WIPO/IP/BKK/02/6

ORIGINAL:English **DATE:**February2002









WIPOASIANREGIONAL WORKSHOPONTHEUSEO F INFORMATIONTECHNOLO GYANDMANAGEMENTOF INDUSTRIAL PROPERTYRIGHTSBYS MALLANDMEDIUM -SIZED ENTERPRISES(SME s)

organizedby the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)

incooperationwith
theDepartmentofIntellectualPrope rtyofThailand(DIP)
MinistryofCommerce
GovernmentofThailand

andwiththeassistanceof theJapanPatentOffice(JPO)

Bangkok, February 25 to 27,2002

USINGINFORMATIONTE CHNOLOGY(IT)TOENH ANCETHEUSEOFTHE INDUSTRIALPROPERTY SYSTEMBYSME

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UsingITtoenhancetheuseofIndustrialPropertySystembySMEs IPAustralia

Background

SMEsandindividualinnovatorsproducemuchofAustralia'sIP.H owever, current marketresearchsuggeststhatmostofthistargetmarketdonotunderstandthecommercial benefitsofIPandhowtogoaboutidentifying, protecting and valuingIPanddonothave access to advice about how to protect and commercially explo it their IP. IPAustraliahelps to bridge this gap by providing IP resources and information to this important sector of the Australian business community through a range of information technologies.

ItisimportanttoAustraliathatSMEsdealwithIPe ffectivelyastheGovernmentpolicy directionrecognizesthatimprovedperformanceintheSMEsectorwillleadtosustained economicgrowth.AkeycomponentofrealizinggrowthisunderstandingandutilizingIP effectively.

PastProjects

 $IPA ustraliaha\ simplemente danumber of IT related resources to help increase SME\ usage of the IP system. These have included:$

- -GetSmartWithIPCDROM:
- -IPIdentifierCDROM;
- -IPNavigatorCDROM;
- -IPAustralia'swebsite; and
- -IPAustralia's newest IT initiativ etargeted at SMEs -Online Services.

Each of these resources have relied on existing and cutting edge technology to educate and demonstrate to SMEs the value of understanding and using the IP system.

GetSmartWithIP

Mark et research indicated that significant numbers of SMEs owned a PC with a CDROM drive. Until this point, all IPA ustralia promotional material had been dispatched in hard copy in the form of brochures or information sheets. Get Smart With IP represented the first multimedia formatfor the organization.

The objective of the product was to educate SMEs regarding the importance of IP for a successful business through the use of case studies that featured successful SME sutilizing IP effectively.

The decision to produce a CDROM rath er than another brochure was made based on a number of factors for users:

- -CDROMenable dusers to interact with the product by choosing the case studies they were interested in;
- -thesearchfacilityenablesuserstofindexactlywhattheywerein terestedin immediately;

- -themultimediaelementenabledcasestudiestofeatureactualexperts speakingaboutkeyIPissues;
- -anonlinelinkenableduserstogostraighttotheIPAustraliawebsiteatthe clickofabutton;
- -a'notebook'enable duserstoselectkeyelementsoftexttheywereinterested infortheirownrecords(thisdatacouldthenbeprinted);

For IPA ustralia, the CDROM offered arange of benefits:

- -cheapertomassproducethanexpensivecolorbrochures;
- -easiertomak eeditsandchangesshouldthelegislationchange;
- -positionedIPAustraliaasaninnovativeandcuttingedgeorganization; and
- -cheaper and easier to distribute than bulky A4 brochures.

 $\label{lem:come} Outcome = Todate GetSmartWithIP is one of the most widely discontinuous continuous and the most widely discontinuous continuous continu$

IPIdentifier

Tofurtherenhancetheuseofth eIPsystembySMEs,IPAustraliadevelopedaseriesof CDROMproducts,eachwithadifferentpieceofITasanintegralpartofthedeliverable.In thecaseofIPIdentifier,theCDROMcontainedsoftwarethatenabledausertoidentifyany IPtheymay ownfrompatentstoplantbreeder'srights.Usingasimpleformscript,users completedvariousquestionsandwerethenprovidedtheoptionofsavingtheinformationor printingitasareport.

IPNavigator

IPIdentifierwasfollowedbyanotherCDROMb asedpieceofITwhichwasIP Navigator. TheIPNavigatorwasdesignedtobothincreaseawarenessandunderstandingof theprocessofapplyingforanIPright. Anextensive casestudy is provided that documents a small business protecting an innovationt hrough a patent, it's trademark and also obtaining a registered design. The Navigatoral so had the objective of educating users of the terms used when discussing IPsothat they could save themselves time and money when they were seeking professional advice-as a result the production cluded an IP glossary.

Thenavigational structure on IPN avigator enables users to follow different paths to find the same piece of information. Each area of IP was highlighted with users being able to access the process of applying for the right, strategies in dealing with the IP right and case studies.

IPAustralia's Website

AmajorpartofIPAustralia's corebusiness lies in the exchange of information with customers of its intellectual property services, with a signif icant cluster of customers being SMEs. This information exchange has traditionally be enconducted through a variety of paper-based forms and other document types. IPAustralia is now progressively adopting electronic information exchange and transactional channels, along with associated internal

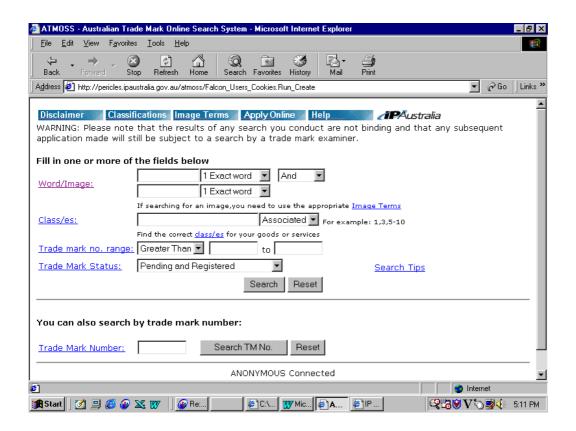
workflowandprocessingmechanisms, in order both to provide improved customers ervice to SMEs and to be nefit from a dministrative cost efficiencies.

DuetothephysicalsizeofAustralia, theinternetplaysakey roleinmaking available resources to the whole of the SME community. As a resultakey objective was developed to ensure that the IP process most commonly used by SMEs was available via the webina simple and easy to use interface. The process referred to is trademarking and the IT to olbuilt was something that permitted users to search the trademark database for existing marks and to submit a trademark application on line.

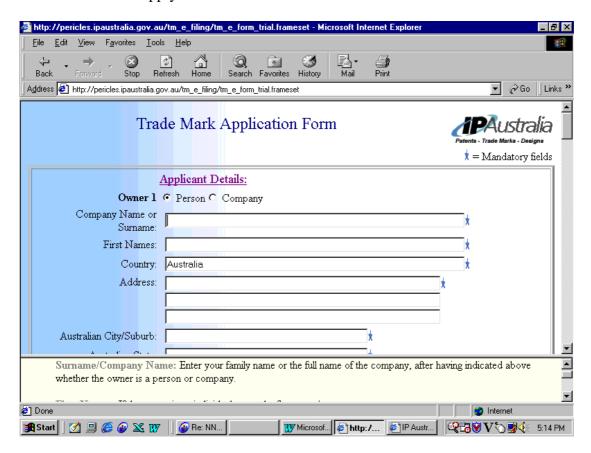
From abusiness perspective of IPA ustralia, this development was also import number of reasons:

- -ifIPAustraliacouldmakesearchingthetrademarkdatabaseasimpletaskfor SMEs,itwouldreducethenumberofrejectedapplications. This would have significant costs aving sinterms of resources spending time on rejected applications; and:
- IP Australia made the strategic decision to try and reduce the number of applications rejected because of administrative problems, so the help system provided without search service was an important factor.

 $Through IP\ Australia's website, SME's can firstly conduct a search for a registered trademark.$



Userscanalsoapplyforatrademarksonline:



The ability to apply for a trade mark son line has been a significant development for SMEs. Our research indicated that SME owners are typically short of time and are reluctant to spend money on anything that is not directly related to their business. Research indicated that IPA us traliahad developed at ool that saved SMEs time and money.

Theformitselfiswritten injavascriptandcontainsnographicsorunnecessaryhigh technologytoenabletheformtohaveanexceptionallyfastdownloadtimeandbeaccessible byuserswitholdercomputersorinternetbrowsers.

OnlineServices

Sincethedevelopmentoftheonline trademarksearchandapplicationsdevelopmenthas continuedtoaddotherprocesstoouronlineservicessuiteofproducts. It was also important to increase the intuitiveness and ease of the application section

The result is the development of the IPA us tralia website.

Indeveloping the new online services, two vital aspects of customer exchange and transaction systems were considered, these were:

- Theusabilityand 'friend liness' of theuser interface
- $\bullet \ The extent to which electronic forms are used to maximize the quality and quantity of the user information being captured$

IPAustraliainitiatedthenewprojecttoaddressanumberofbroadaims:

- Documentandthenfol lowbestpracticeintheuseofelectronicforms.
- $\bullet \ Re \ -design the Online Service suser interface in terms of both information architecture and graphic design. \\$
- Establishascalable foundation upon which IPA ustralia can expand the range of onlinese rvices available and extend the use of electronic forms in the future.
- Developasolutionwhichcanbereadilymaintainedin -house.

Asastartingpoint,organizationslookingtoprovidebettercustomerservicewhile reducingthecostofdoingbusines sareincreasinglyturningtoelectronicforms(e -forms) systems. Whilee -formscanbedistributedandusedinavarietyofways, themainstream adoption of the Internet by governments, organizations and individuals has significantly increased the viability and cost -effectiveness of large -scale use of e-forms by both publicand private sector organizations. E -forms are also being increasingly used across organizational Intranets for a wide range of internal processes.

Thee -formoffersanewparadigmover the paper form, and both form intelligence and form automational low maximum exploitation of this new approach to data collection and management. Differences include:

Paperforms	E-forms
 Staticgraphicobjects Inflexibleandcostly Containsonlylayo ut,nointelligence Requiresdatatobere -enteredinto electronicsystems Placesentireburdenforcorrectand completedatacollectiononuser 	 Containsbothlayoutandintelligence Separateslayoutandintelligencefrom content Templatebased:onetemp latecan supportanunlimitednumberofdata documents(records) Componentscanberapidlyreusedto makenewforms Capturestheactualelectronicdata requiredforback -endsystems Devolvesresponsibilityfordataentry totheformuser Sharestheburden ofcorrectand completedatacollection

E-forms should not be thought of simply a selectronic versions of existing paper forms. Effective e-forms are typically substantially different from their equivalent paper forms because:

- Theyaredynamicandcan becustomized onthefly fortheneeds of the user.
- They are capable of interacting with the user.
- They can be structured to provide a number of different levels of information and assistance at both form level, screen level and field level, accessible through a 'drill down' model.

- Theyarecapableoffetchinganddisplayinginformationfromback -end Systems. -end
- Theymakeuseofpicklists, calendars and other dataselection to ols not readily used in paper forms.
- Theycanmakecalculations.
- $\bullet \ They a \ reviewed on a horizontal backlits creen, which typically shows less than an A4 page equivalent. \\$
- Theydonotacceptwrittensignatures.

Thesemajordifferencesmeansthatspecificskillsshouldbedevelopedorsourcedfor theimplementationofanyhi ghlevele -formdevelopmentproject. Thenecessaryskillsand knowledgearenotcommonlypossessedbypaperformdesigners, desktoppublishersornon specialist IT staff.

KeyBenefitsofanEffectiveE -FormsEnvironment

E-formsclearlyofferawiderang eofpotentialbenefitstoorganizations, even at low implementation levels. At higher levels, however, the potential benefits significantly increase. Benefits include:

Benefit	Description
1. Datacollectedatsource	Dataisenteredbytheactualownero fthe information, who is in the best position to ensure accuracy and completeness, and who is most motivated to keep information up to date
2. Duplicatedatacollection reduced/eliminated	Duplicationofdatarecordscanbegreatlyreduced oreliminated,r educingdatabasesizeand administrativedoublehandling
3. Errorratereduced	"Intelligent"e -formsvalidateinformationentered andprompttheuserimmediatelyforcorrections orfurtherinformation
4. Betterhelp/decisionsupport	Singleormulti -tierf ormlevelandfieldlevel help/decisionsupportcanassisttheuserto:
	 makeinformeddecisionsaboutwhetherto initiatethebusinessprocessrepresentedby theform
	• understandwhatisrequiredateachstageof theformtoensuretheresponseisappropr iate, correctandcomplete
5. Paperusagereduced	E-formsalloworganizationstodramatically reducepaperconsumption, withboth environmental and overhead reduction benefits
6. Costsreduced	Paperformstypicallyinvolvesubstantialcostsin:

	 Distribution Inventory Archiving Formwaste Dataentry E-formscanreduceoreliminatemanyofthese costs. Mostorganizations usinge -forms still use paper forms, but the quantities can often be greatly reduced
7. Efficiencyimproved	E-formsmadea vailableovertheInternetenable SMEstointeractwithanorganizationattheir convenience,24hours/7daysperweek,without anyactionrequiredbeyondnormalbackend processing.
	Directdataentrybyuserscutsoutdouble handlingofdata,reducingco st,timeandpotential forerrors
	Validationgreatlyincreasestheaccuracyand relevanceofthedatabeingrecorded,making subsequentuseofthisdatafaster,moreeffective andmoreefficient

ErrorReduction

Amajorbenefitofusingelectronicforms isthepotentialforsubstantialreductioninthe levelandseverityoferrorstypicallyfoundinconventional,manuallycompletedforms.By validatingtheinformationprovidedbyusers,promptingformandatoryinformationnot providedbyusersandprovidi ngrelevantanddetailed "decisionsupport",intelligentforms cangreatlyimprovethequalityofformdataprovidedtoanorganization.

Typicalformerrorswhichcanbereducedoreliminatedinclude:

- Misunderstandingthepurposeoftheform
- Missing data
- Unnecessarydata
- Incorrectdata
- Typographicalerrors
- Guesswork

Conclusion

IPAustraliaiscommittedtoensuringthattheAustralianIPSystemisaccessibleand easytouseforSMEs.WehavethisattitudeaswerecognizethattheSMEmarketisa great sourceofinnovationandIPcreation.AsIhavediscussed,inordertoachievehighlevelsof IPusebySMEs,wehaveimplementedamulti -stageapproach.

Initially it is important to raise the awareness of the importance of IP to SMEs through public education and the development of resources and tools that express the benefits of using the content of the content of

the IP system. These benefits are best expressed through real life case studies, expressing ideas and information in simple language and providing contact details of the IP office and organizations who can provide them with valuable advice.

Duringthisawarenessraisingprocessitisimportanttoconsiderifyouhavetheinternal systemsandprocessesinplacetoprovideappropriateservicesandinformationtomeet SME needs. Atthistimeyoumaywishtoconsiderthevalueofmakingavailablecertainprocesses online. If you feelthis is too much of a quantum leap, a middle ground alternative may be making available certain application forms on the website. Making keyresources and documents available through a number of different mediums will assist SME's toutilize IT to increase the use of the IP system.

Keytoalloftheseactionsandapproachesisinformation. Withoutadequate informationonthe SME marketi nyourcountry, your bestefforts may be wasted. For this reason, prior to the commencement of any new initiative related to this important market, effective market research needs to be under taken to gauge current level of understanding of IP within the SME community, best ways to communicate to the market and types of resources that would be street SME needs. Related to this need for information is the importance of testing; any new information products or on line processes need to be thoroughly tested wis ample of SME stoensure the language used is appropriate, the messages are relevant and the product operates in an easy to use manner.

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