

Ref.: Standards – ST.3 Changes

STANDARD ST.3

2003 & 2004 CHANGES

	Pages
Editorial Note	0
Added October 2003	0
Deleted November 2004	0
INTRODUCTION	1
Paragraph 3, added April 2003	1
Paragraph 3, link to note regarding (YU) added December 2004 - SDWG/5	1
ANNEX A, SECTION 1	2
EAST TIMOR (TP), deleted April 2003 [see TIMOR-LESTE (TL)]	2
MACAO (MO), revised (only in English) April 2003	3
SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO (YU)	3
Added February 2004 [previously YUGOSLAVIA (YU)]	3
Asterisk deleted November 2004 – SDWG/5	3
Note added November 2004 – SDWG/5	3
TIMOR-LESTE (TL), revised April 2003 [previously EAST TIMOR (TP)]	4
YUGOSLAVIA (YU), deleted Feb. 2004 - SDWG/4 [see SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO (YU))] 4
ANNEX A, SECTION 2	5
MACAO (MO), revised (only in English) April 2003	6
TIMOR-LESTE (TL), revised April 2003 [previously EAST TIMOR (TP)]	6
EAST TIMOR (TP), deleted April 2003 [see TIMOR-LESTE (TL)]	6
SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO (YU)	7
Revised February 2004 [previously YUGOSLAVIA (YU)]	7
Asterisk deleted November 2004 – SDWG/5	7
Note added November 2004 – SDWG/5	7
ANNEX B, SECTION 1	8
EAST TIMOR (TP), added April 2003 [see TIMOR-LESTE (TL)]	8
TIMOR-LESTE (TL), added April 2003 [previously EAST TIMOR (TP)]	8
NOTES	9
Note regarding Serbia and Montenegro (YU), added November 2004 – SDWG/5	9
Note regarding Timor-Leste (TL), added April 2003	9



Ref.: Standards – ST.3 page: 3.3.0

STANDARD ST.3

RECOMMENDED STANDARD ON TWO-LETTER CODES FOR THE REPRESENTATION OF STATES, OTHER ENTITIES AND INTERGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

Editorial Note prepared by the International Bureau

On July 23, 2003, the ISO 3166/MA announced the change of the country name Yugoslavia to Serbia and Montenegro with CS as the two letter code. However, the implementation of the code CS for Serbia and Montenegro in certain applications of International Standard ISO 3166-1 raises some problems because of the use of CS to identify Czechoslovakia until 1993. Subsequently, the ISO 3166/MA announced that it is considering different options for solving the problems created by the re-assignment of code element CS.

The two-letter country code YU should be used for Serbia and Montenegro, formerly Yugoslavia, until the ISO 3166/MA has taken a final decision and the Standards and Documentation Working Group of the Standing Committee or Information Technology reaches a decision concerning the revision of WIPO Standard ST.3 and the two-letter code to represent Serbia and Montenegro.



Ref.: Standards – ST.3 page: 3.3.1

STANDARD ST.3

RECOMMENDED STANDARD ON TWO-LETTER CODES FOR THE REPRESENTATION OF STATES, OTHER ENTITIES AND INTERGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

Revision adopted by the SCIT Standards and Documentation Working Group at its fifth session on November 11, 2004

INTRODUCTION

- 1. This Recommended Standard provides two-letter alphabetic codes which, for the purpose of improving the access to industrial property information, represent, in particular, the names of States, other entities and intergovernmental organizations the legislation of which provides for the protection of industrial property rights or which organizations are acting in the framework of a treaty in the field of industrial property.
- 2. The designation of States or other entities in this Recommended Standard does not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever concerning the legal status of any State or territory, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers.
- 3. This Recommended Standard is aligned with the universally recognized ISO Alpha-2 Code contained in International Standard ISO 3166-1:1997, "Codes for the Representation of Names of Countries and their Subdivisions Part 1: Country Codes," published in October 1997 by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO). It is also aligned with the announcements published in ISO 3166-1 Newsletters.

RECOMMENDED STANDARD CODE

- 4. This Recommended Standard is intended to be implemented for any use by industrial property offices requiring the identification of States, other entities and intergovernmental organizations, in coded form.
- 5. The recommended codes are contained in Annex A in two sections, organized as follows:
- (i) Section 1 presents a list of States, other entities and intergovernmental organizations, in alphabetic sequence of their short names and their corresponding codes;
- (ii) Section 2 presents the codes referred to in (i) in alphabetic order and the corresponding (short) names of States, other entities and intergovernmental organizations.

MAINTENANCE

- 6. ISO has entrusted a Maintenance Agency with the management of International Standard ISO 3166-1:1997.
- 7. WIPO has been granted associate-member status in the Maintenance Agency and is therefore closely associated with its work. The International Bureau updates this Recommended Standard at intervals following the decisions of the Maintenance Agency and of the respective WIPO body with regard to the inclusion of new two-letter alphabetic codes or the amending of existing two-letter alphabetic codes.

IMPLEMENTATION AND GUIDELINES FOR USERS

- 8. To assist users of documents relating to industrial property titles and/or applications therefor, Annex B, Section 1, to this Recommended Standard lists those States for which the code in force prior to January 1, 1978, was subsequently replaced by a new code. A list of States or organizations, with their respective codes, that ceased to exist is given in Annex B, Section 2.
- 9. The codes contained in Annex A to this Recommended Standard should be used in all documents relating to industrial property titles and/or applications therefor, even when referring to documents for which a different code existed before January 1, 1978.
- 10. The letter combinations AA, QM to QZ, XA to XZ and ZZ are available for individual use and for provisional codes.

[Annexes follow]



Ref.: Standards – ST.3 page: 3.3.2

ANNEX A, SECTION 1

LIST OF STATES, OTHER ENTITIES AND INTERGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS, IN ALPHABETIC SEQUENCE OF THEIR SHORT NAMES, AND THEIR CORRESPONDING CODES

AFGHANISTANAFRICAN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY	AF	COSTA RICA CÔTE D'IVOIRE	CR CI
ORGANIZATION (OAPI) ⁽²⁾	OA	CROATIA	HR
AFRICAN RECIONAL INDUSTRIAL	OA		CU
AFRICAN REGIONAL INDUSTRIAL	4.5	CUBA	
PROPERTY ORGANIZATION (ARIPO)(2)	AP	CYPRUS	CY
ALBANIA	AL	CZECH REPUBLIC	CZ
ALGERIA	DZ		
ANDORRA	AD	DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC	
ANGOLA	AO	OF KOREA	ΚP
ANGUILLA	Al	DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF	
ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA	AG	THE CONGO	CD
ARGENTINA	AR	DENMARK	DK
ARMENIA	AM	DJIBOUTI	DJ
ARUBA	AW		
_		DOMINICA	DM
AUSTRALIA	AU	DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	DO
AUSTRIA	AT		
AZERBAIJAN	AZ	EAST TIMOR	TP
		ECUADOR	EC
BAHAMAS	BS	EGYPT	EG
BAHRAIN	BH	EL SALVADOR	SV
BANGLADESH	BD	EQUATORIAL GUINEA	GQ
BARBADOS	BB		
BELARUS	BY	ERITREA	ER
		ESTONIA	EE
BELGIUM	BE	ETHIOPIA	ΕT
BELIZE	BZ	EURASIAN PATENT ORGANIZATION	
BENELUX TRADEMARK OFFICE (BBM) AND		(EAPO) ⁽²⁾	EΑ
BENELUX DESIGNS OFFICE (BBDM)(3)	BX	EUROPEAN COMMUNITY TRADE MARK	
BENIN	BJ	OFFICE (See Office for Harmonization	
BERMUDA	BM	in the Internal Market)	
BHUTAN	BT	EUROPEAN PATENT OFFICE (EPO) ⁽²⁾	ΕP
BOLIVIA	BO	Editor Entri Area (Er o)	
BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA	BA	EALIS AND IOLANDO (MALLYINIAO)	
BOTSWANA	BW	FALKLAND ISLANDS (MALVINAS)	FK
BOUVET ISLAND	BV	FAROE ISLANDS	FO
BRAZIL	BR	FIJI	FJ
		FINLAND	FI
BRUNEI DARUSSALAM	BN	FRANCE	FR
BULGARIA	BG		
BURKINA FASO	BF	GABON	GA
BURUNDI	BI	GAMBIA	GM
			GE
CAMBODIA	KH	GEORGIA GERMANY ⁽⁴⁾	
CAMEROON	CM		DE
CANADA	CA	GHANA	GH
CAPE VERDE	CV	GIBRALTAR	GI
CAYMAN ISLANDS	KY	GREECE	GR
CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC		GREENLAND	GL
	CF	GRENADA	GD
CHAD	TD	GUATEMALA	GT
CHILE	CL	GUINEA	GN
CHINA	CN	GUINEA-BISSAU	GW
COLOMBIA	CO	GULF COOPERATION COUNCIL (see Patent	٥,,
COMOROS	KM		
CONGO (see Congo, below; Democratic		Office of the Cooperation Council for	
Republic of the Congo)		the Arab States of the Gulf)	01/
CONGO	CG	GUYANA	GΥ
COOK ISLANDS	CK		
	J. (HAITI	HT



Ref.: Standards – ST.3 page: 3.3.3

Annex A, Section 1 page 2

HOLY SEE	VA	NAURU	NR
HONDURAS	HN	NEPAL	NP
	ПІМ		
HONG KONG (See The Hong Kong Special		NETHERLANDS	NL
Administrative Region of the People's		NETHERLANDS ANTILLES	AN
Republic of China)		NEW ZEALAND	ΝZ
HUNGARY	HU	NICARAGUA	NI
		NIGER	NE
ICELAND	IS	NIGERIA	NG
	_	NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS	MP
INDIA	IN	NORWAY	NO
INDONESIA	ID	NORWAT	IVO
INTERNATIONAL BUREAU OF THE			
WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY		OFFICE FOR HARMONIZATION IN THE	
ORGANIZATION (WIPO) ⁽⁵⁾	IB, WO	INTERNAL MARKET (TRADE MARKS AND	
IRAN, ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF	IR	DESIGNS) (OHIM)	EM
IRAQ [®]	IQ	OMAN	OM
IRELAND	IE		
ISRAEL	iL	DAKICTANI	DIZ
ITALY	iT	PAKISTAN	PK
ITALT	11	PALAU	PW
		PANAMA	PA
JAMAICA	JM	PAPUA NEW GUINEA	PG
JAPAN	JP	PARAGUAY	PY
JORDAN	JO	PATENT OFFICE OF THE COOPERATION	
		COUNCIL FOR THE ARAB STATES OF	
IZA ZAIZI IOTANI	W7	THE GULF (GCC)	GC
KAZAKHSTAN	KZ	PERU	PE
KENYA	KE		PH
KIRIBATI	KI	PHILIPPINES	
KOREA (see Democratic People's		POLAND	PL
Republic of Korea; Republic of Korea)		PORTUGAL	PT
KUWAIT	KW		
KYRGYZSTAN	KG	QATAR	QA
LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC	LA	REPUBLIC OF KOREA	KR
LATVIA	LV	REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA	MD
LEBANON	LB	ROMANIA	RO
LESOTHO	LS	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	RU
LIBERIA	LR	RWANDA	RW
LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA	LY	1(VV/(IVD/(1
		- · · · - · · - · · - · · · ·	
LIECHTENSTEIN	LI	SAINT HELENA	SH
LITHUANIA		SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS	KN
LUXEMBOURG	LU	SAINT LUCIA	LC
		SAINT VINCENT AND	
MACAU MACAO	MO	THE GRENADINES	VC
MACEDONIA (see The former Yugoslav		SAMOA	
Republic of Macedonia)		SAN MARINO	SM
MADAGASCAR	MG	SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE	
	_		
MALAWI	MW	SAUDI ARABIA	
MALAYSIA	MY	SENEGAL	SIN
MALDIVES	MV	SERBIA AND MONTENEGROW	
MALI	ML	SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO ⁽¹⁾	YU ^(*)
MALTA	MT	SEYCHELLES	SC
MAURITANIA	MR	SIERRA LEONE	SL
MAURITIUS	MU	SINGAPORE	SG
MEXICO	MX	SLOVAKIA	SK
MOLDOVA (see Republic of Moldova)	141/3	SLOVENIA	SI
	MC		_
MONACO	MC	SOLOMON ISLANDS	SB
MONGOLIA	MN	SOMALIA	SO
MONTSERRAT	MS	SOUTH AFRICA	ZΑ
MOROCCO	MA	SOUTH GEORGIA AND THE SOUTH	
MOZAMBIQUE	MZ	SANDWICH ISLANDS	GS
MYANMAR	MM	SPAIN	ES
		SRI LANKA	LK
NIAMIDIA	NIA	SUDAN	SD
NAMIBIA	NA	00DAN	JU



Ref.: Standards – ST.3 page: 3.3.4

Annex A, Section 1 page 3

SURINAME	SR	UKRAINE	UA
SWAZILAND	SZ	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	ΑE
SWEDEN	SE	UNITED KINGDOM	GB
SWITZERLAND	CH	UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA	TZ
SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC	SY	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	US
		URUGUAY	UY
TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA	TW	UZBEKISTAN	UZ
TAJIKISTAN	TJ		
TANZANIA (see United Republic of Tanzania)		VANUATU	VU
THAILAND	TH	VATICAN CITY STATE (See Holy See)	_
THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC		VENEZUELA	VE
OF MACEDONIA	MK	VIET NAM	VN
THE HONG KONG SPECIAL		VIRGIN ISLANDS, BRITISH	VG
ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF			
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA	HK	WESTERN SAHARA ⁽⁶⁾	FH
TIMOR-LESTE	TL	WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY	
TOGO	TG	ORGANIZATION (WIPO)	
TONGA	TO	(INTERNATIONAL BUREAU OF) ⁽⁵⁾	WO, IB
TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO	TT	(INTERNATIONAL BOTTER TO OT)	,
TUNISIA	TN	YEMEN	ΥE
TURKEY	TR	YUGOSLAVIA	YU
TURKMENISTAN	TM	TOOCOLAVIA	-10
TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS	TC	ZANADIA	71.4
TUVALU	TV	ZAMBIA	ZM
		ZIMBABWE	ZW
UGANDA	UG		

[Section 2 follows]



Ref.: Standards – ST.3 page: 3.3.5

ANNEX A, SECTION 2

LIST OF CODES, IN ALPHABETIC SEQUENCE, AND THE CORRESPONDING (SHORT) NAMES OF STATES, OTHER ENTITIES AND INTERGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

AD	Andorra	DJ	Djibouti
ΑE	United Arab Emirates	DK	Denmark
AF	Afghanistan	DM	Dominica
AG	Antigua and Barbuda	DO	Dominican Republic
_		_	
Al	Anguilla	DZ	Algeria
AL	Albania	_ ^	E (EADO)(2)
AM	Armenia	EA	Eurasian Patent Organization (EAPO) ⁽²⁾
AN	Netherlands Antilles	EC	Ecuador
AO	Angola	EE	Estonia
AP	African Regional Industrial Property	EG	Egypt
	Organization (ARIPO) ⁽²⁾	EH	Western Sahara ⁽⁶⁾
AR	Argentina	EM	Office for Harmonization in the Internal Market
AT	Austria		(Trademarks and Designs) (OHIM)
AU	Australia	EP	European Patent Office (EPO) ⁽¹⁾
		ER	Eritrea
AW	Aruba		
ΑZ	Azerbaijan	ES	Spain
	5	ET	Ethiopia
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	_	
BB	Barbados	FI	Finland
BD	Bangladesh	FJ	Fiji
BE	Belgium	FK	Falkland Islands (Malvinas)
BF	Burkina Faso	FO	Faroe Islands
BG	Bulgaria	FR	France
BH	Bahrain		
BI	Burundi	GA	Gabon
BJ		GB	United Kingdom
-	Benin	GC	Patent Office of the Cooperation Council
BM	Bermuda	GC	
BN	Brunei Darussalam	OD	for the Arab States of the Gulf (GCC)
во	Bolivia	GD	Grenada
BR	Brazil	GE	Georgia
BS	Bahamas	GH	Ghana
BT	Bhutan	GI	Gibraltar
BV	Bouvet Island	GL	Greenland
BW	Botswana	GM	Gambia
BX	Benelux Trademark Office (BBM) and	GN	Guinea
DΛ	Benelux Designs Office (BBDM) ⁽³⁾	GQ	Equatorial Guinea
DV	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	GR	Greece
BY	Belarus	GS	South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands
ΒZ	Belize	GT	Guatemala
•		_	
CA	Canada	GW	Guinea-Bissau
CD	Democratic Republic of the Congo	GY	Guyana
CF	Central African Republic		TI II I O
CG	Congo	HK	The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region
CH	Switzerland		of the People's Republic of China
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	HN	Honduras
CK	Cook Islands	HR	Croatia
CL	Chile	HT	Haiti
CM	Cameroon	HU	Hungary
CN	China	IB	International Bureau of the World Intellectual
CO	Colombia		Property Organization (WIPO) ⁽⁵⁾
CR	Costa Rica	ID	Indonesia
CU	Cuba		
CV	Cape Verde	IE "	Ireland
CY	Cyprus	IL.	Israel
CZ	Czech Republic	IN	India
	·	IQ	Iraq
DE	Germany ⁽⁴⁾	IR	Iran (Islamic Republic of)
	.		



Ref.: Standards – ST.3 page: 3.3.6

Annex A, Section 2 page 2

IS	Iceland	OA	African Intellectual Property
iT	Italy	• • •	Organization (OAPI) ⁽²⁾
••	nary	ОМ	Oman
JM	Jamaica	Olvi	Oman
JO	Jordan	PA	Panama
JP	Japan	PE	Peru
		PG	Papua New Guinea
KE	Kenya	PH	Philippines
KG	Kyrgyzstan	PK	Pakistan
KH	Cambodia	PL	Poland
ΚI	Kiribati	PT	Portugal
KM	Comoros	PW	Palau
KN	Saint Kitts and Nevis	PY	Paraguay
KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea		raragaay
KR	Republic of Korea	QA	Qatar
KW	Kuwait	QΛ	Qatai
KY		RO	Romania
	Cayman Islands	_	
ΚZ	Kazakhstan	RU	Russian Federation
		RW	Rwanda
LA	Lao People's Democratic Republic		
LB	Lebanon	SA	Saudi Arabia
LC	Saint Lucia	SB	Solomon Islands
LI	Liechtenstein	SC	Seychelles
		SD	Sudan
LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden
LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore
LS	Lesotho	SH	Saint Helena
LT	Lithuania	SI	
LU	Luxembourg	_	Slovenia
LV	Latvia	SK	Slovakia
LY	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	SL	Sierra Leone
		SM	San Marino
MA	Morocco	SN	Senegal
MC	Monaco	SO	Somalia
MD	Republic of Moldova	SR	Suriname
		ST	Sao Tome and Principe
MG	Madagascar	SV	El Salvador
MK	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	SY	Syrian Arab Republic
ML	Mali	SZ	Swaziland
MM	Myanmar	SZ	Swaziianu
MN	Mongolia	TC	Turks and Caises Islands
MO	Macau Macao	TC	Turks and Caicos Islands
MP	Northern Mariana Islands	TD	Chad
MR	Mauritania	TG	Togo
MS	Montserrat	TH	Thailand
MT	Malta	TJ	Tajikistan
		TL	Timor-Leste
MU	Mauritius	TM	Turkmenistan
MV	Maldives	TN	Tunisia
MW	Malawi	TO	Tonga
MX	Mexico	TP.	East Timor
MY	Malaysia		
MZ	Mozambique	TR	Turkey
		TT	Trinidad and Tobago
NA	Namibia	TV	Tuvalu
NE	Niger	TW	Taiwan, Province of China
NG	Nigeria	TZ	United Republic of Tanzania
NI			•
	Nicaragua Natharlanda	UA	Ukraine
NL	Netherlands	UG	Uganda
NO	Norway	US	United States of America
NP	Nepal	UY	Uruguay
NR	Nauru	_	0 ,
NZ	New Zealand	UZ	Uzbekistan
		VA	Holy Soo
			Holy See
		VC	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines



Ref.: Standards - ST.3 page: 3.3.7

Annex A, Section 2 page 3

Venezuela Virgin Islands (British) VΕ WS Samoa

VG VN Viet Nam YΕ Yemen

YU Serbia and Montenegro (1) VU Vanuatu

ZΑ South Africa WO World Intellectual Property Organization ΖM Zambia (WIPO) (International Bureau of) (5)

ZW Zimbabwe

[Annex B follows]



Ref.: Standards – ST.3 page: 3.3.8

ANNEX B, SECTION 1

LIST OF STATES IN RESPECT OF WHICH CODES HAVE CHANGED

Country	Code used before 1.1.1978	New Code used from 1.1.1978
Albania Algeria Austria	AN AG OE	AL DZ AT
Bahrain Bangladesh Barbados Benin Bhutan Botswana Burkina Faso Burma (see Myanmar)	BB BA BD DA BH BT UV	BH BD BB BJ BT BW HV/BF ⁽⁷⁾
Cambodia Cameroon Central African Republic Chad Chile China Congo	CD KA ZR TS CE RC CF	KH CM CF TD CL CN CG
Democratic Kampuchea (see Cambodia) Democratic People's Republic of Korea Democratic Republic of the Congo Dominican Republic	KN CB DR	KP ZR/CD ⁽⁸⁾ DO
East Timor (see Timor-	=	=
Leste) Egypt El Salvador Ethiopia	ET SL EA	EG SV ET
Finland	SF	FI
Gambia Germany Guatemala Guinea	GE DT GU GI	GM DE GT GN
Haiti Holy See Honduras	HI CV HO	HT VA HN
Ireland	EI	IE

Country	Code used before	New Code used from
·	1.1.1978	1.1.1978
Japan	JA	JP
Kuwait	KU	KW
Liechtenstein	FL	LI
Madagascar Mali Malta Mauritania Mauritius Mongolia Myanmar	MD MJ ML MT MS MO BU	MG ML MT MR MU MN MM ⁽⁹⁾
Nicaragua Niger Nigeria	NA NI WN	NI NE NG
Oman	MU	ОМ
Panama Papua New Guinea Paraguay Poland	PM PP PG PO	PA PG PY PL
Republic of Korea Romania	KS RU	KR RO
Sierra Leone Sri Lanka Sweden Syrian Arab Republic	WL CL SW SR	SL LK SE SY
Timor-Leste Togo Tonga Trinidad and Tobago	TP TO TI TD	TL ⁽¹⁰⁾ TG TO TT
United Republic of Tanzania	TA	TZ
Zaire (see Democratic Republic of the Congo) Zambia	ZB	ZM

[Section 2 follows]



Ref.: Standards – ST.3 page: 3.3.9

ANNEX B, SECTION 2

LIST OF STATES OR ORGANIZATIONS THAT EXISTED ON JANUARY 1, 1978, BUT THAT NO LONGER EXIST

Czechoslovakia
CS
Democratic Yemen
SY/YD⁽¹¹⁾
German Democratic Republic
International Patent Institute
Soviet Union
SU

[End of Annex B and of Standard]

- (6) Provisional name.
- (7) Code BF adopted in 1984.
- (8) Code CD adopted in 1997.
- (9) Code MM adopted in 1989.
- (10) Code TL adopted on May 20, 2002.
- (11) Code SY used before 1.1.1978.
- (12) Code DL used before 1.1.1978.

Subsequent to the country name change of "Yugoslavia" to "Serbia and Montenegro", that took effect on February 4, 2003, and to the decision by the ISO 3166/MA to use the new country name and new two-letter code "CS" (to replace "YU"), which was announced on July 23, 2003, the SCIT Standards and Documentation Working Group agreed, at its fifth session, held in November 2004, to recommend that the two-letter code "YU" continue to be used for "Serbia and Montenegro" in the industrial property field because code "CS" raises certain problems due to its former use to represent "Czechoslovakia" until 1993.

Intergovernmental organizations (regional patent offices) acting for certain Contracting States under the PCT (Patent Cooperation Treaty). In case of the European Patent Office, it also acts as International Searching Authority and International Preliminary Examining Authority under the PCT.

The Benelux Trademark and Designs Offices have replaced the national Offices of Belgium, Luxembourg and the Netherlands with regard to actions relating to marks and industrial designs.

In the electronic database of the International Register of Marks, the International Bureau of WIPO uses the following additional codes, not part of the active codes of Standard ST.3: "DD" to designate Germany without the territory that, prior to October 3, 1990, constituted the Federal Republic of Germany; "DT" to designate Germany without the territory that, prior to October 3, 1990, constituted the German Democratic Republic.

The code "WO" is used in relation to the international publication under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) of international applications filed with any PCT receiving Office, as well as in the publication of international deposits of industrial designs under the Hague Agreement Concerning the International Deposit of Industrial Designs. In this regard, reference is made to INID code (33) given in WIPO Standards <u>ST.9</u> and <u>ST.80</u>. The code "WO" is also the appropriate code to be used with respect to international registrations of marks under the Madrid Agreement and the Madrid Protocol Concerning the International Registration of Marks. The code "IB" is used in relation to the receipt of international applications under the PCT filed with the International Bureau of WIPO in its capacity as a PCT receiving Office.