Copyright Exceptions: Libraries and Archives

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The Analysis: Exceptions for Libraries & Archives

First Study of E&Ls for Libraries and Archives:

- SCCR/17 November 2008
- Report: http://bit.ly/1tB8ryb
- 149 Member States

Most Recent Study:

- SCCR/35 November 2017
- Report: http://bit.ly/2htmCf6
- 191 Member States

Notice to Readers

- 1. The museum library is a reference library and No print/non-print material can be taken out from library.
- 2. No membership is required to refer the library material.
- 3. The NHHM Reference library is open to every one. Any body can refer library books, journals and other material held in library.
- 4. The library will remain open from Monday to Saturday (except Second Saturday, Sunday & Holidays) from 9.30 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.
- 5. Limited photocpy facility of library books/documents is available.
- 6. Enter your name in Reader's Registr and put your bag/belongings in the wooden cupboard available in the library but costly items like mony, mobile etc. put under own custody.
- 7. For any type of help regarding library materials, contact to Library staff.
- 8. Readers are requested to maintain the Library decorum.
- 9. Comments suggested may be registered in Suggestion Book.

SENIOR DIRECTOR
N.H.&H.Museum

The Objectives: Why Copyright & Libraries

- Identification of Topics (examples):
 - Preservation & Replacement Copies
 - Library Lending & Document Delivery
 - Copies for Private Study & Research
 - Text Mining & Data Mining
 - Orphan Works
 - Limits on Infringement Liabilities
- Issues & Elements for Lawmaking
 - Role of the Typologies

Data from the Region: Our Copyright Exceptions

Member States: 33 Represented

- No Exception for Libraries: 4 member states
- General Exception: 9
 - General Exception Only: 4
- Copies for Private Study: 22
- Copies for Preservation: 18
- Copies for Replacement: 17
- **Other**: ILL; Document Delivery; Completion

Preservation Exception: Diversity of Statutes

- Who may Use the Exception?
 - Libraries? Archives? Museums? More?
- What may be Copied?
 - All Works? Short Works? Published Works?
 - Specific types of Works?
- **Conditions** of the Work?
 - Physical Damage? Lost? Deteriorating?
 - ►Not on the Market?
- Medium of Use: Digital? Reprographic?

Preservation Exception: Diversity of Statutes

- Who may Use the Exception?
 - **■**Country A: Libraries.
 - Country B: Libraries and archives.
 - Country C: Public libraries, non-commercial document centers, educational establishments, and scientific and cultural institutions.
 - Country D: Cultural institution, defined as a library, archive, museum, or gallery that is publicly funded in whole or in part.

Preservation Exception: Diversity of Statutes

- What may be Copied?
 - ■Country A: Works (in the collection).
 - Country B: Non-digital works.
 - Country C: Literary, dramatic, or musical works, including any artistic work contained within the work and the typographical arrangement.

Which takes us to the Typologies:

Category of Library Activity	Owner's Rights Implicated	Elements of Statutory Exceptions	Elements for Ongoing Consideration
TOPIC: Preservation			
Statutory Provision: Preservation of	Primary: Reproduction.	 Scope of Works: Published or unpublished works. Printed works. Music & sound recordings. Audiovisual works. 	 Application of Digital Technology. Implications of License or Agreement for Acquisition of the Work.
Works. Library Services: Copies to prevent loss. Copies in response to loss or damage. Copies for deposit in other libraries for security or safekeeping.	Distribution (if the copies may be loaned by the library). Circumvention (if the original is secured by TPM).	 Works protected by neighboring rights. Excluded types of works (e.g., computer programs). Work must be in the collections of the library. Condition of the Works: At risk of loss. Damaged, deteriorating, lost, stolen. Fragile. Rendered unusable. Obsolete format or technology. Rare works. Culturally important works. Replacement not available on the market (if copying entire work). Purpose of Use: Preservation. Add to collections of another library or archive. 	 Implications of Extended Collective Licensing. Number of Copies Allowed. Permitted Uses of the Copies. Simultaneous Availability of the Original and the Copy. Authority for Cross-Border Transfers. Making Copies of Works Before Lending or Exporting Originals. Extent of Proof or Documentation of Compliance with Statute.

Closer Look at the Analysis: Column 1 Owr

Category of **Library Activity** Imp

TOPIC:

Preservation

Prim

Statutory **Provision:**

Repr

Preservation of Works.

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Library Services:

- Copies to prevent loss.
- Copies in response to loss or damage.
- Copies for deposit in other libraries for security or safekeeping.

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Identifies and Organizes:

- Conceptual Topic
- Statutory Provision
- Library Services

Closer Look at the Analysis: Column 2

	Owner's Rights Elements		
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ices: event loss. ponse to	Primary: Reproduction. Secondary: Distribution (if the copies may be loaned by the library).	SCOP Pu Prii Au Au Karig Exa	dentifies and Organizes: Rights of Copyright Owners Rights Affected Primarily Rights Affected Secondarily
ge. posit in s for	Circumvention (if the original is secured by TPM).	At risk ofDamage stolen.Fragile.RendereObsolet	

Rare wo Culturall Replace the mark work).

Purpose

Closer Look at the Analysis: Column 3

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ction. ary: on (if the hay be by the hal is by TPM).	 Scope of Works: Published or unpublished works. Printed works. Music & sound recordings. Audiovisual works. Works protected by neighboring rights. Excluded types of works (e.g., computer programs). Work must be in the collections of the library. Condition of the Works: At risk of loss. Damaged, deteriorating, lost, stolen. Fragile. Rendered unusable. Obsolete format or technology. Rare works. Culturally important works. Replacement not available on the market (if copying entire work). 	
	 Purpose of Use: Preservation. Add to collections. Add to collections of another library or archive. 	

Elements of

Statutory Exceptions

Rights

Identifies and Organizes:

- Scope of Works
 - Condition of the Works
 - Purpose of the Use
 - N B₁
- E

Closer Look at the Analysis: Column 4

tions	Elements for Ongoing Consideration
·	Application of Digital
lished works.	Technology.Implications of License or Agreement for Acquisition
vorks (e.g.,	 of the Work. Implications of Extended Collective Licensing. Number of Copies Allowed.
collections Works:	Permitted Uses of the Copies.Simultaneous Availability of
rating, lost,	 the Original and the Copy. Authority for Cross-Border Transfers. Making Copies of Works
technology. tworks. vailable on ing entire	Before Lending or Exporting Originals. Extent of Proof or Documentation of Compliance with Statute.

Ongoing Considerations:

- Digital Technologies
- Role of Licenses
- Application of ECL
- Cross-Border Transfers
- Proof & Documentation

Objectives of the Analysis

- Systematic Perspective to Copyright Limitations & Exceptions
- Identify Relationships among Interests:
 - Library Services
 - Access to Information
 - Building & Protecting Collections
 - Rights of Owners
 - Creation & Dissemination of Works
 - Selling & Licensing in the Marketplace



Policymaking and the Analysis

Better Understanding of Legal Standards

- Isolating Elements of Existing Law
- Identifying Elements for Future Lawmaking
- Identifying Elements for Further Evaluation

Elements of E&Ls as Choices

- Choices as a Manifestation of Policy
- Choices as an Identification of Priorities

Which Elements Serve Our Needs?

■ In Domestic Legislation and International Law?

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Thank You!



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