

Common publication platform for the IPC, CPC and FI

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Background (I)

- IPC is published on WIPO's website including the scheme, Definitions, Catchword Index, etc. Bridge function allows users access to ECLA (Espacenet) and FI (IPDL).
- The publication platforms for ECLA and FI are different and the relationship with the IPC is not straightforward to users.



Background (II)

- CPC and FI are based on the IPC and they have more subdivisions than the IPC
- Regularly updated in all technical fields
- Together they cover almost the totality of PCT minimum documentation



Purpose of the Common publication platform

- Increase awareness of CPC and FI and their relationship with the IPC.
- Examiners will learn CPC and FI easier than the current situation.
 - Such better knowledge will facilitate the harmonization of the CPC and FI, as well as the development of the IPC.



Common publication platform (I)

- Provide users with the possibility to display, on demand, the IPC alone or together with CPC and/or FI.
- The display would be similar as displaying the IPC in English and French (parallel display).
- A warning will indicate that CPC and FI are displayed for information purpose only.



Common publication platform (II)

- Version indicators will be introduced to all CPC and FI groups.
- The platform will use the numbering system in force in CPC and FI.
- The difference between the CPC or FI and the IPC will be highlighted.



Common publication platform (III)

- Bridge to database (e.g. espacenet, IPDL) to display documents classified in CPC or FI.
- CPC and FI will be provided to the IB in an agreed format, preferably IPC XML compatible.
- Target for first publication 2nd half of 2013



Example 1

(G01B: Measuring arrangements characterised by the use of optical means)

current

IPC ECLA FI

| G01B 11/00 | Measuring arrangements characterised | G01B 11/00 | Measuring arrangements characterised | 0045 44400 | |
|------------|--|---------------|---|--------------|--|
| G01B 11/00 | | GOID IIIOO | | G01B 11/00 | Measuring arrangements characterised |
| | by the use of optical means [2] | | by the use of optical means | | by the use of optical means |
| | | G01B 11/00D | · for measuring two or more coordinates | G01B 11/00 A | Measuring positions |
| | | G01B 11/00D1 | · · coordinate measuring machines | G01B 11/00 B | · Axial measuring |
| | | G01B 11/00D1B | · · · feeler heads therefor | G01B 11/00 C | · Measuring positions within orthotomic |
| | | | | G01B 11/00 D | · measuring centre positions or |
| | | | | G01B 11/00 G | Using of interference or refraction |
| | | | | G01B 11/00 H | Using of image pick-up tubes or TV |
| | | | | G01B 11/00 Z | Others |
| G01B 11/02 | · for measuring length, width or thickness [2] | G01B 11/02 | · for measuring length, width or thickness | G01B 11/02 | · for measuring length, width or thickness |
| | | G01B 11/02B | · · by means of tv-camera scanning | G01B 11/02 G | Using of interference or refraction |
| | | G01B 11/02C | · · by means of diode-array scanning | G01B 11/02 H | Using of image pick-up tubes or TV |
| | | G01B 11/02D | · · by measuring distance between | G01B 11/02 Z | Others |
| | | G01B 11/02F | by measuring lateral position of a boundary of the object | | |
| G01B 11/03 | by measuring coordinates of points [3] | G01B11/03 | - • by measuring coordinates of points | G01B 11/03 | by measuring coordinates of points |
| | | | | | |



Example 1 (II)

future

IPC CPC FI

| G01B 11/00 | Measuring arrangements characterised | G01B 11/00 | Measuring arrangements characterised | [2013.01] | G01B 11/00 | Measuring arrangements characterised | |
|------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|---|-----------|--------------|---|-----------|
| | by the use of optical means [2] | | by the use of optical means | | | by the use of optical means | |
| | | G01B 11/0009 | · for measuring two or more coordinates | [2013.01] | G01B 11/00 A | Measuring positions | [2010.07] |
| | | G01B 11/0018 | · · coordinate measuring machines | [2013.01] | G01B 11/00 B | · · Axial measuring | [2010.07] |
| | | G01B 11/0027 | · · · feeler heads therefor | [2013.01] | G01B 11/00 C | · · Measuring positions within | [2010.07] |
| | | | | | G01B 11/00 D | · · measuring centre positions or | [2010.07] |
| | | | | | G01B 11/00 G | · Using of interference or refraction | [2010.07] |
| | | | | | G01B 11/00 H | · Using of image pick-up tubes or TV | [2010.07] |
| | | | | | G01B 11/00 Z | · Others | [2010.07] |
| G01B 11/02 | · for measuring length, width or | G01B 11/02 | for measuring length, width or | | G01B 11/02 | · for measuring length, width or | _ |
| | thickness [2] | | thickness | | | thickness | 7 |
| | | G01B 11/021 | · · by means of tv-camera scanning | [2013.01] | G01B 11/02 G | · · Using of interference or refraction | [2010.07] |
| | | G01B 11/022 | · · by means of diode-array scanning | [2013.01] | G01B 11/02 H | · · Using of image pick-up tubes or TV | [2010.07] |
| | | G01B 11/023 | · · by measuring distance between | [2013.01] | G01B 11/02 Z | · · Others | [2010.07] |
| | | G01B 11/024 | · · by measuring lateral position of a | [2013.01] | | | <u>'</u> |
| G01B 11/03 | by measuring coordinates of | G01B11/03 | by measuring coordinates of points | | @1B 11/03 // | by measuring coordinates of points | |
| | points [3] | | | | | | |

The numbering system in force in CPC and FI

Version indicators



Example 2

(G01S: RADIO DIRECTION-FINDING; RADIO NAVIGATION ---)

current

IPC ECLA FI

| G01S 5/00 | Position-fixing by co-ordinating two or more direction or position-line determinations; Position-fixing by co- ordinating two or more distance determinations [2] |
|-----------|---|
| G01S 5/02 | · using radio waves (G01S 19/00 takes precedence) [2010.01] |
| G01S 5/10 | Position of receiver fixed by co- ordinating a plurality of position lines defined by path-difference measurements (G01S 5/12 takes precedence) [3] |
| G01S 5/14 | Determining absolute distances from a plurality of spaced points of known location [3] |

| G01S 5/00 | Position-fixing by co-ordinating two or more direction or position line determinations; Position-fixing by co- ordinating two or more distance determinations [N: (using active systems G01S13/00, G01S15/00, G01S17/00)] |
|-------------|---|
| G01S 5/02 | · using radio waves (G01S19/00 takes precedence) |
| G01S 5/10 | ·· Position of receiver fixed by co- ordinating a plurality of position lines defined by path-difference measurements [N: ,e.g. omega or decca systems] (G01S5/12 takes precedence [N: beacons and receivers cooperating therewith G01S1/30D, G01S1/30M]) |
| G01S 5/14 | Determining absolute distances from a plurality of spaced points of known location |
| G01S 5/14B | Using a supplementary range measurement, e.g. based on pseudo- range measurements, GPS, NAVSTAR |
| G01S 5/14B2 | Static and dynamic kinematic positioning, e.g. using long or short baseline interferometry, resolving whole cycle ambiguities |
| G01S 5/14B3 | Combinations of GPS with other systems, e.g. in vehicle navigation or position reporting systems, aircraft landing aids |
| G01S 5/14B4 | · · · · Differential GPS/NAVSTAR |

| | • • |
|-----------|---|
| G01S 5/00 | Position-fixing by co-ordinating two or more direction or position-line determinations; Position-fixing by co- ordinating two or more distance determinations [2] |
| G01S 5/02 | · using radio waves (G01S 19/00 takes precedence) [2010.01] |
| G01S 5/10 | Position of receiver fixed by coordinating a plurality of position lines defined by path-difference measurements (G01S 5/12 takes precedence) [3] |
| G01S 5/14 | Determining absolute distances from a plurality of spaced points of known location [3] |



Example 2 (II)

future

| | IPC | | | CPC | | | FI | |
|-----------|---|-----------|-------------|--|-----------|-----------|---|----|
| G01S 5/00 | Position-fixing by co-ordinating two or more direction or position-line determinations; Position-fixing by co- ordinating two or more distance determinations | [2] | G01S 5/00 | Position-fixing by co-ordinating two or more direction or position line determinations; Position-fixing by co-ordinating two or more distance determinations [N: (using active systems G01S13/00, G01S15/00, G01S17/00)] | | G01S 5/00 | Position-fixing by co-ordinating two or more direction or position-line determinations; Position-fixing by co- ordinating two or more distance determinations | |
| G01S 5/02 | · using radio waves (G01S 19/00 takes precedence) | [2010.01] | G01S 5/02 | · using radio waves (G01S19/00 takes precedence) | | G01S 5/02 | · using radio waves (G01S 19/00 takes precedence) | |
| G01S 5/10 | Position of receiver fixed by co- ordinating a plurality of position lines defined by path-difference measurements (G01S 5/12 takes precedence) | [3] | G01S 5/10 | ·· Position of receiver fixed by co- ordinating a plurality of position lines defined by path-difference measurements [N: ,e.g. omega or decca systems] (G01S5/12 takes precedence [N: beacons and receivers cooperating the | | G01S 5/10 | Position of receiver fixed by co- ordinating a plurality of position lines defined by path-difference measurements (G01S 5/12 takes precedence) | |
| G01S 5/14 | Determining absolute distances from a plurality of spaced points of known location | [3] | G01S 5/14 | Determining absolute distances from a plurality of spaced points of known location | | G01S 5/14 | Determining absolute distances from a plurality of spaced points of known location | |
| | | | G01S 5/1425 | ··· Using a supplementary range measurement, e.g. based on pseudo- range measurements, GPS, NAVSTAR | [2013.01] | | | |
| | | | G01S 5/145 | · · · · Static and dynamic kinematic positioning, e.g. using long or short baseline interferometry, resolving whole cycle ambiguities | [2013.01] | The | difference betwee | en |
| | | | G01S 5/15 | systems, e.g. in vehicle navigation or position reporting systems, aircraft landing aids | [2013.01] | | C or FI and IPC wil | 11 |
| | | | G01S 5/1455 | · · · · Differential GPS/NAVSTAR | [2013.01] | | .99 | |



Future revision

- Revision of CPC or FI independently by the offices owners of the CPC or FI respectively (i.e. EPO/USPTO for CPC, JPO for FI).
- New versions of CPC and FI will be preferably included into the platform respectively in line with their revision cycle.



Thank you

