule, un système de configuration d'énergie de véhicule, et un dispositif de recyclage d'énergie au freinage (11). La carrosserie de véhicule collecte de l'énergie solaire grâce à un système de collecte d'énergie solaire, l'énergie collectée est stockée dans le système de configuration d'énergie de véhicule et le dispositif de recyclage d'énergie au freinage est connecté à un bloc d'éléments d'accumulateur (6). Un capteur est disposé entre le système de configuration d'énergie de véhicule et le bloc d'éléments d'accumulateur. Le système de configuration d'énergie de véhicule est connecté à un système de commande automatique embarqué, à une interface de charge externe (15) et à un moteur électrique (7). La présente invention est une combinaison de plusieurs solutions techniques, réduit la consommation d'énergie, accroît l'utilisation de l'énergie solaire, et est plus esthétique et conviviale.

(ZH)—种太阳能混合动力汽车,包含汽车本体、车体能量配置系统、制动能量回收装置(11);汽车本体,有通过太阳能采集系统收集太阳能,收集的太阳能存储在车体能量配置系统中,制动能量回收装置与蓄





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1. (WO20121675

PCT Biblio, Data Claims National Phase Not Description

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matters

技术领域

太阳能混合动力汽车

本发明涉及一种太阳能混合动力汽车,属于新能源汽车技术领域。

背景技术

国际原沙 随着国民经济的快速发展,越来越多的家庭已经或 "有汽车。 ┗️路飙升为我们敲响了能源紧缺的警钟。汽车在中国家庭 中的普及要求我们在新能源汽车上取得实质性的

目前,国内外众多科研机构、公司都在致力于新能源汽 小研究。其中 其发展的瓶颈 収 代燃油汽车。 能可以超 过传统的燃油汽车,但其电池蓄电量成为影 所以还不能完

在太阳能汽车的开发研究上,人们已经取得了较大的进展。近年来对太阳能 收集转化技术的研究,也有效提高了太阳能的吸收利用率。太阳能汽车 的车体玻 瑶对太阳能的有效吸收利用情况在很大程 🚾 多响了汽车 🚾 体性能。为此 🚾 人们在太阳能汽车上尝试使用可烘弯低辐射镀膜玻璃和太阳 能薄膜电池来提高太 阳能的吸收效率,并取得了一定的效果。

因此,借助技术的更新可以为市场提供更好的节能环保型太阳能混合动力汽车。

发明内容

本发明所要解决的技术问题在于克服现有技术的不足,提供一种太阳能混合 动力汽车。

为实现上述的发明目的,本发明采用下述的技术方案:

一种太阳能混合动力汽车,包括汽车本体、太阳能采集系统、车体能量配置 系统、车载自动控制系统和制动能量回收装置;

所述汽车本体通过所述太阳能采集系统收集太阳能;收集的太阳能储存在车 体能量配置系统中,所述制动能量回收装置与蓄电池组连接;所述车体 能量配置 系统与所述蓄电池组之间设有传感器,所述车体能重配置系统分别与所述车载自 动控制系统、外接充电接口和电动机相连;

所述太阳能采集系统包括太阳能天窗、可烘弯低辐射镀膜玻璃、太阳能薄膜 电池以及车轮太阳能板,其中所述太阳能天窗为设置在所述汽车本体顶 部的太阳 能蜂窝吸光体;

在所述车体能里配置系统中,供电控制单元分别与光强检测单元、太阳能采 集单元、能里存储单元、汽车用电单元连接,用于实时接收所述光强检 测单元检 测到的光强信号,并根据该光强信号控制所述太阳能采集单元、所述能量存储单 元以及所述汽车用电单元的运行;

在所述汽车本体的车轮外侧分别设置有磁浮制动盘置,所述磁浮制动盘置的 表面设置有车轮太阳能板;

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Nota: testo sulla base di processi automatici riconoscimento ottico dei caratteri. Si prega di utilizzare la versione PDF per questioni legali Auto ibride solari

#### CAMPO

La presente invenzione riguarda un veicoli ibridi solari, appartenente al campo dei veicoli nuovi tecnologie energetiche.

#### BACKGROUND

Con il rapido sviluppo dell'economia nazionale, sempre più famiglie sono stati o stanno per avere una macchina. Tuttavia, i prezzi internazionali del greggio salito a noi ha lanciato l'allarme per la carenza di energia. Car popolare in famiglie cinesi ci impongono di fare sostanziali progressi tecnologici in nuovi veicoli di energia.

Allo stato attuale, molti istituti di ricerca nazionali ed esteri, le aziende stanno lavorando su veicoli di nuova energia. Tra questi, le auto ibride sono i veicoli di nuova energia più vicini esistenti maturano prodotto. Le auto ibride possono superare le prestazioni dei veicoli a combustibile tradizionale, ma la sua capacità della batteria è diventato un collo di bottiglia che interessano il loro sviluppo, in modo che non può sostituire completamente veicoli a carburante.

Sulla ricerca e lo sviluppo di automobili solari, le persone hanno fatto grandi progressi. Recenti studi sulla conversione della tecnologia solare raccolta di energia, ma anche di migliorare efficacemente l'assorbimento e l'utilizzazione dell'energia solare. Carrozzeria solare efficace assorbire vetro solare è largamente influenzato le prestazioni generali della macchina utilizzazione. Per questo motivo, si cerca di utilizzare la macchina solare può cuocere piegato bassa emissività vetro rivestito e celle solari a film sottile per migliorare l'efficienza di assorbimento di energia solare, e hanno raggiunto alcuni risultati.

Pertanto, l'uso di tecnologia aggiornata per fornire una migliore risparmio energetico veicoli ibridi solari al mercato.

#### SINTESI

I problemi tecnici da risolvere dalla presente invenzione è quello di superare le carenze della tecnica anteriore per fornire un veicoli ibridi solari.

Per raggiungere il suddetto scopo dell'invenzione, la presente invenzione impiega lo schema seguente tecnica:

A veicoli ibridi solari, tra cui il corpo vettura, il sistema di raccolta solare, i sistemi di configurazione di energia del corpo, i sistemi di controllo dei veicoli e il recupero dell'energia di frenata automatica;



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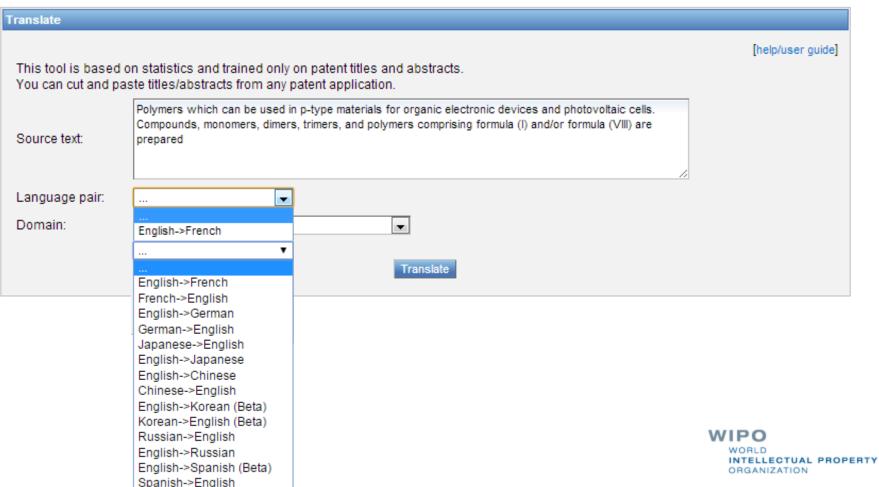


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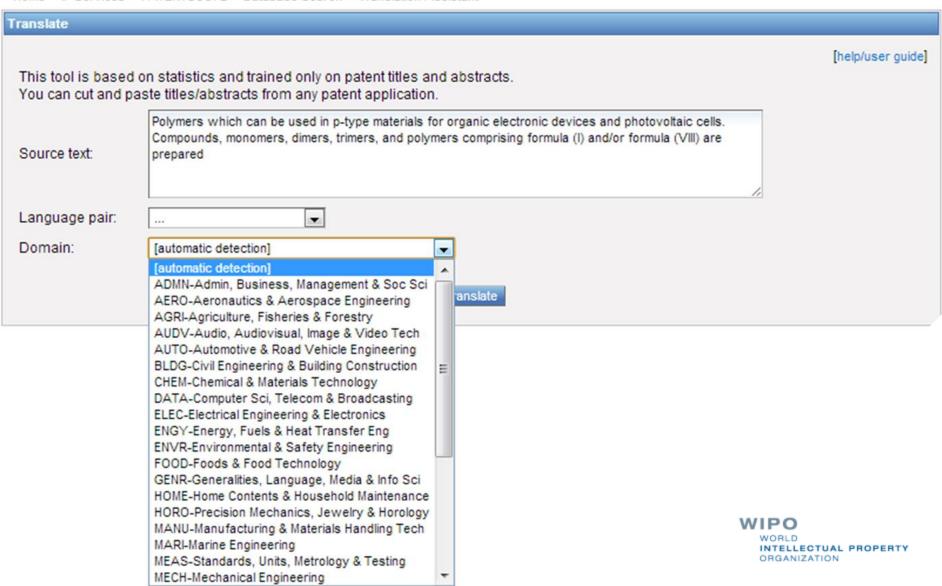


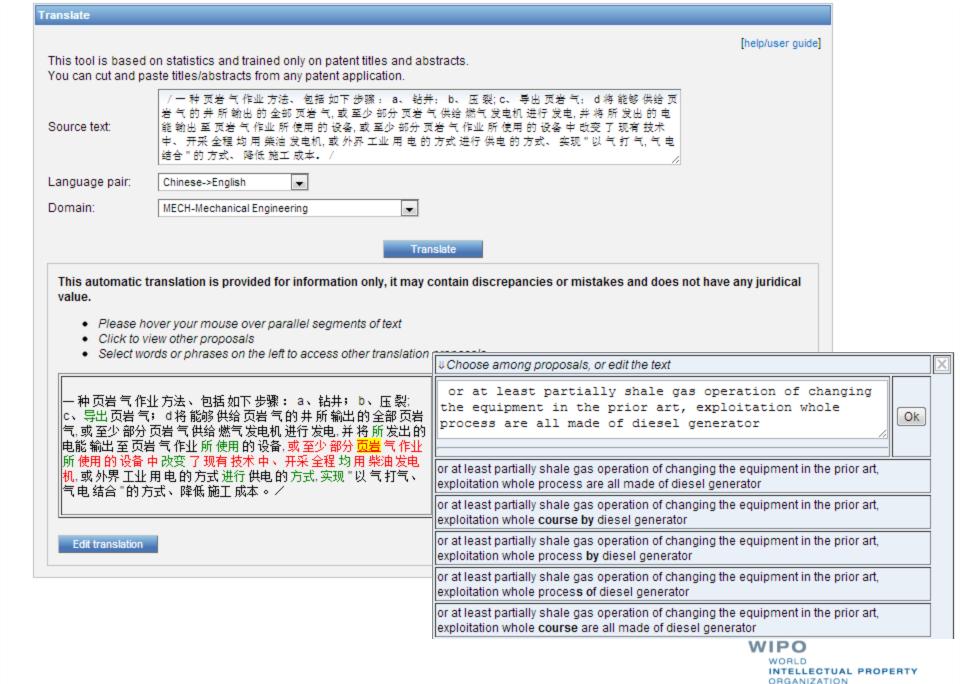


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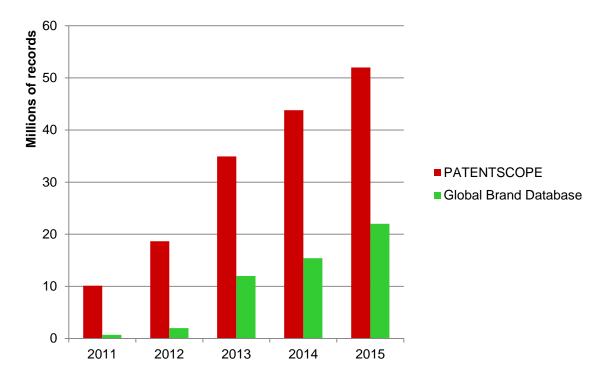
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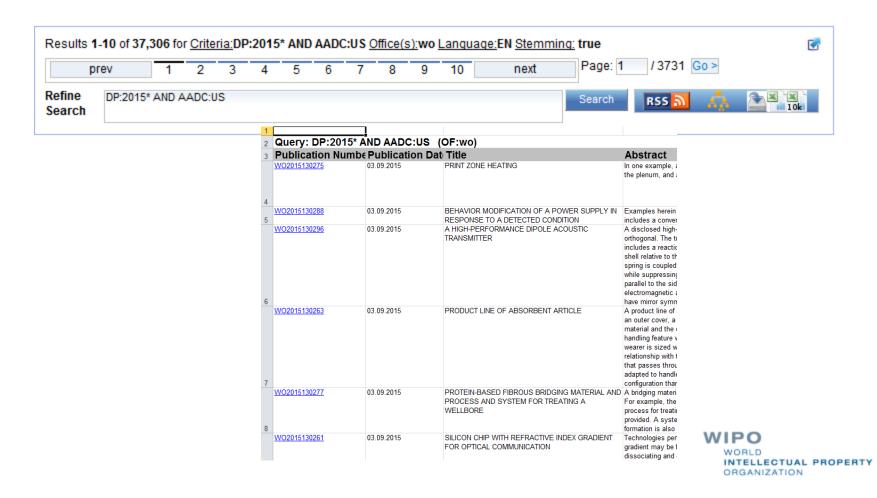
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- Portugal: 1967 to 2016: 109'000 applications
- Republic of Korea: 1979 to 2016: 2.8 million full text added
- Great Britain: 1782 to 2016: 2.3 million applications (with full text from 1900)
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## German decompounder

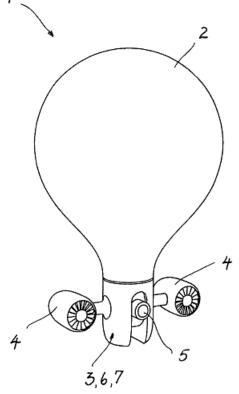
Special care has been taken to index efficiently compound words in German language

Example: WO2014/00729

Gasballongetragener Flugroboter

With decompounding, any of the following queries will match the WO2014/00729 document:

- gasballon" AND "roboter"
- gasballon" AND "flugroboter"
- "ballon" AND "roboter"
- "getragener" AND "roboter"





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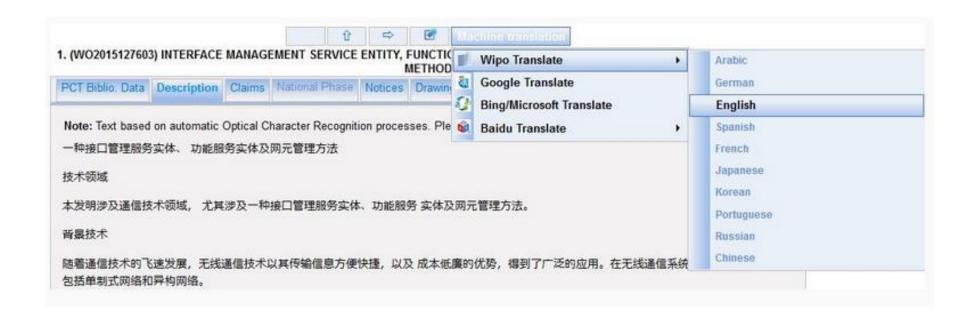


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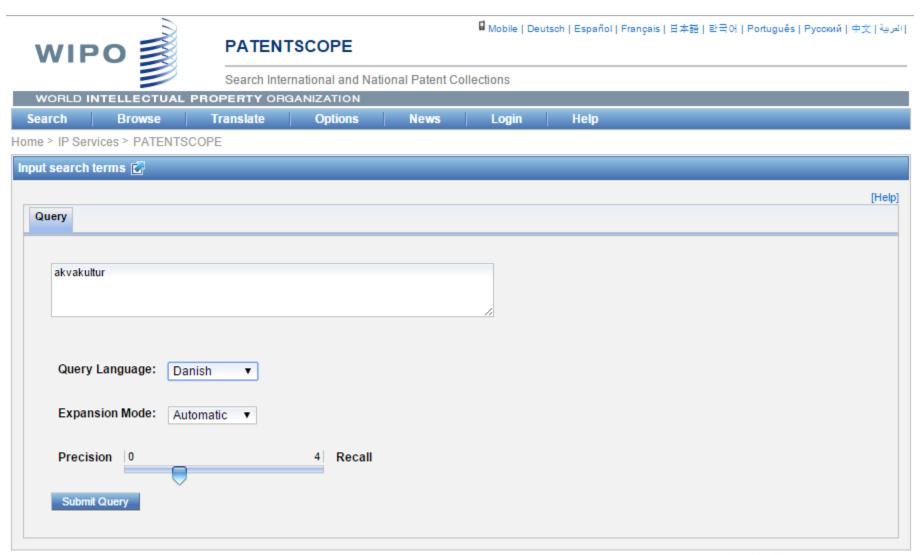
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Korean title&abstract	22.09	19.85
Japanese title&abstract	22.10	21.27
Chinese title&abstract	26.37	21.80
Chinese claims	28.68	21.89
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## Two new supported languages in CLIR: Danish and Polish





Office(s):all Language:EN Stemming: true

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China	16417	A01K	9601	THE INVENTOR HAS WAIVED THE RIGHT TO		中国水产科学研究院黄海水产	144	2005	565	
Japan	2498	A23K	5582	BE MENTIONED		研究所		2006	578	
PCT	538	C02F	2166	XING GUISHENG	93	中国水产科学研究院淡水造业研究中心 中国海洋大学	121	2007	697	
United States	494	A61K	1599	QU TIANGUI	73			2008	770	
				吴常文	59		115			
European Patent Office	195	A01G	1420	Qu Tiangui	58	浙江海洋学院	110	2009	819	
Canada	157	C12N	1401			中国科学院海洋研究所	101	2010	1333	
Spain	141	A61P	1323	SHEN JIANMING	58			2011	1439	
Brazil	128	C12R	819	张涛	54	Ocean University of China	89	2012	1948	
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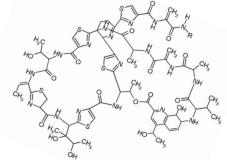
## Search chemical compounds

## Principle:

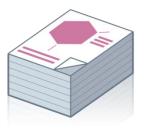




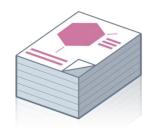
- Recognize chemical compounds in patent texts and from embedded drawings included in patent texts
- Standardize all the different representations of chemical structures into Inchikeys
- Implement search functions for Inchikeys that can be used by non chemists











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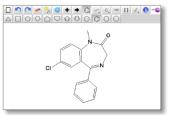
(...) At the moment the surgical procedure starts, benzodiazepin, e.g.

@AAOVKJBEBIDNHE-UHFFFAOYSA-N@, is administered in a dose of no more than 5 mg. (...)

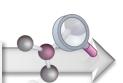


(...) At the moment the surgical procedure starts, benzodiazepin, e.g. diazepam, is administered in a dose of no more than 5 mg. (...)











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## Standardization

#### **IUPAC** name

N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamide

INN paracetamol

Other names

Acetaminophen, panadol, tylenol, ...

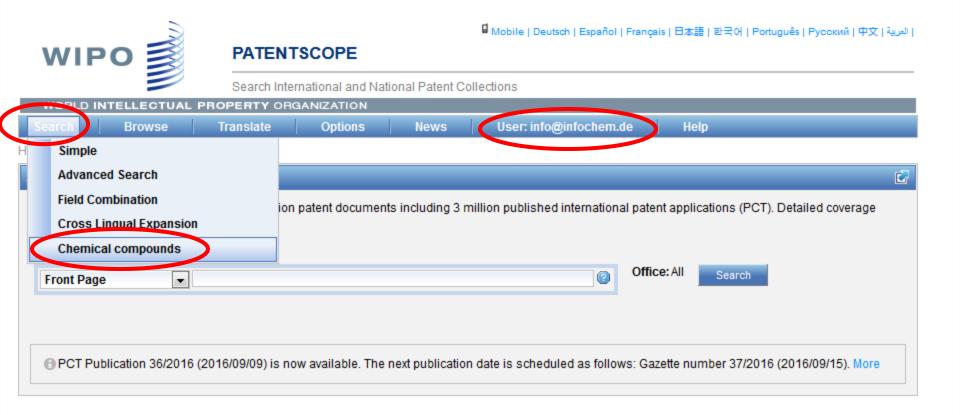
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## How does it work?





## How does it work?





## Example 1: Theobromine

- Its chemical formula is  $C_7H_8N_4O_2$  and IUPAC name:
- 3,7-dimethyl-1*H*-purine-2,6-dione

Theobromine is found in the seeds of the plant Theobroma Cacao, which is the well-known source of chocolate and cocoa. It has a bitter flavor, which gives dark chocolate its typical bitter taste.







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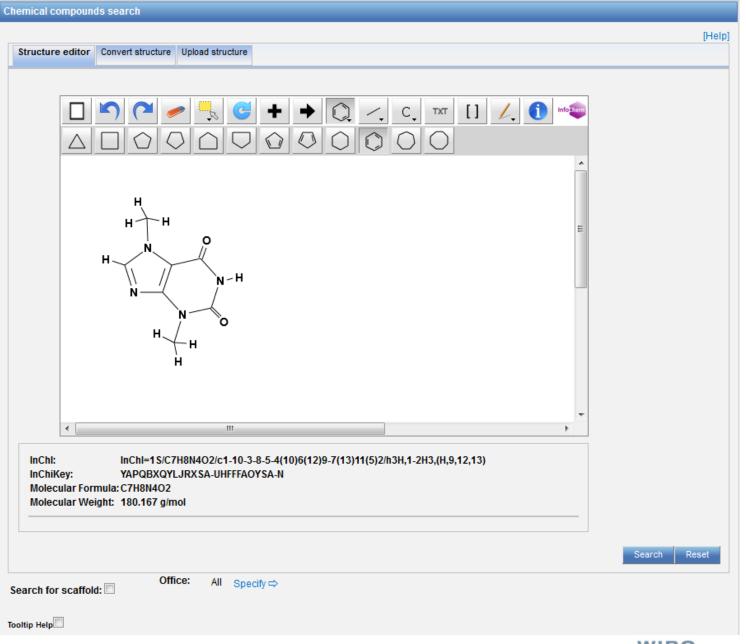
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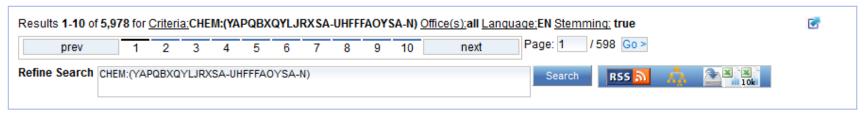
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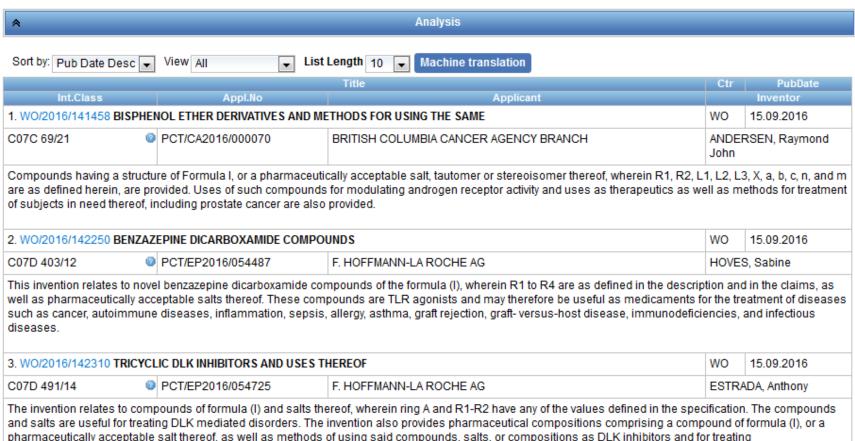
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neurodegeneration diseases and disorders.

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### Machine translation

#### 1. (WO2016141458) BISPHENOL ETHER DERIVATIVES AND METHODS FOR USING THE SAME

PCT Biblio, Data Description Claims National Phase Modes Compounds Drawings Documents

Latest bibliographic data on file with the International Bureau Submit observation

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International Application No.: PCT/CA2016/000070 Pub. No.: WO/2016/141458

Publication Date: 15.09.2016 International Filing Date: 11.03.2016

IPC: C07C 69/21 (2006.01), A61K 31/05 (2006.01), A61P 35/00 (2006.01), C07C 43/23 (2006.01), C07F 9/40 (2006.01)

Applicants: BRITISH COLUMBIA CANCER AGENCY BRANCH [CA/CA]; 600 West 10th Avenue Vancouver, British Columbia V5Z 4E6 (CA).

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Priority Data: 62/131.969 12.03.2015 US

(EN) BISPHENOL ETHER DERIVATIVES AND METHODS FOR USING THE SAME. Title

(FR) DÉRIVÉS D'ÉTHER DE BISPHÉNOL ET LEURS PROCÉDÉS D'UTILISATION

Abstract: (EN)Compounds having a structure of Formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt,

> tautomer or stereoisomer thereof, wherein R1, R2, L1, L2, L3, X, a, b, c, n, and m are as defined herein, are provided. Uses of such compounds for modulating androgen receptor activity and uses as therapeutics as well as methods for treatment of subjects

in need thereof, including prostate cancer are also provided.

(FR)Cette invention concerne des composés ayant une structure de formule I : ou un sel, un tautomère ou un stéréoisomère pharmaceutiquement acceptable de ceux-ci, où R1,

R<sup>2</sup>, L<sup>1</sup>, L<sup>2</sup>, L<sup>3</sup>, X, a, b, c, n et m étant tels que définis dans la présente. L'invention concerne également les utilisations de ces composés pour moduler l'activité du récepteur des androgènes et leurs utilisations comme substances thérapeutiques.

ainsi que des méthodes destinées à traiter des sujets en ayant besoin, dont des sujets atteints de cancer de la prostate.

Designated States: AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE,

> EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IR, IS, JP, KE, KG, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SA, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK,

SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.

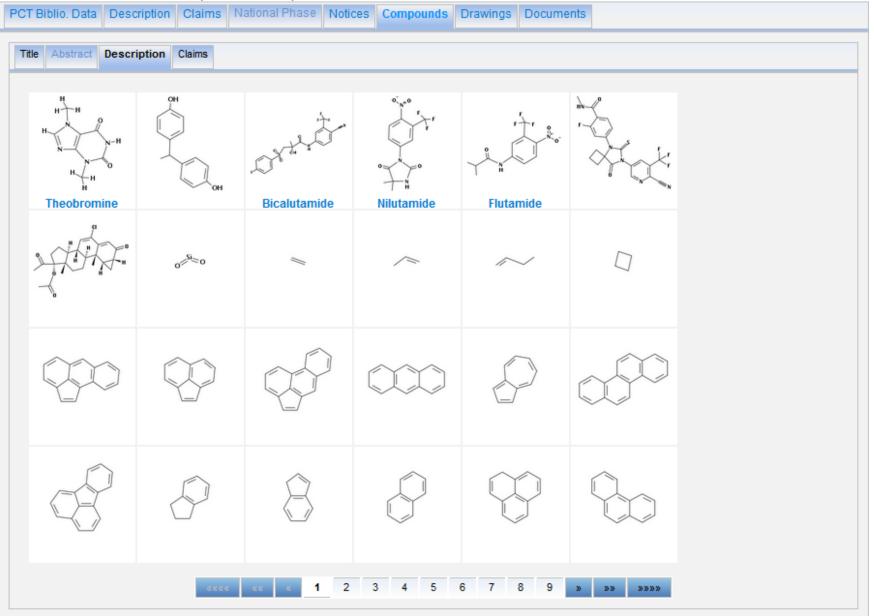
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Eurasian Patent Organization (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU, TJ, TM)

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NO. PL. PT. RO. RS. SE. SI. SK. SM. TR)

#### 1. (WO2016141458) BISPHENOL ETHER DERIVATIVES AND METHODS FOR USING THE SAME



Compounds as described herein may be in the free form or in the form of a salt thereof. In some embodiments, compounds as described herein may be in the form of a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, which are known in the art (Berge et al., J. Pharm. Sci. 1977, 66, 1). Pharmaceutically acceptable salt as used herein includes, for example, salts that have the desired pharmacological activity of the parent compound (salts which retain the biological effectiveness and/or properties of the parent compound and which are not biologically and/or otherwise undesirable). Compounds as described herein having one or more functional groups capable of forming a salt may be, for example, formed as a pharmaceutically acceptable salt. Compounds containing one or more basic functional groups may be capable of forming a pharmaceutic and acceptable organic or inorganic acid.

Pharmaceutically acceptable salts may be derived ceutically benzoic acid, benzenesulfonic acid, butyric acid, cir<sup>erived</sup> fror digluconic acid, dodecylsulfonic acid, cthanesulfon sulfonic a hemisulfonic acid, heptanoic acid, hexanoic acid, h malic acid, maieic acid, malonic acid, mandelic acid, r nicotinic acid, nitric acid, oxalic acid, pamoic acid, pacid, pect pyruvic acid, salicylic acid, succinic acid, sulfuric ac<sub>uric</sub> acid, functional groups may be capable of forming pharr pharmac inorganic bases based on alkaline metals or alkaline amine compounds, quaternary amine compounds, su Pharmaceutically acceptable salts may be derived grived from acceptable metal cation such as ammonium,

sodium, potassium, lithium, calcium, magnesium, sium, iror dimethylamine, trimethylamine, ethylamine, m/mylm/mylami 2-drmethylarninoethanol, 2-diethylaruinoethanol, dinol, dicyc Theobromine glucosamine, glucamine, memylglucamine, theol theol or compounds, tetraethylammonium compounds, pyridin

reacting an isolated and purified compound.

0

c acid, adipic acid, alginic acid, aspartic acid, ascorbic acid, horsulfonie acid, cyclopentanepropionic acid, diethylacetic acid, oic acid, gluconic acid, glycerophosphoric acid, glycolic acid, acid, 2-hydroxyethanesulfonic acid, isomcotinic acid, lactic acid, c acid, naphthalenedisulphonic acid, p-toluenesulfonic acid.

ric acid, picric acid, p. or undecanoic acid. ( utically acceptable b mary amine compou tituted amines, cyclic droxide, carbonate, or

ammonia, benzathine

lamine, tributylaminei

more acidic temitation, nds, tertiary ar resins. ; jally

nic acid.

affeine, hydrabamine. diine. aine, N- etliylpiperidinydrabamine, choline, betaine, imonium J-dimemylaniline, N-methylpiperidine, morphohne, N etliylpiperidine, theobromine ine. dicyclohexylamine, dibenzylamine, N,N- dibenzylpheneth kamine resins. In some embodiments. compounds as described herein may contain both acidic and basic groups and may be in the form of inner salts or zwitterions, for example, and without limitation, betaines, Salts as described herein may be prepared by conventional processes known to a person slcilled in the art, for example, and without limitation, by reacting the free form with an organic acid or inorganic acid or base, or by anion exchange or cation exchange from other salts. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that preparation of salts may occur in situ during isolation and purification of the compounds or preparation of salts may occur by separately

In some embodiments, compounds and all different forms thereof (e.g. free forms, salts, polymorphs, isomeric forms) as described herein may be in the solvent addition form, for example, solvates. Solvates contain either stoichiometric or non-stoicbiometric amounts of a solvent in physical association the compound or salt thereof. The solvent may be, for example, and without limitation, a pharmaceutically acceptable solvent. For example, hydrates are formed when the solvent is water or alcoholates are formed when the solvent is an alcohol.

In some embodiments, compounds and all different forms thereof (e.g. free forms, salts, solvates, isomeric forms) as described herein may include crystalline and amorphous forms, for example, polymorphs, pseudopolymorphs, conformational polymorphs, amorphous forms, or a combination thereof. Polymorphs include different crystal packing arrangements of the same elemental composition of a compound. Polymorphs usually have different X-ray diffraction patterns. infrared spectra, melting points, density, hardness, crystal shape, optical and electrical properties, stability and/or solubility. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that various factors including recrystallization solvent, rate of crystallization and storage temperature may cause a single crystal form to dominate.

In some embodiments, compounds and all different forms thereof (e.g. free forms, salts, solvates, polymorphs) as described herein include isomers such as geometrical isomers, optical isomers based on asymmetric carbon, stereoisomers, tautomers, individual enantiomers, individual diastereomers, racemates, diastereomeric mixtures and combinations thereof, and are not limited by the description of the formula illustrated for the sake of convenience.

III. Methods

The precent compounds find use in any number of methods. For example, in some embediments the compounds can be useful in methods for medulating

# Combine chemical search criteria with other criteria



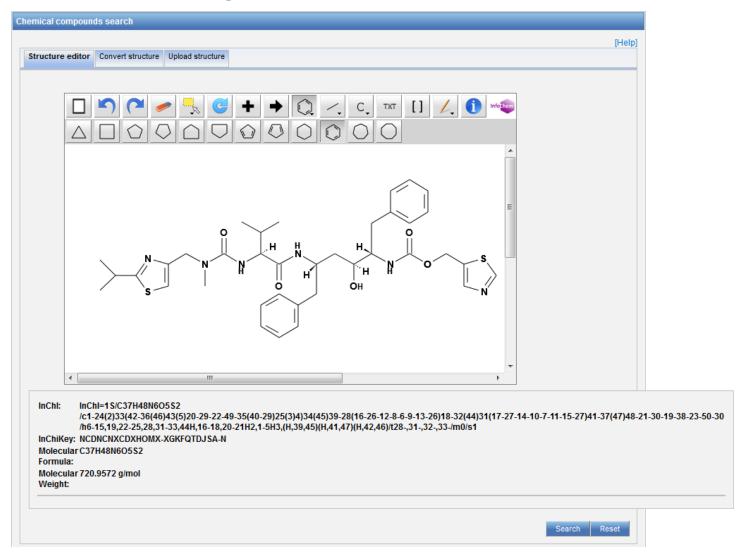


## International Non proprietary Names

### **WIKIPEDIA:**

- INNs are official generic and non proprietary names given to a pharmaceutical drug or active ingredients issued by the World Health Organization (WHO).
- Growing need to be able to search INNs in patent texts
- PATENTSCOPE supports the search of 6917 INNs by Inchikey

## Example 2: ritonavir

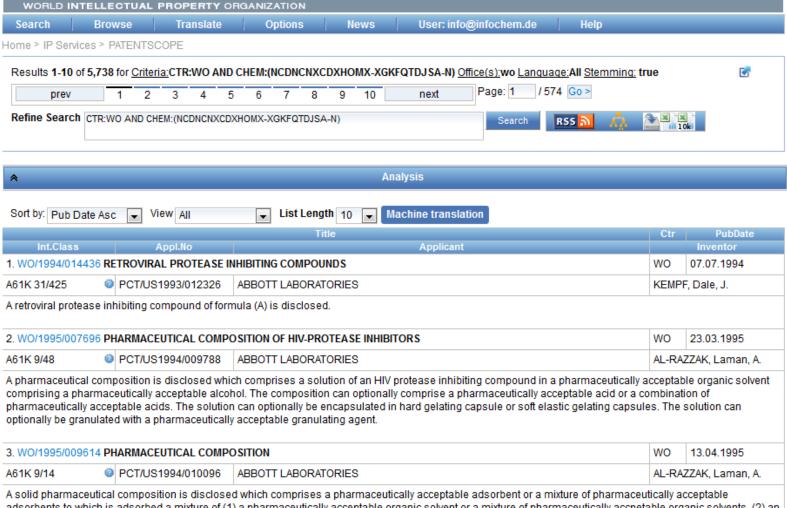






#### PATENTSCOPE

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A solid pharmaceutical composition is disclosed which comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable adsorbent or a mixture of pharmaceutically acceptable adsorbents to which is adsorbed a mixture of (1) a pharmaceutically acceptable organic solvent or a mixture of pharmaceutically acceptable organic solvents, (2) an HIV protease inhibiting compound and (3) one or more pharmaceutically acceptable acids. The solid composition can optionally be encapsulated in a hard gelatin capsule.



#### 8. (2S.3S.5S)-5-(N-(N-((N-Methyl-N-((2-isopropyl-4-thiazolyl)methyl)-amino)carbonyl)valinyl)amino)-2-(N-((5-thiazolyl)methoxycarbonyl)amino)-1.6-diphenyl-3-hydroxyhexane; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester or prodrug thereof.

(2S,3S,5S)-5-(N-(N-((N-Methyl-N-((2-isopropyl-4-oxaz 3-hydroxyhexane; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt

10. A compound selected from the group consisting of: 2-(N-((5-thiazolyl)methoxycarbonyl)amino)-1,6-diphenyl (2S.3S.5S)-5-(N-(N-((2-Isopropyl-4-thiazolyl)methoxycar (2S,3S,5S)-2-(N-(N-((2-Isopropyl-4-thiazolyl)methoxycar (2S,3S,5S)-5-(N-(N-((2-Isopropyl-4-thiazolyl)methoxycar (2S,3S,5S)-5-(N-(N-((2-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-4-thiazolyl 3-hydroxyhexane;

(2S,3S,5S)-2-(N-(N-((2-(N,N-Dimethylamino)-4-thiazolyl 3-hydroxyhexane;

(2S,3S,5S)-5-(N-(N-((2-(4-Morpholinyl)-4-thiazolyl)meth (2S,3S,5S)-2-(N-(N-((2-(4-Morpholinyl)-4-thiazolyl)-meth (2S,3S,5S)-5-(N-(N-((2-(1-Pyrrolidinyl)-4-thiazolyl)methol

(2S,3S,5S)-5-(N-(N-((N-Methyl-N-((2-isopropyl-4-oxazol) 3-hydroxyhexane;

(2S,3S,5S)-5-(N-(N-((N-Methyl-N-((2-isopropyl-4-thiazol) 3-hydroxyhexane;

(2S,3S,5S)-5-(N-(N-((N-Methyl-N-((2-isopropyl-4-thiazol Ritonavir 3-hydroxyhexane; and

chiral

mino)-1,6-diphenyl-

/l)alaninyl)amino)-

vdroxvhexane: ydroxyhexane; -hydroxyhexane; -diphenvl-

-diphenyl-

nyl-3-hydroxyhexane; enyl-3-hydroxyhexane; iyl-3-hydroxyhexane;

no)-1,6-diphenyl-

no)-1,6-diphenyl-

nino)-1,6-diphenyl-

(28,38,58)-5-(N-(N-(N-Methyl-N-((2-isopropyl-4-oxazoly))meany)gamino) -1,6-diphenyl-3-hydroxyhexane; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester or prodrug thereof.

#### 11. A compound of the formula:

wherein R<sub>1</sub> is monosubstituted thiazolyl, monosubstituted oxazolyl, monosubstituted isoxazolyl or monosubstituted isothiazolyl wherein the substituent is selected from (i) loweralkyl, (ii) loweralkenyl, (iii) cycloalkyl, (iv) cycloalkyl, (v) cycloalkenyl, (vi)cycloalkenylalkyl, (vii) heterocyclic wherein the heterocyclic is selected from aziridinyl, azetidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl and pyrazinyl and wherein the heterocyclic is unsubstituted or substituted with a substituent selected from halo, loweralkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy and thioalkoxy, (viii)

(heterocyclic)alkyl wherein heterocyclic is defined as above, (ix) alkoxyalkyl, (x) thioalkoxyalkyl, (xi) alkylamino, (xii) dialkylamino, (xiii) phenyl wherein the phenyl ring is unsubstituted or substituted with a substituent selected from halo, loweralkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy and thioalkoxy, (xiv) phenylalkyl wherein the phenyl ring is unsubstituted or substituted as defined above, (xv) dialkylaminoalkyl, (xvi) alkoxy and (xvii) thioalkoxy;



# Scope

Works on **developed complete exact formulas** ≠ Markush structures (-R) that are chemical symbols used to indicate a collection of chemicals with similar structures.

$$R^{1}$$
 $X = Z$ 
 $X = Z$ 
 $X = Z$ 
 $X = Z$ 

- Chemical elements, short names (less than 4 characters), common solvents and polymers are not annotated by design
- PCT and US national collections with IPC codes related to chemistry
- Languages: English and German

# Warning

- Based on state of the art fully automated chemical recognition algorithms: the technology is NOT 100% accurate
- OCR errors in the available patent full texts make the recognition of chemical compound even more challenging

 Use it as a discovery tool knowing that the results are not exhaustive, nor all exact (precision, recall)



# PATENTSCOPE what's next?

## Future Coverage:

DK, FR, NZ, AU, old JP documents (between 1993 and 2003, and later after 1971)



# Monthly webinar



### **PATENTSCOPE** Webinars

Webinars are used by WIPO to deliver information, training and updates on the PATENTSCOPE search system to a remote audience using the Internet.

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· Frequently asked questions



# GLOBAL DATABASES, TOOLS, AND PLATFORMS FOR IP BUSINESS (FREE)

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- Global Brand Database
- Global Design Database
- WIPO Lex
- WIPO Pearl

# **GLOBAL BRAND DATABASE**

- Over 25 million records relating to internationallyprotected trademarks, etc.
- Goal is to include all brand-related information from all sources
- Currently searches across multiple collections, including:
  - > Trademarks registered under Madrid System
  - Appellations of Origin registered under Lisbon System
  - Emblems protected under the Paris Convention 6ter
  - Algeria, Australia, Brunei, Canada, Cambodia, Denmark, Egypt, Estonia, Indonesia, Israel, Japan, Laos, Mexico, Morocco, New Zealand, Oman, Papua New Guines, Philippines, Singapore, Switzerland, Tonga, UAE, US – with many more coming soon



## **Global Brand Database**

## Video demo:

http://www.wipo.int/pressroom/en/articles/2014/article\_0007.html



# Global Brand Database – Features

- Single intuitive interface to search 30 data collections
- Image Search by example
- Interactive & dynamic search with immediate feedback
- Fuzzy, phonetic and word-stem matches
- Automatic term suggestion
- Easy search of US or Vienna image class
- Full Boolean, proximity and range options
- Unlimited, customizable results browsing
- Saved searches and record sets
- Instant, graphical data analysis





# **IMAGE SEARCH**

- Sort your results by their visual similarity to an image you provide
- World's first public trademark database to provide search by image
- Choose the search strategy best suited to your particular mark



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searches - records - help

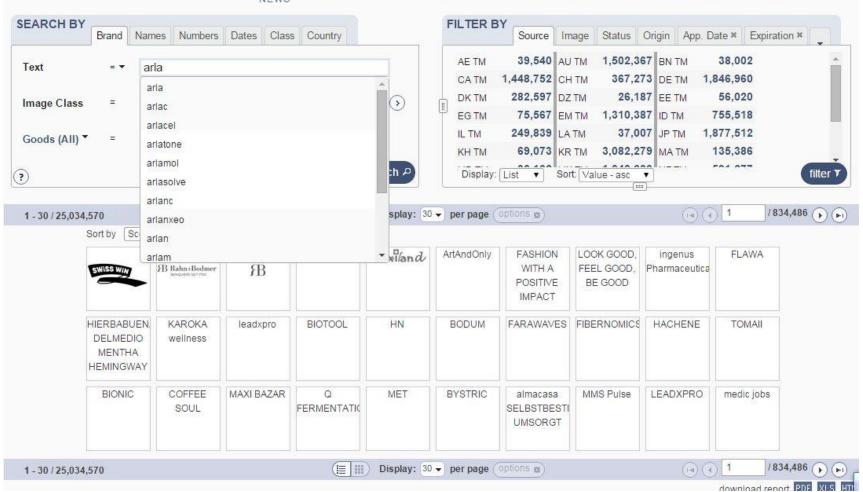
Home Reference Global Brand Database

## How it works – Looking for logos similar to 'Arla'

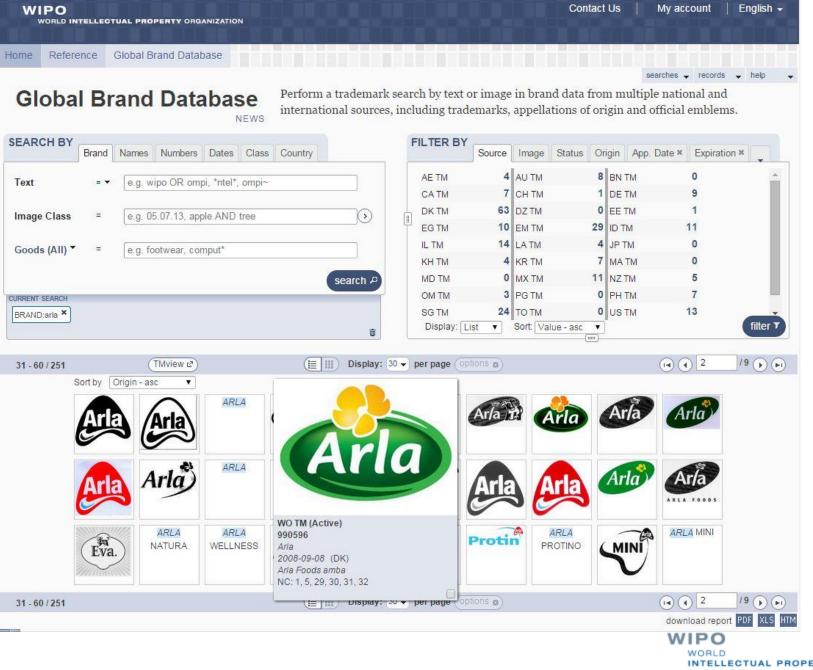
### **Global Brand Database**

NEWS

Perform a trademark search by text or image in brand data from multiple national and international sources, including trademarks, appellations of origin and official emblems.

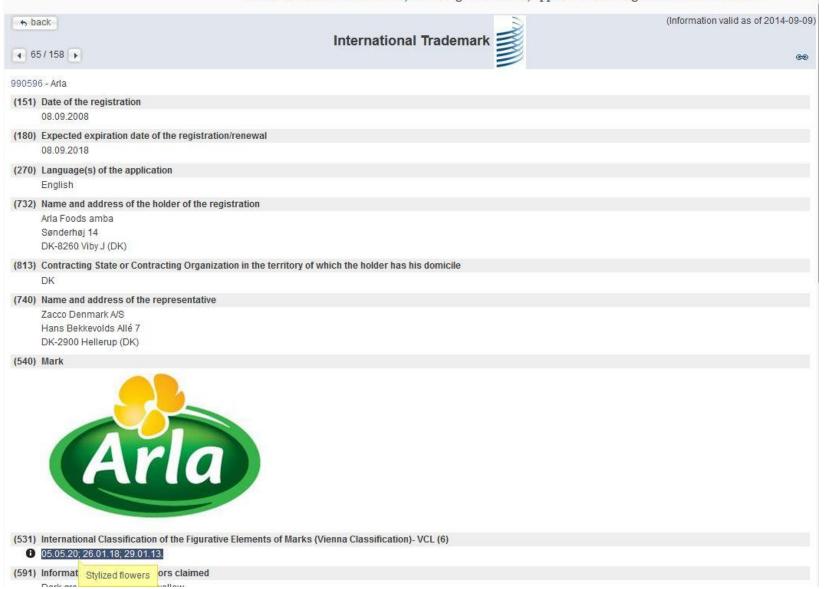






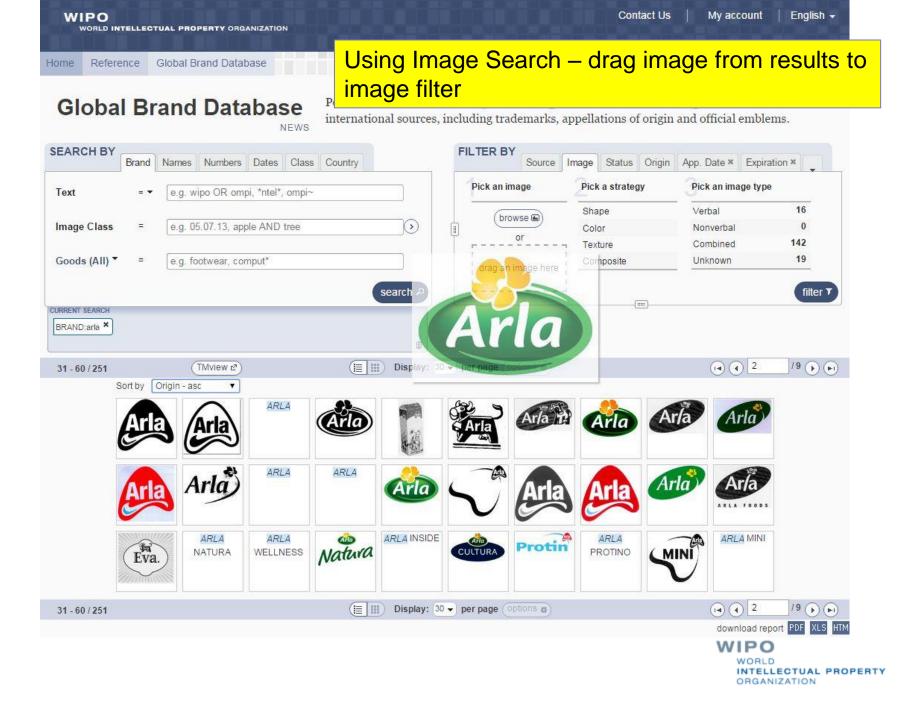
## **Global Brand Database**

Search trademark and other brand information by text or image from multiple national and international sources, including trademarks, appellations of origin and official emblems.









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## GLOBAL DESIGN DATABASE

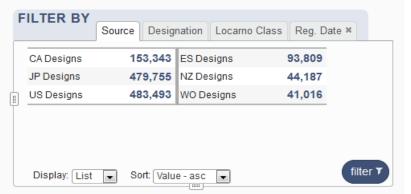
- URL: <a href="http://www.wipo.int/designdb">http://www.wipo.int/designdb</a>
- Launched on January, 9th 2015.
- Free of charge simultaneous design-related searches across multiple collections, including:
  - designs registered under the Hague System
  - national design collections of CA, ES, JP, NZ, US
  - other national collections, including DE, KR and EM coming soon



## **Global Design Database**

A world-wide collection of industrial designs data; including WIPO Hague registrations and information from participating national offices.

SEARCH BY							
	Design	Names	Numbers	Dates	Country		
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Design class	=					<b>&gt;</b>	
Description ▼	=						
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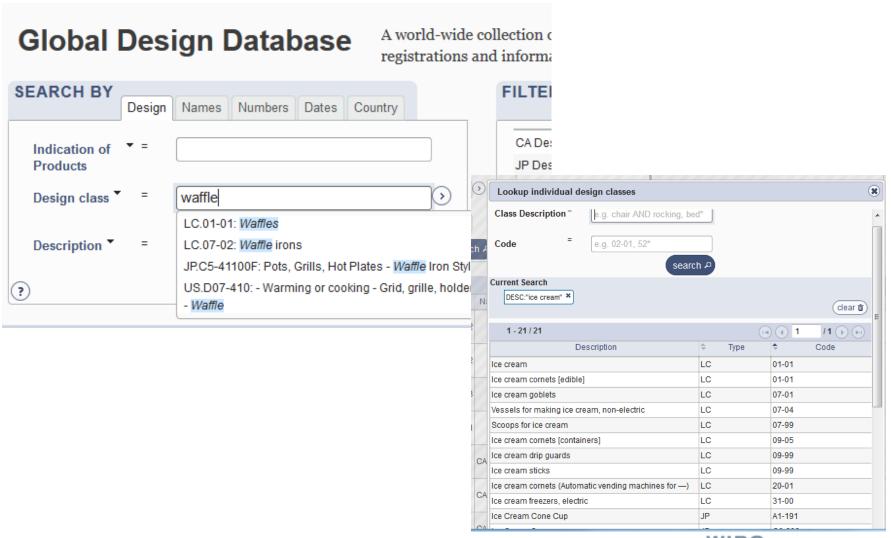


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Reg. No	\$ Source	Holder	Reg. Dati	Locarn	Nationa	Ind. Prod.	Designations	Designs	Image
ES700000000	ESID	ANDRÉS MORENO TORRES	2015-08-3	11-02		Esculturas	ES	9	23
ES700000000	ESID	SERGIO PESTAÑA CAMACHO	2015-08-3	02-02		CHALECOS	ES	4	1
ES700000000	ESID	F2WORK TRABAJOS ESPECIALES S.L.	2015-08-3	06-03		Banco de trabajo	ES	5	4
ES700000000	ESID	INNOVACION BAÑO, S.L.	2015-08-2	23-01		VALVULA DE DESAGÜE PARA SANITARIOS	ES	1	
157901	CAID	HUSQVARNA AB	2015-08-2		CA.003-	CONNECTOR NUT	CA	1	9
150851	CAID	ECO GUTTER IP HOLDINGS PTY LTD.	2015-08-2		CA.018-	GUTTER SECTION	CA	1	_\



English -

# Search by national classification as well as Locarno



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## **Global Design Database**

A world-wide collection of industrial designs data; including WIPO Hague registrations  $\epsilon$  participating national offices.





#### **Hague Registration**

Current Status History

#### Designated contracting parties:



EM

#### Invalidation: EM: Bulletin No. 41/2012

(11) Registration Number

DM/070593

(73) Name of holder

LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY "LOGOS"
249, Geroev Stalingrada Street, Dnipropetrovsk (UA)

- (81) Designated Contracting Party which pronounced the invalidation, followed by its effective date where that date was communicated to the International Bureau EM; 03.05.2012
- (58) Date of recording in the International Register

11.09.2012

#### Statement of Grant of Protection: EM: Bulletin No. 10/2008

(11) Registration Number

DM/070593

(81) Designated Contracting Party which made the notification

EΜ

(58) Date of recording in the International Register

01.10.2008

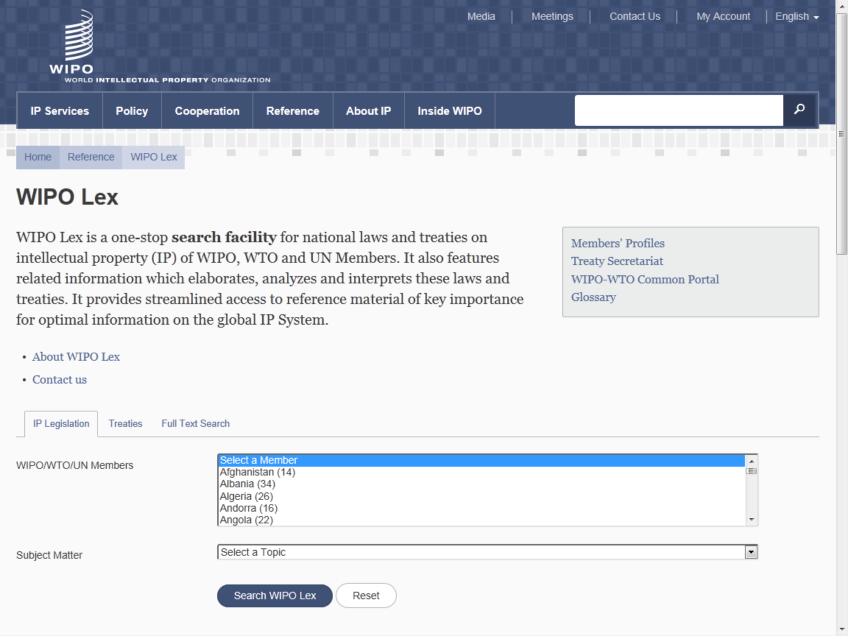


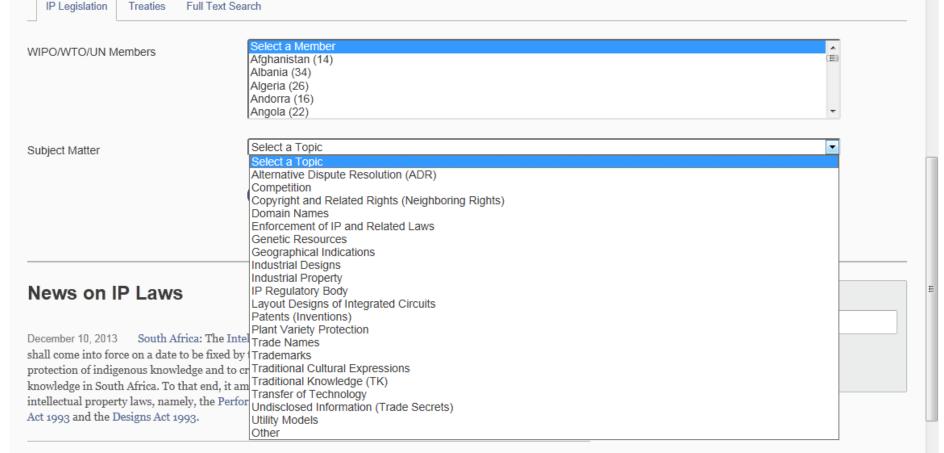
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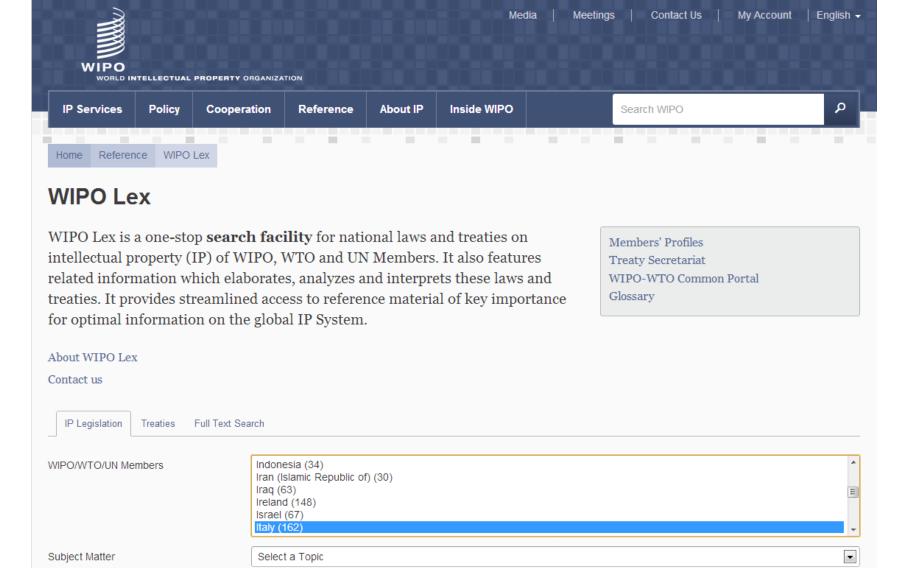
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October 18, 2013 Philippines: The BOT Office Order No. 13-06, Series of 2013, on the Implementation Guidelines for Office Order No. 13-061, Series 2013, on Trademark Applications with Priority Right Claim, issued by the Bureau of Trademarks (BOT) on October 18, 2013, provides for the guidelines to ensure the accurate implementation of the Office Order No. 13-061, which became effective on May 2, 2013. These guidelines primarily refer to the pending trademark applications at the time the Order became effective, the requirement of a copy of the foreign application as a basis for claiming convention priority, the application of goods and services in the Philippines compulsorily covered by the applications used as basis for claiming convention priority, the national applications where fees are not paid in full, the notice of registration of foreign application to the IP office of the Philippines (the IPOPHL) and the conditions for exemption from conformity to the list of goods and services in the foreign registration for the trademark applications for goods and services in the Philippines.





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Geographical Indications (34 texts) | Treaty Approvals (1 texts) | Treaty Membership (95 texts)

Relevant links



#### Laws

### Constitution / Basic Law (Date of current version)

Constitution of the Republic of Italy (2012)

### Main IP Laws: enacted by the Legislature (Date of current version)

- Industrial Property Code (Legislative Decree No. 30 of February 10, 2005, as amended up to Decree-Law No. 1 of January 24, 2012, converted into law with changes by Law No. 27 of March 24, 2012) (2012)
- Law No. 633 of April 22, 1941, for the Protection of Copyright and Neighboring Rights (as amended up to Decree-law No. 64 of April 30, 2010) (2010)
- Legislative Decree No. 219 of April 24, 2006 on the Implementation of Directive 2001/83/EC (& Subsequent Amending Directives) on the Community Code on Medicinal Products for Human Use, and the Directive 2003/94/EC (2006)
- Law No. 109 of June 25, 2005 Conversion into Law, with Amendments of the Decree-Law No. 63 of April 26, 2005 Containing Urgent
  Provisions for the Development & Territorial Cohesion, as well as for the Protection of Copyright. Provisions Concerning the Adoption
  of Single Texts on Compulsory & Supplementary Insurance (2005)
- Legislative Decree No. 224 of July 8, 2003 Implementation of Directive 2001/18/EC on the Deliberate Release of Genetically Modified Organisms (2003)
- Regional Act No.11 of 2002 on Protection of Autochthonous Genetic Resources of Agricultural Interest (2002)
- Legislative Decree No. 204 of March 15, 1996 on Amendments and Additions to Legislative Decree No. 685 of 16 November, 1994 concerning Right of Lease and other Copyright-Related Rights (1996)



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WIPO Pearl

## **WIPO Pearl**

- WIPO's online terminology database
- 16'000 concepts, 110'000 terms
- 10 languages
- Contents validated by WIPO language experts and terminologists

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http://www.wipo.int/wipopearl/search/ home.html



# Other systems

- WIPO IPAS, WIPO DAS
- WIPO CASE
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# Take home highlights

- PATENTSCOPE: very powerful full text patent prior art search engine: advised to be used in conjunction with fee-based professional systems for comprehensive searches
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- Global Brand Database: use for internet domain names and trademark searches. Try Image similarity search when Vienna classification searches do not perform wipo

# Thank you for your attention