

WIPO



SCP/3/2

ORIGINAL: English

DATE: June 30, 1999

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION
GENEVA

E

STANDING COMMITTEE ON THE LAW OF PATENTS

Third Session

Geneva, September 6 to 14, 1999

DRAFT PATENT LAW TREATY AND DRAFT REGULATIONS

prepared by the International Bureau

INTRODUCTION

1. The present document contains a revised version of the draft Patent Law Treaty (“PLT”) and accompanying Regulations. It takes into account the views expressed in the Standing Committee on the Law of Patents at its first session, first part (June 15 to 19, 1998) and second part (November 16 to 20, 1998), and at its second session (April 12 to 23, 1999).
2. Changes in the revised text contained in the present document as well as differences as compared to the former text of the draft Treaty and Regulations (document SCP/2/3) are presented as follows:
 - (i) provisions which have been adopted by the SCP are indicated within a frame, without underlines or strike-throughs,
 - (ii) text from document SCP/2/3 which is merely moved to a different location without change in substance, as well as mere consequential changes, are not highlighted,
 - (iii) redrafted text for provisions referred to the International Bureau is underlined, and
 - (iv) text of non-adopted provisions which appeared in document SCP/2/3 but which is omitted from the present document is shown as struck-through.
3. For reference, provisions which have been adopted by the SCP are indicated within a frame. As agreed at the first session, first part, such adopted provisions are closed for further discussion, except at the express request of a Member of the Standing Committee or to approve consequential modifications suggested by the International Bureau when redrafting other provisions. Where a modification has been made in the adopted text as a consequence of redrafting other provisions referred to the International Bureau for further study, the changes in the text are highlighted within the frame.
4. A study with regard to the need to include provisions corresponding to draft Rule *2bis* as suggested by the Study Regarding the Interface between the Draft Patent Law Treaty and the Patent Cooperation Treaty at the second session of the SCP will be submitted in a separate document at a later stage.

DRAFT TREATY

List of the Articles of the Draft Treaty

		<u>Page</u>
Article 1	Abbreviated Expressions	7
Article 2	Applications and Patents to Which the Treaty Applies	11
Article 3	National Security	13
Article 4	Filing Date	14
Article 5	Application	18
Article 6	Representation	22
Article 7	Communications; Addresses	25
Article 8	Notifications	28
Article 9	Validity of Patent; Revocation	29
Article 10	Relief in Respect of the Non-Compliance With a Time Limit	30
Article 11	Continued Processing and Re-instatement of Rights Without a Finding of Due Care by the Office	32
Article 12	Re-instatement of Rights After a Finding of Due Care or Unintentionality by the Office	33
Article 13	Correction, Addition or Restoration of Priority Claim	35
Article 14	Regulations	39
Article 15	Relation to the Paris Convention	41
Article 16	Assembly	42
Article 17	International Bureau	44
Article 18	Revisions	45
Article 19	Eligibility for Becoming Party to the Treaty	46

		<u>Page</u>
Article 20	Signature of the Treaty	47
Article 21	Entry into Force	48
Article 22	Reservations	50
Article 23	Denunciation of the Treaty	51
Article 24	Languages of the Treaty	52
Article 25	Depositary; Registration	53
Article 26	Application of the Treaty to Existing Applications and Patents	54

DRAFT REGULATIONS

List of the Rules of the Draft Regulations

		<u>Page</u>
Rule 1	Abbreviated Expressions	55
Rule 2	Details Concerning Filing Date Under Article 4	56
Rule 3	Additional Permitted Requirements Under Article 5(1)	60
Rule 4	Availability of Earlier Application Under Article 5(5) and Rule 2(4) and (5)(b)	61
Rule 5	Evidence Under Articles 5(6), 7(4)(c) [and 11(6)] and Rules 7(5),16(5), 17(7), 18(7) and 19(5)	63
Rule 6	Time Limits Concerning the Application Under Article 5	64
Rule 7	Details Concerning Representation Under Article 6	65
Rule 8	Filing of Communications Under Article 7(1)	68
Rule 9	Details Concerning the Signature Under Article 7(4)	70
Rule 10	Details Concerning Indications Under Article 7(5) and (6)	73
Rule 11	Time Limits Concerning Communications Under Article 7(7) and (8)	75
Rule 12	Details Concerning Relief in Respect of the Non-Compliance With a Time Limit Under Article 10	76
Rule 13	Details Concerning Continued Processing and Re-instatement of Rights Without a Finding of Due Care by the Office Under Article 11	79
Rule 14	Details Concerning Re-instatement of Rights After a Finding of Due Care or Unintentionality by the Office Under Article 12	78
Rule 15	Details Concerning Correction, Addition or Restoration of Priority Claim Under Article 13	82
Rule 16	Request for Recordal of Change in Name or Address	85

Rule 17	Request for Recordal of Change in Applicant or Owner	89
Rule 18	Request for Recordal of a Licensing Agreement or Security Interest	95
Rule 19	Request for Correction of a Mistake	100
Rule 20	Manner of Identification of an Application Without Its Application Number	103
Rule 21	Establishment of Model International Forms and Formats	104
Rule 22	Requirements of Unanimity for Amending Certain Rules Under Article 14(3)	106

DRAFT TREATY

Article 1

Abbreviated Expressions

For the purposes of this Treaty, unless expressly stated otherwise:

- (i) “Office” means the authority of a Contracting Party entrusted with the granting of patents or with other matters covered by this Treaty;
- (ii) “application” means an application for the grant of a patent, as referred to in Article 2;
- (iii) “patent” means a patent as referred to in Article 2;
- (iv) references to a “person” shall be construed as references to both a natural person and a legal entity;
- (v) “communication” means any application, or any request, declaration, document, correspondence or information relating to an application or patent, whether relating to a procedure under this Treaty or not, which is filed with the Office by means permitted by the Office;

[Article 1, continued]

(vi) “records of the Office” means the collection of information maintained by the Office, relating to and including the applications filed with, and the patents granted by, that Office or another authority with effect for the Contracting Party concerned, irrespective of the medium in which such information is maintained;

(vii) “recordal” means recordal in the records of the Office;

(viii) “applicant” means the person whom the records of the Office show as the person who is applying for the patent, or another person who, pursuant to the applicable law, is filing or prosecuting the application;

(ix) “owner” means the person whom the records of the Office show as the owner of the patent;

(x) “representative” means any person, firm or partnership that can be a representative under the applicable law;

(xi) “signature” means any means of self-identification;

(xii) “a language accepted by the Office” means any one language accepted by the Office for the relevant procedure before the Office;

(xiii) “translation” means a translation into a language accepted by the Office;

(xiv) “procedure before the Office” means any procedure in proceedings before the Office with respect to an application or patent;

(xv) except where the context indicates otherwise, words in the singular include the plural, and *vice versa*, and masculine personal pronouns include the feminine;

(xvi) “Paris Convention” means the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, signed on March 20, 1883, as revised and amended;

(xvii) “Patent Cooperation Treaty” means the Patent Cooperation Treaty (“PCT”) signed on June 19, 1970, as amended and modified;

(xviii) “Contracting Party” means any State or intergovernmental organization party to this Treaty;

(xix) “Organization” means the World Intellectual Property Organization;

[Article 1, continued]

(xx) “International Bureau” means the International Bureau of the
Organization;

(xxi) “Director General” means the Director General of the Organization.

Article 2

Applications and Patents to Which the Treaty Applies

(1) [*Applications*] (a) The provisions of this Treaty and the Regulations shall apply to national and regional applications for patents for invention, and for patents of addition, which are filed with or for the Office of a Contracting Party, and which are:

(i) types of applications that can be filed as international applications under the Patent Cooperation Treaty;

(ii) divisional applications for patents for invention, or for patents of addition, as referred to in Article 4G(1) or (2) of the Paris Convention.

(b) Subject to the provisions of the Patent Cooperation Treaty, the provisions of this Treaty and the Regulations shall apply to international applications for patents for invention, and for patents of addition, under the Patent Cooperation Treaty:

(i) in respect of the time limits applicable in the Office of any Contracting Party under Articles 22 and 39(1) of the Patent Cooperation Treaty;

(ii) from the date on which processing or examination of the international application may start under Article 23 or 40 of that Treaty.

[Article 2, continued]

(2) [*Patents*] The provisions of this Treaty and the Regulations shall apply to patents for invention, and to patents of addition, which have been granted with effect for a Contracting Party.

Article 3

National Security

Nothing in this Treaty and the Regulations shall limit the freedom of any Contracting Party to take any action deemed necessary for the preservation of its national security.

Article 4

Filing Date

(1) [*Elements of Application*] (a) Subject to paragraphs (2) to (8), a Contracting Party shall provide that the filing date of an application shall be [no later than] the date on which its Office has received all of the following elements, filed, at the option of the applicant, on paper or by means permitted by the Office:

(i) an express or implicit indication to the effect that the elements are intended to be an application;

(ii) indications allowing the identity of the applicant to be established or allowing the applicant to be contacted by the Office;

(iii) a part which on the face of it appears to be a description.

(b) A Contracting Party may, for the purposes of the filing date, accept a drawing as the element referred to in subparagraph (a)(iii).

(2) [*Language*] (a) The indications referred to in paragraph (1)(a)(i) and (ii) may be required to be in a language accepted by the Office.

(b) The part referred to in paragraph (1)(a)(iii) may, for the purposes of the filing date, be in any language.

(3) [*Notification*] Where the application does not comply with one or more of the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2), the Office shall, as soon as practicable, notify the applicant, giving an opportunity to comply with any such requirement, and to make observations, within the relevant time limit prescribed in the Regulations.

(4) [*Subsequent Compliance with Requirements*] (a) Where one or more of the requirements referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) are not complied with in the application as initially filed, the filing date shall, subject to subparagraph (b) and paragraph (5), be [no later than] the date on which all of the requirements referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) are complied with.

(b) A Contracting Party may provide that, where one or more of the requirements referred to in subparagraph (a) are not complied with within the time limit prescribed in the Regulations, the application shall be regarded as not having been filed. Where the application is regarded as not having been filed, the Office shall notify the applicant accordingly, indicating the reasons therefore.

(5) [*Missing Part of Description or Drawing*] Where, in establishing the filing date, the Office finds that a part of the description appears to be missing from the application or that the application refers to a drawing which appears to be missing from the application, the Office shall promptly notify the applicant accordingly.

[Article 4, continued]

(6) (a) Where a missing part of the description or a missing drawing is filed with the Office within the time limit prescribed in the Regulations, that part of the description or drawing shall be included in the application, and, subject to subparagraphs (b) and (c), the filing date shall be [no later than] the date on which the Office has received that part of the description or that drawing, or the date on which all of the requirements referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) are complied with, whichever is later.

(b) Where the missing part of a description or missing drawing is filed under subparagraph (a) to rectify its omission from an application which, at the time of filing, claims the priority of an earlier application, the filing date shall, at the request of the applicant within a time limit prescribed in the Regulations and subject to the requirements prescribed in the Regulations, be [no later than] the date on which all the requirements referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) are complied with.

(c) Where the missing part of the description or the missing drawing filed under subparagraph (a) is withdrawn within a time limit fixed by the Contracting Party, the filing date shall be [no later than] the date on which the requirements referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) are complied with.

(7) [*Replacing Description and Drawings by Reference to a Previously Filed Application*] (a) Subject to the requirements prescribed in the Regulations, a reference, in a language accepted by the Office, to a previously filed application shall, for the purposes of the filing date of the application, replace the description and any drawings.

(b) Where the requirements referred to in subparagraph (a) are not complied with, the application may be considered as not having been filed.

(8) [*Exceptions*] Nothing in this Article shall limit:

(i) the right of an applicant under Article 4G(1) or (2) of the Paris Convention to preserve, as the date of a divisional application referred to in that Article, the date of the initial application referred to in that Article and the benefit of the right of priority, if any;

(ii) the freedom of any Contracting Party to apply any requirements necessary to accord the benefit of the filing date of an earlier application to any type of application prescribed in the Regulations.

Article 5

Application

(1) [*Form or Contents of Application*] No Contracting Party shall require compliance with any requirement relating to the form or contents of an application different from or additional to those which are provided for in respect of international applications under the Patent Cooperation Treaty, except where otherwise provided for by this Treaty or prescribed in the Regulations, it being understood that a Contracting Party shall be free to provide for requirements which, from the viewpoint of applicants, are more favorable than the requirements applicable under the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

(2) [*Request Form or Format*] (a) A Contracting Party may require that the contents of an application which correspond to the mandatory contents of the request of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty be presented on a request Form or in a format prescribed by that Contracting Party.

(b) Notwithstanding subparagraph (a) and subject to Article 7(1), a Contracting Party shall accept the presentation of the contents referred to in subparagraph (a) on a request Form, filed on paper, if that request Form corresponds to the Patent Cooperation Treaty Request Form with any modifications provided for in the Regulations.

(c) Notwithstanding subparagraph (a) and subject to Article 7(1), a Contracting Party shall accept the presentation of the contents referred to in subparagraph (a) in a format, if that format corresponds to the Model International Request Format provided for in the Regulations.

(3) [*Translation; Transliteration*] A Contracting Party may require a translation or, where appropriate, a transliteration, of any part of the application that is not in a language accepted by its Office.

(4) [*Fees*] A Contracting Party may require that fees be paid in respect of the application.

(5) [*Priority Document*] Where the priority date of an earlier application is claimed, a Contracting Party may require that a copy of the earlier application, and a translation where the earlier application is not in a language accepted by the Office, be filed with the Office in accordance with the Regulations.

[Article 5, continued]

(6) [*Evidence*] A Contracting Party may require that evidence be filed with its Office in the course of the processing of the application only where that Office may reasonably doubt the veracity of any matter contained in the request Form or format referred to in paragraph (2), or in a declaration of priority, or the accuracy of any translation required under paragraph (3) or (5).

(7) [*Notification*] Where one or more of the requirements applied under paragraphs (1) to (5) are not complied with, or where evidence is required under paragraph (6), the Office shall notify the applicant, giving an opportunity to comply with any such requirement, and to make observations, within the relevant time limit prescribed in the Regulations.

(8) [*Non-Compliance with Requirements*] (a) Where one or more of the requirements applied under paragraphs (1) to (6) are not complied with within the time limit prescribed in the Regulations, the Contracting Party may, subject to subparagraph (b) and Article 4, apply such sanction as is provided for in its law.

[Article 5(8), continued]

(b) Where any requirement applied under paragraph (1), (5) or (6) in respect of a priority claim is not complied with within the time limit prescribed in the Regulations, the priority claim may be considered non-existent. Subject to Article 4(7)(b), no other sanctions may be applied.

Article 6

Representation

(1) [*Representatives*] (a) A Contracting Party may require that a representative appointed for the purposes of any procedure before the Office:

(i) have the right, under the applicable law, to practice before the Office in respect of applications and patents;

(ii) provide an address on a territory prescribed by the Contracting Party.

(b) Subject to subparagraph (c), an act, with respect to any procedure before the Office, by or in relation to a representative who complies with the requirements applied by the Contracting Party under subparagraph (a), shall have the effect of an act by or in relation to the applicant, owner or other interested person who appointed that representative.

(c) Any Contracting Party may provide that, in the case of an oath or declaration or the revocation of a power of attorney, the signature of a representative shall not have the effect of the signature of the applicant, owner or other interested person who appointed that representative.

(2) [*Mandatory Representation*] A Contracting Party may require that an applicant, owner or other interested person appoint a representative for the purposes of any procedure before the Office after the filing date, other than:

[Article 6(2), continued]

(i) the payment of maintenance fees;

[(ii) any procedure referred to in Article 4;]

[(iii) the payment of fees;]

[(iv) the filing of a translation;]

[(v) any other procedure as prescribed in the Regulations;]

(vi) the issue of a receipt or notification by the Office in respect of any procedure referred to in items (i) to (v).

(3) [*Appointment of Representative*] A Contracting Party shall accept that the appointment of the representative be filed with the Office in a manner prescribed in the Regulations.

(4) [*Prohibition of Other Requirements*] No Contracting Party may require that formal requirements other than those referred to in paragraphs (1) to (3) be complied with in respect of the matters dealt with in those paragraphs.

[Article 6, continued]

(5) [*Notification*] Where one or more of the requirements applied under paragraphs (1) to (3) are not complied with, or where evidence is required under the Regulations pursuant to paragraph (3), the Office shall notify the applicant, owner or other interested person, giving an opportunity to comply with any such requirement, and to make observations, within the relevant time limit prescribed in the Regulations.

(6) [*Non-Compliance with Requirements*] Where one or more of the requirements applied under paragraphs (1) to (3) are not complied with within the time limit prescribed in the Regulations, the Contracting Party may apply such sanction as is provided for in its law.

Article 7

Communications; Addresses

(1) [*Form, Format and Means of Filing of Communications*] (a) Except for the establishment of a filing date under Article 4(1), the Regulations shall, subject to subparagraphs (b) and (c), set out the requirements which a Contracting Party shall be permitted to apply as regards the form, format and means of filing of communications.

(b) No Contracting Party shall be obliged to accept the filing of communications in a form, or by means, other than on paper.

(c) No Contracting Party shall be obliged to exclude the filing of communications on paper.

(d) A Contracting Party shall accept the filing of communications on paper for the purpose of complying with a time limit.

(2) [*Language of Communications*] A Contracting Party may, except where otherwise provided for by this Treaty or the Regulations, require that a communication be in a language accepted by the Office.

[Article 7, continued]

(3) [*Model International Forms; Model International Formats*] Notwithstanding paragraph (1)(a) and subject to paragraph (1)(b), a Contracting Party shall accept the presentation of the contents of a communication on a Form or in a format which corresponds to a Model International Form or a Model International Format provided for in the Regulations, if any.

(4) [*Signature of Communications*] (a) Where a Contracting Party requires a signature for the purposes of any communication, that Contracting Party shall accept any signature that complies with the requirements prescribed in the Regulations.

(b) No Contracting Party may require the attestation, notarization, authentication, legalization or other certification of any signature which is communicated to its Office, except as prescribed in the Regulations.

(c) Subject to subparagraph (b), a Contracting Party may require that evidence be filed with the Office where the Office may reasonably doubt the authenticity of any signature.

(5) [*Indications in Communications*] A Contracting Party may require that any communication contain one or more indications prescribed in the Regulations.

[Article 7, continued]

(6) [*Address for Correspondence and Address for Legal Service*] A Contracting Party may, subject to any provisions prescribed in the Regulations, require that an applicant, owner or other interested person indicate:

- (i) an address for correspondence;
- (ii) an address for legal service;
- (iii) any other address provided for in the Regulations.

(7) [*Notification*] Where one or more of the requirements applied under paragraphs (1) to (3), (4)(a) and (b), (5) and (6) are not complied with in respect of communications, or where evidence is required under paragraph (4)(c), the Office shall notify the applicant, owner or other interested person, giving an opportunity to comply with any such requirement, and to make observations, within the relevant time limit prescribed in the Regulations.

(8) [*Non-Compliance with Requirements*] Where one or more of the requirements applied under paragraphs (1) to (6) are not complied with within the time limit prescribed in the Regulations, the Contracting Party may, subject to Article 4 and to any exceptions prescribed in the Regulations, apply such sanction as is provided for in its law.

Article 8

Notifications

(1) [*Sufficient Notification*] Any notification under this Treaty or the Regulations which is sent by the Office to an address for correspondence or address for legal service indicated under Article 7(6), or any other address provided for in the Regulations for the purpose of this provision, and which complies with the provisions with respect to that notification, shall constitute a sufficient notification for the purposes of this Treaty and the Regulations.

(2) [*If Indications Allowing Contact Were Not Filed*] Nothing in this Treaty and in the Regulations shall oblige a Contracting Party to send a notification to an applicant, owner or other interested person, if indications allowing that applicant, owner or other interested person to be contacted have not been filed with the Office.

(3) [*Failure to Notify*] Subject to Article 9(1), where an Office does not notify an applicant, owner or other interested person of a failure to comply with any requirement under this Treaty or the Regulations, that absence of notification does not relieve that applicant, owner or other interested person of the obligation to comply with that requirement.

Article 9

Validity of Patent; Revocation

(1) [*Validity of Patent Not Affected by Non-Compliance with Certain Formal Requirements*] Once a patent has been granted, it may not be revoked or invalidated, either totally or in part, by the Office, or by a court, a board of appeal or any other competent authority of a Contracting Party on the ground of non-compliance with one or more of the formal requirements with respect to an application referred to in Articles 5(1), (2), (4) and (5) and 7(1) to (4), except where the non-compliance with the formal requirement occurred as a result of a fraudulent intention.

(2) [*Opportunity to Make Observations, Amendments or Corrections in Case of Intended Revocation or Invalidation*] A patent may not be revoked or invalidated, either totally or in part, by the Office, a court, a board of appeal or any other competent authority of a Contracting Party, without the owner being given at least one opportunity to make observations on the intended revocation or invalidation, and to make amendments and corrections where permitted under the applicable law, within a reasonable time limit.

Article 10

Relief in Respect of the Non-Compliance With a Time Limit

(1) [Obligation] A Contracting Party shall provide for relief in respect of the non-compliance with a time limit fixed by the Office for an action in a procedure before the Office in respect of an application or a patent, if:

(i) a request to that effect is made to the Office in accordance with the requirements prescribed in the Regulations;

(ii) the request is made within the time limit prescribed in the Regulations.

(2) [Form of Relief] The consequence of the relief referred to in paragraph (1) shall be at least that the time limit fixed by the Office shall be considered to have been met without a loss of rights, or, at the option of the Contracting Party, that there shall be continued processing with regard to the application or patent and, if necessary, re-instatement of the rights of the applicant or owner with respect to that application or patent.

(3) [Exceptions] No Contracting Party shall be required to provide for the relief referred to in paragraph (1) with respect to the exceptions prescribed in the Regulations.

(4) [Fees] A Contracting Party may require that a fee be paid in respect of a request under paragraph (1).

[Article 10, continued]

(5) [Prohibition of Other Requirements] No Contracting Party may require that requirements other than those referred to in paragraphs (1) to (4) be complied with in respect of the relief provided for under paragraph (1), except where otherwise provided for by this Treaty or prescribed in the Regulations.

(6) [Opportunity to Make Observations in Case of Intended Refusal] A request under paragraph (1) may not be refused without the applicant or owner being given at least one opportunity to make observations on the intended refusal within a reasonable time limit.

Article 11

*Continued Processing and Re-instatement of Rights
Without a Finding of Due Care by the Office*

[Reserved]*

* Reserved pending the discussion on Articles 10 and 11 by the Standing Committee.

Article 12

*Re-instatement of Rights After a Finding of Due Care
or Unintentionality by the Office*

(1) [*Request*] Where an applicant or owner has failed to comply with a time limit for an action in a procedure before the Office, the Office shall re-instate the rights of the applicant or owner with respect to the application or patent concerned, if:

(i) a request to that effect is made to the Office in accordance with the requirements prescribed in the Regulations;

(ii) the request is made, and all of the requirements in respect of which the time limit for the said action applied are complied with, within the time limit prescribed in the Regulations;

(iii) the failure to comply with the time limit for the said action applied has the direct consequence of causing a loss of rights with respect to the application or patent;

(iv) the request states the grounds on which it is based; and

(v) the Office finds that the failure to comply with the time limit occurred in spite of all due care required by the circumstances having been taken or, at the option of the Contracting Party, that any delay was unintentional.

[Article 12, continued]

(2) [*Exceptions*] No Contracting Party shall be required to provide for the re-instatement of rights under paragraph (1) with respect to the exceptions prescribed in the Regulations.

(3) [*Fees*] A Contracting Party may require that a fee be paid in respect of a request under paragraph (1).

(4) [*Evidence*] A Contracting Party may require that a declaration or other evidence in support of the grounds referred to in paragraph (1)(iv) be filed with the Office within a time limit fixed by the Office.

(5) [*Opportunity to Make Observations in Case of Intended Refusal*] A request under paragraph (1) may not be refused, totally or in part, without the requesting party being given at least one opportunity to make observations on the intended refusal within a reasonable time limit.

Article 13

Correction, Addition and/or Restoration of Priority Claim

(1) [*Correction or Addition of Priority Claim*] The Office shall, ~~upon a request made in a communication to the Office signed by the applicant,~~ correct or add a priority claim to an application (“the subsequent application”), if:

(i) a request to that effect is made to the office in accordance with the requirements prescribed in the Regulations;

(ii) the request is made within the time limit prescribed in the Regulations;
and

(iii) the filing date of the subsequent application is not later than the date of the expiration of the priority period calculated from the filing date of the earlier application whose priority is claimed.

(2) [*Delayed Filing of the Subsequent Application*] Where an application (“the subsequent application”) which claims or could have claimed the priority of an earlier application has a filing date which is later than the date on which the priority period expired, but within the time limit prescribed in the Regulations, the Office shall restore the right of priority, ~~upon a request made in a communication to the Office signed by the applicant,~~ if:

[Article 13(2), continued]

(i) ~~the request is made before the expiration of the said time limit and before any technical preparations for publication of the subsequent application have been completed~~ a request to that effect is made in accordance with the requirements prescribed in the Regulations;

(ii) the request is made within the time limit prescribed in the Regulations;

(iii) the request states the ground on which it is based; and

(~~iii~~iv) the Office finds that the failure to file the subsequent application within the priority period occurred in spite of all due care required by the circumstances having been taken or, at the option of the Contracting Party, was unintentional; and

(iv) ~~where the application did not claim the priority of the earlier application, the request is accompanied by the priority claim.~~

(3) [*Failure to File a Copy of Earlier Application*] ~~(a)~~—Where a copy of an earlier application required under Article 5(5)~~(a)~~ is not filed with the Office within the time limit referred to in prescribed in the Regulations pursuant to that Article, the Office shall restore the right of priority, ~~upon a request made, in a communication to the Office signed by the applicant, within that time limit, if:~~

[Article 13(3), continued]

(i) ~~a request to that effect is made in accordance with the requirements prescribed in the Regulations~~ the request for restoration indicates the Office to which the request for a copy of an earlier application had been made and the date of that request; and

(ii) the Office finds that the request for the copy to be provided had been filed with the Office with which the earlier application was filed, within the time limit prescribed in the Regulations.

~~(b) — A Contracting Party may require that:~~

~~(i) — a declaration or other evidence in support of the request referred to in subparagraph (a) be furnished to the Office within a time limit fixed by the Office;~~

~~(ii) — the copy of the earlier application referred to in subparagraph (a) be furnished to the Office within the time limit prescribed in the Regulations.~~

~~(4) — [Request Form or Format] Article 11(3) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to requests under paragraphs (1) to (3).~~

~~(5) — [Requests Filed on Paper or in Electronic Form or by Other Means] Article 5(3) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to requests under paragraphs (1) to (3).~~

[Article 13, continued]

~~(5) [Language] Article 5(3) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to requests under paragraphs (1) to (3).~~

~~(46) [Fees] A Contracting Party may require that a fee be paid in respect of Article 5(4) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to requests under paragraphs (1) to (3).~~

~~(57) [Opportunity to Make Observations] A request under paragraphs (1) to (3) may not be refused, totally or in part, without the requesting party being given at least one opportunity to make observations on the intended refusal within a reasonable time limit.~~

~~[(9) [Intervening Rights] Article 14(9) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, where a request under paragraphs (1) to (3) is allowed.]~~

Article 14

Regulations

- (1) [*Content*] (a) The Regulations annexed to this Treaty provide rules concerning:
- (i) matters which this Treaty expressly provides to be “prescribed in the Regulations”;
 - (ii) details useful in the implementation of the provisions of this Treaty;
 - (iii) administrative requirements, matters or procedures.
- (b) The Regulations also provide rules concerning the formal requirements which a Contracting Party shall be permitted to apply in respect of requests for:
- (i) recordal of change in name and address;
 - (ii) recordal of change in applicant or owner;
 - (iii) recordal of a licensing agreement or security interest;
 - (iv) correction of a mistake.

[Article 14 (1), continued]

(c) The Regulations provide for the establishment of Model International Forms and Model International Formats, and for the establishment of the modifications referred to in Article 5(2)(b), by the Assembly, with the assistance of the International Bureau.

(2) [*Amending the Regulations*] (a) The Assembly may amend the Regulations and shall determine the conditions for the entry into force of each amendment.

(b) Subject to paragraph (3), any amendment of the Regulations shall require three-fourths of the votes cast.

(3) [*Requirement of Unanimity*] (a) The Regulations may specify provisions of the Regulations which may be amended only by unanimity.

(b) Any amendment resulting in an addition to, or deletion of, provisions specified pursuant to subparagraph (a) as requiring unanimity for amendment shall require unanimity.

(4) [*Conflict Between the Treaty and the Regulations*] In the case of conflict between the provisions of this Treaty and those of the Regulations, the former shall prevail.

Article 15

Relation to the Paris Convention

(1) [*Obligation to Comply with the Paris Convention*] Any Contracting Party shall comply with the provisions of the Paris Convention which concern patents.

(2) [*Obligations and Rights Under the Paris Convention*] (a) Nothing in this Treaty shall derogate from obligations that Contracting Parties have to each other under the Paris Convention.

(b) Nothing in this Treaty shall derogate from rights that applicants and owners enjoy under the Paris Convention.

Article 16

Assembly

(1) [*Composition*] (a) The Contracting Parties shall have an Assembly.

(b) Each Contracting Party shall be represented by one delegate who may be assisted by alternate delegates, advisors and experts.

(c) The expenses of each delegation shall be borne by the Contracting Party that has appointed the delegation. The Assembly may ask the Organization to grant financial assistance to facilitate the participation of delegations of Contracting Parties that are regarded as developing countries in conformity with the established practice of the General Assembly of the United Nations or that are countries in transition to a market economy.

(2) [*Tasks*] The Assembly shall:

(i) deal with matters concerning the maintenance and development of this Treaty and the application and operation of this Treaty;

(ii) establish Model International Forms and Model International Formats referred to in Article 14(1)(c);

(iii) perform the function allocated to it under Article 19(2) in respect of the admission of certain intergovernmental organizations to become party to this Treaty;

(iv) perform such other functions as are appropriate under this Treaty.

(3) [Voting] (a) Each Contracting Party that is a State shall have one vote and shall vote only in its own name.

(b) Any Contracting Party that is an intergovernmental organization may participate in the vote, in place of its Member States, with a number of votes equal to the number of its Member States which are party to this Treaty. No such intergovernmental organization shall participate in the vote if any one of its Member States exercises its right to vote and *vice versa*. In addition, no such intergovernmental organization shall participate in the vote if any one of its Member States party to this Treaty is a Member State of other such intergovernmental organization and that other intergovernmental organization participates in that vote.

(4) [Sessions] The Assembly shall meet in ordinary session once every two years upon convocation by the Director General.

(5) [Rules of Procedure] The Assembly shall establish its own rules of procedure, including rules for the convocation of extraordinary sessions, the requirements of a quorum and, subject to the provisions of this Treaty and Regulations, the required majority for various kinds of decisions.

Article 17

International Bureau

The International Bureau shall perform the administrative tasks concerning the Treaty.

Article 18

Revisions

(1) [*Revision of the Treaty*] Subject to paragraph (2), this Treaty may be revised by a conference of the Contracting Parties. The convocation of any revision conference shall be decided by the Assembly.

(2) [*Amendment of Certain Provisions of the Treaty*] (a) Proposals for the amendment of Article 16(2) and (4) may be initiated by any Contracting Party or by the Director General. Such proposals shall be communicated by the Director General to the Contracting Parties at least six months in advance of their consideration by the Assembly.

(b) Amendments to the provisions referred to in subparagraph (a) shall be adopted by the Assembly. Adoption shall require three-fourths of the votes cast.

(c) Any amendment to the provisions referred to in subparagraph (a) shall enter into force one month after written notifications of acceptance, effected in accordance with their respective constitutional processes, have been received by the Director General from three-fourths of the Contracting Parties which were Contracting Parties at the time the Assembly adopted the amendment. Any amendment to the said provisions thus accepted shall bind all the Contracting Parties at the time the amendment enters into force, or which become Contracting Parties thereof at a subsequent date.

Article 19

Eligibility for Becoming Party to the Treaty

(1) [States] Any State which is a party to the Paris Convention or which is a member of the Organization, and in respect of which patents may be obtained, either through the State's own Office or through the Office of another Contracting Party, may become party to this Treaty.

(2)* [Intergovernmental Organizations] The Assembly may decide to admit any intergovernmental organization to become party to this Treaty if all the member States of that intergovernmental organization are party to the Paris Convention or members of the Organization, and the intergovernmental organization declares that it is competent to grant patents with effect for its member States and that it had been duly authorized, in accordance with its internal procedures, to become party to this Treaty.

(3) [Regional Patent Organizations] [The European Patent Organization][, the Eurasian Patent Organization][, the African Regional Industrial Property Organization][and the African Intellectual Property Organization], having made the declaration referred to in the preceding paragraph in the Diplomatic Conference that has adopted this Treaty, may become party to this Treaty as intergovernmental organizations.

* This paragraph was adopted subject to consultation with the European Community by the International Bureau.

Article 20

Signature of the Treaty

This Treaty shall be open for signature until [reserved], by any State that is eligible for becoming party to the Treaty under Article 19 and by [the European Patent Organisation][, the Eurasian Patent Organization][, the African Regional Industrial Property Organization][and the African Intellectual Property Organization].

Article 21

Entry into Force

(1) [*Entry into Force of This Treaty*] This Treaty shall enter into force three months after ten instruments of ratification or accession by States have been deposited with the Director General.

(2) [*Effective Dates of Ratifications and Accessions*] This Treaty shall bind:

(i) the ten States referred to in paragraph (1), from the date on which this Treaty has entered into force;

(ii) each other State, from the expiration of three months after the date on which the State has deposited its instrument with the Director General, or from any later date indicated in that instrument;

(iii) [the European Patent Organisation][, the Eurasian Patent Organization][, the African Regional Industrial Property Organization][and the African Intellectual Property Organization], from the expiration of three months after the deposit of its instrument of ratification or accession, or from any later date indicated in that instrument, if such instrument has been deposited after the entry into force of this Treaty according to paragraph (1), or three months after the entry into force of this Treaty if such instrument has been deposited before the entry into force of this Treaty;

[Article 21(2), continued]

(iv) any other intergovernmental organization that is admitted to become party to this Treaty, from the expiration of three months after the deposit of its instrument of accession, or from any later date indicated in that instrument.

Article 22

Reservations

(1) [*Declaration*] Any State or intergovernmental organization may declare through a reservation that the provisions of Article 5(1) shall not apply to any requirement relating to unity of invention applicable under the Patent Cooperation Treaty to an international application.

(2) [*Modalities*] Any reservation under paragraph (1) shall be made in a declaration accompanying the instrument of ratification of, or accession to, this Treaty of the State or intergovernmental organization making the reservation.

(3) [*Withdrawal*] Any reservation under paragraph (1) may be withdrawn at any time.

(4) [*Prohibition of Other Reservations*] No reservation to this Treaty other than the reservation allowed under paragraph (1) shall be permitted.

Article 23

Denunciation of the Treaty

(1) [*Notification*] Any Contracting Party may denounce this Treaty by written notification addressed to the Director General.

(2) [*Effective Date*] Any denunciation shall take effect one year from the date on which the Director General has received the notification or at any later date indicated in the notification. It shall not affect the application of this Treaty to any application pending or any patent in force in respect of the denouncing Contracting Party at the time of the expiration of the said period.

Article 24

Languages of the Treaty

(1) [*Original Texts*] This Treaty is signed in a single original in English, Arabic, Chinese, French, Russian and Spanish languages, the versions in all these languages being equally authentic.

(2) [*Official Texts*] An official text in any language other than those referred to in paragraph (1) shall be established by the Director General, after consultation with the interested parties. For the purposes of this paragraph, interested party means any State which is party to the Treaty, or is eligible for becoming party to the Treaty under Article 19(1), whose official language, or one of whose official languages, is involved, and [the European Patent Organization][, the Eurasian Patent Organization][, the African Regional Industrial Property Organization][and the African Intellectual Property Organization] and any other intergovernmental organization that is party to the Treaty, or may become party to the Treaty, if one of its official languages is involved.

Article 25

Depositary; Registration

- (1) [*Depositary*] The Director General is the depositary of this Treaty.

- (2) [*Registration*] The Director General shall register this Treaty with the Secretariat of the United Nations.

Article 26

Application of the Treaty to Existing Applications and Patents

(1) [Principle] Subject to paragraph (2), a Contracting Party shall apply the provisions of this Treaty and the Regulations to applications which are pending, and to patents which are in force, as of the date on which this Treaty binds that Contracting Party under Article 21.

(2) [Procedures] No Contracting Party shall be obliged to apply the provisions of this Treaty and the Regulations to any procedure in proceedings with respect to applications and patents referred to in paragraph (1), if such procedure commenced before the date on which this Treaty binds that Contracting Party under Article 21.

DRAFT REGULATIONS

Rule 1

Abbreviated Expressions

(1) [*Treaty*; *Article*] (a) In these Regulations, the word “Treaty” means the Patent Law Treaty.

(b) In these Regulations, the word “Article” refers to the specified Article of the Treaty.

(2) [*Abbreviated Expressions Defined in the Treaty*] The abbreviated expressions defined in Article 1 for the purposes of the Treaty shall have the same meaning for the purposes of the Regulations.

Rule 2

Details Concerning Filing Date Under Article 4

(1) [*Time Limit Under Article 4(3)*] The time limit referred to in Article 4(3) shall be not less than two months from the date of the notification under that Article.

(2) [*Time Limit Under Article 4(4)(b)*] The time limit referred to in Article 4(4)(b) shall be:

(i) subject to item (ii), the time limit applied under paragraph (1);

(ii) where a notification under Article 4(3) has not been made because indications allowing the applicant to be contacted by the Office have not been filed, not less than two months from the date on which one or more elements referred to in Article 4(1)(a) were first received by the Office.

(3) [*Time Limits Under Article 4(6)(a) and (b)*] The time limits referred to in Article 4(6)(a) and (b) shall be:

(i) where a notification has been made under Article 4(5), not less than two months from the date of the notification;

(ii) where a notification has not been made, not less than two months from the date on which one or more elements referred to in Article 4(1)(a) were first received by the Office.

[Rule 2, continued]

(4) [*Requirements Under Article 4(6)(b)*] Any Contracting Party may, subject to Rule 4, require that, for the filing date to be determined under Article 4(6)(b):

(i) a copy of the earlier application be filed within the time limit applicable under paragraph (3);

(ii) a copy of the earlier application, and the date of filing of the earlier application, certified as correct by the Office with which the earlier application was filed, be filed upon invitation by the Office, within a time limit which shall be not less than four months from the date of that invitation, or the time limit applicable under Rule 4(1), whichever expires earlier;

(iii) where the earlier application is not in a language accepted by the Office, a translation of the earlier application be filed within the time limit applicable under paragraph (3);

(iv) the missing part of the description or missing drawing be completely contained in the earlier application;

and, at the option of the Contracting Party, either

[Rule 2(4), continued]

(v) the application, at the time of filing, contained an indication that the contents of the earlier application were incorporated by reference in the application; or

(vi) an indication be filed within the time limit applicable under paragraph (3) as to where, in the earlier application or in the translation referred to in item (iii), the missing part of the description or the missing drawing is contained.

(5) [*Requirements Under Article 4(7)(a)*] (a) The reference to the previously filed application under Article 4(7)(a) shall indicate that, for the purposes of the filing date, the description and any drawings are replaced by the reference to the previously filed application, the number of that application, and the Office with which that application was filed. A Contracting Party may require that the reference also indicate the filing date of the previously filed application.

(b) Any Contracting Party may, subject to Rule 4, require that:

(i) a copy of the previously filed application and, where the earlier application is not in a language accepted by the Office, a translation of that previously filed application, be filed with the Office within a time limit which shall be not less than two months from the date on which the application containing the reference referred to in Article 4(7)(a) was received by the Office;

[Rule 2(5)(b), continued]

(ii) a certified copy of the previously filed application be filed with the Office either, where the priority of the previously filed application is claimed, in accordance with Article 5(5) or, where the priority of the previously filed application is not claimed, within a time limit which shall be not less than four months from the date of the receipt of the application containing the reference referred to in Article 4(7)(a).

(6) [*Exceptions Under Article 4(8)(ii)*] The types of applications referred to in Article 4(8)(ii) shall be:

(i) a divisional application;

(ii) an application for a continuation or a continuation-in-part.

Rule 3

Additional Permitted Requirements Under Article 5(1)

[Reserved]

Rule 4

*Availability of ~~Priority Document~~ Earlier Application Under Article 5(75)(e) and Rule 2(~~34~~)
and (45)(b)*

(1) [*Copy of Earlier Application Under Article 5(5)*] (a) Subject to paragraph (3), a Contracting Party may require that a copy of the earlier application referred to in Article 5(5) be filed with the Office within a time limit which shall be not less than 16 months from the filing date of that earlier application or, where there is more than one such earlier application, from the earliest filing date of those earlier applications.

(2) [*Certification*] A Contracting Party may require that the copy referred to in paragraph (1) and the date of filing of the earlier application be certified as correct by the Office with which the earlier application was filed.

(3) [*Availability of Earlier Application*] No Contracting Party shall require the filing of a copy or a certified copy of the earlier application or a certification of the filing date, as referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2), and Rule 2(4) and (5)(b), where the earlier application was filed with its Office or is available to that Office, in a legally accepted electronic format, from a digital library which is accepted by that Office.

[Rule 4, continued]

(4) [*Translation*] Where the earlier application is not in a language accepted by the Office and the validity of the priority claim is relevant to the determination of whether the invention concerned is patentable, the Contracting Party may require that a translation of the earlier application referred to in paragraph (1) be filed by the applicant, upon invitation by the Office, within a time limit which shall be not less than two months from the date of that invitation and not less than the time limit, if any, applied under that paragraph.

Rule 5

*Evidence Under Articles 5(6), 7(4)(c) [and 11(6)] and
Rules 7(5), 16(5), 17(7), 18(7) and 19(5)*

Where the Office notifies the applicant, owner or other person that evidence is required under Article 5(6), 7(4)(c) [or 11(6)], or Rule 7(5), 16(5), 17(7), 18(7) or 19(5), the notification shall state the reason of the Office for doubting the veracity of the matter, indication or signature or other means of self-identification, or the accuracy of the translation, as the case may be.

Rule 6

Time Limits Concerning the Application Under Article 5

(1) [*Time Limit Under Article 5(7)*] ~~(a) Subject to subparagraph (b),~~ The time limit referred to in Article 5(7) shall be not less than two months from the date of the notification referred to in Article 5(7).

~~(b) The time limit referred to in Article 5(7) for the correction of a priority claim shall be not less than the time limit applicable under the Patent Cooperation Treaty to an international application for the correction of a priority claim.~~

(2) [*Time Limit Under Article 5(8)*] The time limit referred to in Article 5(8) shall be:

(i) subject to item (ii), the time limit applied under paragraph (1)~~(a)~~;

(ii) where a notification under Article 5(7) has not been made because indications allowing the applicant to be contacted by the Office have not been filed, not less than three months from the earliest date on which one or more of the elements referred to in Article 4(1)(a) were first received by the Office;

~~(iii) where paragraph (2)(b) applies, the time limit under that paragraph.~~

Rule 7

Details Concerning Representation Under Article 6

[(1) [*Other Procedures Under Article 6(2)(v)*] The other procedures referred to in Article 6(2)(v) for which a Contracting Party may not require appointment of a representative are:

(i) the filing of a copy of an earlier application under Rule 2(4);

(ii) the filing of a copy of a previously filed application under Rule 2(5)(b).]

(2) [*Appointment of Representative*] (a) A Contracting Party shall accept that the appointment of a representative be filed with the Office in:

(i) a separate communication (hereinafter referred to as a "power of attorney") signed by the applicant, owner or other interested person and indicating the name and address of the representative; or, at his option,

(ii) the request Form or format referred to in Article 5(2), signed by the applicant.

[Rule 7(2), continued]

(b) A single power of attorney shall be sufficient even where it relates to more than one application or patent of the same person, or to one or more applications and one or more patents of the same person, provided that all applications and patents concerned are identified in the single power of attorney. A single power of attorney shall also be sufficient even where it relates, subject to any exception indicated by the appointing person, to all existing and future applications or patents of that person. The Office may require that, where that single power of attorney is filed on paper or by other means permitted by the Office, a separate copy thereof be filed for each application and patent to which it relates.

(3) [*Power of Attorney Form or Format*] (a) A Contracting Party may require that, where a power of attorney is in a separate communication as referred to in paragraph (2)(a)(i), it be presented on a power of attorney Form or in a format prescribed by that Contracting Party.

(b) Notwithstanding subparagraph (a), a Contracting Party shall accept the presentation of a power of attorney, filed on paper, if it is presented on a Form or in a format which corresponds to the power or attorney Form or format established under Rule 21(1)(a)(i).

[Rule 7, continued]

(4) [*Translation of Power of Attorney*] A Contracting Party may require that, if the power of attorney is not in a language accepted by the Office, it be accompanied by a translation.

(5) [*Evidence*] A Contracting Party may require that evidence be filed with the Office where the Office may reasonably doubt the veracity of any indication contained in any communication referred to in paragraph (3).

(6) [*Time Limit Under Article 6(5)*] The time limit referred to in Article 6(5) shall be not less than two months from the date of the notification under that Article.

(7) [*Time Limit Under Article 6(6)*] The time limit referred to in Article 6(6) shall be:

(i) subject to item (ii), the time limit applied under paragraph (6);

(ii) where a notification under Article 6(5) has not been made because indications allowing the applicant, owner or other interested person to be contacted by the Office have not been filed, the time limit to comply with the requirements and to make observations under that Article shall be not less than three months from the date on which the procedure referred to in that Article was commenced.

Rule 8

Filing of Communications Under Article 7(1)

[(1) [*Communications Filed on Paper*] During a period of [10] years from the date of the entry into force of this Treaty, A a Contracting Party shall permit the filing of communications on paper. After that period has expired, any Contracting Party may exclude the filing of communications on paper.]

(2) [*Communications Filed in Electronic Form or by Electronic Means*] (a) Where a Contracting Party permits the filing of communications in electronic form or by electronic means with its Office in a particular language, including the filing of communications by telegraph, teleprinter, telefacsimile or other like means, and there are requirements applicable under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in relation to communications filed in electronic form or by electronic means in that language, the Office shall permit the filing of communications in electronic form or by electronic means in the said language in accordance with those requirements.

(b) Any Contracting Party which permits the filing of communications in electronic form or by electronic means with its Office shall notify the International Bureau of the requirements under its national law relating to such filing. Any such notification shall be published by the International Bureau in the language in which it is notified and in the languages in which authentic and official languages of the Treaty are established under Article 24.

(c) Where a Contracting Party permits the filing of communications by telegraph, teleprinter, telefacsimile or other like means under subparagraph (a), it may require that the original of any document which was transmitted by such means, accompanied by a letter identifying that earlier transmission, be filed on paper with the Office within a time limit which shall be not less than one month from the date of the transmission.

(3) [*Copies, Filed in Electronic Form or by Electronic Means, of Communications Filed on Paper*] (a) Where a Contracting Party permits the filing of a copy, in electronic form or by electronic means, of a communication filed on paper in a language accepted by the Office, and there are requirements applicable under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in relation to the filing of such copies of communications, the Office shall permit the filing of copies of communications in electronic form or by electronic means, in accordance with those requirements.

(b) Paragraph (2)(b) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to copies, in electronic form or by electronic means, of communications filed on paper.

Rule 9

Details Concerning the Signature Under Article 7(4)

(1) [*Indications Accompanying Signature*] A Contracting Party may require that the signature of the natural person who signs be accompanied by:

(i) an indication in letters of the family or principal name and the given or secondary name or names of that person or, at the option of that person, of the name or names customarily used by the said person;

(ii) an indication of the capacity in which that person signed, where such capacity is not obvious from reading the communication.

(2) [*Date*] A Contracting Party may require that a signature be accompanied by an indication of the date on which the signing was effected. Where that indication is required but is not supplied, the date on which the signing is deemed to have been effected shall be the date on which the communication bearing the signature was received by the Office or, if the Contracting Party so permits, a date earlier than the latter date.

(3) [*Communication on Paper*] Where a communication to the Office of a Contracting Party is on paper and a signature is required, that Contracting Party:

(i) shall, subject to item (iii), accept a handwritten signature;

(ii) may permit, instead of a handwritten signature, the use of other forms of signature, such as a printed or stamped signature, or the use of a seal or of a bar-coded label;

(iii) may, where the natural person who signs the communication is a national of the Contracting Party and such person's address is on its territory, or where the legal entity on behalf of which the communication is signed is organized under its law and has either a domicile or a real and effective industrial or commercial establishment on its territory, require that a seal be used instead of a handwritten signature.

(4) [*Signature of Communications in Electronic Form or by Electronic Means Resulting in Graphic Representation*] Where a Contracting Party permits the filing of communications in electronic form or by electronic means, it shall consider the communication signed if a graphic representation of a signature accepted by that Contracting Party under paragraph (3) appears on that communication as received by the Office.

[Rule 9, continued]

(5) [*Signature of Communications Filed in Electronic Form or by Electronic Means Not Resulting in Graphic Representation*~~*Electronic Signature*~~] (a) ~~Subject to subparagraph (b), a~~ Where a Contracting Party permits the filing of communications in electronic form or by electronic means, that Contracting Party may require, subject to subparagraph (b), ~~require that a communication filed in electronic form or by electronic means,~~ where a graphic representation of the signature accepted by that Contracting Party under paragraph (3) does not appear on a communication as received by the Office of that Contracting Party, that ~~a~~ the communication be signed using an electronic signature in electronic form as prescribed by that Contracting Party.

(b) Where a Contracting Party permits the filing of communications in electronic form or by electronic means in a particular language, and there are requirements applicable under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in relation to ~~the electronic signatures~~ in electronic form of communications filed in electronic form or by electronic means in that language which do not result in a graphic representation of the signature, that Office shall accept an electronic signature in electronic form in accordance with those requirements.

(c) Rule 8(2)(b) shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

(6) [*Exception to Certification of Signature Under Article 7(24)(b)*] A Contracting Party may require that any ~~electronic signature~~ referred to in paragraph (5) be confirmed by a means for certifying signatures in electronic form~~certificate issued by a certification authority~~ specified by ~~that~~ a Contracting Party.

Rule 10

Details Concerning ~~the~~ Indications ~~of~~ Addresses Under Article 7(5) and (6)(i) ~~and~~ (ii)

(1) [*Indications Under Article 7(5)*] (a) A Contracting Party may require that any communication:

(i) indicate the number of the application or patent to which it relates;

(ii) contain, where an applicant, owner or other interested person is registered with the Office, the number or other indication under which he is so registered.

(b) A Contracting Party may require that any communication by a representative for the purposes of a procedure before the Office contain:

(i) the name and address of the representative;

(ii) a reference to the power of attorney, or other communication in which the appointment of that representative is or was effected, on the basis of which the said representative acts;

(iii) where the representative is registered with the Office, the number or other indication under which he is registered.

[Rule 10, continued]

(2) [*Address for Correspondence and Address for Legal Service*] A Contracting Party may require that the address for correspondence under Article 7(6)(i) and the address for legal service under Article 7(6)(ii) be on a territory prescribed by that Contracting Party.

(3) [*Address Where No Representative Is Appointed*] Where no representative is appointed and an applicant, owner or other interested person has provided, as his address, an address on a territory prescribed by the Contracting Party under paragraph (2), that Contracting Party shall consider that address to be the address for correspondence under Article 7(6)(i) and the address for legal service under Article 7(6)(ii), unless that applicant, owner or other interested person expressly indicates another such address under Article 7(1).

(4) [*Address Where Representative Is Appointed*] Where a representative is appointed, a Contracting Party shall consider the address of that representative to be the address for correspondence under Article 7(6)(i) and the address for legal service under Article 7(6)(ii), unless that applicant, owner or other interested person expressly indicates another such address under Article 7(1).

(5) [*Sanctions for Non-Compliance With Requirements Under Article 7(8)*] No Contracting Party may provide for the refusal of an application for failure to comply with any requirement to furnish a registration number or other indication under paragraph (1).

Rule 11

Time Limits Concerning Communications Under Article 7(7) and (8)

(1) [*Time Limit Under Article 7(7)*] The time limit referred to in Article 7(7) shall be not less than two months from the date of the notification referred to in that Article.

(2) [*Time Limit Under Article 7(8)*] The time limit referred to in Article 7(8) shall be:

(i) subject to item (ii), the time limit applied under paragraph (1);

(ii) where a notification under Article 7(7) has not been made because indications allowing the applicant, owner or other interested person to be contacted by the Office have not been filed, not less than three months from the date on which the communication referred to in that Article was received by the Office.

Rule 12

Details Concerning Relief in Respect of the Non-Compliance
With a Time Limit Under Article 10

(1) [Requirements Under Article 10(1)(i)] (a) A Contracting Party may require that a request under Article 10(1)(i):

(i) be signed by the applicant or owner;

(ii) include the name and the address of the applicant or owner;

(iii) contain an indication to the effect that relief for the non-compliance with a time limit is requested and an identification of the time limit in question;

(iv) be presented on a Form or in a format prescribed by that Contracting Party.

(b) Where a request for relief is filed after the expiration of the time limit, a Contracting Party may require that all of the requirements in respect of which the time limit for the action concerned applied are complied with at the same time as the request referred to in Article 10(1)(i).

(2) [Time Limits for Filing a Request Under Article 10(1)(ii)] The time limit referred to in Article 10(1)(ii) shall expire not earlier than two months from the date of the expiration of the unextended time limit.

[Rule 12, continued]

(3) [Exceptions Under Article 10(3)] (a) No Contracting Party shall be required under Article 10(1) to grant:

[(i) a second, or any subsequent, relief in respect of a time limit for which relief has already been granted under Article 10(1);

(ii) relief for filing a request under Articles 10(1) and 12(1);

(iii) relief in respect of a time limit for the payment of maintenance fees;

(iv) relief in respect of a time limit referred to in Article 13(1) to (3);

(v) relief in respect of a time limit for an action before a board of appeal or other review body constituted in the framework of the Office;

(vi) relief in respect of a time limit for an action in *inter partes* proceedings;

(vii) relief in respect of a time limit for an action in a procedure before the Office in respect of which a request for expedited or accelerated processing has been granted;

[Rule 12(3)(a), continued]

(viii) relief in respect of a time limit for filing a request for search or examination;

(ix) relief in respect of a time limit for filing a translation of a regional patent.]

(b) No Contracting Party which provides a maximum time limit for compliance with all of the requirements for the grant of a patent shall be required under Article 10(1) to grant relief in respect of a time limit for an action in a procedure before the Office in respect of any of those requirements beyond that maximum time limit.

Rule 13

*Details Concerning Continued Processing and Re-instatement of Rights
Without a Finding of Due Care by the Office Under Article 11*

[Reserved]*

* Reserved pending the discussion on Articles 10 and 11 by the Standing Committee.

Rule 14

*Details Concerning Re-instatement of Rights
After a Finding of Due Care or Unintentionality by the Office Under Article 12*

(1) [*Requirements Under Article 12(1)(i)*] A Contracting Party may require that a request under Article 12(1)(i):

(i) be signed by the applicant or owner;

(ii) be presented on a Form or in a format prescribed by that Contracting Party.

(2) [*Time Limit Under Article 12(1)(ii)*] The time limits for making a request, and for complying with the requirements, under Article 12(1)(ii), shall be the shorter of the following:

(i) not less than two months from the date of the removal of the cause of failure to comply with the time limit for the action in question;

(ii) not less than 12 months from the date of expiration of the time limit for the action in question.

(3) [*Exceptions Under Article 12(2)*] The exceptions referred to in Article 12(2) are failure to comply with a time limit:

(i) for an action before a board of appeal or other review body constituted in the framework of the Office;

[(ii) for the payment of maintenance fees;]

(iii) for making a request under Article [10(1), 11(1) or] 12(1);

(iv) referred to in Article 13(1), (2) or (3)(a);

(v) for filing a request for search or examination;

[(vi) for filing a translation of a regional patent;]

(vii) for an action in *inter partes* proceedings.

Rule 15

*Details Concerning Correction, Addition and/or
Restoration of Priority Claim Under Article 13*

(1) [Requirements Under Article 13(1)(i)] A Contracting Party may require that a request under Article 13(1)(i):

(i) be signed by the applicant;

(ii) be presented on a Form or in a format prescribed by that Contracting Party.

(2) [Time Limit Under Article 13(1)(ii)] The time limit referred to in Article 13(1)(ii) shall be not less than the time limit applicable under the Patent Cooperation Treaty to an international application for the submission of a priority claim after the filing of an international application.

(3) [Time Limit Under Article 13(2)] (a) The time limit referred to in Article 13(2), introductory part, shall be not less than two months from the date on which the priority period expired.

(b) The time limit referred to in Article 13(2)(ii) shall be the time limit applied under subparagraph (a), or the time that any technical preparations for publication of the subsequent application have been completed, whichever expire earlier.

[Rule 15, continued]

(4) [Requirements and Time Limit Under Article 13(2)(i)] A Contracting Party may require that a request under Article 13(2)(i):

(i) be signed by the applicant;

(ii) be presented on a Form or in a format prescribed by that Contracting Party; and

(iii) be accompanied, where the application did not claim the priority of the earlier application, by the priority claim.

(5) [Requirements Under Article 13(3)] (a) A Contracting Party may require that a request under Article 13(3)(i):

(i) be signed by the applicant;

(ii) be presented on a Form or in a format prescribed by that Contracting Party; and

(iii) indicate the Office to which the request for a copy of the earlier application had been made and the date of that request.

[Rule 15(5), continued]

(b) A Contracting Party may require that:

(i) a declaration or other evidence in support of the request under Article 13(3) be filed with the Office within a time limit fixed by the Office;

(ii) the copy of the earlier application referred to in Article 13(3) be filed with the Office within a time limit which shall be not less than one month from the date on which the applicant is provided with that copy by the Office with which the earlier application was filed.

(36) [Time Limit Under Article 13(3)(ii)] The time limit referred to in Article 13(3)(ii) shall be two months before the expiration of the time limit prescribed in Rule ~~64~~(1).

~~(4) [Time Limit under Article 13(3)(b)(ii)]~~ The time limit referred to in Article 13(3)(b)(ii) shall be not less than one month from the date on which the applicant is provided with the copy referred to in that provision by the Office with which the earlier application was filed.

Rule 16

Request for Recordal of Change in Name or Address

(1) [*Request*] Where there is no change in the person of the applicant or owner but there is a change in his name or address, a Contracting Party shall accept that a request for recordal of the change be made in a communication signed by the applicant or owner and containing the following indications:

(i) an indication to the effect that recordal of a change in name or address is requested;

(ii) the number of the application or patent concerned;

(iii) the change to be recorded;

(iv) the name and address of the applicant or the owner prior to the change.

(2) [*Request Form or Format*] (a) A Contracting Party may require that the request referred to in paragraph (1) be presented on a Form or in a format prescribed by that Contracting Party.

[Rule 16(2), continued]

(b) Notwithstanding subparagraph (a), a Contracting Party shall accept the presentation of the request referred to in paragraph (1), filed on paper, if it is presented on a Form or in a Format which corresponds to the Model International Form or Model International Format in respect of requests for recordal of change in name or address.

(3) [*Fees*] A Contracting Party may require that a fee be paid in respect of a request under paragraph (1).

(4) [*Single Request*] (a) A single request shall be sufficient even where the change relates to both the name and address of the applicant or the owner.

(b) A single request shall be sufficient even where the change relates to more than one application or patent of the same person, or to one or more applications and one or more patents of the same person, provided that the numbers of all applications and patents concerned are indicated in the request. A Contracting Party may require that, where that single request is filed on paper or by other means permitted by the Office, a separate copy thereof be filed for each application and patent to which it relates.

(5) [*Evidence*] A Contracting Party may require that evidence be filed with the Office where the Office may reasonably doubt the veracity of any indication contained in the request.

(6) [*Prohibition of Other Requirements*] No Contracting Party may require that formal requirements other than those referred to in paragraphs (1) to (5) be complied with in respect of the request referred to in paragraph (1). In particular, the filing of any certificate concerning the change may not be required.

(7) [*Notification*] Where one or more of the requirements applied under paragraphs (1) to (4) are not complied with, or where evidence is required under paragraph (5), the Office shall notify the applicant or owner, giving an opportunity to comply with any such requirement, and to make observations, within not less than two months from the date of the notification.

(8) [*Non-Compliance with Requirements*] (a) Where one or more of the requirements applicable under paragraphs (1) to (5) are not complied with within the time limit under subparagraph (b), the Contracting Party may provide that the request shall be refused, but no more severe sanction may be applied.

(b) The time limit referred to in subparagraph (a) shall be:

(i) subject to item (ii), not less than two months from the date of the notification;

[Rule 16(8)(b), continued]

(ii) where indications allowing the Office to contact the person who made the request referred to in paragraph (1) have not been filed, not less than three months from the date on which that request was received by the Office.

(9) [*Change in the Name or Address of the Representative, or in the Address for Correspondence or Address for Legal Service*] Paragraphs (1) to (8) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to any change in the name or address of the representative, and to any change relating to the address for correspondence or address for legal service.

Rule 17

Request for Recordal of Change in Applicant or Owner

(1) [*Request for Recordal of a Change in Applicant or Owner*] (a) Where there is a change in the person of the applicant or owner, a Contracting Party shall accept that a request for recordal of the change be made in a communication signed by the applicant or owner, or by the new applicant or new owner, and containing the following indications:

(i) an indication to the effect that a recordal of change in applicant or owner is requested;

(ii) the number of the application or patent concerned;

(iii) the name and address of the applicant or owner;

(iv) the name and address of the new applicant or new owner;

(v) the date of the change in the person of the applicant or owner;

(vi) the name of a State of which the new applicant or new owner is a national if he is the national of any State, the name of a State in which the new applicant or new owner has his domicile, if any, and the name of a State in which the new applicant or new owner has a real and effective industrial or commercial establishment, if any;

[Rule 17(1)(a), continued]

(vii) the basis for the change requested.

(b) A Contracting Party may require that the request contain:

(i) a statement that the information contained in the request is true and correct;

(ii) information relating to any government interest by that Contracting Party.

(2) [*Request Form or Format*] Rule 16(2) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to requests for recordal of a change in applicant or owner.

(3) [*Documentation of the Basis of the Change in Applicant or Owner*] (a) Where the recordal of a change in applicant or owner results from a contract, a Contracting Party may require that the request include information relating to the registration of the contract, where registration is compulsory under the applicable law of the Contracting Party and[, where the recordal is requested by the new applicant or the new owner, rather than by the applicant or owner,] be accompanied, at the option of the requesting party, by one of the following:

[Rule 17(3)(a), continued]

(i) a copy of the contract, which copy may be required to be certified, at the option of the requesting party, by a notary public or any other competent public authority or, where permitted under the applicable law, by a representative having the right to practice before the Office, as being in conformity with the original contract;

(ii) an extract of the contract showing the change, which extract may be required to be certified, at the option of the requesting party, by a notary public or any other competent public authority or, where permitted under the applicable law, by a representative having the right to practice before the Office, as being a true extract of the contract;

(iii) an uncertified certificate of transfer of ownership by contract drawn up with the content as prescribed in the Model International Form in respect of a certificate of transfer and signed by both the applicant and the new applicant, or by both the owner and the new owner. Rule 16(2) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to the uncertified certificate of transfer of ownership by contract.

[Rule 17(3), continued]

(b) Where the change in applicant or owner results from a merger, or from the reorganization or division of a legal entity, a Contracting Party may require that the request be accompanied by a copy of a document, which document originates from a competent authority and evidences the merger, or the reorganization or division of the legal entity, and any attribution of rights involved, such as a copy of an extract from a register of commerce. A Contracting Party may also require that the copy be certified, at the option of the requesting party, by the authority which issued the document or by a notary public or any other competent public authority or, where permitted under the applicable law, by a representative having the right to practice before the Office, as being in conformity with the original document.

(c) Where the change in applicant or owner does not result from a contract, a merger, or the reorganization or division of a legal entity, but results from another ground, for example, by operation of law or a court decision, a Contracting Party may require that the request be accompanied by a copy of a document evidencing the change. A Contracting Party may also require that the copy be certified as being in conformity with the original document, at the option of the requesting party, by the authority which issued the document or by a notary public or any other competent public authority or, where permitted under the applicable law, by a representative having the right to practice before the Office.

(d) Where the change is in the person of one or more but not all of several co-applicants or co-owners, a Contracting Party may require that evidence of the consent to the change of any co-applicant or co-owner in respect of whom there is no change be provided to the Office.

(4) [*Translation*] A Contracting Party may require a translation of any document filed under paragraph (3)(a)(i) or (ii), (b), (c) or (d) that is not in a language accepted by the Office.

(5) [*Fees*] A Contracting Party may require that a fee be paid in respect of a request under paragraph (1).

(6) [*Single Request*] A single request shall be sufficient even where the change relates to more than one application or patent of the same person, or to one or more applications and one or more patents of the same person, provided that the change in applicant or owner is the same for all applications and patents concerned, and the numbers of all applications and patents concerned are indicated in the request. A Contracting Party may require that, where that single request is filed on paper or by other means permitted by the Office, a separate copy thereof be filed for each application and patent to which it relates.

[Rule 17, continued]

(7) [*Evidence*] A Contracting Party may require that evidence, or further evidence in the case of paragraph (3), be filed with the Office where that Office may reasonably doubt the veracity of any indication contained in the request or in any document referred to in the present Rule, or the accuracy of any translation required under paragraph (4).

(8) [*Prohibition of Other Requirements*] No Contracting Party may require that formal requirements other than those referred to in paragraphs (1) to (7) be complied with in respect of the request referred to in this Article.

(9) [*Notification; Non-Compliance with Requirements*] Rule 16(7) and (8) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, where one or more of the requirements applied under paragraphs (1) to (6) are not complied with, or where evidence or further evidence is required under paragraph (7).

(10) [*Exclusion with Respect to Inventorship*] A Contracting Party may exclude the application of this Rule in respect of changes in inventorship. What constitutes inventorship shall be determined under the applicable law of the Contracting Party.

Rule 18

Request for Recordal of a Licensing Agreement or Security Interest

(1) [*Request for Recordal of a Licensing Agreement*] (a) Where a licensing agreement in respect of an application or patent may be recorded under the applicable law, the Contracting Party shall accept that a request for recordal of that licensing agreement be made in a communication signed by the licensor or the licensee and containing the following indications:

(i) an indication to the effect that a recordal of a licensing agreement or security interest is requested;

(ii) the number of the application or patent concerned;

(iii) the name and address of the licensor;

(iv) the name and address of the licensee;

(v) an indication of whether the license is an exclusive license or a non-exclusive license.

(b) A Contracting Party may require that the request contain:

[Rule 18(1)(b), continued]

(i) a statement that the information contained in the request is true and correct;

(ii) information relating to any government interest by that Contracting Party;

(iii) information relating to the registration of the licensing agreement, where registration is compulsory under the applicable national law of the Contracting Party.

(2) [*Request Form or Format*] Rule 16(2) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to requests for recordal of a licensing agreement.

(3) [*Documentation of the Basis of the Licensing Agreement*] (a) A Contracting Party may require that [, where the recordal is requested by the licensee, rather than by the licensor,] the request be accompanied, at the option of the requesting party, by one of the following:

[Rule 18(3)(a), continued]

(i) a copy of the licensing agreement, which copy may be required to be certified, at the option of the requesting party, by a notary public or any other competent public authority or, where permitted under the applicable law, by a representative having the right to practice before the Office, as being in conformity with the original licensing agreement;

(ii) an extract of the licensing agreement consisting of those portions of that agreement which show the rights licensed and their extent, which extract may be required to be certified, at the option of the requesting party, by a notary public or any other competent public authority or, where permitted under the applicable law, by a representative having the right to practice before the Office, as being a true extract of the licensing agreement.

(b) A Contracting Party may require that any applicant, owner, exclusive licensee, co-applicant, co-owner or co-exclusive licensee who is not party to a licensing agreement give his consent to the recordal of that licensing agreement in a communication to the Office.

(4) [*Translation*] A Contracting Party may require that, if the document referred to in paragraph (3) is not in a language accepted by the Office, that document be accompanied by a translation.

[Rule 18, continued]

(5) [*Fees*] A Contracting Party may require that a fee be paid in respect of a request under paragraph (1).

(6) [*Single Request*] Rule 17(6) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to requests for recordal of a licensing agreement.

(7) [*Evidence*] Rule 17(7) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to requests for recordal of a licensing agreement.

(8) [*Prohibition of Other Requirements*] No Contracting Party may require that requirements other than those referred to in paragraphs (1) to (7) be complied with in respect of the request referred to in paragraph (1).

(9) [*Notification; Non-Compliance with Requirements*] Rule 16(7) and (8) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, where one or more of the requirements applied under paragraphs (1) to (6) are not complied with, or where evidence is required under paragraph (7).

(10) [*Request for Recordal of a Security Interest or Cancellation of the Recordal of a Licensing Agreement or a Security Interest*] Paragraphs (1) to (9) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to requests for:

[Rule 18(10), continued]

- (i) recordal of a security interest in respect of an application or patent;
- (ii) cancellation of the recordal of a licensing agreement or a security interest in respect of an application or patent.

Rule 19

Request for Correction of a Mistake

(1) [*Request*] (a) Where an application, a patent or any request communicated to the Office in respect of an application or a patent contains a mistake which is correctable under the applicable law, the Contracting Party shall accept that a request for correction of that mistake in the records and publications of the Office be made in a communication signed by the applicant or owner and containing the following indications:

- (i) an indication to the effect that a correction of mistake is requested;
- (ii) the number of the application or patent concerned;
- (iii) the mistake to be corrected;
- (iv) the correction to be made;
- (v) the name and address of the requesting party.

(b) A Contracting Party may require that the request be accompanied by a replacement part or part incorporating the correction or, where paragraph (4) applies, by such a replacement part or part incorporating for each application and patent to which the request relates.

[Rule 19(1), continued]

(c) A Contracting Party may require that the request be subject to a declaration by the requesting party stating that the mistake was made in good faith.

(d) A Contracting Party may require that the request be subject to a declaration by the requesting party stating that the said request was made without undue delay or, at the option of the Contracting Party, that it was made without intentional delay, following the discovery of the mistake.

(2) [*Request Form or Format*] Rule 16(2) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to requests for correction of a mistake.

(3) [*Fees*] (a) Subject to subparagraph (b), a Contracting Party may require that a fee be paid in respect of a request under paragraph (1).

(b) The Office shall correct its own mistakes, *ex officio* or upon request, for no fee.

(4) [*Single Request*] Rule 17(6) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to requests for correction of a mistake, provided that the mistake and the requested correction are the same for all applications and patents concerned.

[Rule 19, continued]

(5) [*Evidence*] A Contracting Party may, where the Office may reasonably doubt that the alleged mistake is in fact a mistake, or where it may reasonably doubt the veracity of any matter contained in, or of any document filed in connection with, the request for correction of a mistake, require that evidence in support of the request be filed with the Office.

(6) [*Prohibition of Other Requirements*] No Contracting Party may require that formal requirements other than those referred to in paragraphs (1) to (5) be complied with in respect of the request referred to in paragraph (1).

(7) [*Notification; Non-Compliance with Requirements*] Rule 16(7) and (8) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, where one or more of the requirements applied under paragraphs (1) to (4) are not complied with, or where evidence is required under paragraph (5).

(8) [*Exclusions*] (a) A Contracting Party may exclude the application of this Rule in respect of changes in inventorship. What constitutes inventorship shall be determined under the applicable law of the Contracting Party.

(b) A Contracting Party may exclude the application of this Rule in respect of any mistake which must be corrected in that Contracting Party under a procedure for reissue of the patent.

Rule 20

*Manner of Identification of an Application
Without Its Application Number*

(1) [*Manner of Identification*] Where it is required that an application be identified by its application number, but such a number has not yet been issued or is not known to the person concerned or his representative, the application shall be considered identified if one of the following is supplied, at his option:

(i) the provisional application number, if any, given by the Office;

(ii) a copy of the request part of the application along with the date on which the application was sent to the Office;

(iii) a reference number given to the application by the applicant or his representative and indicated in the application, along with the name and address of the applicant, the title of the invention and the date on which the application was sent to the Office.

(2) [*Prohibition of Other Requirements*] No Contracting Party may demand that requirements other than those referred to in paragraph (1) be complied with in order for an application to be identified where its application number has not yet been issued or is not known to the person concerned or his representative.

Rule 21

Establishment of Model International Forms and Formats

(1) [*Model International Forms*] (a) The Assembly shall, under Article 14(1)(c), establish Model International Forms in respect of:

- (i) a power of attorney;
- (ii) a request for recordal of change in name or address;
- (iii) a request for recordal of change in applicant or owner;
- (iv) a certificate of transfer;
- (v) a request for recordal, or cancellation of recordal, of a licensing agreement;
- (vi) a request for recordal, or cancellation of recordal, of a security interest;
- (vii) a request for correction of a mistake.

(b) The Assembly shall establish the modifications of the Patent Cooperation Treaty request Form referred to in Article 5(2)(b).

(c) The International Bureau shall present proposals to the Assembly concerning:

(i) the establishment of Model International Forms referred to in subparagraph (a);

(ii) the modifications of the Patent Cooperation Treaty request Form referred to in subparagraph (b).

(2) [*Model International Formats*] (a) The Assembly shall, under Article 14(1)(c), establish any Model International Formats in respect of the request Format referred to in Article 5(2)(c) and the items referred to in paragraph (1)(a).

(b) The International Bureau shall present proposals to the Assembly concerning any request Format referred to in Article 5(2)(c) and the establishment of Model International Formats referred to in subparagraph (a).

Rule 22

Requirement of Unanimity for Amending Certain Rules Under Article 14(3)

(1) [Amendment of Certain Rules] Amendment of Rule 8(1) and the present Rule shall require that no Contracting Party having the right to vote in the Assembly vote against the proposed amendment. ~~[In determining whether the present Rule is complied with, only votes actually cast shall be taken into consideration.]~~

(2) [Compliance With The Present Rule] In determining whether the present Rule is complied with, only votes actually cast shall be taken into consideration.

[End of document]