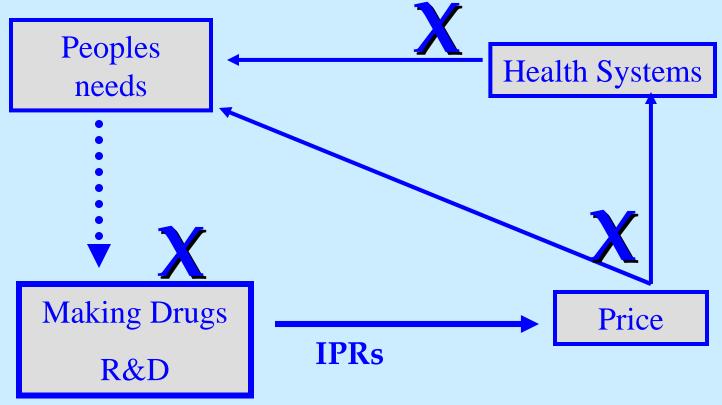


Medicines for the poor The role of WIPO

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Access to Medicines





The health crisis: changing pattern

Infection

12m children die/ year from preventable & curable diseases:

8,000 die of TB/ day, 1 m die of malaria/ year

Rising drug resistance

Chest infection-1st child killer:70% resistant to 1st line drugs

•Diarrhoea- 2nd Second killer: 81.8% bloody diarrhoea in

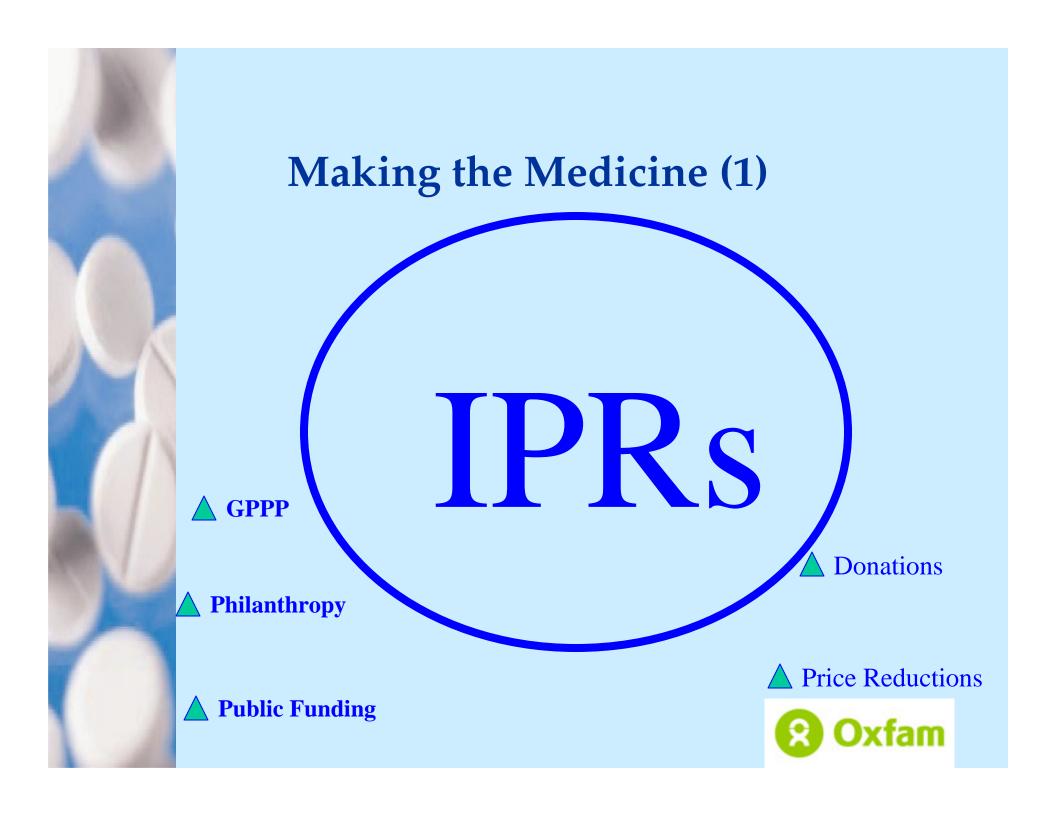
Tanzania are resistant to ampicillin,

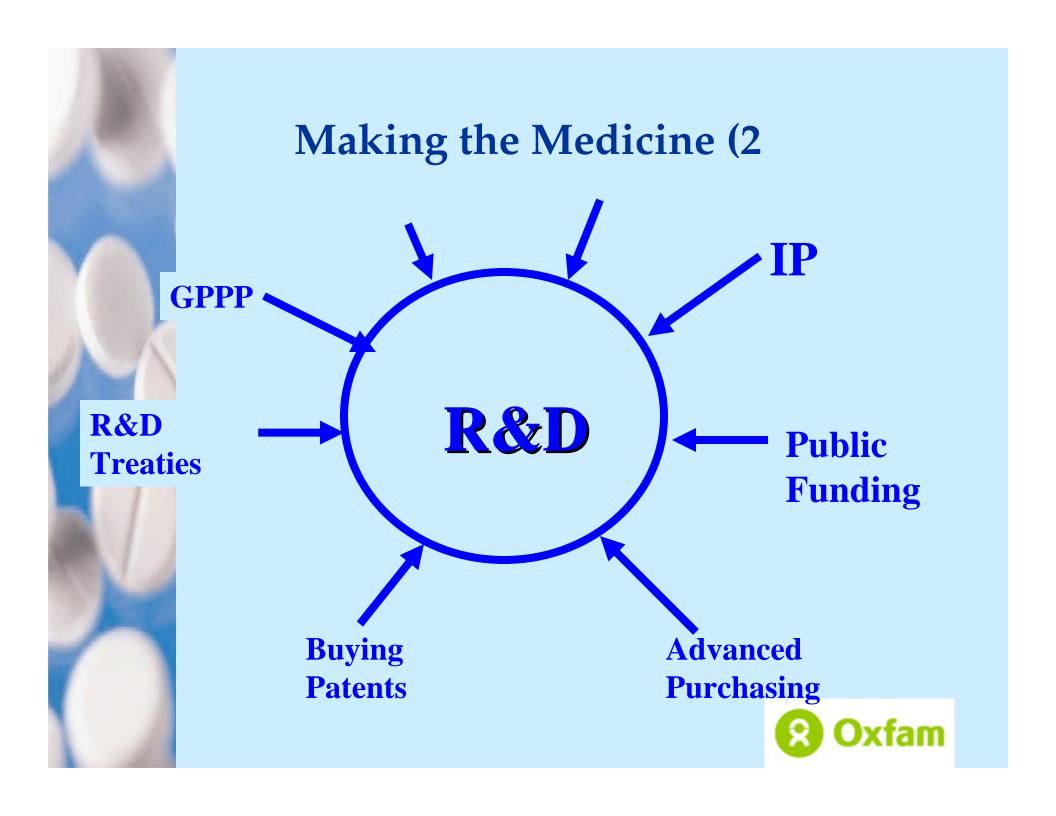
•Gonorrhoea: in SEA 98% are penicillin resistant

Rise in chronic disease -double burden

- •NCDs = 40% of all deaths are in DCs
- •6 million cancer deaths/Year –1/2 in DCs
- •10 million new cases/year->1/2 in DCs
- •115 m out of 176 million diabetics in DCs

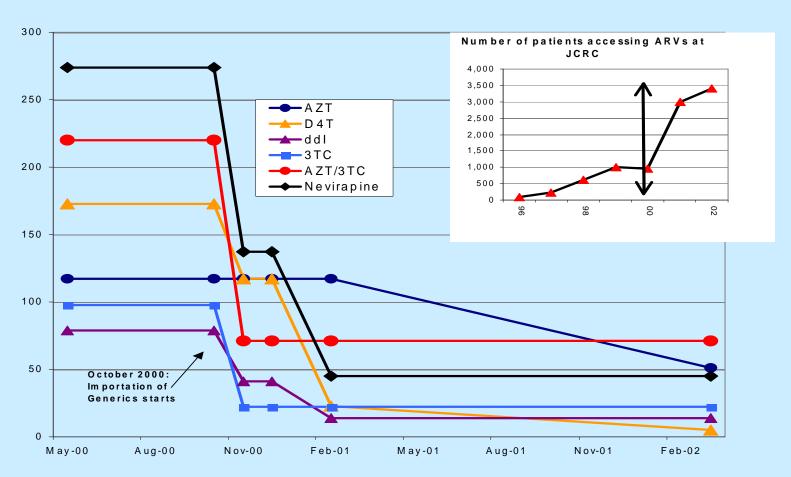






Role of generics

Impact of introduction of Generics on prices of ARVs and number of patient treated





WIPO Development Agenda

- Transparent policy making processes and procedures
- Working with UN (WHO) teams of experts on health and IP –
 TA appropriate to countries level of development, health needs.
 For example how use all TRIPS flexibilities according to Doha
- Keep the mandate to promote innovation of medicines that reach those who need them
- Willingness to address development agenda. Consider: IP as one means to innovation and not an end in itself
- NO more IPRs! Find the impact of TRIPS first
- Long term: TRIPS reform: IPRs according to health & dev. needs



New WIPO?

