

### Consideration and Decision of Patent and other IP Protection

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### File or not File.....?



- University needs to have its own IP Strategy!
- Process of TT and Commercialization involves many complex decision making along the way



### **Complex Decisions**



- Patenting or not..... and Why?
- Publication....When?
- Patent costs
- National or International
- Value of technology
- Commercial potential/ Market size
- Economic ROI
- University perspective
- Research faculty perspective
- Relationship with industry
- Government perspective
- Public interest
- Social impact



#### **Questions to Ask**



- What problem does the technology solve?
- Is the technology useful?
- What is the unique feature of the invention? Competitive advantage?
- Is the technology ready to apply to or needs further development? Costs of development?
- Is the technology easy to reverse engineer or copy?
- Is there market? Where? How big? Who would be interested?
- Which companies are active in this technical field?
- Is it patentable? (New, Inventive step, industrial applicability)
- Patent costs?
- Does the technology contribute to solutions to social problems?



#### **Questions to Ask**



- How long will the technology survive in the market (before it becomes obsolete)?
- Scalability? (both technology, business setting)
- Manufacturing costs?
- Do I really need patent protection?
- National or International (PCT) patent?
- Which countries should I seek protection?
- Should I file provisional patent application first?
- Should I file now or later?
- Can I find potential licensee(s) easily?
- Track record of license deals of similar products?



### Considerations for Value of the technology



- Risk
- Cost-to-Develop
- Time-to-Market
- Market Size (How fast can you get ROI?)
- Are other Licenses Needed? (Cost and Availability)



# Approximate Invention Success Rate - Pyramid of Disappointment/Opportunity



400 Inventions disclosed

200 Patents filed and awarded

100 Subject to option/license

50 generate some \$

1 > \$1 M

Source: Univ. of California Data



### Patent is certainly important for big companies....



But patent is even more important for small businesses and startups, because:

- The patent may be the only competitive advantage
- Essential to find investors and commercialization partners or obtain access to enabling technologies
- Investors typically view patents as insurance for their investment
- The value of a small company's patents may therefore be a crucial factor in the decision of a venture capitalist or other investor to invest in a company.
- Strong patents may also be used as bargaining chips for licensing, sales and business collaboration opportunities







Patents are expensive to obtain and maintain, so a sophisticated process is necessary to determine if the "Invention" is worth the cost of patenting it.



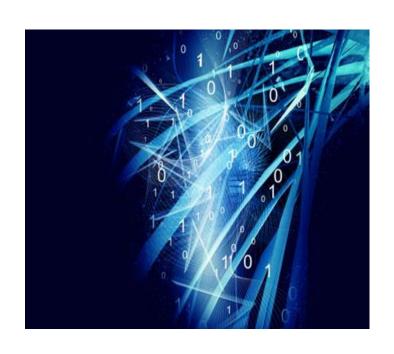
#### **Exercise**



Simulation cases: File or not file.....?







## Thank you for your attention

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