Second WIPO International Conference on Electronic Commerce and Intellectual Property

The UDRP, Now and in the Future

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Geneva, September 20, 2001

III OUTLINE

- Problem: conflict between trademarks and domain names
- Solution: administrative dispute resolution
- Experience: 3000 WIPO cases
- Future: modifications, application

TM-DN CONFLICT

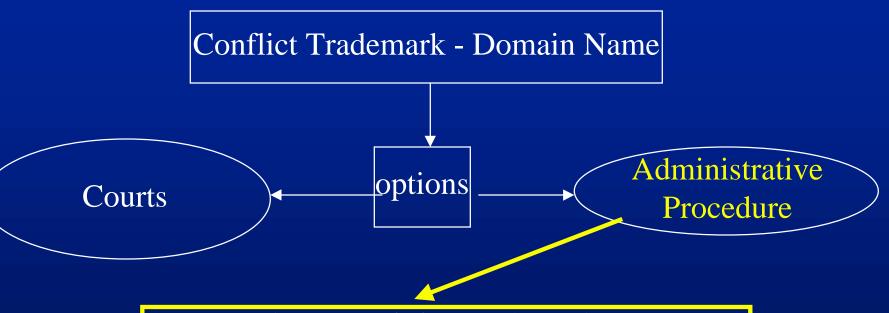
Trademarks

- Territorial registration and application
- Different classes
- Examination and opposition
- Goods and services in commerce

Domain names

- First come first served
- One unique registration
- Application across jurisdictions
- In principle, no examination
- Broad use

WIPO RECOMMENDATION



A procedure permitting trademark owners to resolve clear cases of abusive domain name registration (cybersquatting) without going to court.

Uniform Domain Name Dispute Resolution Policy (UDRP)

- Adopted by ICANN effective December 1999
- Applicable to gTLDs
 - To include new gTLDs
 - May be used by ccTLDs through voluntary adoption
- Mandatory part of registration terms and conditions
 - Retro-active to include existing registrations
- Administrative
 - Registrant must submit to UDRP but
 - UDRP does not preclude parties' court options
- Remedies
 - Transfer or cancellation only
 - No monetary damages

DECISION CRITERIA

- Conditions for obtaining remedies:
 - 1. Trademark must be identical or confusingly similar to domain name; and
 - 2. Registrant has no rights or legitimate interests in domain name; and
 - 3. Domain name is registered and used in bad faith.
- Examples of rights or legitimate interests:
 - Registrant commonly known by the domain name
 - Use for bona fide offering of goods or services
- Examples of bad faith:
 - registration for purpose of profit sale to trademark owner
 - pattern of preventing trademark owners from registration

PROCEDURE

- Complainant files complaint with dispute resolution service provider, e.g. WIPO Center
- Provider *notifies* domain name registrant of opportunity to respond
- Provider appoints independent panel from list
- Panel decides based on common criteria
- Registrar implements panel decision

DEMAND

- 2,927 WIPO cases (per 31-8-2001)
- Current filing rate approximately4 complaints per day
- Multinationals, SMEs, individuals
- Parties from 86 countries
- Over 5,500 domain names
- Including 16 non-ASCII names

WHY THE DEMAND?

- UDRP is generally considered to be meeting its purpose of offering an
 - -effective,
 - -fast,
 - -affordable, and
 - -transparent
- anti-cybersquatting option for owners of trademark rights

gTLD RESULTS

- 2,105 WIPO panel decisions
 - -transfer: 1,685 (80%)
 - -cancellation: 14 (0.7%)
 - -complaint denied: 406 (19,3%)
- 512 party settlements
- Total resolved: 2,617 (89%)
- Direct enforcement; few court 'appeals'

TIME

- Less than two months
- Fixed timelines for parties + panels
- Word limits for pleadings
- Normally no additional submissions
- Online filing and communication
- Bright-line decision criteria
- No appeal within UDRP

MONEY

- Time is money
- Model complaint and response
- Fixed non-profit Center + panel fee
- Costs normally for complainant
- No award of damages
- Legal representation not required

III OPEN

- Center site: over 1 million hits per month
 - posted table of cases
 - posted detailed panelist resumes
 - posted full decisions
- Decisions:
 - Based on criteria including examples
 - Reasoned
 - Daily e-mail notification of new dec's
- Communication in appropriate language

MODIFICATIONS?

- WIPO procedural Rules suggestions
- DNSO UDRP Review Task Force
- Appeal mechanism
 - Is there a problem?
 - If so, would it justify such mechanism?
 - How would the appeal panel be composed?
 - Would it enhance uniformity?
- Report of the Second WIPO Internet Domain Name Process

APPLICATION

- ccTLD administrators increasingly adopt UDRP (versions)
 - benefits of uniformity
 - 22 have designated WIPO Center
 - 52 WIPO ccTLD (-only) cases
- New gTLDs to use UDRP, plus
 - 'sunrise' procedures
 - eligibility procedures
- Capable of application regardless of script or language

III MORE INFORMATION

http://arbiter.wipo.int/domains