

Topic 8:

Utilizing Claims of Granted Patents:

PPH and JPO Practices in Utilizing Granted Claims

Aug.2014

JAPAN PATENT OFFICE

Outline



- I. Background
- II. The Scheme of the PPH
- III. The Merit of the PPH
- IV. How to examine the PPH application



I. <u>Background</u>

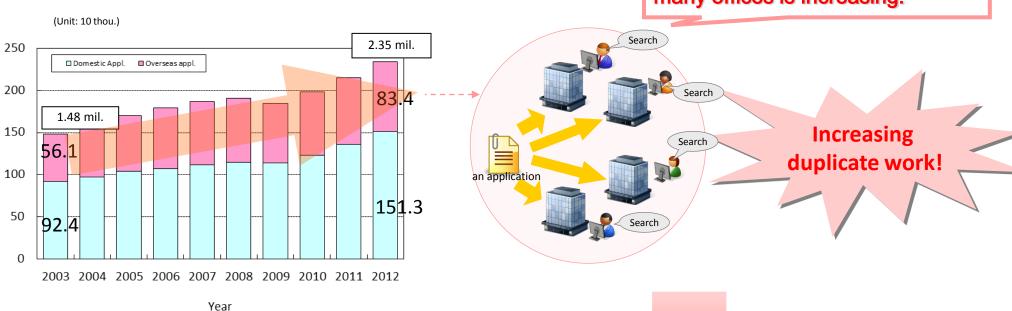
- II. The Scheme of the PPH
- III. The Merit of the PPH
- IV. How to examine the PPH application

Background



Growing Demand for Work Sharing





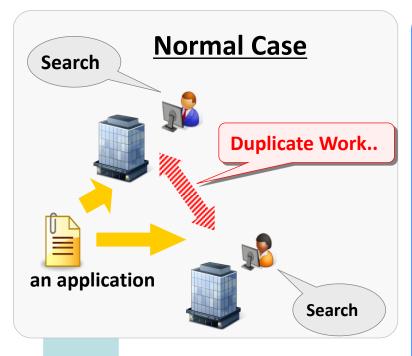
Source: WIPO Industrial Property Statistics

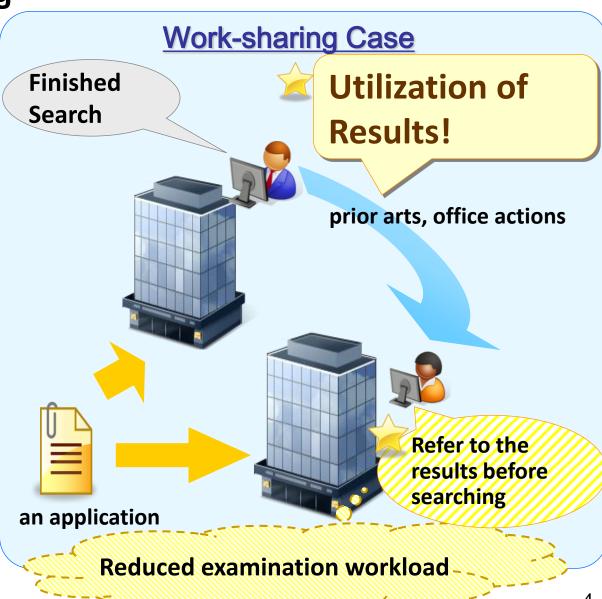
Growing Demand for Work Sharing

Background



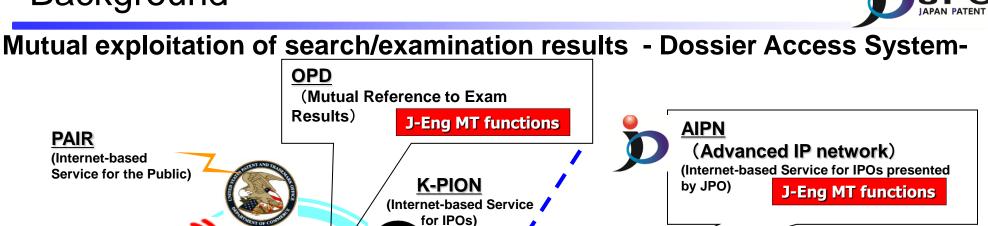
Efficiency of Work sharing





Background





European Patent Register

(Internet-based Service for the Public)

CPIS

(Internet-based Service for the Public)

SIPO IP5 Offices

USPTO

(1) Reduce workload in examination at IPOs

KIPO

JPO

(2) Obtain IP rights overseas quickly and properly

Internet

OPD(One Portal Dossier)

enable to mutually refer to results of search and examination in real time among IP5 Offices

Sharing results enables to reduce workload and to quicken examination

AIPN

IPOs in the world

(providing exam info via J-Eng MT)

Quick release of examination results

International contribution to other countries

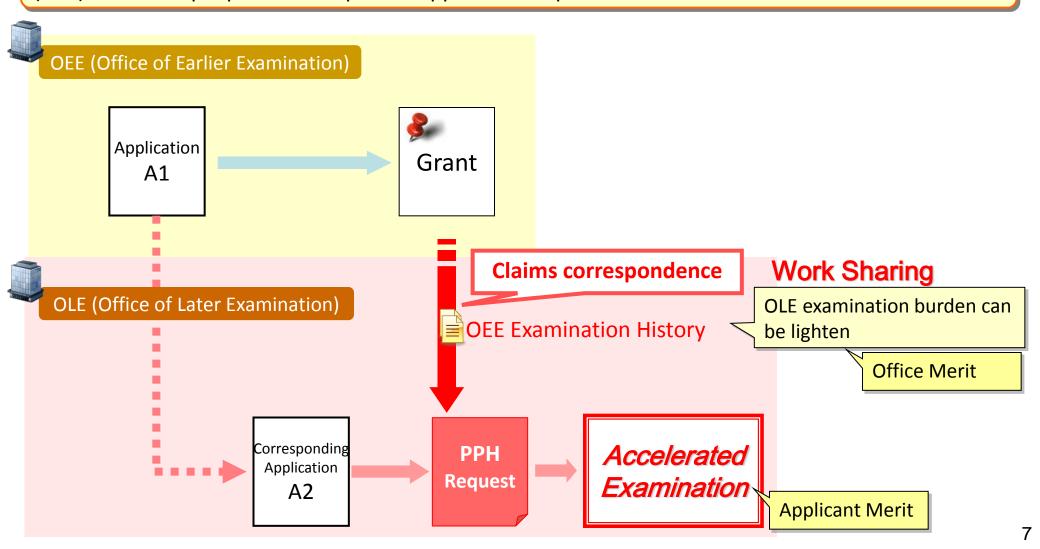


- I. Background
- II. The Scheme of the PPH
- III. The Merit of the PPH
- IV. How to examine the PPH application

The Scheme of the Patent Prosecution Highway

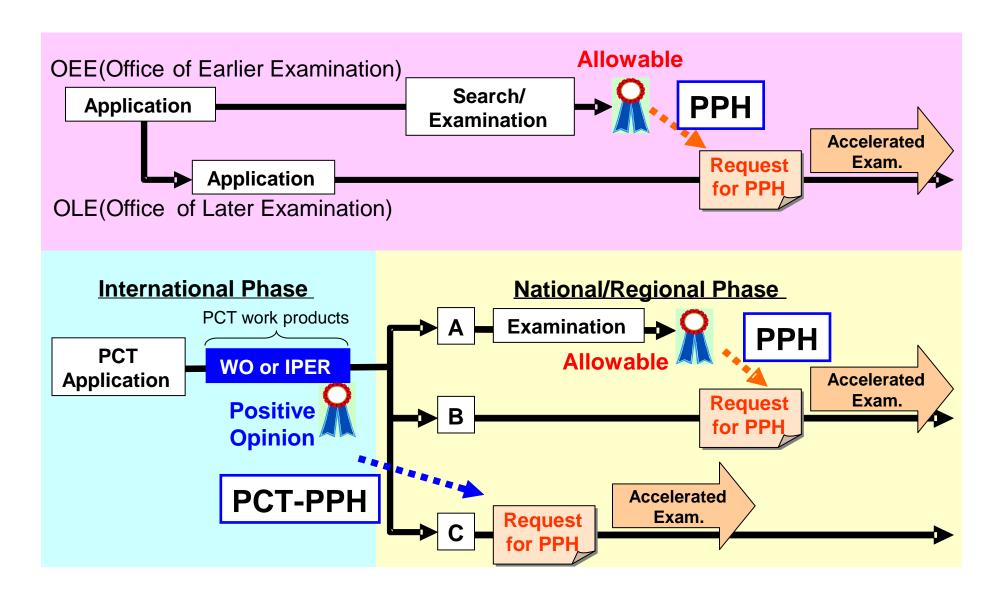


The **PPH** is a framework in which an application determined to be patentable in the Office of Earlier Examination (OEE) is eligible to have <u>an accelerated examination</u> in the Office of Later Examination (OLE) with a simple procedure upon an applicant's request.



The Scheme of the Patent Prosecution Highway





Outline



- I. Background
- II. The Scheme of the PPH

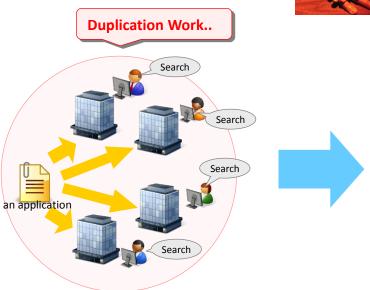
III. The Merit of the PPH

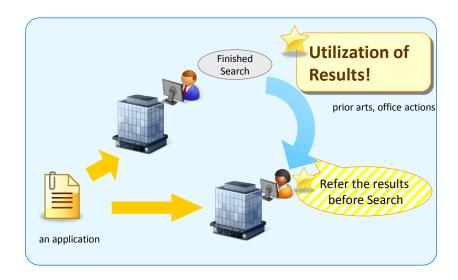
IV. How to examine the PPH application



The Merit of the PPH for Patent Offices





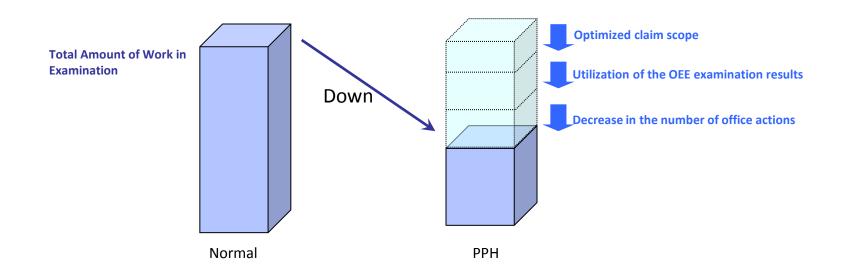






Easing Examination Burden

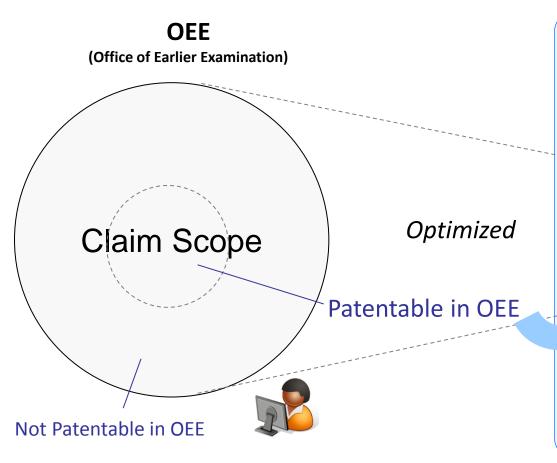
- A. Optimized claim scope
- B. Utilization of OEE search/examination history
- C. Decrease in the number of office actions

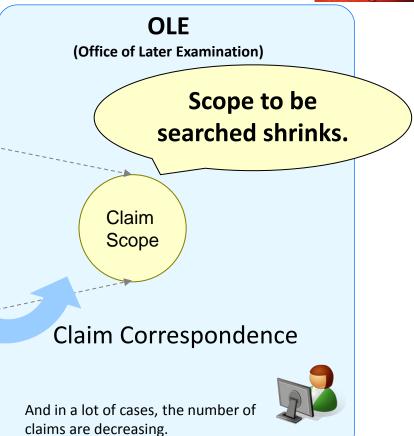




A. Optimized claim scope





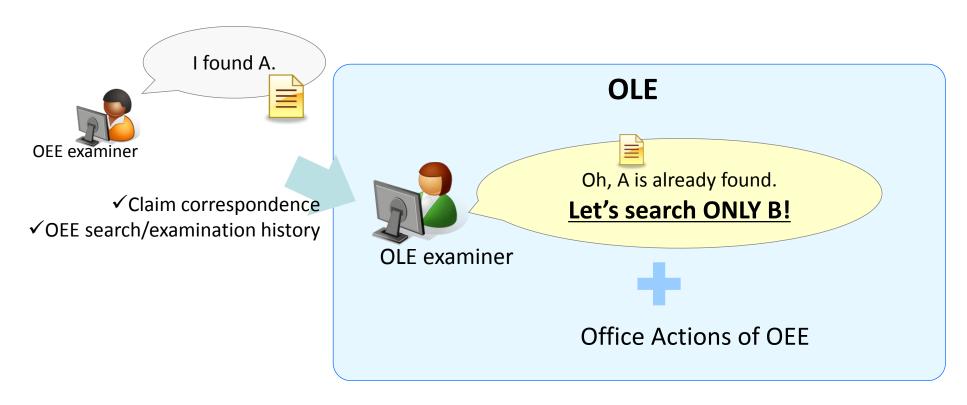






B. Utilization of OEE search/examination history

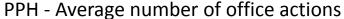
Example: Claims consists of parts A and B.

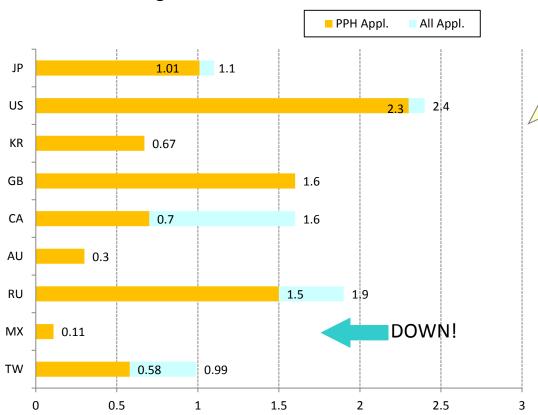




C. Decrease in the number of office actions





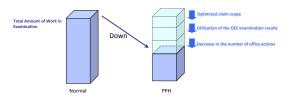


PPH applications tend to be efficiently judged in the OLE because OLE examiners can refer examination history of the OEE.

Average number of office actions

*US PPH Appl.: cumulative from July 2006-December 2011

(PPH is NOT an agreement concerning substantive examination.)



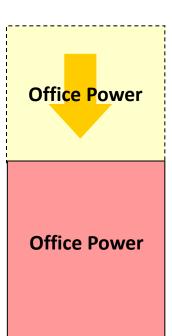








Easing examination burden



Non PPH applications



Facilitation of non-PPH application examination

Office Power





The Merit of Work Sharing for Applicants:

High speed, Low cost, High predictability



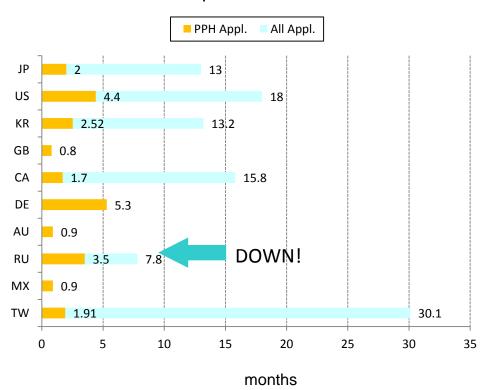
The Merit for Applicants



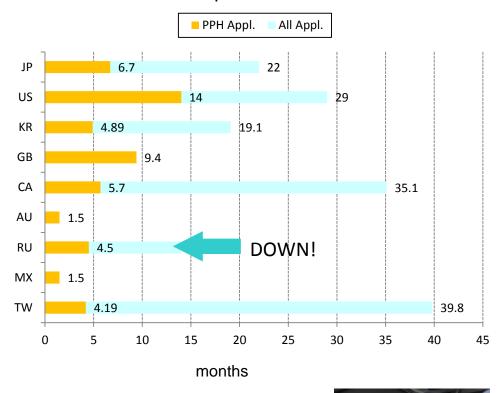
High Speed

Accelerated Examination

Average pendency from PPH or examination request to First Office Action



Average pendency from PPH or examination request to Final Decision



The Merit for Applicants



Low Cost

Decrease in the number of office actions

PPH - Average number of office actions



Decrease in the number of office actions reduces applicant *cost* (e.g. attorney and translation fee).

Average number of office actions

*US PPH Appl.: cumulative from July 2006-December 2011



The Merit for Applicants



High Predictability

Increase in Grant Rate

UP!





- •PPH applications tend to be granted in the OLE because they were already judged to be patentable in the OEE.
- •However, grant rates do not equal 100% because patent laws and practices differs in countries and regions and new prior arts are found by the OLE examiner due to difference of search DBs.





The Merit of the PPH for both Offices and Applicants: Quality Improvement



The Merit for both Offices and Applicants



Quality Improvement

- ✓ In PPH scheme, the examination quality of the OLE is guaranteed for at least the OEE level.
- ✓ In addition, the OLE examiners can learn the OEE examination/search practices via submitted OAs and cited prior + "Claim correspondence" makes understanding easy.

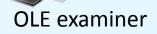
Search / Examination

OEE examiner

✓ Claim correspondence ✓ OEE search/examination history

OLE

Oh, this practice is good.



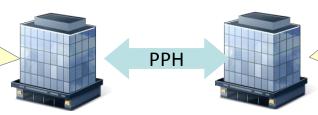


The Merit for both Offices and Applicants



✓ In this sense, the PPH scheme is a sort of examiner exchange program.





Improvement of practices!

Sharing best practices





What are differences between PPH and other approaches?



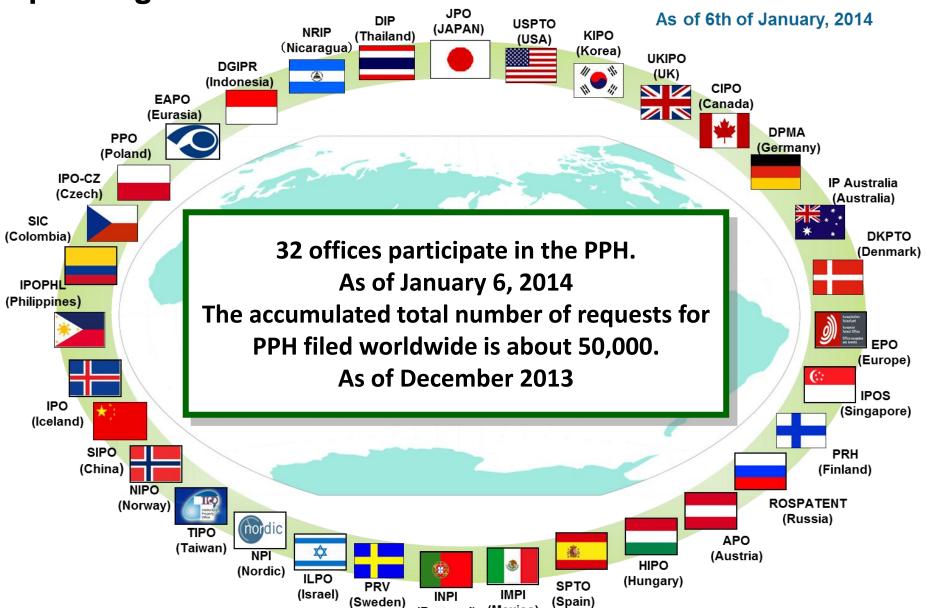
	PCT	PPH	Dossier Cooperation (AIPN, European Patent Register, US Pair)
Type	User driven	User driven	Offices cooperation
Referring to other office results	Yes	Yes	Yes
Claim correspondence obligation	No	Yes	No
Accelerated examination	No	Yes	No

PPH has more **work sharing merits** than PCT and Dossier cooperation because PPH has *claims correspondence* obligation.





Expanding PPH Network



(Portugal) (Mexico)

Number of PPH Requests (received by JPO)

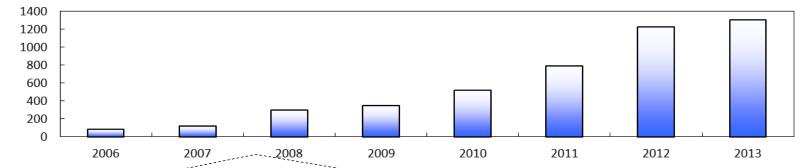








(Except JPO-JPO PCT-PPH)



Breakdown

Bilateral PPH

OEE	Number of PPH Requests	OEE	Number of PPH Requests
US	2898	ES	0
KR	288	MX	0
GB	117	PT	0
CA	18	IL	0
DE	144	TW	3
DK	25	NO	1
EP	256	CN	23
SG	3	IS	0
FI	11	PH	0
RU	6	PL	1
AT	3	EA	0
HU	2	ID	0

PCT-PPH

OEE	Number of PPH Requests	
US	33	
EP	748	
KR	56	
FI	2	
ES	2	
SE	23	
XN	8	
CN	48	
RU	1	
IL	1	

JPO-JPO PCT-PPH: 2486

Number of PPH Requests by IPC Sections

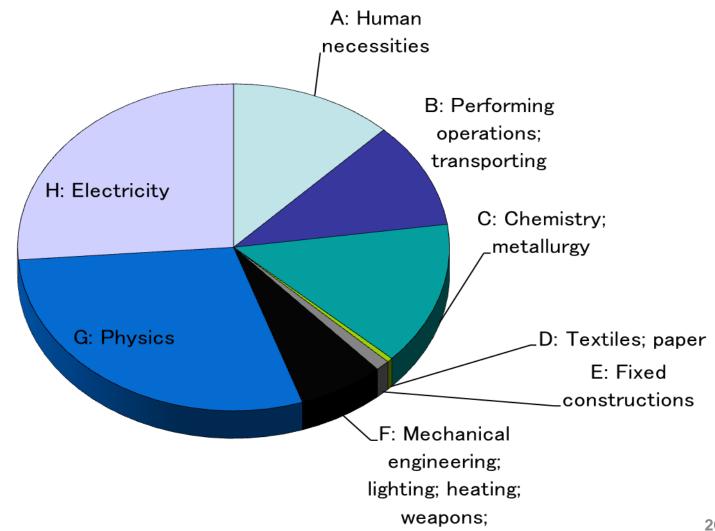








(Except JPO-JPO PCT-PPH)

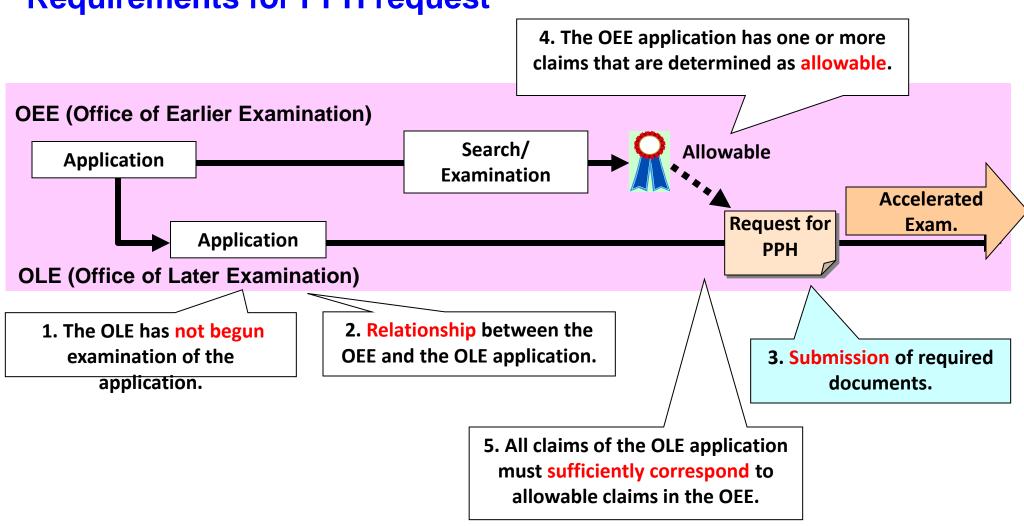




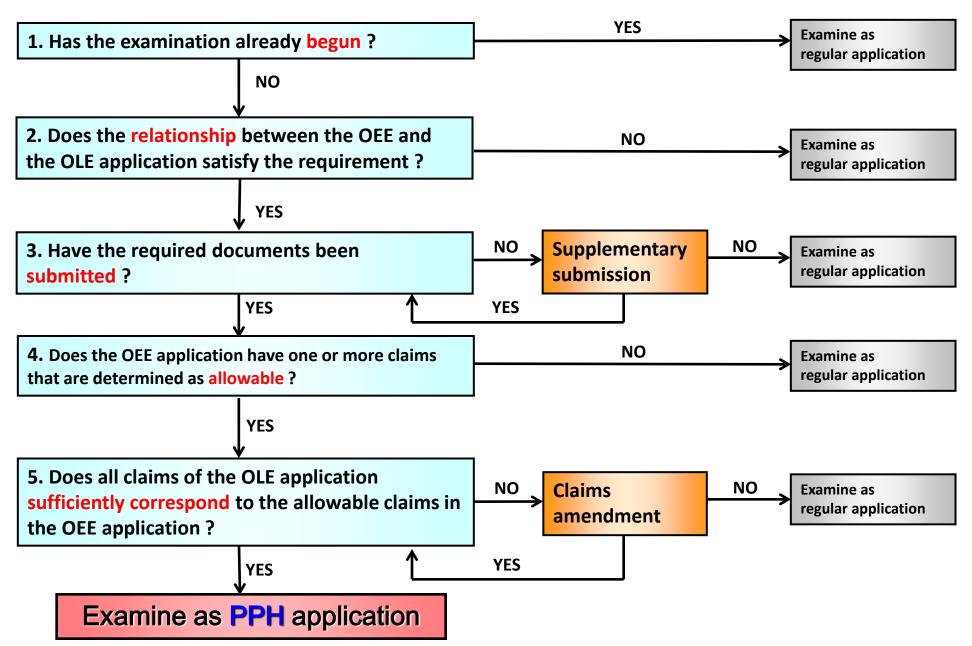
- I. Background
- II. The Scheme of the PPH
- III. The Merit of the PPH



Requirements for PPH request

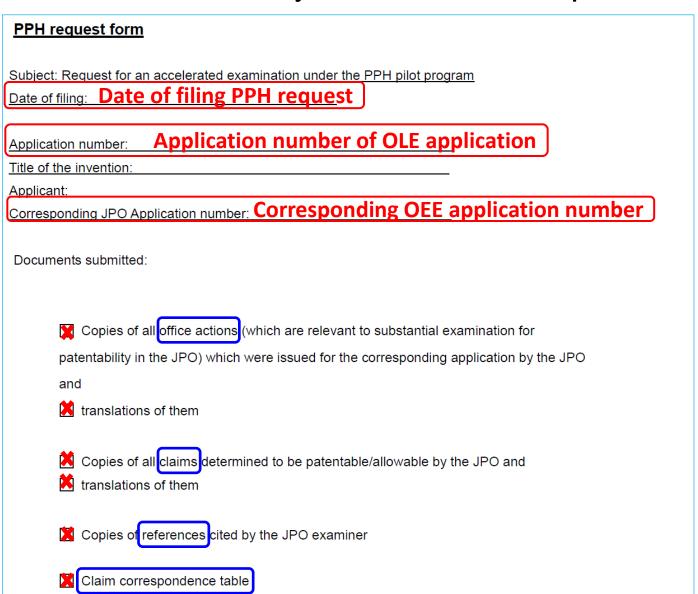




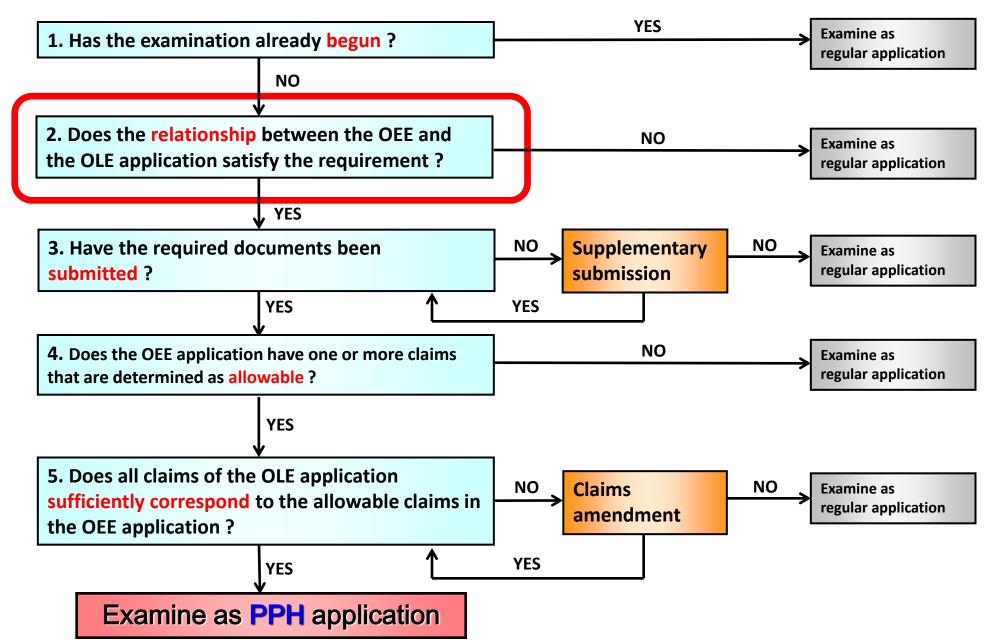




Check whether all necessary information has been provided







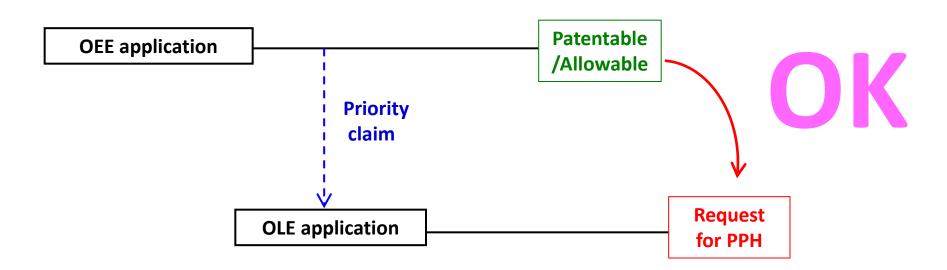


Relationship between the OEE and the OLE application

- •The OLE application should be in a particular relationship with the OEE application.
- Generally, the particular relationship is as follows.
 (see next slide)
- •The OLE application is:

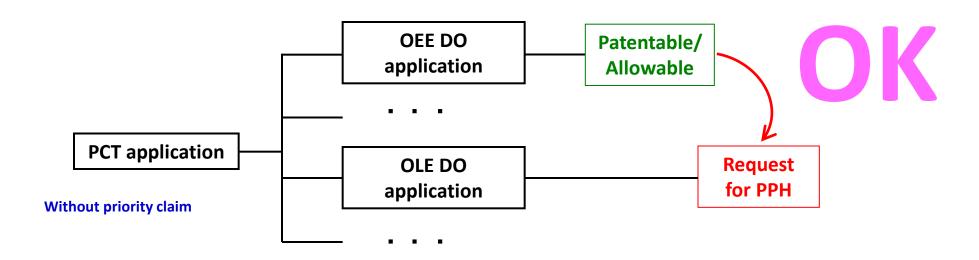


(1)an application which validly claims priority under the Paris Convention to the corresponding OEE application,



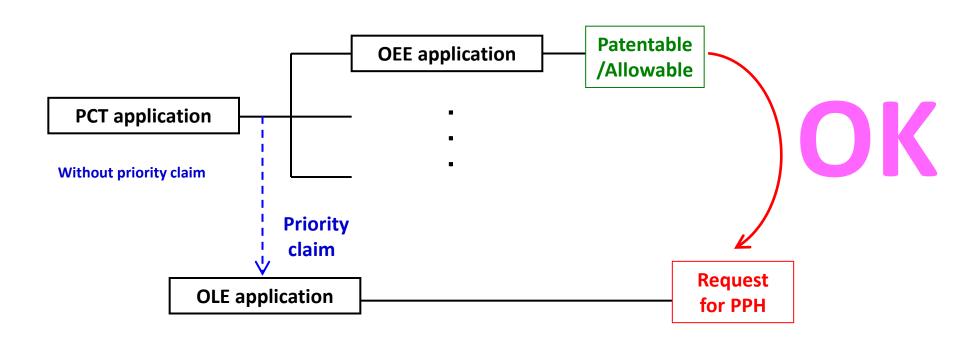


(2) a PCT national phase application without priority claim (direct PCT application),

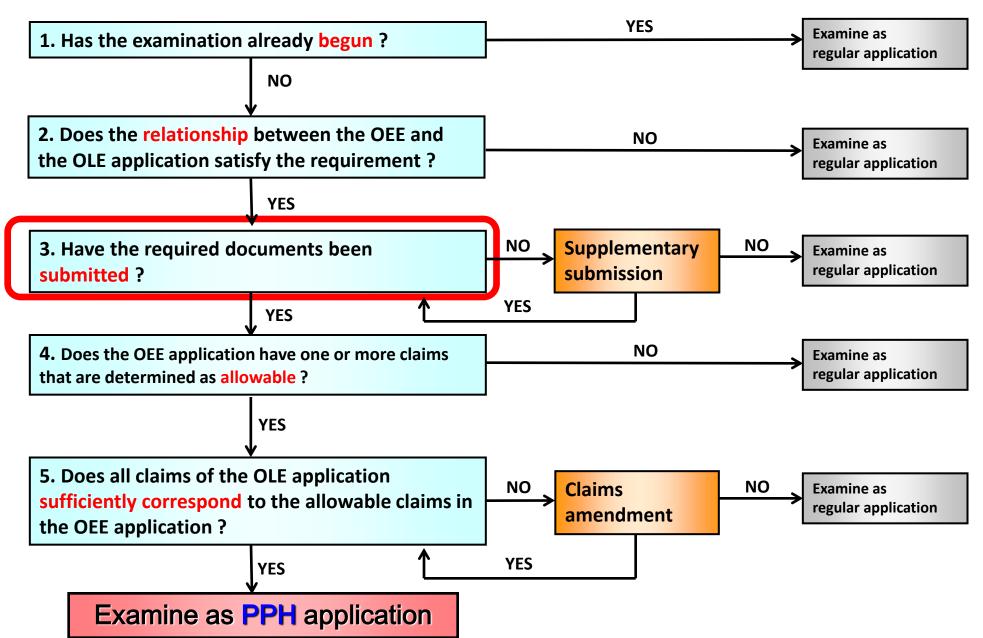




(3)an application which validly claims priority under the Paris Convention to the PCT application(s) without priority claim.









Required documents

- (1)A copy of all claims determined to be allowable by the OEE, and its translation.
- *The applicant does not have to submit the copy if it is available via the dossier access system.
- (2)Copies of all office actions of the OEE, and their translations.
- *The applicant does not have to submit copies if they are available via the dossier access system.



Required documents

- (3) Documents cited by the OEE examiner.
- If a cited document is a patent document, the applicant does not have to submit them.

(4)A claims correspondence table

The claim filed to the OLE	The claim determined to be allowable in the OEE	Comments about the correspondence
1	1	Both claims are the same.
2	2	Both claims are the same except the claim format.
3	1	Claim 3 in the OLE application adds composition A to claim 1 filed at the OEE.





A copy of all claims and its translation



Copies of all OEE office actions and their translations

No need to submit these documents, if they are available via the OEE's dossier access system.



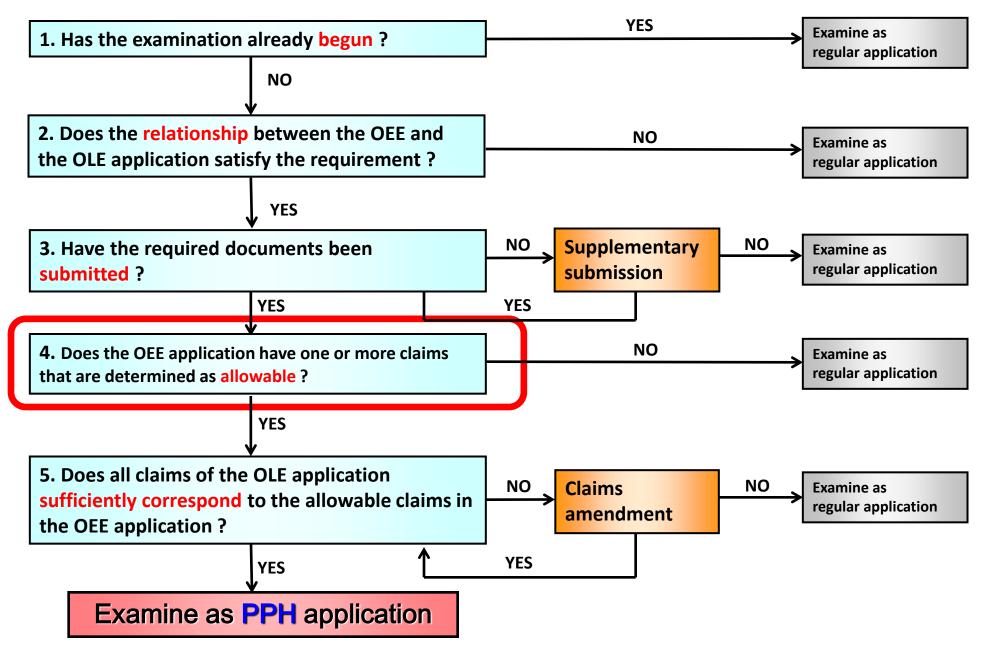
Copies of references



Claim correspondence table

No need to submit the copies of references, if they are patent document.







Determined as patentable/allowable

- At least one corresponding application must exist in the OEE and must have one or more claims that are determined to be patentable/allowable in the <u>latest office action</u> by the OEE.
 - ✓ Claims that are determined to be patentable/allowable in the latest office action by the OEE are indicated in the Claims correspondence table.

The claim filed to the OLE	The claim determined to be allowable in the OEE	Comments about the correspondence
1	1	Both claims are the same.
2	2	Both claims are the same except the claim format.
3	1	Claim 3 in the OLE application adds composition A to claim 1 filed at the OEE.



Determined as patentable/allowable

- The office action should not always have to be the "Decision to grant a patent". For example, the office action of the JPO includes:
- (1) Decision to grant a patent
- (2) Notification of reason for refusal

If the following standard expression is described in the "Notification of reason for refusal", those claims are clearly identified to be allowable/ patentable:

"At present for invention concerning Claim _ , no reason for refusal is found."

- (3) Decision of refusal
- (4) Appeal decision



(1) Decision to Grant a Patent

Decision to Grant a Patent

Bibliographic data

Application number: The application for patent 2005-090000

Date of Drafting: Heisei 20(2008) October 15

Patent examiner: Tokkyo, Taro

Title of invention: An information processing method, a computer program, and

an information processor
The number of claims: 5

Applicant: AAA LIMITED Representative: DAIRI, Nin

About this application, since no reason for refusal is found, Decision to Grant a Patent is rendered.



(2) Notification of Reasons for Refusal

Notification of Reasons for Refusal

Bibliographic data

Application number: The application for patent 2008-203000

Date of Drafting: Heisei 20(2008) December 19

Patent examiner: Tokkyo, Taro

Representative/Applicant:

Applied Provisions: Patent Law Section 29(2)

Conclusion / Time Limit of Response

This application should refuse for the following Reason. If there is an opinion about this, please submit Written Argument within 60 days after a day of dispatch of this notice.

Reason

Time Limit of Response

The claimed invention(s) in the each claim listed below of this patent application should not be granted a patent under the provision of Patent Law Section 29 (2) for the reason that the claimed invention(s) could have easily been made by persons who have common knowledge in the technical field to which the claimed invention(s) pertains, on the basis of the invention(s) described in the distributed publication(s) listed below in Japan or other foreign countries prior to the filing of the patent application.

Article 29(2) Non-Inventive Step



(2) Notification of Reasons for Refusal

Account

Account

(Please refer to "The list of cited documents etc." for cited documents etc.)

- Claim: 4
- Cited documents 1 and 2
- Remarks:

Cited Parts

[Cited documents 1 (refer to [0040]-[0048] and [0051])] Picture image data is inputted from a video camera, characteristic quantity of each frame of inputted picture image data is computed, characteristic quantity of each frame and characteristic quantity of a previous frame are measured, and storing a video section of a frame group which fulfills predetermined conditions as a dynamic image file is indicated.

Contents of Document 1

[Cited documents 2 (refer to [0013]-[0015])] A picture picturized with a television camera etc. is inputted, an inputted picture is memorized, characteristic quantity is extracted from an object in a picture, extracted characteristic quantity is memorized and matching an object of a previous frame and a present frame with characteristic quantity of an object of each frame is indicated.

Contents of Document 2

Allowable claims

<Claim(s) which has been found no reason for refusal>
At present for an invention concerning Claims 1-3, no reason for refusal is found. Any subsequently identified reasons for rejection will be notified accordingly.



(2) Notification of Reasons for Refusal

List of Cited Documents

The list of cited documents etc.

1. JP,H6-266774,A _____

Documents of category "X" or "Y"

2. JP,H8-315150,A

Record of the Result of Prior Art Search

A Record of the result of prior art search

- Technical fields to be searched IPC G06F17/30H04N 5/765/80-5/9079/04-9/11 DB name JSTPlus (JDream2)
- Prior art documents

JP,H9-44639,A JP,H7-46517,A

Documents of category "A"



(3) Decision of Refusal

Decision of Refusal

Bibliographic data

Application number: 2005-090000

Date of Drafting: Heisei 20(2008) November

Patent examiner: Tokkyo, Taro

Title of invention: Peripheral processing unit which realizes a disposal method of a recognition impossible character, and a disposal method

for the same

Applicant: AAA

Representative: **DAIRI, Nin** (besides one person)

Conclusion

About this application, it should refuse by the [Reason 3] written in the Notification of Reasons for Refusal as of Heisei 20(2008) June 6. Although the contents of Written Argument and the Written Amendment were examined, the antecedent basis which is sufficient for reversing reasons for refusal cannot be found out.



(3) Decision of Refusal

Account

Remarks

Examiner's Opinion

Cited Parts

[however the constitution (refer to [0020] and [0027]) of the invention indicated to cited document 1 which it supposes "it is an abnormal condition when a recognition result is with / of three or more characters / a reject" 1 It corresponds with the constitution of the invention concerning Claim 1 of an application concerned judged as "There are more predetermined signs after the end of character reading and recognition operation than a predetermined number", [what an abnormal termination step is performed for in the case of an abnormal condition (error)] Considering it as the invention which has composition which performs an abnormal termination step when there are more predetermined signs than a predetermined number, and relates to Claim 1 of an application concerned after the end of character reading and recognition operation is that the person skilled in the art could accomplish easily. About the invention concerning the Claims 2-10 of an application concerned as well as above-mentioned Claim 1, a person skilled in the art can invent easily.

Rejected Claims

When "For invention concerning the claims $\bigcirc -\triangle$, no reason for refusal is found " is written clearly, the claims $\bigcirc -\triangle$ are allowable.



(3) Decision of Refusal

List of Cited Documents

The list of cited documents etc.

1. JP,H6-15149,U

2. JP,H7-296102,A

Documents of category "X" or "Y"

Time Limit of Response

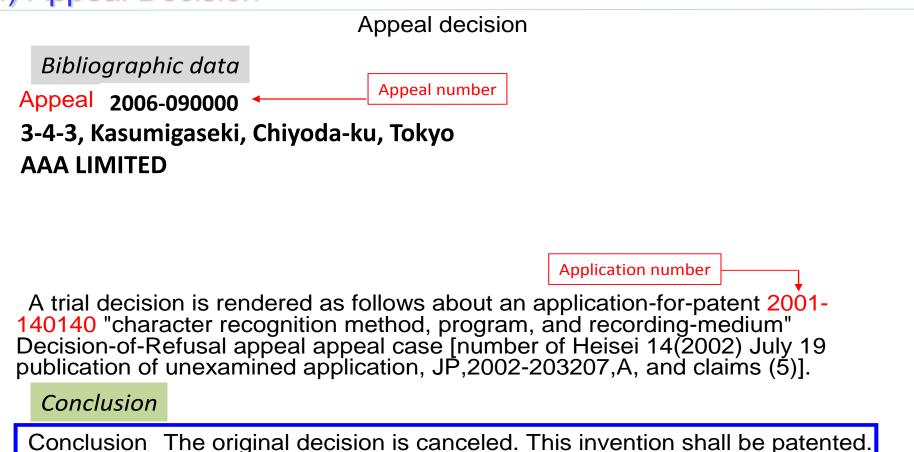
Time Limit of Response

When this final decision has an appeal, a Commissioner of the Patent Office can be asked for a referee within 30 days after a day with delivery of the copy of this final decision (if a resident abroad has, it is less than 90 days) (Patent Law Article 121(1)). (Instruction based on Administrative Case Litigation Law Article 46(2))

To this final decision, a revocation suit can be raised only to the trial decision to the demand for trial about this final decision (Patent Law Article 178(6)).



(4) Appeal Decision





(4) Appeal Decision

Reason

Account

An application concerned is Heisei 13(2001). It is application on May 10 (claim-of-priority Heisei 12(2000) November one day), and it is admitted that the invention concerning the claim is a thing as the matter indicated to the claim of Claims specifies.

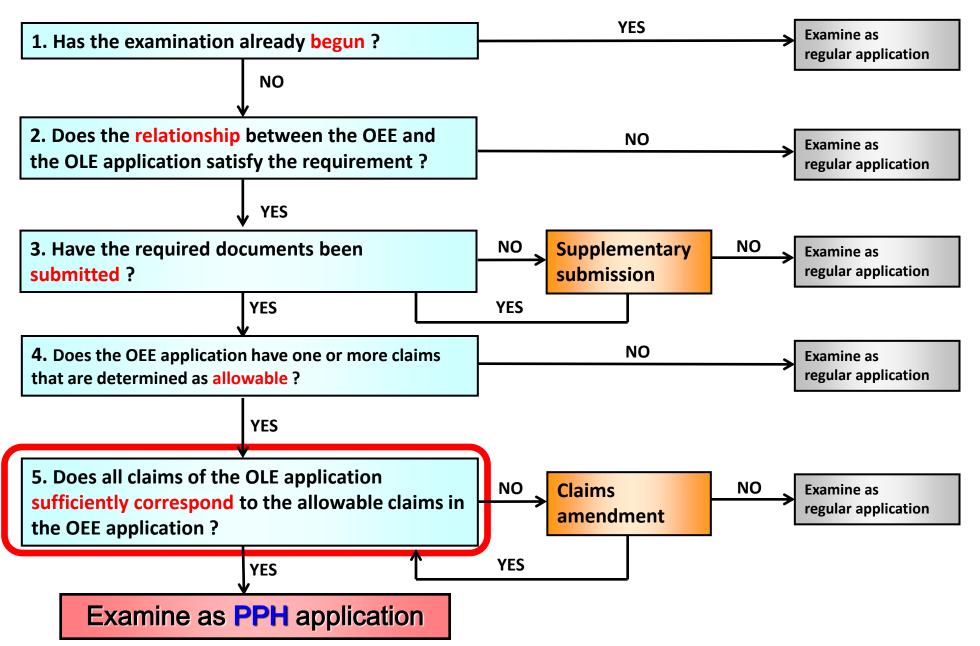
And about an application concerned, even if it examines reasons for refusal of the original decision, it shall not refuse for the Reason.

No Reason for otherwise refusing an application concerned is found.

Therefore, a trial decision is rendered as Conclusion.

Heisei 23(2011) February 18







Claims sufficiently correspond

✓ Claims correspondence table indicates how all claims sufficiently correspond
to the for claim allowable/patentable claims in the OEE application.

The claim filed to the OLE	The claim determined to be allowable in the OEE	Comments about the correspondence
1	1	Both claims are the same.
2	2	Both claims are the same except the claim format.
3	1	Claim 3 in the OLE application adds composition A to claim 1 filed at the OEE.



Claims sufficiently correspond

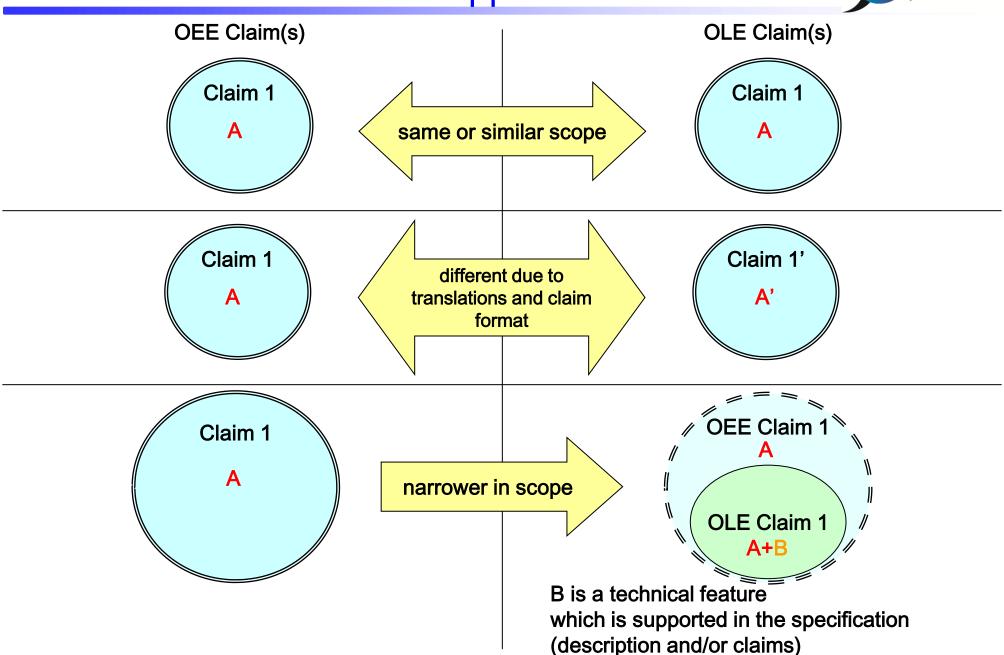
All claims on file for examination under the PPH must "sufficiently correspond" to one or more of those claims determined to be allowable/patentable in the latest office action of the corresponding application.

Claims are considered to "sufficiently correspond" where,
(1)accounting for differences due to translations and claim format, the claims of the OLE
application are of the Same or Similar scope as the claims determined as
patentable/allowable in the latest office action, or

(2) the claims of the OLE application are **narrower** in scope than the claims determined as patentable/allowable in the latest office action

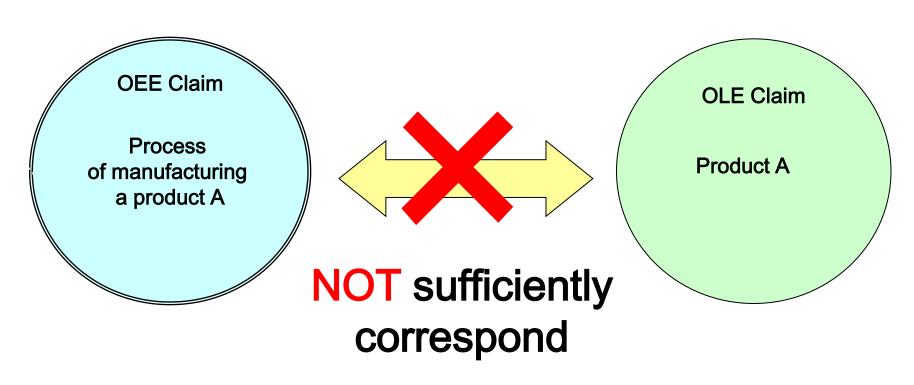
A claim which introduces a <u>new/different category</u> of claims to those claims determined as patentable/allowable in the latest office action is NOT considered to sufficiently correspond. (e.g. product claim vs. process claim)







Example of not "sufficiently correspond" ~different category of claims~





Requirements, required documents

Requirements	 The examination has not begun in the OLE. The OLE application is in particular relationship with the OEE application. The OLE application has at least one claim that was determined by the OEE to be allowable. All the claims in OLE application sufficiently correspond or are amended to sufficiently correspond to the allowable/patentable claims in OEE application.
List of Required Documents	3-1. A copy of all claims and its translation3-2. Copies of the OEE office actions and their translations3-3. Copies of all cited documents3-4. Claims Correspondence Table



Thank you for your attention!